"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; unsettled Sunday; wind light, variable to south.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,194. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1910.—FOURTEEN PAGES. and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

6,000 FEET TO DEATH FROM A PARACHUTE

Thousands at Asbury Park Aviation Meet See "Benny" Prince Take Fatal Fall.

FIRST THOUGHT IT A TRICK

Hoxsey, Johnstone, and Owen Make Good Flight—Brookins and Boy Victim Are Recovering.

Special to The New York Times.

AVIATION FIELD, ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 12.—Just as Governor's Day in the big aviation meet here was coming to a close this afternoon Johnny Mack, the Newark hot-air balloonist, decided to send up two of his parachute jumpers, one of them equipped with a double parachute, to give the crowd a parting evening thrill. The hot-air balloon shot up into the air 4,000 feet, directly above the centre of the aviation field, and James Flemming cut loose for a single parachute jump.

Suddenly lightened, the balloon went up another 2,000 feet, and then Mack shot off a revolver, which was a signal for Benjamin Prince, the other parachute jumper, to cut loose. He was further up in the air than any of the aeroplane flyers had gone, and seemed a mere speck beneath the big gas bag when he commenced his downward flight.

Real Accident Follows Trick.

Thousands of people in automobiles and many hundreds who had collected about the Mack balloon camp were gazing upward when they saw Prince's parachute fill out only to burst. They sent up a cry of terror, but that was part of the act, and a moment later another parachute flew out and the crowd regained its breath. Suddenly, however, that parachute, too, collapsed, and Johnny Mack was the first to lead in a startled cry. Mrs. Mack, who had made an ascension earlier in the afternoon, ran to his side and clung to him, panic-stricken, while a little speck speeding swiftly from the sky, took on the form of a human being, descending end over end, his arms and legs dangling, twisting about. He was coming down to land almost in the path of the automobiles strung along the road, and autoists began feverishly to back their cars away.

Prince fell at terrific speed, and presently the horrified crowd saw his body crash into an apple tree just behind George C. Conover's farmhouse. Prince struck the tree head foremost and carried the seven-inch limb to the ground with him.

Drs. Robinson and Potts, who had lingered on the aviation grounds after the aeroplane flying was over, for fear something would happen to the balloonists, were standing in the door of the emergency field hospital, when they saw the 6,000 foot fall from the skies begin. Dr. Potts telephoned for an ambulance, while Dr. Robinson ran across the road and through the Conover farm to where Prince lay dying. He felt his body and said that there was hardly an unbroken bone in it. The crowd, deserting the autos in the roadway and the balloon camp, was soon banked several hundred deep around the body, but militiamen kept them back, and no effort was made to move Prince's body until the ambulance and Dr. Potts arrived. They then carried it to the Asbury Park morgue.

Thousands View the Fall.

To the thousands who stood breathless during Prince's descent it seemed at first that his fall must be another trick, but above him, in the gathering twilight, they could see the big overturned balloon belching smoke and two collapsed parachutes swinging off to one side and a little lower down dangling and flapping their way leisurely to the earth. Then, too, they saw Prince twisting and kicking as though he were trying to swim out of the skies, and they realized at last that he was falling to death.

Flemming, who had just reached the ground, when he looked up to see his companion come tumbling through the air, accompanied the body to the city Morgue, and later notified Prince's mother at her home in Newark of the fatality.

"Johnny Mack warned Prince against using the second parachute," he said. "It was damp, and Prince had had trouble with it on his jump yesterday afternoon. But Prince laughed and said he had done the trick hundreds of times safely, and he guessed it would be all right.

"As we swung upward together we talked a little. When I got my signal to cut loose I called out, 'Are you all right, Benny?' and he answered that he was. I then pulled the string and started down.

"I heard Benny signal to cut loose just before I struck the ground. I was anxious about him, and looked up just in time to see him jerked off his bar and his parachute swing away from him. I had known him three years. He was always a careful worker. He had been in regular practice for four years, and had been with Johnny Mack for three years. He never had an accident in his life until to-day."

Prince was 26 years old, unmarried, and lived at a boarding house at 471 Springfield Avenue, Newark. He became acquainted with Johnny Mack while the latter was making ascents from an amusement park near Newark, and after a year's preliminary trial joined his staff.

The Cause Uncertain.

The cause of the accident has not been established clearly, Johnny Mack having a version of it that differs from that of Prince's companion in the flight. According to Mack, Prince forgot to fasten the life belt which strapped him to his parachute seat, and was jerked loose because the shock as his parachute filled out and stopped his descent was more than his hand grips could overcome. Flemming held that the belt was fastened properly, but that it broke and that a ripped section of it was about Prince's body when the surgeons lifted it off the ground in the Conover orchard.

Johnny Mack was overcome by the fatality and had to be helped from his balloon camp across the field to the hospital.

"Why did he do it? Why did he do it?" Mack sobbed over and over again. "It was so careless. Just careless. He got to talking just before the balloon started and he forgot to fasten his life belt."

Mrs. Mack, who goes aloft as "Miss Dot Mack," declared: "He should never have been separated from his parachute. We always figure that there is a chance for a parachute to open, however badly it starts, and the rule for the parachute jumper is to stay with his cloth. He ought to be strapped in so tightly that parting from it would be impossible."

Word from the home of Mrs. Abercrombie Fell at Bays Head, that Brookins, whose machine dived into the crowd on Wednesday, was sitting out on the porch, and hoped to come down to see his brother birdmen on Monday had cheered the crowd earlier, while the latest information from the Long Branch Hospital was that George Burnett, the 14-year-old boy who was pinned with Brookins beneath his biplane, had recovered consciousness and seemed to have a chance to recover.

Gov. Fort, his staff, the Jersey Legislature, and many Jersey Mayors had

Continued on Page 2.

MS. IN UNKNOWN TONGUE.

Fragment Acquired by Bengal Society May Be Key to Ancient Literature.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12.—Some remarkably interesting documents from Central Asia have been acquired by the Asiatic Society of Bengal from a Montenegrin gentleman. They consist of five leaves of brownish yellow paper, measuring 8 inches by 5¾ inches.

The true significance of these five leaves, the genuineness of which cannot be doubted, is that scholars are here confronted with a number of consecutive passages in a language to which no clue has yet been found, and of which hitherto only fragments have been rescued from the sands of Central Asia.

It is possible that by means of these five leaves an important literary language of whose existence the world had no suspicion may be rescued from oblivion. The paging on the reverse of each leaf shows that they once formed a part of an extensive work.

QUEEN CAN BE SUED.

So Court Decides in Case of Maria Pia's Unpaid Bills for Gowns.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Letters from Lisbon state that Queen Maria Pia of Portugal, King Manuel's grandmother, has been sued by a leading Lisbon draper for $20,000, alleged to be owing for dresses forwarded to the royal lady.

Counsel for the Queen pleaded, the letters say, that as a member of the royal family, her Majesty could not be sued personally. The lower courts admitted this plea, but the creditor appealed, and the higher court decided that Queen Maria Pia is a subject and that the privilege in question is held only by the King.

The Censor suppresses telegrams on the subject.

SLEUTHS SEEK LOST BOY.

They Trail Kidnappers of Charles Adams's Little Son to Pittsburg.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 12.—Given up for dead, then trailed 1,200 miles by circuitous routes to Pittsburg, Edward Adams, the nine-year-old son of Charles Adams, a wealthy coal and gas operator of Kane, Penn., is being sought here to-night by detectives, who are spurred by an offer of a reward of $500. They are searching lodging houses for the kindapped boy and his two captors.

Scores of posses sought the boy when he suddenly vanished from playmates near his home late in April, but in a week they gave up the chase, declaring the boy had been killed.

The men were seen taking the boy away from a town square in Kane. The trail ended there until three weeks ago, when private detectives, hired by the father, discovered that the boy and his captors had been living in a lonely hut near Kane.

From Kane they traced him to Bradford, then to Oil City and Titusville. There the trail was lost again, and it was not certain whether the boy had been taken to Buffalo or brought to Pittsburg.

Railroad detectives in both cities were enlisted in the search, and this evening Detective Albert Swinehart of the Pennsylvania Railroad positively identified a picture of the boy as that of a child he had seen taken from a train in Union station here last Monday night. City detectives are helping in the search.

HAILSTORM RUINS FRUIT CROP

Trees Are Cut to Pieces in South Ulster and Barns Unroofed.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 12.—A terrific hailstorm which swept over Ulster County last night completely ruined the fruit crop in Southern Ulster. The loss will amount to many thousands of dollars. Hailstones an inch in diameter fell for half an hour, and peach and pear trees and grape vines were cut to pieces. Large green peaches were cut to the pit.

The wind which accompanied the hail unroofed barns and blew over small outbuildings. The top of a steam roller at Milton was lifted off and carried sixty feet. A team owned by Louis Grosse, standing near the Milton station, maddened by the stings of the hail, dashed up the West Shore tracks upon a trestle. The team and load of wood was hurled into a creek twenty feet below and one of the horses, pinned down by the load, was drowned in a foot of water.

The biggest fruit farms affected are owned by Dr. A. J. Palmer, E. F. Mastin, Enoch Carpenter, F. W. Vail, W. H. Shorter, Chester Shorter, and Clark Brothers.

MADE BAND STOP "DIXIE."

Senator Heyburn Wanted No Such Tunes at Republican Meeting.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 12.—Senator W. B. Heyburn of Idaho created a sensation at a reception given to Congressman T. R. Hamer at Wallace, Idaho, last night by stopping the orchestra while the musicians were playing "Dixie." Col. Hamer had just finished his address and the orchestra had started a medley of well-known airs. About the sixth number in the medley was "Dixie." The Senator leaped to his feet, strode across to the musicians, and cried out:

"This is a Republican meeting. We want no such tunes here."

The amazed musicians stopped immediately. The Senator strode back to his seat. After a moment of silence, Mayor Hanson arose and closed the meeting.

Senator Heyburn showed similar feeling several times last Winter, both in the Senate and in public addresses, when he denounced the presence in Statuary Hall of the Capitol of the statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee in a Confederate uniform.

G. A. R. BOYCOTTS RAILWAYS.

Kentucky Men Won't Go to Atlantic City Reunion—Rates Too High.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 12.—Five hundred veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic have declared a boycott against railroads for alleged discrimination in charging the veterans an excessive excursion rate to the annual national encampment of the G. A. R., to be held in Atlantic City next month.

As a result this State for the first time will not be represented at the reunion. The Women's Relief Corps and the Daughters of Veterans have announced their intention of joining in the boycott.

When Sleep Fails, take Horsford's Acid Phosphate—It quiets the nerves, nourishes the body, and induces refreshing sleep.—Adv.

GAYNOR BULLETINS CONTINUE HOPEFUL

Mayor Said to Have Passed a Comfortable Day and to be Resting Easily.

SOME WATCHERS NERVOUS

Bullet Near the Surface and May Be Seen Through the Mouth—Blood Tests Favorable.

BISHOP GREER ASKS PRAYERS.

By Telegraph to The Editor of The New York Times.

Northeast Harbor, Me., Aug. 12.

Permit me to ask through you that prayer be offered next Sunday in all the Episcopal churches of New York for the speedy and complete recovery of the Mayor from the cruel and murderous attempt against his life, and to request that the clergy voice the sentiment of the community in denouncing so foul an act.

DAVID H. GREER,
Bishop of New York.

The surgeons in attendance on Mayor Gaynor in St. Mary's Hospital, Hoboken, issued another favorable bulletin at midnight. This is the bulletin:

Midnight—The Mayor continues to show improvement. He is sleeping at this time.
WILLIAM J. ARLITZ, M. D.
GEORGE D. STEWART, M. D.

Earlier in the night the following bulletin was given out:

9:30 P. M.—The Mayor has passed a comfortable afternoon. All of his symptoms continue to be favorable.
WILLIAM J. ARLITZ, M. D.
GEORGE E. BREWER, M. D.
GEORGE D. STEWART, M. D.
JOHN W. PARRISH, M. D.
CHARLES N. DOWD, M. D.

In spite of this favorable report there was undeniably during the day a greater air of anxiety among his friends than there had been since it was discovered that the wound would not necessarily be fatal.

It cleared up somewhat in the evening, but during the afternoon the impression given was that the Mayor was hardly doing as well as might be expected, and that it was feared that some of the dangers staved off for three days were beginning to assert themselves. It was indeed known that the Mayor had been coughing more than he had yet done, and it was believed that this might strain any of the blood vessels in his throat which had been weakened by the bullet.

Robert Adamson, the Mayor's secretary, set this down to a possible temporary paralysis of the parts of the throat near the wound and consequent irritation. Inquirers were assured that there was no importance in this, and that it would be easily allayed by the inhalation of the fumes of benzoin, some of which was given to him in the afternoon.

There was, too, a rise in the temperature of about a degree, for a few hours. The physicians discounted this by saying that the same had been observed every afternoon, and it was stated later that the temperature had fallen again to 100.2. Some of the anxiety displayed may be put down to fatigue of those in attendance on the Mayor. They have been on the constant watch since Tuesday, and the strain is beginning to tell on them. With the operation postponed indefinitely and not likely to take place at any rate for several days, the case has come down to monotonous watching of the patient with the ever-present consciousness that at any time unfavorable symptoms may develop.

Bulletins Lack Detail.

The bulletins issued by the physicians have lacked detail. They have not stated the temperature, pulse, nor respirations and have contented themselves with announcing that the Mayor has passed a comfortable day, and that nothing untoward has appeared. It was, however, learned last night that the blood examination taken during the day had showed that so far there have been no signs of infection.

The Mayor's pulse was stated in the morning to have fallen from 76 the day before to 70. This is considerably less than the rate of the normal man, but it was stated that it was probably due to the good rest which he is getting. Danger would on the other hand be at once suspected if there was any marked increase in the rise of the heart-beat. One of the first symptoms of blood-poisoning would be a rise in the pulse with a less powerful beat.

Dr. Brewer, who had not seen the Mayor since Wednesday, expressed himself last night as particularly well pleased with his appearance. He thought that he looked much better than when he first saw him. The physicians were in consultation for an hour last night and at the conclusion issued their 9:30 o'clock bulletin. Dr. Stewart remained in charge at the hospital all night.

Bullet Visible Through His Mouth.

Study of the radiographs taken of the Mayor's head and throat convinces his surgeons that the bullet lies in such a position that it might be visible through the mouth, if search were made for it in that manner. The photographs were taken from the front and the back and also so as to give a side view, and the surgeons are now certain that the position has been determined as nearly as possible. It is so near the surface that Robert Adamson, the Mayor's Secretary, stated yesterday afternoon that he understood the removal would be hardly a more serious operation than the extraction of a

Continued — Page 2.

A Minister in the Tenderloin.

Rev. Dr. H. A. Matthews of Seattle is making sociological studies in New York, and his experiences are worth reading about in

To-morrow's Sunday Times.

MRS. HOPKINS HERE; GOES INTO HIDING

Woman Named by Mrs. Bull in Suit Against Promoters Attacks Reporters on Pier.

MAY GO BEFORE GRAND JURY

Though of Her Own Volition—Grand Jury Hears More Testimony in Case Against Qualey and Corbett.

Mrs. Ellen Dunlap Hopkins arrived yesterday from Europe on the Lusitania. She is the woman whom Mrs. Mary Nevins Bull, widow of Dr. William T. Bull, the famous surgeon, accuses of having led her into the trap of John A. Qualey and Harvey Wiley Corbett, promoters of the Magnesia-Asbestos Company. Qualey and Corbett—the former introduced to Mrs. Bull by Mrs. Hopkins, the latter a teacher in Mrs. Hopkins's School of Applied Design for Women—are now out on bail on charges made by Mrs. Bull that they got $35,000 of her money by false pretense. Mrs. Bull has testified in police court hearings that Mrs. Hopkins led her to trust Qualey and Corbett, and pledged her to secrecy about her investments in the asbestos company.

Mrs. Hopkins resisted all attempts to be interviewed about her connection with Qualey. She fled from reporters on board who tried to interview her in response to wireless instructions. She rebuffed all the reporters who met her at Quarantine, and attacked one with her cane. Dana Pond, her secretary, was active in repelling the newspaper squad. Her anger approximated apoplexy when the reporters pressed their questions.

In her party were her secretary and two unidentified women. One of them, believed to be her daughter, took a taxicab from the pier. The instructions to the driver were to hasten to Mrs. Hopkins's apartment, 127 East Twenty-ninth Street. At this address an auburn-haired Irish maid spent the day denying that Mrs. Hopkins had arrived.

Lived Over a Meat Shop.

Mrs. Hopkins's menage at this place consists of quarters above a meat market on the northwest corner of East Twenty-ninth Street and Lexington Avenue. Attempts to locate her through her school, a block away, proved fruitless. Dana Pond, who accompanied Mrs. Hopkins to Europe on passage paid for, according to Charles L. Craig, attorney for Mrs. Bull, by a check drawn by Harvey W. Corbett, against money realized on Mrs. Bull's checks, could not be found at his quarters above Bustanoby Brothers' restaurant, in West Fortieth Street, a stone's throw from the Sixth Avenue Elevated, yesterday.

Acting District Attorney Frank Moss discussed yesterday the possibility of Mrs. Hopkins being called before the Grand Jury. He said he did not think he would call her, but would offer no objections if she appeared and requested to be heard. He said that voluntary appearances before the Grand Jury did not result in immunity if the voluntary witness was shown to have committed illegal acts. Mr. Moss wants to go through with the investigation to make absolutely sure that he is correct in his opinion that Mrs. Hopkins's part in the Qualey-Bull-Corbett transactions was innocent.

Further testimony about the Kresser case, which the two men settled, was heard by the Grand Jury yesterday. Additional testimony will be taken before the Grand Jury on Monday morning, and that afternoon the police court hearing against the men will be continued in the Tombs Court before Magistrate Krotel.

Wilhelm Funk, an artist of 119 West Forty-second Street, who joined Mrs. Hopkins at the pier, said he had made a further investment of $1,000 on Wednesday in the Magnesia-Asbestos Company. He declared that Mrs. Bull had acted hastily in bringing charges against the promoters, and that Mrs. Hopkins had done no more than he had done in recommending the investments to friends. He hoped to induce Mrs. Hopkins to make a statement to the press, but was unsuccessful.

It was rumored late last night that Mrs. Hopkins's disappearance from the city was due to the fact that she had gone to Newark to join Qualey, who is busy in that city trying to get the plant of the Stone Age Plaster Company in working order. This is the plant which Mrs. Bull says Qualey described to her as turning out profits of $3,000 a day, with which the other plants of the Magnesia-Asbestos Company were being equipped and developed.

Corbett explained yesterday that he had drawn the check with which Mrs. Hopkins paid for the passage of herself and Pond out of the same account in which he deposited Mrs. Bull's checks, because Mrs. Hopkins had intrusted $3,000 to him and he had placed it in the same account.

RANCH SELLS FOR $1,200,000.

Texas Range of 200,000 Acres Passes to Kansas Firm for Farms.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 12.—A dispatch from Dalhart, Texas, says the "J. J." ranch of 212,000 acres, situated near there, was to-day sold by E. D. Neely to Pruitt Brothers of Kansas City, Mo., for $1,200,000 cash. It is one of the largest land transactions in the history of the State.

The ranch is one of the most noted cattle properties in the Panhandle region. It is extremely well watered, and is at present well stocked with cattle, but it is planned by the purchasers to dispose of the stock as fast as possible and to convert the land into farms colonized by practical farmers.

Only a few years ago the land was considered worth less than a dollar an acre, but the invasion of the agricultural element brought a remarkable change with a corresponding increase in prices.

McKIM DIVORCE SUIT TO-DAY.

Dr. McKim Fails to Answer Wife's Complaint and She Files a Default.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 12.—Mrs. Margaret McKim's suit for divorce against Dr. Smith Hollis McKim of New York will be heard to-morrow before Judge W. H. A. Pike.

The physician's time to answer the complaint or make an appearance has expired, and to-day Mrs. McKim's attorneys asked for and were granted permission to file a default.

COLUMBUS POLICE BALK AT RIOT DUTY

One-Third of the Force Refuse to Guard Cars When Ordered to Fire on Strikers.

MUCH DISORDER FOLLOWS

Policemen Who Do Ride on Cars Fail to Check Mobs—Strikebreakers Shot and Cars Wrecked.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 12.—There has been rioting in nearly every part of the city to-night, following the refusal of many of the city policemen to do guard duty on the street cars and protect the strikebreakers.

Mayor Marshall had previously refused to put policemen on the cars, but the desperate attacks of the past few nights caused him to act to-day. He gave the force explicit orders to-day to capture all offenders, whether on or off the cars, and to use such force as might be necessary. If a man was ordered to halt and did not obey, the policemen were told, they should shoot, observing reasonable care in the interest of innocent people that might be in the neighborhood.

Mayor Marshall had no sooner finished his instructions than thirty-eight of the force of 300 announced that they would not carry out the orders. The Mayor thereupon ordered the men suspended and their arraignment on charges to-morrow. The men who quit declared they were in sympathy with the strikers and did not want to incur the enmity of the union by shooting down any of its members or sympathizers.

At midnight sixty additional policemen returned to Police Headquarters and declared they would not go on the cars.

Mayor Marshall, with tears in his eyes, begged and pleaded with the men to stick to him. The men refuse to yield.

Mayor Marshall and his force are charged by the Chamber of Commerce and business men generally with being lax in their duty ever since the strike began.

In all the attacks to-night not a person was shot by a policeman, although the men on the cars fired several times, apparently over the heads of rioters.

From dark alleys, from windows, and from behind trees, stones and missiles were hurled at passing cars, and those who threw them vanished almost under the eyes of the police. Wires were cut by strike sympathizers, and crews dragged from the cars in the presence of the police, who made little or no effort to interfere. Rails were torn up and obstructions placed on the tracks in many places.

While the traffic at night is very light, a number of passengers were injured by flying missiles and broken glass in the attacks on the cars. The list of riot calls responded to by police from headquarters during the day and night numbered nearly one hundred.

Henry Dick, a Chicago motorman on a Mount Vernon Avenue car, was attacked by a crowd and beaten and shot in the hip with his own revolver, which was taken from him. Dick also suffered a broken arm. After the crowd had finished with Dick the conductor, James Wagner, was attacked and left unconscious.

A car was proceeding south in Parsons Avenue when an automobile drew up closely and one of the occupants threw rocks at the car. Three detectives on the car drew their revolvers and fired at the automobile. As the machine turned into Jaeger Street one of the men in it stood up and emptied a revolver at the car and detectives. They escaped in the machine. Detective Hamer was struck in the head by one of the rocks.

A mob of 500 gathered on North Fourth Street at 7:30 o'clock. Two cars were held up and the conductors and motormen escaped by hard running, after being severely beaten.

Both cars were demolished and then set on fire. The small number of police on the scene were powerless.

A little later a mob gathered in the same locality. A car came along at full speed, trying to break through the crowd, but an obstruction on the track threw the car over on one side, burying the motorman, William Lane, under it. The mob pulled the motorman out, and although he was badly hurt from the wreck he was kicked and beaten into insensibility. The conductor, Albert Carroll, from Buffalo, was shot in the neck.

Grant Long, a policeman, was shot in the thigh by Charles Winters, a Chicago motorman, whom he attempted to arrest for shooting between the houses as his car passed along Goodale Street.

A motorman shot from his car into a crowd of boys throwing stones on Oak Street. The boys fled, leaving behind Albert McMackin, aged 11, with a bullet in his shoulder.

Conductor John Anan, from Louisville, on the cemetery line, was struck on the head by a stone at Sullivan and Martin Avenues, and his skull fractured. Albert Anderson, his motorman was shot in the leg.

A brewery wagon collided with a car on Mount Vernon Avenue, and the driver, John Stoeffel, was shot in the breast by the motorman of the car. William Hawkins from Chicago was arrested, charged with shooting to kill.

One man, Edward Gwiny, a steel-plant employe, was the only man arrested to-night for throwing stones at cars. Citizens who witnessed the act forced a policeman to make the arrest and followed to the police station to see that the prisoner was locked up.

Gov. Harmon canceled an engagement to speak at the centennial of Perrysville to-day, and remained in the city, believing it would be unwise to leave with a condition of disorder prevailing.

MISSING MAN FOUND DEAD.

Body of Former Kingston School Principal Discovered in the Woods.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Henry D. Darrow, who had been missing since Aug. 2, was found dead to-day in the woods near the railroad depot at Brown's Station. There were no marks indicating violence.

For many years he was principal of one of Kingston's grammar schools, but was compelled to retire several years ago on account of ill health. Since then Mr. Darrow was employed by Ashokan Dam contractors as a checker.

He was 62 years old and a brother-in-law of the late Commander Marius Schoonmaker, U. S. N., who was drowned at Samoa many years ago.

When Mr. Darrow disappeared he was supposed to be suffering from the effects of the severe heat.

POLICE WHISTLES FOR BLIND

Will Be Used in Chicago to Summon Aid at Crossings.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Whistles of a special design with which to signal policemen in the downtown quarter for assistance in crossing congested streets are to be furnished to all blind persons in Chicago.

Chief of Police Steward has approved the plan and ordered the Traffic Squad to recognize the whistles.

ABRUZZI WIRES MISS ELKINS.

Turns Up at Bale Incognito—Goes On to Baden, Where She Is.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Aug. 12.—Traveling as Signor Sorretto, the Duke of the Abruzzi arrived unaccompanied at the Hotel of the Three Kings at Bâle on Tuesday, coming from Italy. He betrayed his identity by sending a telegram to Miss Katherine Elkins at Baden-Baden Wednesday morning.

The telegram said: "Arriving this evening. Glad to see you again." It was signed "Abruzzi."

After handing the message to the concierge at the Hotel of the Three Kings, the Duke left for Baden. The hotel employes recognized the Italian Prince as a former client.

WORKERS PRAY AS MAN DIES.

Kneel While Priest Gives Church's Last Rites to Their Comrade.

About 500 laborers employed on the new building at Seventy-sixth Street and Park Avenue knelt in prayer yesterday while a priest administered extreme unction to one of their number who had fallen from the fourth floor through an elevator shaft. The man died while the last rites of the church were being given.

The man was Andrew Mulligan, who lived at Ninety-sixth Street and Second Avenue. He was taking some acid to an upper floor when he slipped and fell through the shaft to the basement, seventy feet below.

Policeman Juffey called Dr. Moffet from the German Hospital, and a workman ran to the Church of St. John the Baptist and got a priest.

AUTO BRINGS DOWN POLE.

Upper Part, Broken Off, Kills One and Injures Three Others.

LAKE GENEVA, Wis., Aug. 12.—Barney Katlen was killed and three male companions were severely injured last night in a peculiar automobile accident. William Ewing's lungs were pierced by three broken ribs and he may die.

The four men were returning to Woodstock, Ill., from Milwaukee and were driving thirty miles an hour. John Whitworth was at the wheel and attempted to make a turn in the road without slackening speed. The machine skidded for nearly a hundred feet and finally plunged into a telephone pole.

The automobile did not upset, but broke the pole off about three feet from the ground. The upper part of the pole fell with great force into the automobile, striking Katlan on the head and crushing the other occupants of the car against the doors and steering gear.

TRAIN KILLS FIVE IN AUTO.

Two Also Injured and Car Demolished at Logansport, Ind.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Aug. 12.—Five persons were killed and two were injured to-night when an automobile containing seven persons was demolished by a Chicago & Erie passenger train.

The dead, all of Logansport except Miss Wagner, are: Mrs. John Eckert, Miss Agnes Eckert, Miss Anna Wagner, Mrs. John Keip, and Charles Lambert, chauffeur, and the injured, Carl Bucher and Miss Louise Eckert, both of Logansport.

The party was en route to Lake Manitou when the accident occurred. The automobile belonged to John Keip, a brewer of this city, and the members of the party were Mrs. Keip's guests.

HIS HORSES ONLY PETS.

Flynn Has Four That Have Never Been Harnessed.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 12.—City officers have investigated the home of Edward Flynn, a seventy-six-year-old hermit living at Terrace Park, and have found a condition of affairs which leaves them at a loss how to act. For years Flynn has kept four horses as pets. One of them was born in a stall seventeen years ago, and has never left it since. The other horses are between the ages of 27 and 33 years. None of them has ever been harnessed.

Rather than permit his horses to become beasts of burden Flynn has made two trips a day for two miles to bring food to his pets. Humane officers who visited his farm found the animals in excellent condition, but will demand that the horse that has been kept penned up during his lifetime be allowed to run at large.

Flynn resented the visit of the officers in emphatic terms.

TRAMP STEAMER HITS SHORE.

African Monarch Runs on the Brigantine Shoals and Gets Off Safely.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 12.—In a heavy fog the tramp steamship African Monarch, Capt. Thomas Taters, went ashore early to-day near the scene of the Cherokee wreck of 1908 on the South Brigantine Shoals. At high tide, just before noon, she floated and steamed away under her own power.

The African Monarch is of 3,500 tons, and has a crew of thirty-five men. She carries no passengers. She is bound from Philadelphia for New York in ballast.

Capt. Lambert Parker of the Atlantic City Life Saving Station and his crew put out to the steamship and stood by with the crew of the Brigantine Station, but assistance was not needed. The Monarch was undamaged by her pounding on the shoals.

PATTEN INDICTED AGAIN.

Contention That First Jury Was Drawn Illegally the Probable Cause.

It was learned late yesterday afternoon that one of the four indictments put under seal by Judge Hand in the Criminal Branch of the United States Circuit Court two weeks ago is against James A. Patten of Chicago and this city, and all the other members of the alleged "cotton pool," excepting Charles A. Kittle, of S. H. P. Pell & Co. of 43 Exchange Place, who was named as a defendant in the indictment returned by the special Federal Grand Jury on June 17.

The sole purpose apparently in the finding of the second bill, which charges a conspiracy to monopolize and restrain interstate trade and foreign commerce in cotton, is to cover the points raised in the interest of the defendants to the original indictment.

The contention of Adrian H. Larkin and George Gordon Battle, counsel for Patten and the other alleged conspirators, was that the special Federal Grand Jury had not been drawn legally but taken from the panel of veniremen summoned to serve on the regular Grand Jury.

The others named in the second indictment with Patten are Eugene B. Scales of Shreveport, La.; Col. Robert M. Thompson, said to be a silent partner in the firm of S. H. P. Pell & Co.; Morris B. Rothschild of Woodville, Miss.; Frank B. Hayne and William P. Brown, both of New Orleans.

MOONLIGHT TRIPS ON STR. "ALBANY." Hudson River DAY LINE last down boat.—Adv.

BIG PARTY UPSET; TAFT ITS LEADER

Ballinger to Resign in September; Aldrich Influence with Administration Lost.

CANNON TO BE DROPPED

Upheaval Follows Insurgent Success in Kansas Primaries and Iowa Convention.

CRANE THE NEW POWER

Will Outline New Programme of the Administration in Conjunction with Postmaster General Hitchcock.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 12.—Certain events of to-day, following incidents of the last week or so, lead inevitably to the conclusion that a complete political readjustment in circles close to President Taft is in progress.

Senator Nelson W. Aldrich of Rhode Island called to see the President early to-day before the Chief Executive had finished his morning meal. He talked with the President thirty-five minutes. He found that Mr. Taft had not had an opportunity to read his reply to Senator Bristow's charges regarding the tariff on rubber. The President was gratified, however, that Senator Aldrich had consented to make a statement. In doing so, it is said, the Senator from Rhode Island performed an act which fitted exactly into a programme which has been framed by party leaders close to the President.

Although he is not to retire until March 4, 1911—and Senator Aldrich confirmed to President Taft to-day his intention to do so—the readjustment plans which are plainly in progress apparently treat whatever influence Mr. Aldrich may have had with the President as a thing of the past.

The elimintaion of Mr. Aldrich, according to close political observers, is soon to be followed by the retirement of Secretary Ballinger. The Republican Party is facing one of the most crucial campaigns in its history this Fall, and leaders who have been coming more and more into influence with the President are arriving daily to do all they can to bring about an adjustment of the differences within the party.

Ballinger to Go Next Month.

Mr. Ballinger has lost practically all of his personal fortune in defending himself from the attacks that have been made upon him. It is said that one attorney's fee alone in the Congressional investigation cost him $10,000. If the Secretary is to recover these losses, it is said, he must soon resume the lucrative practice of law which he left in his home State to take up the duties of head of the Interior Department.

The retirement of Mr. Ballinger is fixed for Sept. 15. The Congressional committee will have reported by that time, and the date is considered sufficiently early to take the so-called Ballinger issue out of the campaign.

The third move in contemplation is said to be directed against Speaker Cannon. It is not admitted in Beverly that Mr. Cannon will even be a candidate for the Speakership.

"I have not heard that Mr. Cannon would be a candidate," was the significant remark of Mr. Taft.

The Cannon situation as a thing of the future is a little difficult to handle. Once it is known that the President would like to see a change, however, it is believed that all doubt as to the result would be removed.

That Beverly is being made the headquarters of the movement to set the Republican house in order is now generally admitted. The various moves are being made quietly but effectively.

Reports have reached Beverly that the recent results in Kansas and Iowa were due as largely to the activity of Speaker Cannon in Kansas as to the charges against Senator Aldrich and doubt in the West as to whether he actually intended to retire. The situation developed in these States has evidently made an impression on the party leaders that has stirred them to action.

Senator Aldrich would not discuss his call on the President to-day, except to say that it was incidental to a cruise along the New England coast, which will extend as far east as Bar Harbor. He came on the yacht O-We-Ra, which crossed to Salem from Marblehead early this morning and anchored off the President's dock.

Aldrich Outlines His Plans.

The Senator talked with Mr. Taft regarding his rubber statement, and Mr. Taft listened with great interest. Mr. Aldrich also told Mr. Taft of his plans to make a speech during the Fall campaign in one of the Western States, defending the Payne-Aldrich act as a whole, and particularly replying to the charges made in reference to the cotton schedule. Mr. Aldrich had planned a visit to the President as a part of his yachting trip along the Northern New England shores some time ago. The idea was scouted that he came to get an "O. K." from the President for his rubber statement. The President knew nothing of the contents of his statement until it was published, and when he talked with the Senator had not had an opportunity to do more than scan it hastily.

Senator W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts has been one of the active forces in the new political movement. It was he who went West to see Secretary Ballinger, and it was he also who went to see Senator Aldrich at Warwick Neck last Sunday. Hereafter Senator Crane's moves will be watched with peculiar interest.

Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock, former Chairman of the Republican National Committee, has been at Beverly twice within the week. There have been stories of friction between Mr. Hitchcock and Senator Crane, and some political jealousy as to their influence with the Administration. These stories are declared here to be without foundation. The President, it is said, will continue to use both Senator Crane and Mr. Hitchcock on missions to which they are suited.

Plan to Capture Tennessee.

Mr. Hitchcock participated in the conference which the President had this afternoon with four Republican leaders from Tennessee. The Republicans are laying plans to capture that State this Fall, and they hope to do so with the aid of the independent Democrats. It was said to-day that they were not proceeding on the theory that they could win on a straight-out Republican campaign, and that the candidate to be named for Governor would be a man acceptable to the independent Democrats. The Tennesseeans who talked with the President were Representative Austin, Newell Sanders, the State Chairman; Lee Brock, a member of the Republican State Executive Committee, and Judge G. McHenderson.

Mr. Hitchcock has also been having a series of conferences with New York State leaders, which may have an important bearing on the campaign.

President Taft conferred with Mr. Hitchcock and Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh this afternoon regarding postal savings banks. It is said now that the first of these banks cannot be put in operation until about Nov. 1. There is an immense amount of detail to be worked out, and extensive engraving and printing to be done. It was decided that the bonds of Postmasters at offices where the new banks are to be installed will have to be increased.

With Secretary MacVeagh and Chairman Emery of the Tariff Board the President talked over the plans of the board for the coming Winter.

Senator Dick of Ohio came to Beverly to-day, but decided to await the arrival here to-morrow of Warren G. Harding, the Republican nominee for Governor of Ohio, before calling on the President. Mr. Harding is coming by automobile, and there may be a delay in his schedule.

Although admitting that the fight in Ohio will be a hard one, and that the campaign must be begun early and carried into every part of the State, Senator Dick believes the Republicans will win. "It's going to be an old-fashioned fight, and an old-fashioned victory," he declared.

FANATICS, BALLINGER SAYS.

So Describes Some Who Are Crusading for Conservation.

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 12.—Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, who was the guest of honor to-day at a luncheon given by the Commercial Club, spoke on conservation.

"What is there about it that calls for excitement, bitterness of spirit, or contention?" said Secretary Ballinger. "Nothing. The explanation of popular excitement is in the fact that many people have been led to believe that conservation holds the secret of our National well-being. The demagogue, the fanatic, the sentimentalist, the faddist are crusading under the banner of conservation mainly because it is popular, and holds the attention of the hour."

Secretary Ballinger said that extreme conservation theories meant Government ownership and operation. He said those who advocated them proceeded on the theory that the States were not to be trusted to take care of their natural resources. He said that because some of the States had been wasteful or their officers corrupt, it did not follow that no State could safely manage its own affairs in this particular.

Taking up the subject of Alaska coal lands he called attention to the fact that with 1,200 square miles of known coal area, containing an estimated amount of 15,000,000,000 tons, some of the very best quality, Alaska buys most of her coal from British Columbia, while the United States navy on the Pacific obtains its coal from the Pochontas fields of West Virginia at a cost to the Government of $7 a ton, of which $5 a ton represents freight charges. If the mines of Alaska were in operation coal could be laid down at Portland at from $3 to $4 a ton.

Secretary Ballinger declared he was opposed to withholding any lands in the public domain that are capable of giving strength and permanent prosperity to the country in agriculture, commerce, or industry.

DEMOCRATS FIND MATERIAL.

They Think This Their Year and Have Many Available Candiates.

Not since the Democrats were last in power in this State has there been such an abundance of material to choose from in making up the slate for the State ticket. The Democratic leaders are regarding this as a most favorable sign, both as indicating the interest of Democrats and the feeling prevailing in Democratic ranks that this is a Democratic year.

The Democratic State Committee is scheduled to meet at the Grand Union Hotel in Saratoga next Friday evening for the purpose of fixing a time and place and issue the call for the State Convention. Rochester, Syracuse, and Saratoga are applicants for this event. Many influential Democrats are in favor of selecting Saratoga, and if this is done it is probable that the Democratic State Convention will be fixed for Sept. 29, the day following the last session of the Republican Party in the same place.

Already it has become clear to members of the committee that the meeting will bring to Saratoga a great number of advocates to plead the cause of the different candidates.

It was said yesterday that the Gubernatorial boom of Congressman Havens of Monroe is making great headway in Western New York. Monroe County, with its fifteen delegates, is already pledged to Havens, and it is expected that the adjoining Counties of Wyoming, Livingston, Genesee, Orleans, Cattaraugus, and Wayne will follow the example of Monroe. Erie County and Niagara are showing a leaning toward Chairman Norman E. Mack of the Democratic National Committee, while Thomas M. Osborne of Auburn and Edward M. Shepard each have their following in the up-State counties.

Herbert B. Bissell of Erie and ex-Senator John Taylor of Orange are being discussed for second place on the ticket. W. Barry Murphy, the young leader who turned Orleans County Democratic after it had been Republican for two generations, is being talked of for the nomination for Secretary of State. For State Controller Martin H. Glynn, who held that office during the first Hughes administration; Walter A. Huppuch, a wealthy manufacturer from Washington County, who until recently was Secretary of the Democratic State Committee, and Luke McHenry of Madison, President of the Democratic Editorial Association, are being talked of. George E. Van Kennan of St. Lawrence, ex-Judge Charles N. Bulger of Oswego, and George M. Palmer of Schoharie are being discussed as likely candidates for the nomination for Attorney General.

Col. Isaac L. Ellwood Collapses.

DEKALB, Ill., Aug 12.—Col. Isaac L. Ellwood, who for years has been associated with John W. Gates and other prominent financiers of Chicago and New York, is under the care of a specialist at his country home. Mr. Ellwood has not been well since the death of his wife last month. He is said to be in a state of nervous collapse. It is said that he suffered a stroke of paralysis while at Palatka, Fla., last Winter. E. J. Ellwood, a son, arrived yesterday from his Summer home at Harbor View, Marblehead, Mass. B. F. Ray and wife are here from Denver.

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BRISTOW ANSWERS ALDRICH STATEMENT

Says His Admissions Show That the Intercontinental Rubber Company Is a Trust.

HOW TARIFF BENEFITS IT

Increases Manufacturers' Profits, Enabling Them to Pay More for Raw Material Handled by Concern.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 12.—United States Senator Bristow, in a speech here to-night, made reply to the letter of Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, in which the latter defended himself against the charges of the Kansas Senator relating to the tariff on rubber. Senator Bristow said in part:

"Mr. Aldrich declares that the Intercontinental Rubber Company is not a trust, and at the same time admits that it is a holding company which controls numerous subsidiary organizations that were organized for the purpose of handling the crude rubber business in various parts of the world.

"He says that neither he nor his family has profited directly or indirectly by the tariff on manufactured rubber, yet he admits that he is producing millions of pounds of crude rubber per annum, selling it to American manufacturers, and that he increased the duty on their products when they did not need it for protection, and when they already had control of the American market and were exporting manufactured rubber—that is, he increased the duty enabling the manufacturers to advance the price to the American consumers, and admits that they did advance the price, yet he says that neither he nor his family has profited directly or indirectly. He admits that dividends had not been paid before the consolidations of the various companies into one, and that after the consolidation enormous dividends were paid, as stated in my speech.

"In my speech at Winfield, Kan., on July 9 I criticised the Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill, referring especially to the duties on lead and lead products, cotton cloths and wolens, especially referring to duties on cotton cloths and manufactured rubber. I declared that the duties on those various commodities were fixed not in the interest of the people, but of certain trusts, combines, and speculators.

Part of Speech Ignored.

"Mr. Aldrich, in a signed statement, takes exception to my remarks on the rubber duty especially. He ignores the other features of my speech. He also made a number of sarcastic references to myself and other Republican Senators who saw fit to vote in the interest of our constituents rather than as Mr. Aldrich wanted us to. His opinion of myself and the other Senators is of little consequence, but I desire to call special attention to some of the statements Mr. Aldrich made in his explanation.

"The charter of the Consolidated Intercontinental Rubber Company, filed Dec. 6, 1909, shows that it absorbed these other two organizations and that the purpose of the corporation, among other things, were:

> The collection producing, purchase, sale, distribution, &c., of gums, caoutchouc, copal, crude rubber, rubber, gutta percha, waterproof, impervious, fibrous, or plastic materials, or articles used in connection therewith, or manufactures thereof, or by-products of such manufacture; the cultivation, purchase, sale, &c., of vines, trees, plants, &c., producing such substances; to acquire and hold, or dispose of processes, patents, trade marks, and trade names; to purchase or otherwise acquire the property and assets of all kinds of any person or corporation, and to dispose of the same; to purchase and hold or dispose of stocks and bonds, to borrow money and to issue bonds, debentures, or other obligations, &c.; to enter into contracts; to construct and operate workshops, factories, machinery, &c.; to construct, maintain, operate, &c., pipe lines, gas works, reservoirs, water power, highways, &c.; to construct and operate railroads for the transportation of persons, materials, supplies, &c.; to develop towns and town sites; to keep stores and to purchase and deal in agricultural products, food, beverages, drugs, furniture, machinery, tools, supplies, goods, wares, merchandise, and manufactures; to mine, dig, cut, and deal in machinery or apparatus which can be used for any of the aforesaid objects, and generally to carry on the business of mining; to engage in any and all commercial exportation and importation, and any business and exploitation, whether commercial, industrial, manufacturing, mineral, forestral, agricultural, or otherwise, under the laws of New Jersey; to purchase and deal in real estate in the United States and foreign countries, and to acquire franchises and dispose of them; to engage in business, sue and be sued, in the United States and foreign countries; to do any and all acts incidental, desirable, necessary, essential, or conducive to the attainment of any of the foregoing objects.

Admissions Made by Aldrich.

"I stated that this Intercontinental Company, after the mergers were completed, which was on the sixth day of December, 1909, had within three months and four days paid on its preferred stock dividends aggregating 18.2 per cent. This Mr. Aldrich in substance admits, though he said in his first statement that the only element of truth in my entire discussion of the rubber duty was that the duty was increased and that he was a stockholder in the company.

"I stated that the Intercontinental Rubber Company owned the capital stock of five other companies and that through some of these companies it owned several million acres of land in Mexico, and was producing from its factories from 800,000 to 1,100,000 pounds of crude rubber per month.

"This Mr. Aldrich admits in his statement, though he declares that the only element of truth in reference to the rubber duty was the fact that the duty was increased on manufactures, and that he was a stockholder in the Intercontinental Rubber Company.

"I stated also that the Intercontinental Rubber Company owned a controlling interest in the capital stock of the American Congo Company, organized through the concession given by the Belgian Government, and that it controlled under this concession 2,500,000 acres of land on the Congo in Africa. This Mr. Aldrich neither affirms nor denies, but he knows it is true.

"I stated that since the tariff bill passed, and since the absorbing of these other companies by the Intercontinental Rubber Company, the price of manufactured rubber has advanced to the people of the United States about 25 per cent. This Mr. Aldrich admits. He denies that he or his family have any interest in any concern manufacturing rubber, or that the Intercontinental Rubber Company controls the price of crude rubber.

Company Controls Manufacturers.

"Mr. Aldrich knows that the Guggenheims, Thomas F. Ryan, H. P. Whitney, and himself are the controlling influences in this Intercontinental Rubber Company, and under its charter, from which I have quoted, it is empowered to transact any kind of business on earth except preaching the Gospel, and that it, through the organization of subsidiary companies, does transact business in various parts of the world; that it handles large quantities of crude rubber; that it was organized for the purposes of getting control of the market and to supply crude rubber and do other things, and by the controlling of the supply of crude rubber that every manufacturing concern in America would be absolutely under its control.

"The organization of this holding company is a developing process in the organization of the rubber business, just as Rockefeller organized the oil business, Ryan the tobacco business, and the Guggenheims the lead and smelting business. He admits that the increased duty on manufactures of rubber was an added protection given to the American manufacturers when it was not needed; that as a result of this increased duty they could advance the price to the American consumer without danger of competition from foreign sources, and therefore Mr. Aldrich's company would be able to sell its product to them at higher prices. If they refused to patronize him, under his charter, he has ample powers to engage in any kind of competition with them, and would be backed by the Ryans, the Guggenheims, and Rockefellers, and no sensible man in business would desire to undertake to compete with those powerful interests.

Quotes Aldrich Against Cannon.

"Mr. Aldrich further admits that the increased duty of manufactured rubber resulted in decreased importations. This Mr. Cannon in Kansas denied and stated in a public address at Emporia that I made false statements in regard to such decreased importations. Mr. Aldrich, in his statement, admits that I was right. Then Mr. Cannon made the misstatements.

"Mr. Aldrich admits that the annual production of from $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 worth of crude rubber produced in his plantations in Mexico comes into the United States without paying any duty or taxes to the general Government, and in his own statement says that he increased the duties on the products of the American factories, his customers, thereby aiding them to monopolize the American market, and enabling them to pay him better prices for the raw material which he had to sell, and which they had to have, but he declares that he had no interest in increasing the duties.

"The long letter submitted from Sharretts is one of those ridiculous statements that this man Sharretts is accustomed to make to suit the convenience of Mr. Aldrich when there is any explanation to be made in regard to the Tariff bill. It is a long, involved effort to mislead and deceive those who are patient enough to read it, and has no practical bearing on the case.

"I should have been glad if Mr. Aldrich had said something about lead and the Guggenheim smelting trust, and about Mr. Lippitt's testimony in regard to the increased duty on cotton cloths, and had stated why he put increased duty on those cloths when the manufacturers said they did not want it."

FEAR ROOSEVELT INFLUENCE.

Connecticut Leader Is for Bulkeley, Whom the Colonel Is Said to Oppose.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 12.—The visit to Col. Theodore Roosevelt to-day of Roland S. Woodruff and Col. Isaac M. Ullman of Connecticut is regarded here as due to a Roosevelt desire to influence the coming election of United States Senator from Connecticut. It is understood that the Roosevelt influence is being exerted in favor of ex-Gov. George P. McLean, who is trying to oust Senator Morgan G. Bulkeley, who is making a strong attempt to get re-elected. The fact that Roosevelt wished McLean to win became evident first in Connecticut when Roosevelt's sister, Mrs. William Sheffield Cowles, wife of the Admiral, became especially courteous to the McLeans, who have been frequent callers at the Cowles mansion in Farmington recently. Col. Ullman is the Republican leader of New Haven County. Three days ago he announced that his influence would be thrown for Bulkeley, whose reelection thus seemed assured.

DEMOCRATS GET TOGETHER.

Western New Yorkers Take Up the Harmony Plan of Dix.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 11.—Frank H. Mott, a leading Democrat of Chautauqua County, while in this city to-day stated that the harmony plan inaugurated by Chairman Dix and his followers was working to perfection in Western New York. He says that Chautauqua will send to the Democratic State Convention this year the first unanimous delegation in a dozen or more years.

Western New York Democrats feel greatly encouraged over the prospects of harmonious results all over the State.

ROOSEVELT ASKED TO STRIKE KEYNOTE

Expected to Fill Old Guard with Terror as Temporary Chairman of State Convention.

HARMONY FAR OFF NOW

Reactionaries Led by Woodruff, Barnes, and the Rest Not Agreeable to Dictation from Sagamore Hill.

When the Republican State Committee meets in this city next Tuesday at noon its only State business will be to fix a date and place for the State Convention, authorize the convention call, and settle the basis of representation in the election of delegates. These more or less perfunctory duties are expected to awaken little interest, but the discussion of the muddled party situation in this State, which is certain to arise, is likely to give life to the gathering.

The big problem with the Republican leaders is how to bring about harmony in the party in time for the Gubernatorial campaign. In almost every section of the State the organization is split wide open, very much in the same fashion as in the insurgent States in the Middle West. There is this difference, only, that while in the Middle West the split occurred over National issues the division in this State is over State issues. All efforts made from Washington and Beverly to have the Republicans in this State compose their differences so far have stranded on the refusal of the old-line Republicans to accept a basis of reconciliation which would give the progressive element distinctly the best of the bargain.

There were two developments yesterday which aroused interest and unrest in Republican circles. One was the announcement that Col. Theodore Roosevelt was considering a suggestion that he become Temporary Chairman of the Republican State Convention, and in that capacity deliver a "keynote" speech which would ring with denunciation of the old order and indorsement of the progressive movement in Republican politics in this State. The other development was the intimation coming from friends of Republican State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff that he really meant it when he said he might be a candidate to succeed himself as head of the Republican State Committee.

Griscom and Roosevelt Confer.

Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the New York County Republican Committee, called on Col. Roosevelt at The Outlook office yesterday. He had a short conference with the Colonel there, and afterward the two had luncheon together. It was learned shortly after this luncheon that Col. Roosevelt had been approached with a formal proposal that he strike the keynote of the Republican State campaign.

Mr. Griscom declined to say anything about his talk with Col. Roosevelt. The Colonel was a little more communicative. He said that if he should be selected as a delegate to the Republican State Convention from Nassau County, where he lives, he would in all probability make a speech. Col. Roosevelt also admitted that he had under consideration a suggestion that he act as Temporary Chairman of the convention. He would not say from what source the suggestion had come.

There is no doubt in the minds of those who are familiar with the Colonel's way of thinking and with his views as to what the Republican Party must do to carry the State this Fall that the Roosevelt "keynote" speech would set every one of the Old Guard leaders who have fought Gov. Hughes and who were responsible for the defeat of his direct primaries legislation saying unsweetened words under his breath. Col. Roosevelt, according to his friends, would strongly indorse the Hughes administration and insist that the party go on record in the platform for the enactment of a direct nominations law at the next session of the Legislature.

The ultra-reactionaries among the Republican leaders—such men as William Barnes, Jr., of Albany, Speaker Wadsworth, State Chairman Woodruff, George W. Aldridge of Monroe, Francis Hendricks and his lieutenant, Ray B. Smith of Onondaga; Congressman George L. Malby of St. Lawrence, and National Committeeman William L. Ward of Westchester—have already gone on record as opposed to any programme which would pledge the Republican organization to primary reform, beyond the provisions of the Meade-Phillips bill of the last session, which was vetoed by Gov. Hughes.

With everything indicating an approaching line-up between the old-line leaders and the Taft-Hughes-Roosevelt element in the organization, recent intimations that Republican State Chairman Woodruff would be a candidate to succeed himself were generally taken as an indication that the old leaders were ready for the fray.

No confirmation could be obtained from Mr. Woodruff yesterday, beyond the assertion he made after his recent visit to President Taft at Beverly that "circumstances might arise which would make it necessary for me to become a candidate for re-election as State Chairman."

Fight on Woodruff Certain.

It was declared yesterday with the greatest emphasis by a Republican leader who has the confidence of President Taft that should Mr. Woodruff adopt that course a vigorous fight will be made to prevent his re-election. It is probable that N. V. V. Franchot, who was State Superintendent of Public Works during the Higgins Administration, would be the candidate of the anti-Woodruff leaders.

The fact that Mr. Woodruff chose to announce himself as a possible candidate for re-election and to make the emphatic announcement that the Republican leaders would not fall in line even for the modified primary plan laid down in the Cobb bill immediately after his talk with President Taft, has been accepted by many of the leaders as an indication that Mr. Woodruff's statement in some measure reflected the views of the President, and has caused some uneasines among the anti-Woodruff leaders.

One of these leaders, who has the confidence of President Taft, said yesterday that any such inference based on Chairman Woodruff's statement was not justified. He understood on the contrary that the President had urged Mr. Woodruff, in the interest of harmony, to retire.

It was hinted yesterday that an ultimatum might come from Col. Roosevelt that unless the views of the progressives prevailed and Mr. Woodruff retired the Colonel would take no part in the Gubernatorial campaign, but would leave the organization to fight it out alone with the Democrats.

In the Old Guard the influence of Col. Roosevelt is not being underestimated, but it was hinted that even such a cost would not move leaders such as Barnes and Wadsworth to recede from the position they have already taken. One of the old liners said to a TIMES reporter yesterday that he would face defeat for his party at the polls rather than to bow to dictation either from Beverly or Sagamore Hill.

LATHAM WINS PRIZE

Gets $2,000 for Flight Across Paris, Starting from Bouy.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Hubert Latham, coming from Bouy, flew over Paris at a high altitude to-day and landed at Issy les Moulineaux. The four aviators, Paulhan, Weymann, Latham, and Withe, are now engaged in a final effort to capture The London Daily Mail's prize of $5,000 for the longest total of cross-country flights made during the year ending Aug. 14.

By flying across Paris, Latham won the Falco Prize of $2,000. Although aeroplanes are now a comparatively common sight above Paris, the cheers of the pedestrians acclaimed the passage of the machine from one end of the city to the other. Latham's time was 2 hours 18 minutes 56 seconds.

AVIATOR FALLS; MAY DIE.

Lesnin Injured in Aeroplane Accident at Charleroi.

CHARLEROI, Belgium, Aug. 12.—M. Lesnin, an aviator, fell with his aeroplane from a height of 100 feet to-day.

Lesnin received injuries as a result of which he will probably die.

GAYNOR BULLETINS CONTINUE HOPEFUL

Continued from Page 1.

tooth and that cocaine and other local anesthetics would be all that would be necessary.

It is now supposed that the dark shadow seen in the X-ray plates, which gave rise to the idea that the bullet had been split in two, was caused by the splintering of the bone. No evil effects are anticipated from the presence of a piece of bone in the flesh around the jaw, and no effort is likely to be made to remove it.

The bullet has been flattened in passing through the head and deflecting upward from the jaw bone. It is now twisted in an angle. It did not pierce the tongue, and as the Mayor's hearing is not impaired, apparently, did not injure any part of the delicate aural organism.

Some Anxiety Felt.

The discovery of the position of the bullet has, however, increased in one way the anxiety of those watching for news from the Mayor's bedside. Since it has been ascertained that it can be removed with so much less risk than had been at first feared and since the danger of the setting in of blood poisoning as long as the lead remains in the body is admitted, the unwillingness of the surgeons to operate was taken as implying their fear that serious complications might arise. When Mr. Adamson was asked what he understood to be the reason of the postponement of the operation, the only explanation he could give was:

"The bullet doesn't seem to be doing any harm where it is, so I suppose they are not worrying about it. The operation to remove it would be very irritating."

Anxiety was further increased during the afternoon by the fact that the Mayor's temperature rose about one degree just before 4 o'clock. This brought it to a little over 101, a figure which, not dangerous in itself, caused the doctors to watch carefully against further increase.

There were also some more irritation and swelling of the throat during the afternoon, and a preparation of benzoin was obtained, the vapor of which, after it had been steamed, the Mayor inhaled. Those close to the Mayor minimized these symptoms. They declared that his temperature rose every afternoon at the approach of sundown, and that the swelling of the throat was not considerable enough to be important. At the same time there was an air of anxiety about them, which had not been noticed since the few first hours after the shooting.

Only Wife and Son See Him.

It was also noticed that the surgeons did not permit any of the Mayor's family to see him but Mrs. Gaynor and Rufus Gaynor. Mrs. Gaynor has been in the closest attendance since she hurried in from St. James, and Rufus Gaynor has been in and out of the sick room every day. But neither Miss Gertrude Gaynor nor Mrs. Harry K. Vingut was allowed yesterday to see their father, though on Thursday he had particularly asked for the former. Mr. Adamson said that they were excluded for fear of disturbing the Mayor.

"The doctors," he said, "thought it better that his daughters should not see the Mayor, lest he might think there was any special significance in their visit."

The first bulletin of the day was favorable. It was:

> 6:40 A. M.—Mayor Gaynor passed an excellent night and awoke much refreshed. There are no unfavorable symptoms this morning. WILLIAM J. ARLITZ, M. D.

This was followed half an hour later by another, with fuller details:

> 7:10 A. M.—The Mayor has passed a very good night. He slept seven hours. He is comfortable this morning and is in excellent general condition. Temperature, 100; pulse, 70, and respiration, 16.
> CHARLES N. DOWD, M. D.
> WILLIAM J. ARLITZ, M. D.

As soon as he awoke the Mayor received the same light breakfast as on the day before, an egg and some coffee, which Mrs. Gaynor prepared with her own hands. All through the day the Mayor took nourishment every two hours, chicken broth, vichy, and milk, and three or four eggs forming his menu.

Thompson's Visit Short.

A number of the Commissioners called at St. Mary's Hospital in the course of the morning, but only Water Commissioner Thompson was permitted to see the Mayor. His Honor seemed very well pleased to see him, for he expressed himself as glad of a change from continuous conversation with no one but nurses or doctors. However, the Commissioner's visit was short, and he did little more than ask the Mayor how he was doing and receive the Mayor's thanks for his constant attendance at the hospital. Any reference to city affairs was studiously avoided.

The Mayor is very grateful for all the care that is being taken of him by Sisters Rita and Camilla, who are assigned to his case, and the doctors. Speaking of it yesterday, he compared his good fortune to that of a dog which was run over last Saturday by an auto in front of his St. James place. The dog was something of a character in the village, and had been hanging around the Mayor's house a good deal.

Pity for an Injured Dog.

"I could look after myself, you know," said the Mayor, "but that poor dog had no one to tend its injuries."

It so happened that there was just then at St. Mary's Hospital the same neighbor as had interested the Mayor in the hospital project for St. James. When he heard what the Mayor had said about the dog he telephoned to St. James and found that the dog had been picked up and looked after, and was doing well. When this was reported to the Mayor he was very well pleased.

The Mayor discovered yesterday that Dr. Stewart came from Nova Scotia, and was much interested. City Chamberlain Hyde hails from the same place, but the Mayor found that Dr. Stewart had never met him. Yet the physician knew the official's father, who was a well-known doctor, and amused the Mayor by declaring that he used to mistake him for his own father through the similarity of their looks.

All through the day the Mayor slept a good deal. Some of this drowsiness was put down by those near to him to the exhausted condition in which he was after seven months' hard work as Mayor. Quite independently of the wound he was a good deal run down and in need of a rest.

At the end of the morning this bulletin was sent out:

> 12:30 P. M.—The Mayor has passed a comfortable morning. He has taken his nourishment well and is steadily improving.
> WILLIAM J. ARLITZ, M. D.
> CHARLES N. DOWD, M. D.

A blood test was made by Dr. Sullivan, the assistant of Dr. Arlitz, in order to detect the first symptoms of blood poisoning. A drop of blood was taken from near the patient's spine and was examined by the latest German tests. These have been much more efficient than those used in the case of President McKinley, and it is believed that they will give ample warning of any unfavorable change so that immediate action may be taken. The examination was quite satisfactory.

Mr. Adamson places great reliance on the nervous strength of the Mayor. He is not a big man nor very strong physically, but he possesses great recuperative powers.

"I have seen him many times," said his secretary, "leave his office apparently completely played out. Yet next morning he appeared as fresh as could be. This will stand him in excellent stead now."

Strain Tells on Mrs. Gaynor.

In the evening Mrs. Gaynor left the hospital for about two hours to take an airing with her son Rufus in the Mayor's automobile. She drove along the Hudson Boulevard and came back considerably refreshed. It was, however, noticed as she passed through the hall of the hospital on her way to the machine how much the strain of the last few days has told on her.

Health Commissioner Lederle, who had acted as the Mayor's closest friend in the first day or two of his illness, was also away yesterday. He went to his home at Stamford, Conn., but will be back to-morrow. He telephoned in the evening to inquire after the Mayor, and told Mr. Adamson that he had just had a swim and felt vastly the better for it.

Mr. Adamson himself went out for a short automobile ride in the evening, accompanied by William Maloney, the Mayor's executive secretary, and Lieut. Kennell, the guard of the Mayor's office in the City Hall.

Commissioner Edwards went to the hospital last night and waited for two hours but was unable to see the Mayor. He left last night for his home, Lisle, N. Y.

$2.50
TO
AtlanticCity
AND RETURN
WEDNESDAY, AUG. 17, 1910
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
SPECIAL TRAIN
Leaves West 23d Street..........6:55 A. M.
Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.7:00 A. M.
Hudson Terminal..........7:05 A. M.
RETURNING
Leaves Atlantic City..........7:00 P. M.

GRAND JURORS SEE GALLAGHER

Drop In Merely Out of Curiosity—He May Not Plead Insanity.

It is not yet certain that Alexander Simpson, counsel for John J. Gallagher, the Mayor's assailant, will attempt to set up the defense of insanity. He came to New York yesterday, and the proposal was made to him that he should engage alienists to examine his client. He did not do so, and went last night to his country home in Morris County, N. J. Any action that he may take in this direction will not be until after his return on Monday. Gallagher was anxious to see him, but he did not call at the Hudson County jail.

The Grand Jurors of the county were paying one of their periodical visits yesterday to the jail, and some of them stopped to look at the prisoner. This gave rise to rumors that they had interrogated him, but their visit was merely a matter of curiosity.

A well-dressed woman also went to the jail and asked to be allowed to see Gallagher. She told Warden Sullivan that she had had a dream about the man and had seen him in her sleep sitting in despair in his cell. So she wished to comfort him. She refused to give her name or address, but said that she lived on the upper west side of Manhattan and was not a relative of Gallagher. She had several religious tracts concealed in a copy of Town Topics and was dressed in black. Warden Sullivan refused her request.

Gallagher is growing accustomed to his quarters and appeared more cheerful yesterday morning. He looked eagerly at the morning papers to see how Mayor Gaynor was getting along and was pleased at the tenor of the reports. He was more communicative and spoke freely to Warden Sullivan and his cellmate.

When the possibility of Gallagher attempting suicide was suggested, the Warden smiled and said:

"There isn't one chance in a thousand. I have put a fellow named Kelly in the cell with him, and Kelly is big enough and strong enough to lick Jack Johnson. I guess he can take care of Gallagher. Then they are both Irishmen and they can jolly each other up. I certainly do not expect any attempt at suicide."

DREXEL DESCRIBES SKYROCKET FLIGHT

Mile and a Quarter Aloft in Monoplane, Nearly Frozen, While Motor Grew Faint.

THEN DROPPED LIKE SHOT

Fell 5,000 Feet in 4 Minutes Through Clouds That Hid Earth—Landed Safely on Scotch Farm.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—J. Armstrong Drexel, who last night at Lanark made a record altitude flight of 6,750 feet with a Blériot monoplane, to-day described his amazing climb into the clouds and his swift drop to earth from a region of air so thin and icy that his motor was failing and his limbs growing numb. This is the Philadelphian's story:

"I rose very swiftly to an altitude of 4,000 feet. Then I plunged straight into a cloud, and the earth disappeared from view. I gazed at the aneroid barometer fixed before the driving seat and saw that I was mounting steadily. I had no idea at all where I was. I was alone in the clouds, but my motor continued to work perfectly, and so I went on up and up. More than once I fixed my eye on a small cloud some distance away from me and so was able to judge that my slant upward was still rapid.

"Soon it became almost intolerably cold. My breath issued from my mouth in a white column of vapor. My knees and hands seemed almost frozen. My motor, too, began to weaken. No doubt the atmosphere at this attitude began to affect the carburation. I attempted to readjust the mixture of air and petrol, but one of my hands was now completely numbed and I could not use it. Still I did not give in, but kept my machine going upward.

"But now the climb became very slow as the thinning air offered less and less resistance to the forward thrust of my propellers. I reckoned that in the last four minutes of my climb I ascended only fifty feet. Not only did my progress upward become slower and slower, but the hand with which I held the controlling lever began to lose all sensation, owing to the extreme cold.

"I realized I had come to the limit of my endeavor, and, pointing the bow of my machine downward, I looked below me and saw that I was high above a bank of clouds which obscured any view of the earth. I let the monoplane fall as swiftly as it would go, for what I was afraid of was that I might lose the use of my hands entirely. So fast did I descend that I swept down 5,000 feet in only four minutes, and the rapidity of the fall gave me a singing in the ears.

"As the earth became exposed to view, I caught a glint of water and steered for it, imagining it was a lock near the aerodrome. But on coming closer I realized my mistake. I had been carried fifteen miles from my starting point. I made a safe landing in a field near a lonely farmhouse, not far from Cobbinshaw, on the Caledonian Railway. Beyond a momentary deafness, my mile and a quarter climb had no adverse effect upon me save for the fact that I almost froze."

6,000 FEET TO DEATH FROM A PARACHUTE

Continued from Page 1.

watched a matinée of twelve flying numbers and had just left the field when the Mack balloon went up. The day's events opened at 4:25 o'clock, when Archibald Hoxsey winged his way around the field in a ten-minute "sensible flying" number. At a height of from 100 to 200 feet he circled above the crowd half a dozen times, going as steadily as a Pullman car on a four-track system, his effort being to show what a journeying aeroplane could do in contrast to one trying to cut roller-coaster capers among the clover blossoms or cavort along the base line of the clouds.

Fred Ownes, the dirigible boy, got out as Hoxsey glided to the ground and gained liberal applause from the automobile horns by sending his paddle-pulled gas bag up to a height of 1,000 feet and saving it from a tangle of telegraph wires toward which it veered on coming down by heaving out sand ballast just in time to get another upward lift.

Frank Coffyn, who was to have had his first introduction to an Eastern audience, heard a wire snap on his aeroplane in the first lap of a start after the world's record for length of continuous flight, an event for which the Wright brothers have trained him specially. He cut off his engine and glided quickly to the ground, ending his effort for the day.

Hoxsey and Johnstone, in a double-decker flight, furnished the real event of the programme between 6:07 and 6:17 o'clock. Hoxsey sped upward in a series of long curves, and soon the crowd was applauding as he cut figure eights at a height of 3,000 feet, it being impossible at times to see whether he was above or below a haze of light clouds that lay across the sky. He darted and wheeled and turned his plane almost on end in sharp turns. Johnstone shot upward from the monorail a few minutes after Hoxsey had taken his high position aloft, but instead of climbing into the sky after him, he went buttercup gathering along the grass. It was soon evident that the two men had arranged a special feature, as they flew practically together through the same evolutions, the one knocking pollen from the flowers, while the other skipped and skimmed his way through the clouds.

George W. Young, the New York banker who recently married Lillian Nordica, was among the witnesses of the day's events. At their close he commissioned Clifford B. Harmon to purchase for entry in the coming international meet the fastest aeroplane he could find anywhere in the world. He told Harmon he did not want to see the cup won by Curtiss at Rheims last year carried back across the water. He said that he saw Curtiss win the cup, and was convinced from flights he witnessed subsequently in Europe that there was real danger of losing it this year.

News that the height record made by Brookins at Atlantic City had been broken by Drexel in Scotland was carried to Brookins by Mr. Jackson of the Wright staff late this afternoon. Brookins at once asked if the height had been measured acurately and said his first effort on getting back to the field would be to regain his title if his competitors received official recognition. Arch Hoxsey tried to get permission to fly against the new Drexel record this afternoon, but he was not allowed to make the attempt as Brookins had been trained specially for it and he had received his instruction in the art of trick and stunt riding.

Mr. Jackson, after his talk with Brookins, said he would be out by Wednesday in flying condition.

Manufacturers Wholesalers

Be sure to see the Miniature Bush Terminal exhibited at the Wearing Apparel and Style Show, Madison Square Garden, Aug. 10th to 17th.

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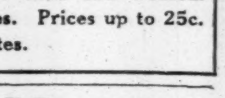

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MITCHEL'S FIRST ACT DONE GAYNOR'S WAY

Picturesque Phrases, Similar to the Mayor's, Found in His Letter to Baker.

ADVISES ON CLOAK STRIKE

Instructs the Police How They Should Act—Danger in Bottling People Up, He Says.

Acting Mayor Mitchel performed his first official act of importance yesterday by sending a letter to Police Commissioner Baker on the cloakmakers' strike, which, it was noted, was couched in words very much like those Mayor Gaynor might have used.

In his letter yesterday to Commissioner Baker he dwells upon the Mayor's favorite personal liberty ideas, and instructs the head of the police to see that the men of the force exercise the strictest impartiality in dealing with the strike. The letter read:

"City of New York,
"Office of the Mayor,
"Aug. 12, 1910.

"Sir: Complaints of violence have been made to me by the employers against the strikers in the cloakmakers' strike now in progress. It has been charged by counsel for the employers that one murder has been committed as a direct result of this strike, and that numerous acts of violence have been perpetrated by the strikers. This statement is necessarily but one side of the case, and so serious a crime as murder should not be charged against the strikers without a careful examination. On investigation it appears that both sides have been violent and disorderly, if not worse. Enough evidence has been presented to me to warrant this communication as Acting Mayor.

"Subdivision 5 of Section 580 of the Penal Law states that it is unlawful

> To prevent another from exercising a lawful trade or calling and doing any other lawful act by force, threats, intimidation; or by interfering or threatening to interfere with tools, implements, or property belonging to or used by another, or with the use or employment thereof.

"This provision, however, is qualified by Section 582 of the Penal Law, which reads in part as follows:

> The orderly and peaceable assembling or co-operation of persons employed in any calling, trade, or handicraft for the purpose of obtaining an advance in the rate of wages or compensation or of maintaining such rate is not a conspiracy.

"This declaration of intent by the Legislature has been recognized by the Court of Appeals.

"It appears to be well settled that the striking employes may use arguments and other lawful methods of coercion to induce strikebreakers to join their ranks, but intimidation, force, and violence are condemned.

"Let the patrolmen be instructed that they must be absolutely impartial as regards the strikers and the strikebreakers, arresting one as quickly as the other for any overt act of violence or other unlawful deed. Let them be further directed not to use their clubs except in cases where it is necessary to save themselves or others from serious bodily harm, as otherwise the police officers would be the originators of mischief rather than the preservers of peace and order.

"I am of the opinion that the strikers should be allowed such latitude in talking to the strikebreakers as is compatible with the preservation of order on the street and the maintenance of a proper highway for other citizens using the roadway or the sidewalk.

"There is great danger in bottling people up and saying, 'You cannot talk.' Instruct the patrolmen that if three or four strikers stand outside in an orderly and quiet manner, waiting for strikebreakers to emerge from the shops where they are employed, the former are not to be hustled away and ordered to move on. If, however, the number of strikers is so large as to interfere with the use of the sidewalk or roadway, or if they obstruct free access to the factories by employes, then the duty of the police officers is set forth in Section 315 of the charter which reads in part as follows:

> It is hereby made the duty of the Police Department and force, at all times of day and night, and the members of such force are hereby thereunto empowered, * * * to disperse unlawful or dangerous assemblages, or assemblages which obstruct the free passage of public streets, sidewalks, parks, and places; * * *

"You can see from this that there is ample authority for the police to keep the sidewalks and roadways free from large crowds of strikers.

"Several of the complaints made to me are in regard to intimidation and violent threats made at the homes of the strikebreakers. If no actual violence occurs, or there is no immediate danger thereof, the police officer to whom complaint is made should inform the strikebreaker or his family to present his grievance to a Magistrate in order that the strikers may be bound over to keep the peace. In other words, unless violence is actually perpetrated or threatened in the presence of the officer, it will be safer for him to advise recourse to the proper court than to make arrests on the hearsay of others.

"Please further instruct the police officers that they are not to interfere with the strikers when they call to the strikebreakers unless the language used be so intemperate as to be indecent or contrary to good order. The strikers should be impressed with the fact that they will not be bottled up and told they cannot talk or use moral suasion, but they must be made just as thoroughly to understand that violent threats, assaults, or intimidation will be followed immediately by arrest and arraignment.

"I am sending this communication to you at this time because I have found from personal examination, some uncertainty in the minds of members of your department as to how far they should go, and where they should stop in this strike matter. Let the keynote of your department be peace and order, and arrest for an infraction thereof any person no matter to what side he belongs. Respectfully, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL,
"Acting Mayor.

"The Hon. William F. Baker, Police Commissioner."

Opposed To Shaving

If a barber were opposed to stropping, he would soon go out of business. To be opposed to stropping is to be opposed to good shaving.

Your no-stropping razor will go out of business if you try the AutoStrop Razor.

You don't remove the blades to sharpen or clean. Strops itself automatically. No other razor does this.

Get one. Try it. If it does not give you a head barber shave, take it back. Dealer has authority from us to refund your money.

Will you put it off and forget it, or will you get one this morning.

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Try one at our demonstrating shop, 327 Fifth Avenue, near 33rd St. Every convenience for shaving. No obligation whatever.

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Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Final Reductions Until 1 P. M. to-day.

These practically double values are to be found in all Smith Gray & Co. stores.

Two and three piece Suits for men, young men and boys, regularly up to $20.00, - - - - $12.50

Two and three piece Suits for men and young men, regularly up to $30.00, $17.00

Two and three piece Suits for men and young men, regularly up to $35.00, $22.00

Two and three piece Suits for men and young men, regularly up to $40.00, $24.00

$5, $6 and $7 Outing, Tennis and Business Trousers $3.75

Straw Hat Final Reductions $2 to $5 values - - - $1.00

75c. Silk Hose 3 Pairs $1.00

Summer Shirts General Clearance
1.00 & 1.25 Shirts - - - 75c
1.50 & 2.00 Shirts - - - 1.00
2.00 to 3.00 Shirts - - - 1.25

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RICH MILK, MALT GRAIN EXTRACT, IN POWDER
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LADIES' 2-Clasp Lisle —Tan, Black, Gray, White.... 75c
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CITIES SHOW BEST GROWTH IN CENSUS

Returns Thus Far Made Do Not Indicate Any Rush Back to the Farms.

ONLY ONE STATE COMPLETE

Rhode Island Shows Increase of 26.6 Per Cent. in Ten Years—District of Columbia Up 18.8 Per Cent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Though the work of the thirteenth census has so far revealed the present population of comparatively few cities, counties and States, the Bureau of the Census has already made public figures concerning enough localities to indicate certain interesting trends in the growth of American population. The bureau is pushing the work rapidly all along the line, but it is being carried forward so uniformly as affecting all parts of the country that, although the end is close at hand, complete returns have been made in only one State, and complete returns from particular counties and cities in only twenty-three States.

What stands out first is, of course, the general increase in population all over the country. While this growth is perhaps more striking in the Middle West, or even in the Far West, the East is little behind those sections. Increases in city population rarely fall below 20 per cent. for the last ten years. Often the increase is considerably in excess of 50 per cent. Thus Bridgeport, Conn., shows a growth of 43.7 per cent. in the last ten years, while at the other end of the country Sacramento has grown 52.6 per cent. in the same time.

This growth has been expected, but there will probably be some surprise to find how far the growth of the citizen exceeds that of the rural districts. Here, save in a few localities, there is an increase, but generally it is below 10 per cent. In Nebraska Seward and Buffalo Counties, of 15,000 and 20,000, respectively, show practically no increase, while the only other county recorded in the State (Madison) shows an increase of about 2,000 on a first population of 17,000, or about 11 per cent.

That is about how the country districts go. There are some striking exceptions. Many Texan counties show a population more than double that of ten years ago, though even in that State the average increase probably falls below 33 1-3 per cent. In some cases the growth of towns within the county border explains even this increase.

The figures now available show only five communities that have actually lost in population. Montgomery, Cal., has fallen from 2,206 to 1,789; Bonham County, Texas, has dropped from 5,042 to 4,844; Lamar County, Texas, from 48,627 to 46,544; in Wisconsin the village of Pine River has lost 65 of her population in ten years, and Madison County, Ind., shows the greatest loss, falling from 70,470 to 65,224. These reductions come, it will be noted, either in rural districts marked out by counties or in small villages.

The one State with complete returns so far is Rhode Island. That State has increased its population 26.6 per cent. in the last decade. The only other governmental division with complete returns is the District of Columbia, which has increased 18.8 per cent.

The tables below give complete returns from towns and counties so far made public by the Bureau of the Census, and compared with the returns of ten years ago. In some cases, however, owing to special local reasons, the rush to get out the new figures prevented the bureau from tabulating them in comparison with the figures of ten years ago, and those items are omitted from the table below. All of Oklahoma is thus left out, though the defect with her statistics is that they are adjusted to her last census in 1907, and therefore cannot be compared with returns from other States.

Percentage of increase is given only in the important districts. The table:

	1910.	1900.	Inc.	P.C.
Alabama—				
Decatur	4,288	3,114	1,174	...
New Decatur	6,118	4,437	1,681	...
Arkansas—				
Howard Co.	16,898	14,076	2,822	...
Prairie Co.	13,853	14,875	1,078	...
Saline Co.	16,657	13,122	3,535	...
California—				
Sacramento	44,696	28,282	15,414	52.6
Missouri—				
Kansas City	248,381	163,752	84,629	51.7
Windsor	2,241	1,502	739	...
Montgomery	1,789	2,026	—237	—11.
Colorado—				
Colorado Spgs.	29,078	21,085	7,993	37.9
Pueblo Co.	52,223	34,448	37,491	...
Pueblo City	44,395	28,157	24,558	...
Connecticut—				
New Haven	133,605	108,027	25,578	23.0
Bridgeport	102,054	70,996	31,058	43.7
Hartford	98,915	79,850	19,065	23.9
Hamden	5,850	4,626	1,224	...
Delaware—				
Wilmington	87,411	76,508	10,903	14.3
District Columbia—				
Total	331,069	278,718	52,351	18.8
Illinois—				
Rock Island	24,335	19,493	4,842	...
Marion	7,093	2,510	4,583	...
McLean Co.	68,008	67,843	165	...
Rock Island Co.	70,404	55,249	15,155	...
Moline	24,199	17,248	6,951	...
Indiana—				
Evansville	69,647	59,007	10,640	18.0
Fort Wayne	63,933	45,115	18,818	41.7
South Bend	53,684	35,999	17,685	49.1
Bloomington	8,838	6,460	2,378	...
Madison Co.	65,224	70,470	—5,246	—7.0
Louisiana—				
Opelousas	4,623	2,951	1,672	...
Lake Providence	1,568	1,256	312	...
Maryland—				
Cumberland	21,839	17,128	4,711	...
Michigan—				
Ann Arbor	14,817	14,509	308	2.0
Grand Rapids	112,571	87,565	25,016	29.0
Minnesota—				
St. Paul	214,744	163,065	51,679	31.7
Marble	887	......	......	...
Mississippi—				
Jackson	21,262	7,816	13,446	172.0
Nebraska—				
Harvard	1,102	849	253	...
Madison Co.	19,101	16,976	2,125	...
Seward Co.	15,895	15,690	205	...
Buffalo Co.	21,907	20,254	1,653	...
Nevada—				
Carson City	2,466	2,100	366	...
New Jersey—				
Jersey City	267,779	206,433	61,346	29.7
Camden	94,538	75,935	18,603	24.5
Hoboken	70,324	59,364	10,960	18.5
Bayonne	55,544	32,722	22,823	69.7
New York—				
Niagara Falls	30,445	19,457	10,988	56.5
Chautauqua Co.	105,126	88,314	16,812	19.0
Ohio—				
Cincinnati	364,463	325,902	38,561	11.8
Columbus	181,548	125,560	55,988	44.06
Akron	69,067	42,728	26,339	61.66
Pennsylvania—				
Reading	96,071	78,961	17,110	21.7
Allentown	51,913	35,416	16,497	46.6
Lansford	8,321	4,888	3,433	...
Ridley Park	1,761	......	......	...
Rhode Island—				
Whole State	542,674	428,556	114,118	26.6
Providence	224,326	175,597	48,729	27.8
Newport	27,149	22,441	4,708	21.0
Woonsocket	38,125	28,204	9,921	...
Texas—				
Houston	78,800	44,633	34,167	76.6
Bonham	4,844	5,042	—198	—3.9
Temple	10,993	7,065	3,928	...
Brownsville	10,517	6,305	4,212	...
Childress Co.	9,538	2,138	7,400	...
Bee Co.	12,090	7,720	4,370	...
Nueces Co.	21,955	10,439	11,516	...
Corpus Christi	8,299	4,703	3,596	...
Hidalgo Co.	13,728	6,837	6,891	...
Lamar Co.	46,544	48,627	—2,083	...
S. Augustine Co.	11,264	8,434	2,830	...
Montague Co.	25,123	24,800	323	...
Limestone Co.	34,621	32,578	2,043	...
Upshur Co.	19,960	16,626	3,334	...
Wichita Co.	16,094	5,806	10,288	...
Wilbarger Co.	12,000	5,559	6,441	...
Atascosa Co.	10,004	7,143	2,861	...
Matagorda Co.	13,594	6,097	7,497	...
Newton Co.	10,850	7,282	3,568	...
Sabine Co.	8,582	6,394	2,188	...
Callahan Co.	12,943	8,768	4,175	...
Denton	4,732	4,187	545	...
Goliad Co.	9,909	8,310	1,599	...
Hardenmon Co.	11,213	3,634	7,579	...
McCulloch Co.	13,405	3,960	9,445	...
Virginia—				
Christiansburg	1,568	659	909	...
Lynchburg	29,494	18,891	10,603	...
Wisconsin—				
Ashland	901	709	192	...
Pine River	1,213	1,278	—65	...

CENSUS MEN PADDED LISTS.

Great Falls Enumerators Confess and Are Sentenced to Jail.

HELENA, Mon., Aug. 12.—Thomas Dailey and F. C. McDonald, Great Falls census enumerators, pleaded guilty in the Federal court yesterday to padding census returns and were sentenced to twenty-four hours in jail and fined $1,000 each.

Two more enumerators will be arraigned on Aug. 17 on a similar charge.

ATTACKS PULLMAN RATES.

Indiana Asks That They Be Lowered by Commerce Board.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Allegations that the rates exacted by the Pullman Company for upper berths in sleeping cars are exorbitant and unreasonably discriminatory were made in a petition filed to-day with the Inter-State Commerce Commission by the State of Indiana through its Attorney General, James Bingham.

The complaint is directed against the Pullman Company and practically all of the railroads operating in Central Traffic Association territory. It is urged in the petition that upper berths in Pullman sleeping cars are not worth more than 50 per cent. of lower berths. A schedule of what is asserted to be reasonable rates between points in Indiana and points in neighboring States is filed, and the State requests the commission to issue an order directing the defendant companies not to charge rates in excess of those named.

Hearing of the case of the advanced rates filed by the Eastern railroads with the Inter-State Commerce Commission will be postponed when the matter is called up at the Custom House in New York City next Monday.

Information had been sent to the commission yesterday that the railroads would be prepared next Monday to proceed with the hearing, but word was received to-day that an unexpected hitch in the preparation of the railroads' case had occurred. It is likely that a postponement will be required by the roads until about Sept. 1.

THIRD WIFE TO WANT TO DIE.

Promoter's Bride Says Her Two Predecessors Killed Themselves.

Mrs. Leoni Baudry of 17 West 108th Street, whose husband, Louis Baudry, is said to be a promoter of mining stocks, was taken to the Harlem Police Court yesterday afternoon and arraigned on a charge of attempted suicide. She is said to have attempted to throw herself under a downtown elevated train at the 110th Street Station and when she was prevented from doing so she tried to leap out of a window of the station and was again forcibly restrained.

The ticket seller said that Mrs. Baudry appeared at his window at about 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning and bought a ticket. For perhaps ten minutes she walked up and down the platform as if in a troubled frame of mind. Several trains passed, but she made no effort to get in front of them. Her actions attracted the attention of others on the platform, and two men, fearing that she might attempt some rash act, watched her.

As another train came along she screamed and tried to jump in front of it. The two men caught her and forced her to leave the platform, but as they were going down the steps she tried to get to a window.

A policeman was called, and she was taken to the West 125th Street Police Station and thence to the Harlem court.

There she told Magistrate Appleton that she was sorry and that she did not know why she had wanted to kill herself. She said her husband, to whom she had been married about two months, was not very considerate of her. Later she said that her husband had been married twice before, and that she had heard that his wives had committed suicide, one by inhaling gas and the other by shooting herself.

A sister of the woman later said, through a keyhole in a door to her apartment, that she, too, had heard that Baudry's two wives had committed suicide. She said her sister denied having tried to kill herself yesterday morning.

Magistrate Appleton discharged Mrs. Baudry. She is said to be a manicurist.

WATER FOR WORK HORSES.

Four Fountains Given by Mrs. Sage to be Put Up by Animal Society.

The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has just put into commission one of four handsome drinking fountains for horses given to that organization by Mrs. Russell Sage. The new fountain is located at Broome and Thompson Streets, in a section where there is much heavy trucking.

Other sites selected are De Witt Clinton Park, Eleventh Avenue and Fifty-third Street, and Thomas Jefferson Park, First Avenue and 112th Street, while the location of the fourth fountain is yet to be chosen. Mrs. Sage has also given the society funds for the purchase of an automobile ambulance, thus duplicating her gift of two years ago.

TRIES TO DIE ON NEW BRIDGE.

Nearly Overcomes Policeman Who Keeps Him from Jumping to Street.

In the presence of a large number of persons who were crossing the Williamsburg Bridge shortly before noon yesterday Soloman Prezzine, a pocketbook-maker, of 288 South Fourth Street, Williamsburg, attempted to commit suicide by leaping from the structure into Berry Street, a height of about 100 feet. His queer actions lately caused his family to keep a watch upon him. He left his home Friday night and slept on the bridge. He got on a truck a few minutes before he tried to end his life.

When he reached a point above Berry Street he left the truck, got over a guard rail, and was about to plunge to the street when he was caught by Policeman Harry B. Schilling. While the two were struggling in the skeleton steel work people on the footpath became intensely excited and their shouting brought Police Captain Tracey and Sergt. Walters, who gave needed help to Schilling.

Prezzine was taken to the Bridge Police Station, where an ambulance surgeon from the Eastern District Hospital said he was insane. Prezzine had wounds on his throat and chest, and he admitted that he had tried a week ago to end his life.

NO LIGHT IS SHED ON KILLING OF RICE

J. H. Brown, on the Stand, Sharply Questioned, but Says He and Rice Were Friendly.

CARRIED NO REVOLVER

One He Owns Not Out of His Desk for Five Years, He Declares—Tells Where He Spent Friday Night.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 12.—Prosecutor Cline in questioning witnesses at the Coroner's inquest, indicated that the authorities have abandoned the theory that William L. Rice was killed by highwaymen or chicken thieves.

The principal witness to-day was John Hartness Brown, a real estate dealer and former client of Rice, who was mentioned in yesterday's testimony as one of the first persons on the scene after the shooting of Rice. Mr. Cline had him trace his movements from the time he left his home last Friday night until he retired.

Brown said last Friday he was at the home of Ernest Meyer, Pierpont Road, leaving there at 11 o'clock. He told of his arriving at the scene of the murder just as Dr. Phillips was about to leave with Rice's body in his auto. Witness said he inquired who the victim was, but no one knew.

"What conversation did you have?"

"I asked whether the dead man had been identified. They said it was William L. Rice. I asked if his people had been notified, and they said two doctors were on their way to notify them. I suggested they call up Judge Blandin and Frank Ginn."

"You spent half an hour telephoning before you learned the injured man's identity?"

"Yes."

"Why were you so anxious to learn it?"

"I thought if it was a neighbor I wanted to be of service if possible."

"Why didn't you look at him when you were talking to the man you met at Derbyshire Road?"

"I didn't get a chance."

"Do you carry a gun?"

"No, Sir."

"Have you one at home?"

"No; I have one at my office."

"How long have you had it?"

"About seven years. It has not been out of the desk in my office for five years."

"Did you tell anybody, Mr. Brown, that you knew Mr. Rice had been shot?"

"No, Sir."

"Why didn't you insist on knowing how your neighbor died?"

"I thought I could do no more."

"Did you tell Kohler that the dead man was Rice and that he had done it?"

"I did not."

"How long had you known Mr. Rice?"

"Twenty years."

"You had been intimate with him?"

"No, he was my counsel in one matter."

"Any enmity grow up between you and Rice?"

"None whatever."

"Wasn't there a difference of opinion?"

"There was, as to Rice's fee; nothing else."

"Do you know of any enemies Rice had, Mr. Brown?"

"No, Sir," Brown responded promptly.

"You, of course, were perfectly friendly with him?"

"Perfectly."

"He still represented you as counsel?"

"In the one matter, yes, Sir."

"You were the biggest landowner around Erie Street, one time, weren't you?"

"Yes."

"You and Mr. Rice were associated in deals concerning that real estate, were you not?"

"No. In the early nineties Mr. Rice was my counsel in some matters."

"Is there any light you can shed, Mr. Brown, on the murder of William L. Rice?"

"None at all," responded Brown, smiling, and that ended his testimony.

NEW COMET PHOTOGRAPHED.

Naval and Harvard Observatories Confirm Rev. Mr. Metcalf.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Aug. 12.—The comet discovered this week by the Rev. Joel H. Metcalf of Taunton has been observed from the United States Naval Observatory at Washington and photographed at the Harvard College Observatory. The following statement was issued by the Harvard Observatory to-day:

> A telegram has been received at this observatory from Capt. T. E. Dewitt Veeder, Superintendent of the United States Naval Observatory, Washington, stating that Metcalf's comet was observed by H. E. Burton on Aug. 10, in the following position: Right ascension, 16 hours 10 minutes 29.3 seconds; declination, plus 14 degrees 56 minutes 41 seconds.
>
> A photograph of the region, obtained here with the eight-inch telescope on Aug. 9, 15 hours 7 minutes, Greenwich mean time, shows this object. Measures of the comet on this plate by Mrs. Fleming gave the approximate position: Right ascension, 16 hours 12 minutes 59 seconds; declination, plus 14 degrees 47 minutes 32 seconds.

Reynolds Cleans Up Coney.

Deputy Police Commissioner Reynolds visited Coney Island late yesterday and began a cleaning up of the resorts. He visited a number of places in the Bowery and warned the proprietors to tone down their programmes. The Commissioner was preceded by Capt. Galvin, who visited many of the back rooms and gave many men hangers-on twenty-four hours to leave the island. Capt. Galvin goes on leave to-day. He is reported to be very ill. In his absence the precinct will be in charge of Acting Capt. Charles Easom.

Lighten Your Laundry Labors.

The Gas Mangle is a laundry blessing for either house or hotel. It costs one cent to iron 100 towels an hour. Irons all kinds of "flat" work such as sheets, napkins, pillow cases, &c. Full particulars at any gas office.

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York
GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President

CAUGHT STEALING A TRUCK.

Police Say Gang Has Cost One Insurance Company $20,000 in Two Months.

Two young men, who said they were Joseph Rose of 1,429 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, and David Katz of 406 East Seventy-fourth Street, were arrested yesterday charged with attempting to steal a truck loaded with silk underwear belonging to Morris Meyer, a wholesale underwear dealer of 52 Walker Street. Jacob Gottleib of 937 Second Avenue, a driver for Meyer, saw the men making off with the truck while he was delivering a package at Twelfth Street and Broadway. He gave chase, and on the way picked up two policemen, and captured the men.

When they were arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court Inspector Russell requested that each be held in $3,000 bail for forty-eight hours until he was able to gather further evidence against them. He thought they were a couple of new recruits to a gang of truck thieves whom he had been looking for for some time. He also stated that owing to the operations of this gang one insurance company had in the last two months paid out over $20,000. Both men were held.

Later in the afternoon William J. Borsdorf, a clerk of 123 East Thirty-first Street, appeared in court and identified Rose as a man he had seen driving off with a truck belonging to Joseph Orr, a woolen dealer, of 337 Broadway, on last Monday.

The examination of both men will take place on Monday morning.

OFF TO LABRADOR.

Middlebury, Vt., College Professors to Explore Regions of Lake Temiscamie.

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Aug. 12.—The unknown regions east of Lake Temiscamie, in southwest Labrador, will be explored by a number of Middlebury College professors, who left yesterday on their long trip.

The party, which is known as the McFarland expedition, consists of Profs. Raymond McFarland, Thomas C. Brown, and Phelps Nash Sweet. The first stage of the journey is by rail, via Montreal to Roberval, Lake St. John, in Northern Quebec, where two canoes, guides, and food supplies for six weeks will be obtained. The party will proceed in canoes northward by the Chamduchouan River for 225 miles to Lake Mistassini, thence northeast for about 150 miles to Lake Temiscamie.

A full scientific equipment was taken and the hitherto unexplored regions will be carefully examined. When this work is completed the return to St. John will be attempted by the Beribonka River, which is about 350 miles in length from its source to the lake.

The expedition expects to return to Middlebury the later part of September.

FOUNDED BOGUS LODGES.

Wilson Charged with Keeping Part of the Initiation Fees.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Darius Wilson, who is charged with having obtained much money in the guise of initiation fees for bogus Masonic lodges, was held in $1,000 bail by United States Commissioner Darling to-day for a hearing on Aug. 20 for using the mails in a scheme to defraud.

Wilson was arrested at Brockton last night. He is a resident of East Foxboro, and styles himself the "Grand Master of the Venerable Symbolic Grand Lodge, Ancient Egyptian Rite of Freemasonry for the United States of America." The Government charges that he has organized lodges which have no connection with real Masonic bodies, and that he has diverted the initiation fees in part to his personal profit. Wilson furnished the required bail.

Loebinger Case Out Again.

The case of Mrs. Sarah A. C. Murtagh against Mrs. Sophia Loebinger, suffragette and orator, alleging misuse of $125 donated by Mrs. Murtagh for the establishment of a suffragist magazine, was thrown out of a police court yesterday again, making the fifth time the case thus has been disposed of temporarily.

Odd Lots of Stock

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John Muir & Co.,
Specialists in Odd Lots.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

SEEK BANKING LICENSES.

Controller Asked to Authorize Six Private Banks in This City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Six individuals and partnerships have thus far applied to State Controller Williams for licenses to engage in the business of receiving money or private banking under the Sullivan-Foley law, which goes into effect on Sept. 1. The places of all are in New York City, and their names are:

James Rae Clarke, doing business as Clarke Brothers, 154 Nassau Street; Guarini & Candela, 23 and 25 New Bowery; Nielsen & Lundbeck, 24 State Street; Harry Oppenheim, 390 Grand Street; Emil Kiss, 104 Second Avenue, and Oliver Brothers, 67 Clinton Street.

The applicant is required to pay a license fee of $50 and to deposit with the Controller $10,000 in money or approved securities. A surety bond for the safekeeping or transmission of moneys is also required to be executed, the penalty of which shall be a sum fixed by the Controller, of not more than $50,000 nor less than $10,000.

Clerical Patrolmen's Outing To-day.

The Clerical Patrolmen's Benevolent Association will have their annual outing and games this afternoon at Donnelly's Grove, College Point, L. I. There are between 800 and 900 men in the Police Department who are attached to clerical duty. A special feature will be the race between the married and single women.

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POWDERED
TOILET SOAP

In a sifter top can. Lasts much longer than the average cake of soap. Price 15 cents.

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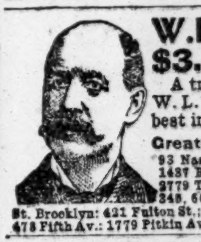
ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.
New York Telephone Co.,
15 Dey St.



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$3.50 SHOES FOR MEN
A trial will convince that W. L. Douglas shoes are the best in the world.
Greater New York Stores:
93 Nassau Street; 755, 865, 1349, 1437 Broadway; 934, 1453, 2202, 2779 Third Ave.; 356 Sixth Ave.; 346, 663 Eighth Av.; 250 W. 125th St. Brooklyn: 421 Fulton St.; 708, 1007, 1367 Broadway; 478 Fifth Av.: 1779 Pitkin Av.; Jersey City: 18 Newark Av.

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HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.
50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

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HAPPY ISLAND
By Jennette Lee

"If you're seeking fresh, wholesome, inspiriting recreation, read this book."

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SPANISH PREMIER FIRM FOR REFORM

Says King and People Are with Him in Fight for Modernization, Despite Vatican.

JUNTA HIRED MANIFESTANTS

Gave Meal Tickets, He Declares—With an Enlightened Army He Scorns Threats, He Tells Paris Paper.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—The Paris Temps to-day prints a long and sensational interview with José Canalejas y Mendes, the Spanish Prime Minister, covering the recent events which culminated in the severance of diplomatic relations between the Spanish Government and the Holy See, as well as his future programme.

The Temps says the Premier dictated the interview, which begins by declaring that the movement in the north of Spain is directed by rich Carlists, "who are inveterate separatists and enemies of the remainder of the country," and by "intransigeant Catholics, whose only programme is the reign of Jesus Christ."

The Prime Minister affirms that he possesses knowledge that the committee behind the movement spent 400,000 pesetas ($80,000) in giving the manifestants of July 10 meal tickets, besides their railroad fares. After the failure of the manifestation, Señor Canalejas is made to say the agitators organized juntas, of which—"and I announce this publicly for the first time—village priests are the leaders." He says that he officially protested to the Bishop of Vittoria and to the Vatican, but both of them replied that it was none of their concern. He says he will welcome interpellations of the Carlists, which will give him an opportunity "to lay bare the detestable conspiracy against civilization, the King, and the country.

"There is no religious question in Spain," the Premier continues. "It is simply an effort to exploit religious sentiment upon the ground, now disproved, that the Spanish majority is clerical. The majority, as was indisputably proved at the elections, is anti-clerical. Most of the municipalities sent addresses approving the Government's policy. I have received 150,000 telegrams urging me to continue this policy."

The interview declares that Señor Canalejas does not propose to abuse the power confided in him, but that he will use it firmly and resolutely to establish a preponderance of civil power. It is his intention to pass a law insuring neutral official education, neither hostile nor favorable to any creed or philosophy, but free from any dogma. He insists that the policy of the Government is not directed against the religious orders, but he is in favor of having these orders pay taxes, from which they were exempted by Conservative Governments, and the number of orders reduced.

Will Reduce Number of Orders.

"If I cannot reduce the number of orders by an agreement with the Vatican I will by law," he declares.

The Premier expresses unqualified satisfaction at the reports that the Vatican now desires conciliation, and says he will make every effort to reach an agreement with the Holy See, but he maintains the bill interdicting further orders cannot be withdrawn. "I could not withdraw that bill if I would," he says. "The Liberal Party and the majority in the Cortes are united upon that point. Different political groups have different ideas, but they are one against clericalism."

Señor Canalejas frankly states that the time has arrived when the question must be solved. If the Liberals fail a popular explosion, he says, is sure to follow. He declares that he understands perfectly that his adversaries wanted a rupture with the Vatican in the hope that it would mean his downfall, under the illusion that the return of the Conservatives to power would enable them to maintain the status quo ante. "But," the Premier says, "the status quo ante is finished forever in Spain."

The Prime Minister declares that the reports that his policy is inspired by the counsels of the French Government and the Royal family of England do great injustice to King Alfonso. On this point the interview says: "One might as well say that the opinion of all foreign statesmen and the intellectuality of the world weighs upon the King, for there is not a single publication in civilization which does not applaud the dawn of a liberal spirit and the laicization of Spain. The King in the present case obeys a profound conviction. He is a fervent Catholic, but his mind is open to large ideas and he is a serious student of the civilization of the day. He is a liberal, tolerant, and truly constitutional, and without forgetting his royal prerogatives will follow popular impulsion. He gives his confidences to a ministry sustained by the majority of the Cortes."

"The enlightened and patriotic royal army," continues Señor Canalejas, "permits us to face with serenity all threats of trouble." He explains that the Government's object in hastening a solution of the religious question was to clear the way for the introduction of vast economic and administrative reforms for which the people are clamoring.

Declares Threats of No Avail.

The premier concludes the interview by saying that he has been Minister four times, retiring on each occasion because he could not put into practice his personal ideas. "But now," he says, "I have the power, desire, and purpose to succeed. Threats will not deter me. I am in command and so long as I have a majority in the Cortes and the confidence of the King I shall remain."

Les Nouvelles to-day says that it is authorized to deny the statement of the Madrid Epoca that Premier Briand strongly advised King Alfonso against a rupture with Rome, and attributed the severance of diplomatic relations between France and the Holy See to the clumsiness of the Vatican.

The paper says further that King Alfonso during the interview with Premier Briand talked frankly about the situation and told the French statesman in energetic terms that he did not propose to obey the injunction of the Vatican, to tolerate the threats of Pius X., or to allow the Vatican to mix in Spanish politics.

Les Nouvelles adds: "M. Briand's experience enabled him to offer sage advice to the young monarch, warning his Majesty to proceed diplomatically and avoid bruskness and wounding."

ROME, Aug. 12.—Cardinal Merry del Val did not hold the customary Friday reception to diplomats this week, and the omission is regarded as significant. To be sure, postponements of these receptions are frequent during the Summer months, but in view of the gravity of the situation with Spain it would appear that the Papal Secretary had deliberately delayed another meeting with Marquis de Gonzales, Counselor to the Spanish Embassy at the Vatican, rather than afford the Marquis an opportunity to show his friendliness as he did last Tuesday, when he attended high mass celebrated in honor of the anniversary of the coronation of Pius X.

Whether the Spanish Counselor would have attended the reception to-day was a matter sufficiently in doubt to excite keen interest. Cardinal Merry del Val came to Rome last night to participate in the work of one of the congregations, but later returned to his villa, on Monte Mario, having notified the diplomats that to-day's reception would be abandoned.

The postponement of the reception is considered in Vatican circles as evidence that Cardinal Merry del Val considers his position so strong that he does not need to try to fortify it.

Don Jaime Against Violence.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Aug. 12.—Don Jaime, the Carlist Pretender to the throne, to-day issued a letter addressed to the leaders of the Carlists in which he advises his followers to resist with all their force the rising tide of radicalism but not to have recourse to violence.

The Pretender says that he does not propose to depart from pacific methods unless the existing régime is threatened.

"If revolution menaces the religious family and property traditions of Catholic Spain," he adds, "I will do my duty." duty."

One of the recipients of the letter today said:

"We are well organized and ready to rise at a signal, but will attempt nothing against the present dynasty unless the King totally forgets his title of Catholic Majesty, or revolution breaks out. For us the dynastic question is secondary to the essential point, which is the preservation of the religious traditions of Spain.

MADRID, Aug. 12.—El Liberal, in its issue to-day, demands the prosecution of the curé of Cuenca, capital of the Province of Cuenca, for exhorting the soldiers to obey the Pope rather than the Government.

The Bishop of Tuy, who in 1906 attacked Count Romanones, then Minister of Justice, for the Government measures with regard to civil marriages, to-day telegraphed an indignant protest to Señor Canalejas against the attitude taken by the Premier concerning the Vatican.

Advices received by the Imparcial from Vittoria, the capital of the Basque Province of Alava, thirty miles south of Bilbao, say the police to-day seized a wagonload of arms and ammunition destined for the monasteries.

BARCELONA, Aug. 12.—The Archbishop of Barcelona to-day ordered that prayers be made for the intervention of Heaven to end the persecution of the Catholic Church.

MADRIZ ENVOYS RECEIVED.

Present Unofficially in Washington Plans Looking to Peace in Nicaragua.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—For the first time in many months accredited representatives of the Madriz Government in Nicaragua have been received by the acting head of the State Department. The envoys came with the express purpose of discovering if possible what line of action will meet with the approval of the United States, and were prepared to make large concessions for the sake of peace.

The reception accorded the two envoys to-day by Acting Secretary of State Wilson was pointedly unofficial, but it was courteous. Mr. 1Wlson referred directly to recent ill treatment accorded American citizens in Nicaragua, in a statement he gave out afterward, but he made it plain that he would in the future be glad to receive such communications as the Madriz faction through its envoys may wish to make.

Neither of the envoys would discuss their reception when they left the State Department Building. Later, however, Mr. Wilson gave out his statement.

FISHERY ARGUMENT CLOSED

Root Ends Six-Day Presentation of Our Side Before Hague Court.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 12.—United States Senator Elihu Root, having devoted six days to the two most important questions in the Newfoundland fisheries case, which is now before the International Arbitration Tribunal, dealt with the remaining subjects of the dispute on more general terms, and concluded his argument this afternoon with a notable presentation of the American side. It is anticipated that the court will deliver its award before the expiration of the two months allowed by the arbitration agreement.

It is even possible that the decision of the tribunal may be delivered as early as the first week in September.

Senator Root, before closing his argument, handed to the court a chart used by Great Britain in the Halifax arbitration case, showing that Great Britain at that time held the opinion that the Bays of Newfoundland were included in the waters in which Americans had the right to fish. In conclusion, the Senator expressed his gratitude for the courtesy with which the members of the tribunal had listened to his pleadings.

Prof. Heinrich Lammasch of the University of Vienna, as President of the court, thanked the advocates of both sides for the assistance they had rendered the court.

FAMOUS HUNTRESS HERE.

Lady Hamilton Sorry She Can't Compare African Notes with Roosevelt.

Lady Grizel Hamilton, daughter of the Earl of Dundonald, who was one of the first women to hunt big game in the jungles of Central Africa, arrived here yesterday from a Western trip with Lord Hamilton. They registered at the Waldorf-Astoria, and will sail for England to-day on the Celtic.

Lady Hamilton is a crack shot, but has not done much hunting since her famous plunge into the Trans-Tana territory, in British East Africa, in 1908. On her hunt there she bagged two lions, three hippopotami, two Cape buffaloes, one bull eland, one warthog, one giraffe, one bush back, one leopard, and one rhinoceros. Most of her hunting was attended with much danger.

Yesterday afternoon Lady Hamilton did some shopping, and from what she said it takes a brilliant huntress to bag the best bargains at the stores in the bargain counter rush. She is a great admirer of Col. Roosevelt, and if her time had not been so limited she said she would have been delighted to meet him and compare notes on the big beasts of the African jungle.

WOUNDS GIRL, KILLS HIMSELF

Jealous Newark Youth Fires as She Returns Home with His Rival.

After wounding Miss Ida Belle Shay because she refused to marry him, and attempting to kill a policeman, John W. Howard, a salesman in Newark, last night turned the pistol on himself, sending a bullet into his heart. He dropped lifeless to the sidewalk.

The shooting took place in front of a boarding house kept by the girl's mother at 72 Green Street, and caused great excitement. Howard waited near the house for an hour, and when Miss Shay stepped from a carriage he began firing. The first bullet struck her in the right arm, and as she ran screaming three more shots were fired, but none took effect.

John Weiss, the girl's companion in the carriage, and Policeman George Foran, who heard the shots, started to disarm Howard. Howard leveled the pistol at Foran and pulled the trigger, but it failed to go off. He then placed the weapon at his own head, but again it failed to work. A third time he pulled the trigger, and this time fell to the sidewalk with a bullet through the heart. He died instantly.

Miss Shay ran to the office of Dr. Richmond on Mulberry Street, where her injury was dressed. The suicide was removed to a morgue.

Howard had been annoying Miss Shay wth his attentions and proposals of marriage. She is a bookkeeper in the department store of S. Friedman at 277 Plane Street. After Howard left her mother's boarding house several months ago Miss Shay said she did not hear of him until Thursday, when she received two postal cards and a special delivery letter from him, all asking her to marry him.

Receiving no reply, Howard called her up on the telephone yesterday morning and asked her to go out with him for a trolley ride. He declared that if she refused it would be to her disadvantage. She said she would have nothing to do with him. The next she heard of him was when she stepped from the carriage with Weiss.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 12.—The International Congress on Education adopted a resolution today favoring making physical instruction compulsory in all public and private schools.

COLON, Aug. 12.—Carlos Mendoza, the President of Panama, accompanied by several members of his Cabinet and other officials, left Colon to-day on board a canal launch for a trip along the coast to the new settlement at Port Obaldia, near the Colombian border. Returning, the President will stop at the San Blas Indian settlement for the purpose of making an investigation of conditions there. The party will be absent from the capital for four days.

HUNDREDS ACCUSE MINE PROMOTER

Wintemute, Caught in Post Office Net, Sold Much of His Stock to English Investors.

HIS BAIL FIXED AT $5,000

Once Worked Similar Schemes Under Another Name, Authorities Say—Warszawiak Now in New York.

William T. Wintemute, the promotor of 17 Battery Place, who was arrested jointly by Central Office detectives and Post Office Inspectors on Thursday, charged with operating an extensive mining stock swindle, in which Lady Tankerville and Miss Henriette Elout of London were victims, was brought before United States Commissioner Shields in the Federal Building yesterday. The Commissioner held Wintemute in $5,000 bail for examination on Oct. 11, but set a hearing down for Monday on the question of reducing the bail.

Warren W. Dickson, the new Post Office Inspector in charge of this district, is authority for the statement that Wintemute's alleged swindles run up into some such sum as $1,300,000, and that in 1906 and subsequently he operated in Wall Street under the name of Norman W. McCould & Co. There are about 700 complaints on file against him, many of them from investors in the Gold Run and Tunnel Company's stock, in which Lady Tankerville and Miss Elout were caught.

Wintemute had as an assistant in some of his operations Herman Warszawiak, a Jew who professed conversion to the Presbyterian faith, and later was expelled from that Church for immorality, only to be reinstated. He is said to be at present in this city, and it is believed that the authorities would like to question him if they could reach him.

The complaint against Wintemute charges violation of Section 5,486 of the United States Revised Statutes, and declares that on Jan. 10, 1909, the promotor mailed a circular to J. A. Cullicott of Boston describing the virtues of the Gold Run Mine, in which this statement was made:

> It has produced tons of ore running $20 a pound. It has shipped high grade of various values amounting to half a million dollars.

All of this, Kinkead charges, is false, and declares that there was no ore in the Gold Run panning $20 a pound, as Wintemute well knew. Wintemute was represented before Commissioner Shields yesterday by Max J. Kohler as attorney. According to the information in the hands of the Government, a partial list of his victims and their losses is as follows:

Lady Tankerville and Miss Elout are alleged to have been victimized to the amount of $40,000, and other of Wintemute's alleged victims are Mrs. Jeannette Stopford of 33 St. John's Street, Oxford, $2,000; Richard Barrett, 182 Bentick Street, Ashton-under-Tyne, $4,000; Mrs. Mary Munroe Thoedye, 26 Dalziel Drive, Glasgow, $1,000; Robert K. Strong, Glasgow, $1,000; William Calder Coghill, Glasgow, $500; Robert Leitch, Glasgow, $500; John Forrest, 99 Dambeth Terrace, Coatbridge, near Glasgow, $500; Alexander Rogert, Glasgow, $2,000; Mrs. Mary Roger, Glasgow, $2,000; Anderson Roger, Glasgow, $5,000; Miss Sophie Sinclair, Glasgow, $2,000; Mrs. W. S. Crostwaithe, 2 Myrtle Park, Glasgow, $500; Thomas McPherson Smith, Glasgow, $500; the Rev. Robert Henderson, Lynwood, Craigmuller Park, Edinburgh, $2,500; Louise E. Elout, The Hague, Holland, $1,000; Adele M. Elout, The Hague, $1,000; Mary B. Jacob, London, $2,000 and Anna Von Melleoka, Nottingham, England, $2,000.

WINTEMUTE'S PARTNER FLEES.

Franklin C. Larose Hastily Leaves for Paris—Resembles Famous Crook.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Following the publication here this afternoon of the news of the arrest in New York of William T. Wintemute in connection with an alleged fraudulent mining scheme, whereby the Dowager Countess of Tankerville and her friend, Miss Elout, are said to have been swindled out of £9,000, Franklin C. Larose, who is believed to be the principal of the gang concerned, gave up his rooms at a Piccadilly hotel in the fashionable West End, where he had been staying since the end of May, and left hurriedly for Paris, declaring to the hotel officials: "It's getting too warm for me here. I am going to the country." While the hotel clerk took the remark to be a reference to the weather, those who know Larose say he is something of a humorist.

Although Scotland Yard was informed of Larose's impending hurried departure and knew of his close connection with the alleged swindle, the authorities were powerless to act, owing to the fact that they had heard nothing of the matter from the New York police nor had any complaint from Lady Tankerville. She is quite aged and is said to be at present abroad.

Inquiry at the Piccadilly hotel showed that Larose arrived there late in May, since when he had kept to his apartment closely through the day, waiting for night before venturing out, and returning in the early hours of the morning.

Registered at the same hotel was H. N. Warszawiak, whose name is also mentioned in connection with the Gold Run Mining and Tunnel Company, in which Lady Tankerville invested her money. Warszawiak left for home some time ago, leaving instructions that any mail arriving for him be handed to Larose.

It was said at Scotland Yard tonight that Larose bore a striking resemblance to Louis A. Prince, a notorious international crook, who on the occasion of his arrest on a similar charge two years ago in New York jumped his bail of $20,000 and has not since been heard of. According to the description of Larose furnished by the Piccadilly hotel clerk to-night to an American who knew Prince well, their identity is the same.

LONG TERMS FOR FIREBUGS.

Two Boys, Pleading Guilty, Sentenced Sixteen to Twenty Years.

Two young firebugs pleaded guilty to setting fire to several houses in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, before Judge Fawcett, in the County Court, yesterday, and were sentenced to prison terms of from sixteen to twenty years. They were Michael Cardo, 17 years old, of 94 North First Street, and John Boris, 16 years, of 139 Devoe Street.

The Fire Marshal had difficulty in getting them to admit their guilt. It had been their custom to start these fires and then rob the apartments as the tenants fled.

8,679 DEAD FROM CHOLERA.

Record in Russia Between July 31 and Aug. 6—20,663 Cases.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.—From July 31 until Aug. 6 20,668 cases of cholera were reported throughout Russia, with 8,679 deaths.

Returns from the leading provinces show the following fatalities: Don Cossacks, 1,342; Kuban, 1,122; Yekaterinoslav, 776; Samara, 707, and Kherson, 451.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—The Austrian and German Health Administrations are pursuing common measures against an invasion of Russian cholera. Telegrams from points on the Austrian frontier indicate that the pestilence is most alarming in the provinces of the Don Cossacks, Yekaterinoslav, Kherson, and Kuban.

Medical agents from both the Austrian and German Governments stationed in Russia report the scarcity of physicians. It appears probable that the number of deaths is larger than is indicated in the official report received here. This report placed the number of fatalities on July 31 at 25,554. Unofficial opinions vary in estimates, some of them placing the number of deaths as high as 40,000.

A general feeling of depression is reported among the inhabitants of Southern Russia, the gloom caused by the cholera epidemic being made deeper by the failure of the crops in some districts.

ROBERT BALFOUR HERE.

Member of Parliament Says King and Queen Are Growing in Popularity.

Robert Balfour, M. P., arrived here yesterday on the Lusitania, and will spend a few days at the Hotel Belmont before going to the Pacific Coast for a two months' sojourn. Last night at the hotel he spoke of the growing popularity of King George.

"Last week the King and Queen visited one of the hospitals in the East End," said Mr. Balfour. "They rode through this district in an open carriage, and were greeted joyously by the people. The King is continually performing acts of charity, and in other ways endearing himself to the hearts of all.

"The English people like the personal touch to the affairs of the nation. We were much impressed by the sympathy of the United States to the late King. All European nations paid tribute to his memory, but the reports of sympathy and feeling here made a most lasting impression."

Mr. Balfour expressed sympathy for Mayor Gaynor, and said a wireless report was received on the Lusitania last Tuesday evening telling of the shooting.

BIG FLOOD LOSS IN JAPAN.

Whole Towns Washed Away and Many Drowned—Starvation Impending.

TOKIO, Aug. 12.—The devastation wrought throughout many districts by the recent floods is appalling. Whole villages and towns have been washed away and many lives have been lost. In the lower sections of Tokio alone 30,000 houses are submerged.

Communication by railroad throughout the flooded area has been interrupted. There is much suffering, and in many places the inhabitants are destitute and threatened with starvation. The monetary loss amounts to millions of dollars.

LINER SPARTA IN COLLISION.

Hit by Hollandia and Towed In in a Sinking Condition.

LONDON., Aug. 12.—The Hamburg-American steamer Sparta, from Bombay July 9 for Antwerp, was in collision last night in the English Channel with the Dutch steamer Hollandia, from Amsterdam for South American ports.

The Sparta was towed into the Isle of Portland in a sinking condition and was beached. The Hollandia put back to Amsterdam with her bows stove in.

OBJECTIONS IN RATE INQUIRY.

Shippers Want Commissioner Instead of Examiner to Hold Hearings.

Shippers interested in the hearing to be opened Monday into the proposed rate increases by the Eastern roads were reportd yesterday to be dissatisfied with the plan of the commission to have this inquiry conducted by an examiner for the Inter-State Commerce Commission instead of by one of the Commissioners. A spokesman for the railroads, on the other hand, said that the railroads were perfectly satisfied to submit to whatever plan the Inter-State Commerce Commission had arranged.

The point made in support of the proposal that the hearing be conducted by one of the Commissioners was that an examiner would not have as broad powers as a member of the commission, and that it might not be possible to bring out all the facts.

Although Monday has been set as the date for the formal opening of the inquiry, it is understood the investigation will go over until September.

Consul Bonzom Transferred.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Lucien Louis Bonzom, French Consul at New York, has been transferred to Florence, Italy. Henri Eugene Ayme Martin, formerly Consul General at San Domingo City, has been appointed Consul at Manila in succession to Jean Baptiste Gabriel Bertrand, who has been appointed Consul at Sarayevo, Bosnia.

DEAD UNDER AUTO; FOUR OTHERS HURT

J. D. Long Was Entertaining Friends in New Car When Steering Gear Broke.

ANOTHER MAN MAY DIE

Bursting Tire Partly Responsible for Auto's Crash Against Tree Which Upset It on Occupants.

One man was killed, another was hurt so badly that he is expected to die, and three others were injured less seriously, when an automobile in which they were speeding through the Sailors' Snug Harbor section of Staten Island yesterday morning turned turtle, pinning all five occupants beneath it.

John D. Lang, a real estate broker, whose home was at New Brighton, S. I., was killed. The automobile was a new acquisition of his, and he was showing his friends what it could do in the way of speed, when the steering gear broke and the car became unmanageable. Then it shot forward at high speed, zigzagged out of the road and crashed into a tree with such force that the car turned a backward somersault.

Besides Lang, those who were in the car and who were injured are:

JELUFF, ALLISON, 128 Hewitt Street, New Brighton; severe injuries of head; in St. Vincent's Hospital.

LYNCH, JOHN F., real estate agent of West New Brighton; cuts on head, face, and body; in St. Vincent's Hospital.

SMITH, JOHN, of West New Brighton; internal injuries; in St. Vincent's Hospital.

WALZ, KARL, of Westerly, S. I.; dying in St. Vincent's Hospital of a fractured skull and other serious injuries.

With the exception of Walz, all the injured were recovering yesterday afternoon. The Sisters at the hospital said that Walz was still unconscious, and that the doctors expected him to die at any moment.

Mr. Lang bought the automobile in which he met his death, very recently, and his friends said that he was very proud of the big machine. Thursday night he invited his four friends to take a spin with him, and they accepted. The intention was to circle Staten Island. It was said yesterday that prior to the accident Lang had driven the car at a speed of more than forty miles an hour, several times in the night.

Lang was headed for the West New Brighton homes of his guests, and the jaunt was about over, when, as the car was speeding down Henderson Avenue, near Snug Harbor something went wrong with the steering gear. At that moment the car was nearing the spot where Henderson Avenue crosses the Sailors' Snug Harbor property. There is a steep hill, and at night the road is a dark and unfrequented one. At the same time, too, a tire burst, and this added to the side motion which the broken steering gear gave the car.

Not a man in the car was able to leap out, so short was the time that intervened between the breaking of the steering gear and the crash into the tree. Every man was completely buried in the wreck, and it is supposed that at least five minutes elapsed before aid reached them.

William Brown, a watchman, was the first person who discovered the wreck. His attention was attracted when the gasoline exploded and the car caught fire. Brown ran down to where the car was and saw the men senseless beneath it.

Brown tried to pull them out, but he could not, and so he ran and turned in a fire alarm. Then he found a policeman, and hurried back to the car. With the aid of the policeman, Lynch and Jeluff were pulled from under the car. They were covered with blood, and in a dazed condition. They wandered away while the rescuers were getting the others from under the car, and were found later by the police who sent them to the hospital, where they still are.

When the firemen came Walz and Smith and the body of Lang were taken out of the wreckage. The fire previously had been extinguished by Brown and the policeman. An ambulance was called from St. Vincent's, and Dr. Conway, who came with it, said that Lang probably had been killed instantly.

The police of the New Brighton Station said that Lang and those in the car with him were among the best-known residents in their section of Staten Island.

MORE BUILDINGS SINKING.

Arched-Over Creek May Have Caused Staunton Cave-In.

STAUNTON, Va., Aug. 12.—The cave-in which occurred here yesterday in the heart of the city continues to alarm residents, and there has been a general exodus from adjacent buildings. The fire house is now sinking and the public school building is threatened. A large portion of the two-story residence of Prof. C. L. Wilson has disappeared in the crevice, and the backyard has sunk thirty feet below the house level.

It is now believed that the phenomenon was caused by an arched-over creek which has been undermining the buildings adjacent to it. The city officials have sent for engineers to investigate the situation and to decide how to check the creek from making further inroads on foundations of buildings within the city.

White Rock suggestions for Warm Weather

Add WHITE ROCK to either fresh milk or butter milk and you have a delightfully nutritious beverage for hot days when nothing tempts the appetite.

DROWNED BY FRIEND HE TRIED TO SAVE

Canoe Upset in the Bronx River Causes the Death of Two Boys.

BOTH BODIES RECOVERED

Reaching Shore, Bieher Saw Holberg Clinging to the Boat, and, Swimming Out, Was Dragged Under.

In trying to recover a paddle they had dropped overboard, Frederick Holberg of 1,748 Fillmore Street and Rudolph Bieher of 176th Street and Longfellow Avenue upset the light canoe in which they had started yesterday up the Bronx River from the boathouse at 186th Street. Both were drowned.

Bieher, supposing Holberg would take care of himself, struck out for the shore. When he was safe on the beach he looked back and saw Holberg clinging to the canoe. Diving in again, Bieher swam out to his chum. Holberg seized Bieher by the neck and the right ear, and in a moment both sank.

Joseph Schoonmaker and August V. Purdy jumped into a boat and rowed to the scene, but there was nothing there but the overturned canoe and one paddle.

With grappling irons they soon brought the body of Holberg to the surface, and within two minutes, fifteen feet away, the irons caught Bieher's body.

Dr. Blair, veterinarian of the Bronx Zoo, and Purdy applied every known means of resuscitation, and Dr. Stenier, who arrived from the Fordham Hospital, gave his assistance, but after an hour and a half's hard work the boys were given up for dead.

Although the boys were held fast by one another when they sank, they became separated beneath the water. Purdy said he believed that Bieher had been able to shake off the grip of his companion and was swimming for shore, when he became exhausted and sank.

Schoonmaker said the boys had not gone far in the canoe when Bieher lost his paddle. When he tried to grap it against he tumbled into the water and overturned the craft. Purdy said he knew both boys well and that they asserted that they were good swimmers.

Before the bodies were ordered to the Fordham Morgue by Coroner's Physician Riegelman two young women, who would not disclose their identities, viewed the bodies and became hysterical.

LOOT FOUND ON POLICEMAN.

Gave Stolen Goods Back to Owner on Demand—Gets a Chance to Explain.

Policeman Henry Schachne of the East 126th Street Station, was served with a summons yesterday by Magistrate Harris in the Tombs Court, directing him to appear in court next Wednesday and explain how he came to be in possession of a pistol, a razor, and a camera, valued at $20, which had been stolen from the home of B. C. Guerin, at Riverdale, N. Y. Schachne was parolled in his own custody.

Mr. Guerin, while passing through the county jail at Rye, N. Y., several days ago, saw Milton Bauman, who had been employed by him, and who had run away at the time the goods were stolen. Asked where they were, Bauman gave him a note to Policeman Schachne, asking him to deliver the pistol, razor, and camera to Mr. Guerin. The latter recovered the goods from the policeman.

Schachne was brought down to Police Headquarters yesterday by Acting Capt. Kuhne and Detective Burbenich, and from there he went to the Tombs Court. No complaint was made against him.

Bermuda Now a Summer Resort.

For the first time in its history Bermuda has become a Summer resort for Americans, and the rush has been so great that all the hotels have been kept open and the boarding houses are getting the same rates from their patrons as they receive in the Winter. The Royal Mail Steam Packet Trent is sailing today with 210 passengers, every cabin full. Out of that number 130 are tourists who will make boating and coaching trips over the island.

KEEP the sick room cool.

Stifling midsummer heat retards the patient's recovery—makes confinement to the sick room doubly disagreeable.

Install an electric fan.

The cost is small. Less than a cent an hour covers the price of electrical current to run the fan.

Who would not be willing to pay so small a sum for such a sick room helper?

One of the greatest privileges of the electrically lighted home is to possess this means of minimizing the tedium of the sick room.

And this is but one of its uses. The electric fan is a boon everywhere—in the dining room, bed room, living room, kitchen—in the private room and wherever people assemble in public.

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HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT
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Every Sunday and Every Friday
Lv. W. 23d St. Sundays 8:50 A. M.; Fridays 8:20 A. M.; Lv. Liberty St. Sundays 9:00 A. M.; Fridays 8:30 A. M.
$2.50 Atlantic City
Next Sunday, August 14th.
Leave W. 23d St. 7:50 A. M.
Leave Liberty St. 8:00 A. M.

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PREPARE yourself for a new delight. Fill a glass three-fourths full of Fer-Mil-Lac, add seltzer, soda or any carbonated water—result, a creamy, tingling, cooling drink, with a delicious, full-bodied flavor surpassing anything you ever tasted—*or drink it plain, it's equally good.*

Next consider the healthfulness of Fer-Mil-Lac Cultured Milk

It builds health and maintains energy by protecting the higher cells of the body (brain cells, nerve cells and muscle cells) against the unfriendly agencies that cause old age and susceptibility to illness. It keeps the entire digestive tract healthy and antiseptic. Each working hour and minute of your day is made more efficient. Fer-Mil-Lac oils the machinery of your body and neutralizes the injurious by-products of fatigue and mental strain which *slow you down*, numb your brain, and cause languor and disinclination to work.

Made from sweet, whole milk, and its snappy tart flavor is liked by everybody. Write for book about it.

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REDS OUTBAT AND BEAT THE GIANTS

Tom Clarke's Bunt in the Ninth Wins for Cincinnati—Game a Swatfest.

Cincinnati ..2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—5
New York...0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bescher, lf.	5	0	1	3	0	0
Egan, 2b.	5	1	3	1	3	0
Hoblitzel, 1b.	5	1	0	7	1	1
Mitchell, rf.	5	2	3	4	0	0
Paskert, cf.	4	0	1	3	1	0
McLean, c.	4	0	3	5	2	0
*Lobert	0	1	0	0	0	0
Clark, c.	1	0	1	1	0	0
Downey, ss.	5	0	3	3	4	0
Phelan, 3b.	4	0	2	0	2	0
Burns, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Beebe, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Total	42	5	17	27	15	1

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	1	4	3	0
Snodgrass, cf.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Murray, rf.	3	1	1	2	0	1
†Becker	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	1	0	2	4	1
Devlin, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	1	1	9	1	0
Myers, c.	2	0	0	4	1	1
Crandall, p.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Wiltse, p.	0	0	0	0	1	1
Total	30	4	5	27	15	4

*Ran for McLean in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Murray in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Snodgrass, McLean, Egan. Three-base hits—Merkle, Mitchell. Sacrifice fly—Paskert. Stolen bases—Paskert, 2; Doyle. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 11; New York, 2. Double plays—Doyle and Merkle, (2.) Struck out—By Beebe, 6; by Crandall, 2; by Wiltse, 1. Bases on balls—Off Beebe, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Burns, 1, (Bridwell.) Wild pitches—Crandall, 1; Beebe, 1. Hits—Off Burns, 3 in 2 innings; off Beebe, 2 in 7 innings; off Crandall, 15 in 7 1-3 innings; off Wiltse, 2 in 1 2-3 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

Tom Clarke of Corona, L. I., who now hangs his hat up in Cincinnati and calls it home, spilled a bunt on the third base line in the ninth inning at the Polo Grounds yesterday and sent in the run that beat the Giants. The score was 5 to 4. The Reds hit the ball hard enough and often enough to win two games, but the greater part of their stick work went for naught, simply because they could not consistently follow one hit with some more hits. Once the Reds got on the bases they stuck there and did not seem to have the ingenuity to find the way home. Eleven of them were left on the bags. They hit Crandall all over the lot for eight innings, with a collection of fifteen hits. And in the ninth they found Wiltse for two safeties that broke up the game.

New York knocked Bill Burns off the slab in the second inning. Manager Griffith saw what was coming and yanked the southpaw out, sending in the Cincinnati hoodoo, Beebe. A while ago this Beebe was going so bad and losing games so regularly that they thought he never would come out on the winning end again. He was like a new Christmas puzzle to the Giants, and two hits represented the sum total of their clouting talent. This brace of bangs came in the fifth and gave the Giants a run. New York made the most of their six hits. Every man but one that got on the bases made a desperate effort to get all the way through or died in the attempt. One Giant baserunner, Crandall, was left on the bases.

Gaze for a moment on the savage onslaught of the Cincinnati gunners. Mitchell got three hits, one for three stations. Laughing Larry McLean got three, one a double, and if Lawrence had any speed in his shoes it would have been an easy triple. "I'm getting old; I can't sprint like I used to could," Larry said. Egan got three also, one a double; and don't overlook Tommy Downey, who bravely laced out three stinging singles. Yet with all this larruping they were only able to yank the game out of the fire at the last minute.

There were gay doings just as soon as the curtain went up. Bescher singled through third, Devlin making a great stop, knocking down a sure double, but couldn't recover to get the ball to Merkle in time. Egan forced Bescher at second. Hobby went out, Devlin to Merkle. Mitchell singled to right, scoring Egan. Murray made a low throw back to Meyers and Mitchell went to third. Paskert singled, sending Mitchell home. With two out in the first, Snodgrass made everybody joyous by slamming a long hit between centre and right. He overran second and was nailed before he could get back.

The Giants went to the front in the second by peppering Burns. Murray and Bridwell singled to centre, and a three-base whack by Merkle against the right field stand sent them home. Merkle scored on Meyers' out at first.

Beebe succeeded Burns in the third and was as hard for the Giants as he has been easy for the other teams around the circuit. The only inning they reached him was the fifth, when Crandall shot one at Egan which hugged the floor and was hot, very hot. A wild pitch put Crandall on second. Mitchell was under Devore's fly, and when Doyle put a grounder through short Crandall scored. Nothing like a hit did the Giants get after that.

The Reds kept right on clouting the ball. They hit in every inning, and in the fourth and sixth got two men on the bases, but Crandall tightened up and refused to let them score.

In the eighth inning Cincinnati fell on Crandall and got him into a hole out of which he couldn't climb. Mitchell opened with a triple to centre. Snodgrass misjudged the fly, and it sailed over his head to the flower gardens. Mitchell went home on Paskert's sacrifice fly to centre, Snodgrass making a wide throw home to Meyers. McLean bounded one off the left field fence and ambled to second. He was so tired that Lobert was sent in to run for him. Downey singled through short, and Phelan sent one to centre, scoring Lobert and tieing the score.

Crandall was led gently away and Wiltse retired the side with no more damage. Egan opened the ninth by hitting a two-bagger to left. Hoblitzel sent a grounder at Wiltse's feet and the southpaw juggled it long enough to let Hobby reach first safely. Bridwell made a great stop of Mitchell's grounder and threw him out at first. Paskert grounded to Bridwell and Egan was nailed at the plate. With third and second occupied and two out, Tommy Clarke waited until two strikes and three balls were called on him and then laid a tantalizing bunt on the third base line. Hobby raced home with the winning run. Downey ended the game by going out, Wiltse to Merkle.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, 5; New York, 4.
Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 3.
St. Louis, 11; Philadelphia, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 5; New York, 4.
Philadelphia, 7; Detroit, 4.
Chicago, 4; Boston, 3.
(10 innings.)
Washington, 9; Cleveland, 0.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 4; Rochester, 0.
Newark, 7; Montreal, 1.
Toronto, 3; Baltimore, 1.
Providence, 3; Buffalo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	64	33	.660	Cincinnati	50	51	.495
Pittsburg	59	38	.608	**Brooklyn**	41	58	.4'4
New York	57	40	.590	St. Louis	40	60	.400
Philadelphia	49	49	.500	Boston	36	67	.350

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	69	32	.683	Cleveland	47	54	.465
Boston	60	44	.577	Washington	45	60	.429
Detroit	58	46	.558	Chicago	42	59	.416
New York	57	47	.548	St. Louis	32	68	.320

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	65	43	.602	Buffalo	45	57	.441
Rochester	62	42	.596	Montreal	45	57	.441
Baltimore	58	50	.537	Providence	45	60	.429
Toronto	55	50	.524	Jersey City	45	61	.425

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York, (2 games.)
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Rochester at Jersey City.
Montreal at Newark.
Buffalo at Providence.
Toronto at Baltimore (2 games.)

Another Game for Champions.

Pittsburg took another hot battle from Brooklyn yesterday, 3 to 2. The visitors made twelve hits, including two doubles and a triple, off Bell, but brilliant fielding held the runs down, two runners being nipped at the plate and another at third on sharp throws. Dalton nailed two of them from right field. Leach's great fielding in centre saved Leifield several times. The latter was taken out in the ninth to make way for Hyatt, who made good as a pinch hitter, driving home the winning run. Leever struck out two of the three men who faced him in the ninth. The score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	5	0	2	2	2
Leach, cf.	5	0	2	7	0
Clarke, lf.	4	0	2	3	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Miller, 2b.	4	1	1	3	0
Flynn, 1b.	3	0	0	6	0
Wilson, rf.	4	2	3	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	1	3	1
Leifield, p.	2	0	0	0	4
*Hyatt	1	0	1	0	0
†Campbell	1	0	0	0	0
Leever, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	12	27	9

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dav'son, cf.	5	0	0	3	0
Daub't, 1b.	4	0	3	13	0
Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Hum'l, 2b.	4	1	2	1	3
Dalton, rf.	1	0	0	0	2
Lennox, 3b.	3	1	1	2	2
Smith, ss.	2	0	0	0	4
Bergen, c.	3	0	1	5	1
‡Erwin	1	0	0	0	0
Bell, p.	3	0	1	0	3
§Burch	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	8	27	13

*Batted for Leifield in ninth inning.
†Ran for Hyatt in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Bergen in ninth inning.
§Batted for Bell in ninth inning.

Pittsburg ....0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—3
Brooklyn ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Left on bases—Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 8. Two-base hits—Leach, Miller, Wilson, Hummel. Three-base hits—Byrne, Hummel. Sacrifice fly—Dalton. Sacrifice hits—Flynn, Gibson, Leifield, Dalton, Smith. Double play—Leifield, Byrne, and Flynn. Bases on balls—Off Leifield, 3. Struck out—By Bell, 2; by Leever, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Leifield, Lennox. Hits—Off Leifield, 8 in eight inning. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Bunched Hits Help Chicago.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Chicago won from Boston to-day, 5 to 3, the winning runs coming in the seventh inning on bunched hits, an error, and two bases on balls. Sellers, late of the McKeesport Ohio and Pennsylvania League team, received a try-out by the locals, and made a fair showing. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	5	1	1	4	4
Sheckard, lf.	4	0	1	3	1
Hofman, cf.	4	0	1	0	0
Chance, 1b.	4	1	3	9	1
Z'm'm'n, 3b.	3	1	1	2	1
Schulte, rf.	2	1	1	4	0
Tinker, ss.	4	0	2	2	1
Kling, c.	3	1	0	4	2
Reulbach, p.	3	0	0	1	1
*Beaumont	1	0	0	0	0
Brown, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	10	27	12

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sellers, lf.	5	0	1	2	0
Herzog, 3b.	5	2	3	0	3
Sweeney, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0
Miller, rf.	5	1	1	3	0
Ab'chio, ss.	5	0	2	2	2
Beck, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Graham, c.	4	0	1	5	2
Shean, 2b.	4	0	1	4	4
Frock, p.	3	0	2	0	2
†Smith	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	3	13	27	13

*Batted for Reulbach in eighth inning.
†Batted for Frock in ninth inning.
Errors—Tinker, Sweeney.

Chicago ....0 0 0 1 0 0 3 1 0—5
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—3

Two-base hits—Herzog, Shean. Hits—Off Reulbach, 11 in eight innings; off Brown, 2 in one inning. Sacrifice fly—Schulte. Stolen base—Hofman. Double plays—Abbaticchio and Sweeney; Herzog, Shean, and Sweeney. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Boston, 11. First base on balls—Off Reulbach, 1; off Brown, 1; off Frock, 5. First base on error—Boston. Struck out—By Reulbach, 2; by Brown, 2; by Frock, 2. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Cardinals Revive in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 12.—St. Louis broke its long losing streak to-day by defeating Philadelphia, 11 to 2. The visitors hit Moran's delivery hard, bunching hits in three innings, and knocking him off the rubber in the sixth inning. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b.	5	1	1	3	7
Ellis, lf.	4	3	2	1	0
Mowrey, 3b.	5	1	1	0	1
Evans, 1b.	4	0	2	12	0
Oakes, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Bres'h'n, c.	4	3	2	6	0
Zacher, cf.	5	1	2	0	0
Hauser, ss.	5	1	1	4	3
Corridon, p.	4	0	1	0	3
Total	38	11	13	27	15

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Titus, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Bates, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Grant, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0
Magee, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Walsh, 2b.	3	0	0	4	6
Luderus, 1b.	4	1	1	11	0
Doolan, ss.	3	0	2	4	5
Dooin, c.	4	1	2	3	3
Moren, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Brennan, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Total	33	2	8	27	15

Errors—Mowrey, Luderus, Dooin.

St. Louis..............2 0 0 2 0 5 1 1 0—11
Philadelphia ....0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2

Hits—Off Moren, 9 in five and one-third innings; off Brennan, 4 in three and two-thirds innings. Two-base hits—Bresnahan, Zacher, Luderus, Doolan, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Zacher. Double plays—Huggins, Hauser, and Evans; Hauser, Huggins, and Evans. Stolen bases—Ellis, (2,) Mowrey, Bresnahan. Struck out—By Corridon, 4; by Moren, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Corridon, 2; off Moren, 1; off Brennan, 2. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Moren, (Evans and Oakes.) Passed balls—Bresnahan, 2. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Emslie.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

Utica, 10; Albany, 2.
Elmira, 3; Wilkesbarre, 0.
Binghamton, 10; Scranton, 2.
Troy, 5; Syracuse, 2.

Connecticut League.

Bridgeport, 5; Hartford, 4.
Waterbury, 3; New Britain, 0.
Northampton, 8; Holyoke, 1.
New Haven, 9; Springfield, 1.

Tri-State League.

York, 8; Harrisburg, 5.
Lancaster, 7; Williamsport, 6, (10 innings.)
Reading, 1; Johnstown, 0.
Altoona, 5; Trenton, 3.

New England League.

New Bedford, 5; Worcester, 4.
Lowell, 7; Fall River, 1.
Lynn, 12; Brockton, 1.
Haverhill, 6; Lawrence, 1.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 16; St. Paul, 6.
Louisville, 9; Milwaukee, 3.

ST. LOUIS RALLIES AND YANKEES LOSE

Quinn Weakens in Ninth and Pinch Hitters Bat Out a 5 to 4 Victory.

St. Louis....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—5
New York...0 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0—4

ST. LOUIS.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Stone, lf.	5	0	3	3	0	0
Hartzell, 3b.	4	1	0	3	2	0
Newnam, 1b.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Griggs, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Hoffman, cf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Wallace, ss.	3	1	0	3	4	1
Truesdale, 2b.	3	1	1	5	1	0
Killifer, c.	3	0	1	4	3	2
Ray, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
*Criss	1	1	1	0	0	0
†Schweitzer	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	8	27	12	3

NEW YORK.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, lf.	5	1	2	2	0	1
Wolter, rf.	4	0	3	3	0	0
Cree, cf.	4	0	0	5	0	0
Laporte, 2b.	4	0	2	1	1	0
Knight, 1b.	2	0	0	9	0	1
Foster, ss.	3	1	1	3	4	0
Austin, 3b.	4	1	1	0	1	0
Mitchell, c.	3	1	0	3	1	0
Quinn, p.	3	0	1	0	4	0
Total	32	4	10	‡26	11	2

*Batted for Killifer in ninth inning.
†Batted for Ray in ninth inning.
‡Winning run scored after two were out.

Two-base hits—Hoffman, Quinn, Laporte. Sacrifice hits—Knight, Quinn. Double plays—Wallace, Truesdale, and Newnam; Wallace and Truesdale. Passed ball—Mitchell. Stolen bases—Austin, Daniels, Cree, Schweitzer. Hit by pitcher—By Ray, 1, (Mitchell.) Bases on balls—Off Ray, 2; off Quinn, 3. Struck out—By Ray, 1; by Quinn, 3. Left on bases—New York, 6; St. Louis, 6. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes. Umpire—Mr. Perrine.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 12.—The Yankees lost the final game of the series with St. Louis to-day by a score of 5 to 4. As was the case in the other games dropped, this was lost after the visitors had it all but safely tucked away. It happened in the last half of the ninth inning, and with two men out.

Quinn weakened at the last moment, after pitching a steady, consistent game. In all he allowed the Browns but seven hits. The Yankees got to Ray for ten hits, more than enough to win a game like to-day's.

The books were opened in the second inning when the visitors got off in the lead with one run off a hit, a wild throw, and a clever bit of fast base running. Foster singled past Wallace at short. Austin flied out to Griggs. Wallace handled Griggs's return and threw it over Truesdale's head, Foster taking third on the throw. From there he got a good lead and scored when Mitchell tapped to Ray. Ray threw to catch Foster, but he slid in safe. Quinn hit into a double play and retired the side.

In the fourth the locals tied the score, and incidentally got their first hit of the game. It was a scratch by Stone. Hartzell forced him. Then Newnam singled to centre and Griggs lined to Cree. Hoffman's double to left scored Hartzell and advanced Newnam to third. Wallace walked, filling the bags, but Truesdale tapped to Quinn and was out.

The seventh brought three runs for the Yankees, and apparently put the game on ice. Austin got a single and stole second. Mitchell was hit by a pitched ball. Killifer threw high to catch Austin at second and he scored, Mitchell taking second. Quinn sacrificed and Daniels hit to centre for a single, scoring Mitchell. Daniels stole second and scored when Wolter singled.

A ninth inning rally, unexpected and startling to even the Browns, spelled victory for them. Foster made a bad throw and Griggs was safe at first. Hoffman popped to Foster and Wallace forced Griggs. Truesdale got a single and then O'Connor put Criss into bat for Killifer. He got a single and Wallace and Truesdale scored. Schweitzer, batting for Ray, walked and stole second. Mee was put in to run for Criss. Mee and Schweitzer scored on Stone's single.

Naps Easy for Washington.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 12.—Cleveland was beaten in the first inning by Washington to-day. The score was 9 to 0. Harkness was easy for Washington and Mitchell was hit hard toward the last. Graney was hit by Koestner in batting practice and may be out of the game for two weeks. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Niles, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Stovall, 1b.	3	0	1	10	2
Demott, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	2	2	3
Easterly, c.	4	0	2	7	1
B'g'ham, lf.	4	0	0	0	2
T'mason, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Rath, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
Harkness, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Mitchell, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	32	0	6	27	17

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	3	1	0	2	0
L'l'velt, 1b.	2	2	2	0	1
Killifer, 2b.	5	0	2	3	4
Elb'feld, 3b.	5	2	1	1	0
Conroy, lf.	4	2	2	5	0
M'Bride, ss.	4	1	3	5	3
Gessler, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Ainsmith, c.	5	0	0	1	1
Reisling, p.	4	0	1	0	0
Henry, 1b.	3	0	2	9	0
Total	39	9	15	27	9

Errors—Niles, Birmingham.

Washington ....4 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—9
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Hits—Off Harkness, 7 in two and two-thirds innings; off Mitchell, 8 in six and one-third innings. Two-base hits—Lajoie, Stovall, Killifer, Gessler. Three-base hits—McBride, Henry. Sacrifice hit—McBride. Stolen bases—Milan, 2. Double play—Ainsmith to Killifer. First base on balls—Off Harkness, 2; off Mitchell, 1; off Reisling, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Harkness, Gessler. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Washington, 8. Struck out—By Harkness, 1; by Mitchell, 3. Passed balls—Ainsmith, 2. Wild pitch—Mitchell. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

Athletics Win by Home Runs.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 12.—Philadelphia got three home runs off Summers to-day, accounting for five tallies, enough to beat Detroit without the aid of two runs that came from other sources. The score was 7 to 4. Detroit played loosely in the field. Aside from the second inning, the champions could do nothing with Plank. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'Int're, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Deleh'ty, 2b.	2	1	1	3	1
Cobb, cf.	1	0	0	2	0
Crawf'd, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Mor'ty, 3b.	4	0	0	0	4
Bush, ss.	3	1	0	4	2
T. Jones, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0
Stanage, c.	4	1	1	4	5
Summers, p.	4	0	1	0	1
*Simmons	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	7	27	18

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf.	4	0	1	5	1
Oldring, cf.	5	1	1	0	0
Collins, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
Baker, 3b.	5	1	2	0	4
Davis, 1b.	5	1	2	10	0
Murphy, rf.	4	2	2	2	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	0	5	2
Thomas, c.	3	1	2	3	2
Plank, p.	4	0	1	0	0
Total	36	7	11	27	13

*Batted for Summers in the ninth inning.
Errors—McIntyre, Delahanty, Cobb, Stanage, (3,) Davis, (3.)

Philadelphia ....1 0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0—7
Detroit ....0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—4

Home runs—Oldring, Baker, Thomas. Two-base hit—Stanage. Sacrifice hit—Murphy. Sacrifice fly—Thomas. Stolen bases—Bush, T. Jones. First base on balls—Off Plank, 4; off Summers, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Plank, (Delahanty, 2.) First base on errors—Philadelphia, 3; Detroit, 1. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 8. Struck out—By Plank, 3; by Summers, 5. Double plays—Lord and Barry; Collins, Barry, and Davis. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Connolly.

White Sox Make It Four Straight.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—The White Sox made it four straight from Boston to-day, winning in ten innings, 4 to 3, on singles by Scott and Zeider. The White Sox got away to a one run lead in the first. Boston tied in the fourth. Hitting, coupled with two errors by Lewis and Speaker, gave the White Sox two runs in the sixth, but Boston deadlocked the battle in the eighth, when Carrigan drove in two runs. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
French, 2b.	3	2	1	0	3
Zeider, ss.	4	1	2	4	0
Meloan, rf.	4	0	2	0	1
Do'ghty, lf.	4	0	2	0	0
Tan'hill, 3b.	3	0	0	1	3
Parent, cf.	4	0	0	4	0
Collins, 1b.	3	0	1	9	1
Sullivan, c.	4	0	0	10	3
Scott, p.	4	1	1	2	3
Total	38	3	9	*28	12

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	5	0	1	2	1
Gardner, 2b.	4	0	0	3	2
Speaker, cf.	5	0	2	2	0
Stahl, 1b.	5	1	1	12	0
Engle, 3b.	4	2	1	1	1
Lewis, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
Wagner, ss.	4	0	3	0	3
Carrigan, c.	4	0	0	8	0
Hall, p.	4	0	1	0	5
Total	33	4	9	30	14

*One out when winning run scored.
Errors—Speaker, Engle, Zeider.

Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1—4
Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0—3

Two-base hit—Stahl. Three-base hit—Collins. Sacrifice hits—Zeider, Tannehill, French. Stolen bases—Wagner, Zeider, Dougherty, Wagner, Hooper. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Chicago, 6. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 2; off Hall, 2. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Scott, 10; by Hall, 7. Passed balls—Sullivan, Carrigan. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Colliflower.

NEW YORK OARSMEN WIN.

Harlem and Nassau Clubs Score at Washington Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—The opening day events of the thirty-eighth annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen was featured by the work of the New York cracks in the senior double sculls and the senior quarter mile dash. Fred Fuessel and Fred Shepheard, wearing the colors of the Harlem Rowing Club, simply toyed with the Vesper Boat Club double, allowing the last-named to gain a good sized lead, and then by a brilliant spurt at the half-mile flag, pulling up on even terms and crossing the finish easily four lengths to the good.

In the senior quarter-mile dash, William Mehrhoff of the Nassau Boat Club easily beat out seven other starters, including such cracks as Lepping of St. Louis, Smith of Boston, and Fred Fuessel of the Harlems. The last named, with E. B. Butler, Argonaut Rowing Club of Toronto, rowed a dead heat for second place. R. Krapp of the New York Athletic Club ran into a stake after the finish line was crossed and was forced to plunge into the Potomac to save himself.

The best time of the day was negotiated by the Argonauts in the intermediate eight-oared event. The course was beautifully patroled by revenue cutters, and 15,000 persons witnessed the races. The summaries:

Intermediate Four-Oared Shells.—Won by Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto, Canada; Russell, bow; W. E. G. Murphy, No. 2; A. Sinclair, No. 3; S. Jakes, stroke. Time—7:28 3-5. Ariel Rowing Club, Baltimore; W. Wilson, bow; J. Hannan, No. 2; F. Hannan, No. 3; H. Sawyer, stroke, second; Pennsylvania Barge Club, third; St. Charles Association, Waltham, fourth. Time—7:28 3-5.

Senior Quarter-Mile Dash.—Won by William Mehrhoff, Nassau Boat Club, N. Y.; E. A. Butler, Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto, Ontario, and Fred Fuessel, Harlem Rowing Club, New York City, dead heat for second place. Time—1:24 3-5.

Junior Eight-Oared Shells.—Won by Detroit Boat Club; W. W. Raymond, No. 1; L. J. Craig, No. 2; R. A. Speeling, No. 3; A. L. Edwards, No. 4; M. P. Rumney, No. 5; A. W. Neer, No. 6; A. F. Mercer, No. 7; B. Dodds, stroke; G. C. Farnsworth, coxswain. Potomac Boat Club, E. C. MacDonald, No. 1; C. E. Parker, No. 2; George B. Hinds, No. 3; J. T. Keough, No. 4; E. J. Hough, No. 5; J. L. Vandergrift, No. 6; Anthony Lucas, No. 7; L. J. Milovich, stroke, second. Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto, Ontario, third; Arundel Boat Club, Baltimore, fourth; Virginia Boat Club, Richmond, Va., fifth. Time—6:55 2-5.

Senior International Four-Oared Shells.—Won by Arundel Boat Club, Baltimore, G. W. Hoos, No. 1; L. H. Stoll, No. 2; W. H. Oehrl, No. 3; G. E. Parker, stroke. New York Athletic Club, second; Central Rowing Club, St. Louis, Mo., third; Mound City, (sunk,) Potomac, and Vesper crews disqualified for fouling. Time—7:01 3-5.

Intermediate Double Sculls.—Won by Rockrimmon Boat Club, Springfield, Mass., (John Hayes, William Chisholm;) Aerial Boat Club, Baltimore, Md., second; Nassau Boat Club, New York, third. Time—7:51 4-5.

Senior Double Sculls.—Won by Harlem Rowing Club, New York, (Fred Fuessell and Fred Shepherd;) Vesper Boat Club, Philadelphia, second. Time—7:28.

Intermediate Eight-Oared Shells.—Won by Argonaut Rowing Club, Toronto, Canada, (T. L. Livingstone, 1; S. E. Kidd, 2; N. Lambert, 3; A. C. Bancroft, 4; A. A. Russell, 6; W. E. G. Murphy, 6; A. Sinclair, 7; S. Jackes, stroke;) Detroit Boat Club, Detroit, Mich., second. Time—6:35.

KETCHEL NOT IN CONDITION.

Kaufman to Take His Place Against Bill Lang at Fairmont A. C. Tuesday Night.

Stanley Ketchel, the middleweight champion, is in such poor physical condition at his training quarters, New Dorp, S. I., that he will not be able to meet Bill Lang, the Australian heavyweight, at the Fairmont Athletic Club on Friday night. Ketchel injured his foot a few days ago and a slight case of blood poisoning set in. The foot still bothers him. That isn't troubling him as much, however, as the boils that have appeared on his back and legs. These are causing him much pain, and his being in good shape to meet Lang on Tuesday night is out of the question.

Manager Billy Gibson of the Fairmont Club is now making arrangements to substitute Al Kaufman for Ketchel in the bout Tuesday night. Kaufman was disappointed on his not meeting Langford in Philadelphia on Wednesday night, and is glad of the opportunity of meeting the big Australian.

Hugh McIntosh, the Australian fight promoter, arrived yesterday on the Lusitania. He hurried back from England to be in New York to see Lang in his bout with Ketchel, which was originally arranged for to-night. McIntosh was very much disappointed when he learned that Ketchel would not be in shape to fight, for he wanted to try Lang out against the hard-hitting middleweight.

McIntosh believes that Lang will develop into a first-class heavyweight fighter within a year. He said yesterday that in that time his man would be good enough to meet Jack Johnson for the championship. "I am acquainted with the work of both Lang and Johnson," said McIntosh, "and believe that a fight between them will be the greatest ever."

Rube Waddell with Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 12.—Rube Waddell broke into Eastern League company with Newark to-day by beating the Montreals, 7 to 1. The run came in the ninth inning after two were down on doubles by Cockill and Hardy. The big fellow gave a great exhibition in the eighth, when he had the bases filled, with nobody down. Then he retired the next three on a fly to short left, a pop to Louden, and a foul to Agler. George Browne, a former Giant, also made his debut with McGinnity's team, got two runs, a hit out of three times up, and stole two bases.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Newark.

R.H.E.
Montreal ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 8 4
Newark ....0 0 1 0 0 1 2 3 .—7 9 1

Batteries—Wiggs and Hardy; Waddell and McAllister. Umpires—Messrs. Hurst and Stafford.

At Jersey City.

R.H.E.
Rochester ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 2 1
Jersey City......0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0 .—4 6 3

Batteries—Bescher and Blair; Kissinger and Crist. Umpires—Messrs. Halligan and Kelly.

At Baltimore.

R.H.E.
Toronto ....0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0—3 7 1
Baltimore ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 1

Batteries—Rudolph and Vandegrift; Adkins, Donnelly, Egan, and Byers. Umpires—Messrs. Doyle and Byron.

At Providence.

R.H.E.
Buffalo ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 4 0
Providence .....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 .—3 9 1

Batteries—Taylor and Williams; Wilson and Peterson. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Finneran.

RESTIGOUCHE WINS SCHENECTADY STAKE

Shilling Puts Up Fine Ride on Colt—Butwell Criticised for Poor Work in Saddle.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Restigouche easily won the Schenectady, a selling stake, this afternoon, which was the next best offering of the association. As a matter of fact, Restigouche should have scored a third. It was only because old Montgomery was almost knocked down on the first turn that he was beaten by Belleview in the mile and five-sixteenths that was the fifth number. After Montgomery had been beaten he was claimed by P. Dunne, who started The Peer in the field. He was entered to be sold for $900, so that he cost Dunne $1,060, decidedly cheap for a horse of the class of the old son of Pessara.

The day was an ideal one, and a large Friday crowd was on hand. The track was probably in its worst condition. The recent rains had softened the bottom thoroughly, and particularly on the inner rail it was very deep and holding. Some of the best horses of the afternoon were beaten by being taken along the inside, and in at least two of the races the finishes were unsatisfactory by reason of accidents or mistakes of the riders.

The Schenectady is one of the new stakes, but being under selling conditions it naturally did not attract a top-notch field, though Restigouche, the winner, was the horse that set the pace in the Saratoga Handicap. He so greatly outclassed the others that there was little to the running. Shilling, who returned to the saddle after his suspension of three days, had the mount, and he was content to rate him behind the pace almost to the stretch, where he came on very easily to win in hand.

It was a very good day for Shilling, and he was the pilot on three of the six winners. His first score was with Shannon, who beat Herkimer, the Sanford starter, because Butwell chose a course through the stretch along the inner rail, where the going was deep. He followed this by riding both Restigouche and Firestone to victory for his employer, Hildreth. In the handicap, which went to Firestone, Shilling's ride did not have so much to do with the victory as mistakes by Butwell, who was riding Bob R. All through the early stages he had his mount securely pocketed on the rail, and at the head of the stretch he permitted him to run almost to the outside fence.

Helen Barbee, a filly that raced well in California last Winter, was an easy winner of one of the two-year-old races, and in the other E. C. Cowdin's Swannanoa, one of the longest shots in the field, scored over John Sanford's Rockville.

To-morrow is a particularly big day, and there are seven races down for decision. The regular features are the Shillelah Steeplechase, Saratoga Special, and the Travers, while special attractions are the Officers' Army Service Cup, in which officers of the regular army are to ride; a hunters' steeplechase, and a mile on the flat for gentlemen riders. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Selling; two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs. Helen Barbee, 110, (Archibald,) 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4, won; The Hague, 110, (Koerner,) 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 8 to 5, second; Van Zee, 110, (Butwell,) 30 to 1, 12 to 1, and 6 to 1, third. Time—1:10 2-5. Pleasant, Eden Hall, Whin, Ivabel, Ganogue, Excellence, Indora, Decency, Indian Girl, Pickaninny, Insthorpe, Busy Miss, and Marsand also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap; three-year-olds; seven furlongs. Shannon, 106, (Shilling,) 3 to 1, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, won; Herkimer, 110, (Butwell,) 7 to 5, 3 to 5, and 1 to 4, second; Rosseaux, 109, (Accahey,) 5 to 1, 8 to 5, and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:28. Duke of Ormonde, Scarpia, Medallion, Sager, and Uncas Chief also ran.

THIRD RACE.—The Schenectady Selling Stakes; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Restigouche, 108, (Shilling,) 9 to 20, 1 to 5, and out, won; Bonnie Kelso, 110, (Powers,) 15 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, second; Jacquelina, 88, (Nolan,) 10 to 1, 3 to 2, and even, third. Time—1:42 4-5. Bigstick, Wise Mason, The Squire, and Jupiter Joe also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap, all ages; mile and three-sixteenths. Firestone, 122, (Shilling,) 9 to 5, 3 to 5, and out, won; Tasteful, 94, (Garner,) 12 to 5, 4 to 5, and out, second; Bob R., 102, (Lang,) 7 to 2, even, and out, third. Time—2:04. High Private also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; three-year-olds and upward; one and five-sixteenth miles. Belleview, 101, (Lang,) 10 to 1, 4 to 1, and 2 to 1, won; Montgomery, 108, (Shilling,) 11 to 5, even, and 1 to 2, second; The Peer, 106, (Benschoten,) 9 to 2, 8 to 5, and 7 to 10, third. Time—2:19. Star Actor, Whidden, Choir Master of Chesterbrook, Marigot, Charivari, and Radium Star also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Maidens, two-year-olds; six furlongs. Swannanoa, 105, (Estep,) 30 to 1, 10 to 1, and 5 to 1, won; Rockville, 108, (Lang,) 9 to 2, 2 to 1, and even, second; Savannah, 105, (Keogh,) 5 to 2, even, and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:16. Colston, Footlights, Anyport, Mamac, Old Boy, Dike, Idleweiss, Baythorn, Owanux, Via Octavia, Bourbon Beau, Nosegay, Astolpho, and Adams Express also ran.

Entries for Saratoga Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; selling; five and one-half furlongs. Hiccough, 99 pounds; Inca, 105; *Definite, 97; Ben Lasca, 112; Dady Appie, 103; Mindinette, 99; Cherokee Rose, 105; *Thrifty, 94; Patrick S., 99; Handrunning, 106; Royal Lodge, 103; Herbert Turner, 106; Sea God, 102; *Footlights, 97; Goldbug, 99; Cherish, 106; *Marjorie A., 100; Beatrice, 105; Tay Pay, 110; Queens, 107; *Insthorpe, 94. Excluded—El Bart, Belfast, Flyingfeet, Billy Barnes, Vanity Fair.

SECOND RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; Shillelah; about two miles. Black Bridge, 152 pounds; Hylda, 136; Stoure, 135; Monte Carlo, 145; Aunt Jule, 154; Jesuit, 144; Bello, 139.

THIRD RACE.—Two-year-olds; Saratoga Special; six furlongs. Zeus, 122 pounds; Meridian, 122; Althorpe, 122; Whist, 122; Special Brew, 122; Naushon, 122; Novelty, 122.

FOURTH RACE.—Three-year-olds; Travers; one and one-quarter miles. Love Tie, 111 pounds; Kingship, 111; Cherryola, 106; Starbottle, 121; Dalmation, 129; Hampton Court, 111; Chief Kee, 126; Barleythorpe, 111.

FIFTH RACE.—Five-year-olds and upward; Hunters; Steeplechase; about two miles. Sam Ball, 140 pounds; Indiola, 145; *Paprika, 142; Diebold, 149; Ok, 153; Prince Hampton, 149.

SIXTH RACE.—Four-year-olds and upward; Army Cup; one mile. Reveille, 164 pounds; Javanese, 161; Matabon, 161; Joe Frakes, 161; Colored Lady, 159; Martha Jane, 159; Sequence, 159; May Lee, 159; Inducer, 161; Sis Lewis, 159.

SEVENTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; one mile. Schoolmarm, 153 pounds; Odd Craft, 140; Tasteful, 150; Kentucky Beau, 146; The Gardener, 146; Dull Care, 152; Question Mark, 155; Aster d'Or, 148; Faultless, 146; Duke of Roanoke, 147; Ed. Ball, 147; Arcite, 157; Charivari, 149; Wilton Lackaye, 155.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Lord Does Not Like Deal.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—"I have no complaint to make against the Boston American club for being released," said Harry Lord, the former third baseman, when he appeared at the club headquarters to-day. "This deal with Chicago was a big surprise, not that I have anything against Chicago, but I wanted to be in the East, where I could be near my family. Before I report to Chicago somebody will have to come through with proper inducement. If the Chicago club fails to give me what I ask for why it may be out of baseball for me."

For Other Sports See Page 12.

UHLAN TROTS MILE IN RECORD TIME

Black Gelding Covers Distance Without Wind Shield in 1:58¾, Making New World's Figures.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 12.—Driven by Charles Tanner of Cleveland, C. K. G. Billings's black gelding Uhlan to-day established a new world's record by trotting a mile at North Randall track without a windshield in 1:58¾, beating Lou Dillon's record by 2¼ seconds and coming within a quarter of a second of equaling the record made by her with a windshield Oct. 24, 1905, when she trotted a mile at Memphis in 1:58½.

Horsemen who held watches on the great gelding's attempt say as a result of to-day's performance that with a wind shield he will be able to better the mare's mark.

The big crowd gathered at North Randall had expected to see Uhlan driven to a wagon, but was all the more enthusiastic when the announcement was made that he would try for the world's record to a sulky without a wind shield.

Tanner drove him the first quarter in 0:29¾. The half was reached in 0:59 flat. The crowd, seeing a record about to fall, let out a great cheer, which changed to deep silence, however, when the time for the three-quarters was hung up, showing that it had taken the gelding 30¾ seconds to negotiate the third quarter. He did the last quarter in 29 seconds flat.

When the figures were announced driver and horse received an ovation.

A season's record came near falling in the Forest City stake race, the third event of the day. Ess H. Kay, pushed by Ella Ambulator and Walter W., paced the first heat in 2:02½, equaling the mark set by Ross K. at Detroit last week. Walter Hal took the second heat and Merry Widow the third, Walter Hal winning first money under the three-heat plan.

The final heat of the first division of the Tavern "Steak," continued from yesterday, went to Henry H., who had captured two heats before darkness fell. Joan had little trouble in winning over the entries in the second division of the race, except in the third heat, when Willy finished second by a nose.

May Stop Trotting at Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 12.—The anti-gambling crusade that drove the races from Glenville and led to the building of the fine plant at North Randall, may now put an end to racing in this section of the country and drop Cleveland as a trotting centre. This afternoon Sheriff Hirstius, on a telephone order from Gov. Harmon, went to the Randall track and arrested Harry K. Devereux on the charge of allowing pool and liquor selling at the Grand Circuit meet there. Devereux is President of the Forest City Live Stock and Fair Company that runs the races at Randall.

MATINEE AUTO RACES.

De Palma and Robertson to Meet at Brighton Beach.

Ralph De Palma, suffering from the defeat he received at the hands of George Robertson at the last matinee races held by the Motor Racing Association at Brighton Beach, has been persistent in his efforts to meet Robertson for the track supremacy. To this end he has secured the co-operation of the management of the Motor Racing Association, which, in order to make it more attractive to the present record-holder, has doubled the purse to $1,000.

Entries closed at the office of the Motor Racing Association Tuesday night, and a larger and more attractive field will face the starter than in any previous event held by this organization. Among the newcomers, and one that will be watched with interest, is Frank Kulich, sent down from Detroit by the Ford Motor Company, and he will appear in all the events in which the company is eligible. Another car to make its initial bow to the Motor Racing Association is the National. The factory is sending down W. King Smith and Richard Gleason as drivers.

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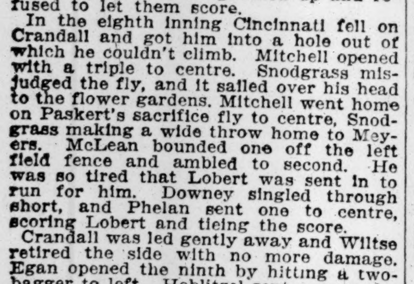

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HELPS FOR THE BLIND.

The existing financial and banking position seems to have been made to order for the purpose of compelling clearness of vision regarding it by those who have refused to see the same principles at work when the facts were less striking. Philadelphia journals report that the fiscal agents of the Pennsylvania Railway on Thursday notified the Directors that it will be necessary to abandon expenditures of $15,000,000 because the money cannot be had at rates which the company feels justified in paying. At about the same time a local corporation of undoubted credit and substantial wealth renewed notes which fell due for a round amount because a permanent loan was not feasible. Smaller borrowers of equally excellent relation of assets to obligations are paying 6 per cent., or going without, at the very time that Wall Street is supplying itself at a trifle above 1 per cent. Wall Street seems to have nothing to complain of in a situation which lends itself to malicious description as being designed to discriminate in favor of Wall Street, and against the commercial and constructive interests of the country.

This happens at the time when the country has more actual money, and a larger capacity of credit, than is necessary, or wholesome. The security market hangs in the doldrums, while those wanting to use money complain. "Money, money, everywhere, and not a dollar to lend." The money in circulation reached three billions for the first time in 1908, and is now the maximum for this season, at $3,133,725,401. Trade is good, although not booming, and quietness rather than unwholesome activity is on all sides thought desirable. The Treasury is disbursing its resources in gold or its equivalent, and we are importing gold at a price indicative that it is not sent here in the ordinary process of trade. The National banknote issues, which have been redundant when they ought to have declined in volume and remain still above the figures of last August, have begun to decline at the exact time when they ought to increase in order to move the crops and supply the need of pocket money instead of compelling expensive imports of gold. While the monetary situation is such, the banking situation is one of discreditable strength. Our local reserves are fifty millions above the legal requirement. Weeks ago the report for all National banks revealed a situation in which the reserve cities were less strong than the country districts. How thoroughly this has been remedied in the interval appears from the excessive surplus here, but meanwhile the interior banks have gone on heaping up reserves until we see neighborhood banks carrying reserves approaching the percentage of the Bank of England. In Denver the percentage is 48 per cent., in San Antonio 46 per cent., and, speaking in a general way, there is no reason to suspect weakness anywhere.

It is too plain for argument that a system which produces such conditions is indefensible. There are more things the matter with it than can be catalogued here. It ought to be superfluous to remark upon a banknote circulation which expands when it should contract, and vice versa. The necessity of remarking upon it lies in the fact that at the recent session of Congress it was proposed to give circulation privileges to the bonds which must soon be issued for the Panama Canal, and to finance the shrinking balance of the Treasury. This would proportion our currency to the cost of the canal, and the price of the bonds in a varying money market, regardless of the needs of business for more or less money. The blunder of this ought now to be visible to the blindest, and the point ought to be remembered against the time when the proposal is revived, as no doubt it will be.

Why are the banks so cautious when their reserves are so excessive, or at least so uneconomically large? One reason is that we are accustomed to move the crops with bank reserves. The gold which other nations are accustomed to use as the basis of credit we use as pocket money, and by law substitute bonds as the basis of currency. No nation has so much gold as ourselves, and none makes less banking use of it. The resources of the banks are tied up in permanent investments, instead of being at the service of the trading community. Instead of enlarging credits when there is a legitimate demand for credits by solvent borrowers we reduce loans by liquidating collateral, and shaking the money out of the security market. Instead of providing commercial facilities proportionate to the need we reduce facilities to predetermined proportions. We have done this for more than a generation, and until very recently we have boasted that our currency was "safe." It is a prime virtue, but it can be attained without sacrificing others of hardly less importance. It is worth while for the blindest to see that the country's commerce is muscle-bound at the very time that it is exceptionally well equipped for prosperity.

MOTOR CAR SPEEDING.

The week has been fruitful of automobile accidents caused by reckless driving; but not more fruitful than many preceding weeks. A very large proportion of the disasters caused in automobiling, whether the victims are pedestrians or occupants of other vehicles on the road, or are in the car that creates the havoc, are due either to fast driving or the neglect of reasonable precautions. Five persons are mangled to death in a collision of a rapidly moving automobile with a railroad train, and the explanation, which is no excuse, is that a field of waving grain hid the tracks from the occupants of the automobile. To move at a speed of forty or fifty miles an hour over an unknown road on which the view ahead is obscured is not sane.

Speeding in a motor car under such conditions seems to be a symptom of a new and dangerous malady affecting many owners of cars and their chauffeurs. There is undoubtedly an exhilarating effect in fast driving; the desire to speed over a smooth road as fast as the machine can be made to go possesses, sooner or later, many who ride in automobiles. But it is a desire that must be checked. Every maker of motor cars, every dealer in them, all the owners of them should use their influence to lessen the number of road disasters, to stop the frightful and needless loss of human life that has accompanied the development of the automobile.

The self-moving vehicle is a necessity of modern civilization. Its proper use is not dangerous. With a speed of from twenty to twenty-five miles an hour an automobile is safe alike for the occupants and the persons who may cross its path. It can be easily stopped. Laws are talked of to limit the speed of automobiles. There are well-known appliances which prevent a car from traveling too rapidly. But we have too many laws now. We need rather caution and common sense, and an appreciation of the gravity of the situation, on the part of all the owners of motor cars.

COMMISSIONER EDWARDS.

Street Cleaning Commissioner EDWARDS, known affectionately as "Big Bill," is one of the conspicuous heroes of the hour. It was his privilege to capture the man who tried to kill Mayor GAYNOR. It was also his privilege to be slightly wounded by one of the bullets intended for the Mayor. Now the cranks are pestering him, which is one of the signs of huge popularity. His old associates of his college days, when he was a renowned athlete, are sending him congratulatory dispatches. Enthusiasts are begging for scraps of his garments to preserve as mementos. Sodden fools or ill-advised jesters are, anonymously, threatening to kill him. But nobody will kill him.

Commissioner EDWARDS has the qualities that make for large personal popularity, quite apart from his recent experiences. He is a large man, and popularity comes more easily to large men and small men than to men of medium stature. He is good humored and strong. He has charge, however, of a large and annoying job. His first Winter as Street Cleaning Commissioner was an "open" Winter. What he had to do he did well. When he comes to tackle the big snowstorms we are likely to have next Winter he will find that he needs all his popularity and all his good humor. We congratulate Commissioner EDWARDS on his present conspicuous and agreeable position in the public eye. Popular public officers are most useful in a community, and we hope that Mr. EDWARDS will retain his popularity throughout his term of office.

KANSAS AND OKLAHOMA.

The personal property valuation of Kansas this year is telegraphed to be $555,149,574. The assessed valuation of Oklahoma is $920,000,000, an increase of $50,000,000 for the present year. We congratulate them on their prosperity, and humbly ask them how much more they want. Our interest lies in the hope that when they have got all they want, or at least all that they think they ought to have, they may then be willing to allow other communities to regulate their affairs for themselves, and not be subject to the Western ideas of how the East ought to behave, and how much prosperity is good for Wall Street.

It might not be worth while to mention to the above thriving communities what the East hopes or thinks about such matters, but it may be worth their while to remark certain facts reported of themselves by themselves. For example, Oklahoma's increase for this year of $50,000,000 compares with an increase for the preceding year of $140,000,000. How happens this? If Oklahoma's methods produce a deterrent effect on the prosperity of Oklahoma, might not Oklahoma be more moderate about pressing its views upon the rest of the country, or perhaps eventually about applying them to Oklahoma itself? Nothing teaches like experience. The cheaper sort comes from utilizing the experience of others, but the most instructive sort comes from seeing the folly of things for yourself. Oklahoma is trying the latter sort. Even here in the East it is a severe test to find laws producing unexpected results. What will be the effect in Oklahoma when it finds that its orgy of legislation has reduced its growth of wealth by almost two-thirds? If it is a good thing to reduce the growth of wealth of the East, it is an equally good thing to reduce the like growth in the West, and will Oklahoma and the other insurgent States proceed indefinitely with the process of biting off their noses to spite their faces?

THE WARDLAW MYSTERY.

The death of VIRGINIA WARDLAW in a New Jersey penal institution, of self-inflicted starvation, adds another shade of horror and of mystery to the grim tragedy in which she was involved. A silent, sullen woman, who was socially well connected, who had known culture, VIRGINIA WARDLAW has remained silent and uncommunicative since her indictment for murder, and she has gone to her death leaving the mystery of the killing of OCEY SNEAD as impenetrable as ever. The criminal annals do not contain a stranger case. There seemed to be no reason for the murder of young Mrs. SNEAD, yet her death revealed sufficient evidences of murder to justify indictment. If it was suicide the mystery is still more incomprehensible. It was, then, surely suicide with the connivance of the woman who has just died in the Newark House of Detention, and suicide after much needless and tedious preparation.

Two other women are involved in the charge of murder, and it was reported yesterday that their trial will take place in September, in spite of the death of their supposed confederate. But it will be difficult, unless the law officers know more of the case than has yet been revealed, to find a motive for crime. VIRGINIA WARDLAW'S was the strongest and strangest personality involved in the miserable business. She was a well-educated woman and had been a preceptress of some distinction. She seemed determined that the world should never know the secret that some way concerned OCEY SNEAD'S death, and she did her part, with grim and fearful courage, to preserve the secret.

MUFFLERS, BY ALL MEANS.

The motor boat is a charming and commendable product of modern science. It serves a good purpose. Old-fashioned yachtsmen may sneer at it as they please, but it takes you where you want to go quickly and gracefully. It is, as Miss Arabella Allen remarked of Mr. Pickwick on skates, swanlike. It glides through the water like a thing of life. You can fill one with comely girls and have time to converse with them on various serious matters, without having to look after the sheet. But the motor boat has one serious fault, its chronic and exasperating cough.

To the eye it is fascinating, but to the ear, especially to the ear of the mere onlooker, who has no strong personal interest in motor boats, it is irritating. Such pleasant Summer waters as Vineyard Haven's little harbor are crowded with motor boats. They enliven the scene. But residents of cottages from East Chop westward complain of their continual coughing. So it is in other pleasant waters, east and west. Up at Lake Hopatcong, however, there is a Board of Health which has decreed that the motor boats must stop coughing. A muffler on each engine will suffice.

It will be news to the uninitiated that mufflers will stop the noise of popping exhausts on motor boats. A simple remedy, which ought to be adopted wherever the gently lapping waves play on smooth beaches and motor boats abound. Better one muffler on each motor boat than a pair on the ears of each irritable person on shore, trying to write, to think, to sleep, to enjoy the sweet pastime of doing nothing.

THE POWER MEN'S PUZZLE.

Of course the men who own and operate electrical power plants and build dams for power should, in any discussion of the conservation problem, be presumed to be guilty until they offer incontrovertible proof of their innocence. Mr. J. R. MCKEE—the father, by the way, of "Baby MCKEE" of White House fame—ventured to complain the other day at the St. Louis meeting of the National Electric Light Association that ex-Secretary GARFIELD, two days before his term of office expired in March, 1909, revoked permits covering forty different plants "without advising with or granting any hearing whatsoever to the representatives of any of the waterpower companies, or giving any advance notice to the parties concerned."

Why should he, indeed? Mr. MCKEE pleads that this act destroyed properties upon which millions of dollars had been expended. But there was no provision in the Land statutes forbidding Mr. GARFIELD from this procedure. Mr. GARFIELD, like Mr. PINCHOT, has stated as a fundamental principle that a Federal official has the right to do, not merely what the law expressly empowers him to do, but whatever it does not expressly prohibit his doing. Mr. MCKEE feebly objects that if officials should carry this principle beyond the administration of the public lands and apply it "in the direction of assessing taxes and tariffs, just because they are not prohibited by law," the taxpaying population might think of organizing a rebellion. We do not find fault with Mr. MCKEE'S logic. But what has logic to do with the plan or purpose of the Garfield policy of conservation anyway?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Yankee Tricks Played on the Indians. "Yengeese" was the name in the Indian accent for the English, which degenerated into "Yankee," with the connotations of sharpness and trickery that have been the universal practice of the English-speaking peoples toward the redman. The late Dr. WILLIAM T. HARRIS called the Indians "Homeric children." FRANCIS E. LEUPP tells of the chief who showed him the script parchment, treasured by his tribe since 1804, and signed by JEFFERSON'S secretary, reading: "The President sends you a chain. It is made of pure gold, which will never rust. And may the Great Spirit assist us in keeping the chain of friendship, of which the golden chain is an emblem, bright for a long succession of ages." Attached to the upper left corner of the parchment the chain hangs, kept sacredly through the vicissitudes of a nomadic tribal life. Through centuries of most despicable betrayal the Indians are still trustful. Yesterday's reports show this—of Indian parents affixing signature "marks," both for themselves and their pappooses, to the contracts providing for the sale of $30,000,000 worth of land—really worth many millions more—on the basis of 10 per cent. "attorneys' fees."

In his transactions with white men the Indian has been gullible and utterly guileless. Senator GORE'S charges are considered deplorable, even by himself, in having cast aspersions upon personages that were not supported by direct evidence. But unquestionably Mr. GORE has done great service in bringing about this investigation of the dark and devious ways by which the native wards of the Government have been despoiled of their heritage. To Indians in the aboriginal state, it may be granted, the vast wealth of the mineral lands of the reservations would have been unavailable. Their owners are still Homeric children. But they have intermarried with the whites, their sons and daughters are being educated in the ways of civilization, and should be permitted by every right and merit to enjoy their wider heritage. Their property should be safeguarded from the incursions of the lying, stealing, "grafting" crew of land lawyers who have found the Government strangely neglectful of its wardship, and, with the connivance of Government agents, have taken advantage of this neglect.

The Condition of Jackson Avenue. Jackson Avenue, the chief thoroughfare for automobiles from Queensboro Bridge to Flushing and to the splendid roads of Long Island, is to be repaved. For a period of months its deep holes and ruts have made the avenue practically impassable save at the risk of blown-out tires, broken springs, and broken bones or fractured tempers of those whose love of boulevards beyond has tempted them to essay its perils. Borough President GRESSER of Queens is responsible for this condition. When a company of citizens waited upon him this week at the Borough Hall with the request that it be repaired he had no word of defense to offer, but they left with his promise that, as soon as the borough engineers shall decide upon the quality of pavement to be laid, it will be once more fitted for traffic.

What sort of decision will the engineers make? Will the paving be of the cheap, friable sort, constructed by grafting contractors at enormous public expense, such as is spread over most of the roads of Queens? If that kind of work is to be determined upon Jackson Avenue will very quickly again be reduced to its present state. This road is one of the keys to Long Island's system of highways. It must be constructed to endure the heaviest kind of automobile traffic.

The Appeal for a Situation. We took occasion the other day to reproduce an unusually successful advertisement which had appeared in our "Situations Wanted" columns, and remarked that, instead of the stereotyped appeals for situations from which this one showed a refreshing difference, their writers use a little more direct and vigorous language, affording to the public some notion of their special gifts and capabilities. In the mind of one reader our proposal rouses objection:

> You speak of the "direct appeal," one that "conveys a message." That would be well and good for one or two such advertisements; they would catch the eye and would probably bring results. But fancy the advertising columns full of such appeals—what would be the result? The situation would be as bad as before, if not worse.
>
> No! No! No "direct appeals." The plain and simple "ad" stating what you can do and what you want, is good enough. As to any other kind, it would be necessary to read between the lines, as there is dishonesty in advertising as well as in other things.

True, true, hypocrites do abound. But we called for a "note of sincerity and straightforwardness" in the advertisement, which would "go far with its readers." To make the sort of appeal recommended it is not necessary that a really capable person "put up a song and dance" about his accomplishments, or state fictions. Of course, it is easy to read between the lines of such compositions. Nobody need strain for effect. But it is happens that in this wonderful and various world even the humblest person has his peculiar gifts, just as he has features that can be distinguished among many of his tribe. If he speaks unaffectedly of the things he can do best, and tells how he does them, how he wishes to devote his services, his statement will bear the color of truth and will be stamped by his personality. Few there be that employ this method. Its adopters need not fear many competitors. But were the advertising columns filled with such advertisements we dare say they would attract a correspondingly large number of readers, since they would then have acquired the quality of news.

Improving Subway Air.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read in your paper of to-day of an experiment made in the Subway cars with electric fans. I can scarcely believe that the stirring up of already impure air by the use of electric fans can restore the oxygen required for the relief of the people.

What the Subway requires, especially during hours when the cars are so crowded, is pure and fresh air to take the place of the impure. This, in my opinion, cannot be accomplished except by forcing pure air into the Subway by the use of a pumping apparatus or some such device, as on steamers. ANTONIO ZUCCA.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

TRAINING ENGINEERS.

The Object of This Society Is to Cut Down Waste.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The serious lack of trained workers, its close connection with the prospects of prosperity in all lines of business, the effect and the influence of only half-hearted study of causes and temporizing with the solution of the problem, are causing enormous losses. It must be apparent to any observer of economic conditions that the neglect and failure on the part of employers and workers to use every known method of decreasing inefficiency and unskill, whether it is in the conduct of a business or in an individual mode of work, necessarily causes a waste which becomes a tax on every article produced and offered for sale, a tax that knows no man and recognizes no distinction or class and is levied and collected from every consumer whether he lives on First or on Fifth Avenue, and one of the causes of high cost of living not spoken of, but nevertheless a vital one.

In this connection it will be of interest to know that the Institute of Operating Engineers was organized last Winter for the distinct purpose of enabling operating engineers to make an attempt, at least, at solving the problem in their own vocation. Its organization is based on principles and methods which have been evolved and well tested during the last ten years in our particular branch of work. A number of committees composed of experienced, able, and picked men are now engaged in arranging the standards of practical and educational requirements the institute will demand for admission and promotion to its several grades of membership.

The work that is now being done has attracted to its membership hundreds of the best operating engineers throughout the country, and also a number of prominent employers, engineering editors, and educators, who are interested in extending practical and result-producing vocational training and education into every shop and locality where our men are employed.

Schools and colleges in several States have signified their willingness to take a part in the evening and home study courses the institute has outlined for its apprentices and members.

The Extension Department of Columbia University had three classes last Winter and will have them again beginning in October.

The distinctive feature in the organization of the institute is the fact that it, contrary to custom, includes in its membership all the factors vitally concerned in securing efficiency and well-being of a vocation. It is our aim to secure this end by insuring more co-operation and mutual acquaintance with the viewpoints of each factor, and by showing that reason and the signs of the times indicate it to be good business for each factor to serve the best interests of the other, rather than to take undue advantage of power or position.

Hence the institute is being organized with the following ideas in view: Apprenticeship for its apprentices, systematic and progressive vocational training and education for all its members, and finally to endeavor to make reasonable business co-operation possible between the man who buys and the man who sells labor and ability.

The institute is expecting to get sufficient aid from all involved, that a real and practical vocational training school may be founded—one that can turn out able mechanics and operating engineers of abiding usefulness, something that cannot possibly be done by shorter term trade schools. J. C. JURGENSEN,

Chairman of Executive Committee, Institute of Operating Engineers.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

Objects to Capital Punishment as Penalty—Would Call It Treason.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many are advocating the death penalty for all who are guilty of felonious assault upon a public official, and one eminent jurist has said that what the country needs is a good hanging (or "electrocution") to serve as an example. That speedy punishment, commensurate with the enormity of the crime, must be dealt out to this monstrous fiend who attempted the life of Mayor Gaynor no one will deny; but, even if present laws could be changed for this occasion, it would be unwise to affix the death penalty to attempted murder, for the reason that in that event the assassin would have no hesitancy in slaying the witnesses to his crime or any others who stood between him and his liberty. Life imprisonment seems too good for this inhuman degenerate, but we have so much mollycoddle sentiment in our laws that there seems to be no alternative.

EUGENE V. BREWSTER.

Brooklyn, Aug. 12, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the recent dastardly attack upon the Mayor and the fact that any highly placed public official may at any time suffer similar attack by demented or dissatisfied persons, it occurs to me that by making such attempts an act of treason and punishable accordingly a deterrent from similar outrage in the future might be found. E. S. P.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

Treatment of a Would-Be Assassin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"The detective handed the prisoner a cigar." "The Warden sat on the edge of the bathtub and shook his proffered hand." This is what we read in the account of the arrest of Mayor Gaynor's assailant. Is it not sickening to think that at the very moment that the whole community is hanging with suspense on the news from the Mayor's bedside, his assailant, this vicious brute who proclaims loudly his defiance, should be the recipient of courtesies and a proof of regard at the hands of officials who are supposed to represent the dignity of the law?

It is just this attitude of complacent indulgence, of undignified familiarity, of pandering to the law-breaker on the part of certain officials, both low and high, that brings the law into contempt and is responsible for the notorious record of crime in this country.

Elberon, N. J., Aug. 11, 1910. A. H. F.

Praising the Mayor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All day yesterday I had it in my mind, or on my heart, rather, to tell you how very much I liked your editorial on Mayor Gaynor in yesterday's TIMES. I liked its magnificent reserve, the sincere and deep emotion you held in check, and the manly candor and more manly praise. It is so hard to stand erect and praise people, and praise that isn't erect isn't valuable. Anyway, it was a most noteworthy bit of work, and it gives me genuine pleasure to tell you so.

H. REA WARDMAN.

Poughkeepsie, Aug. 11, 1910.

The Mayor an Example.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It ought to be pointed out (even to the disadvantage of President Taft) that Mayor Gaynor is honored because he did not bow the knee to a party machine. He was true to the people and the people's love follows him. Senator Lodge might learn a lesson from this. Also Vahey. And let us say in very truth that "Bill" Edwards in this incident was a greater hero than ever Roosevelt was.

Boston, Aug. 11, 1910. R. L. THORNE.

Primaries and Women's Taxes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

By THE TIMES of Aug. 9 I notice that Mr. Woodruff, after his interview with President Taft, said that the Republican platform would declare for a primary law providing "for a State-wide enrollment of voters, a set day for primaries to choose delegates to conventions, and payment by the State of all the costs of the primaries."

Put quite plainly, does not that last clause mean that men, instead of paying through their party organizations, as they do now, the expenses of their primaries propose to shift the cost of their greatly elaborated machinery (the sole purpose of which elaboration is to secure to themselves more perfect representation) in such a way as to throw one-half the financial burden upon the women of the State? HARRIOT STANTON BLATCH.

North Boston, N. Y., Aug. 11, 1910.

SCHOOLS AND DISCIPLINE.

Point to Results of Theory That Child Can Do No Wrong.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your ideal of "better teachers for the lower grades" is good; but Mr. Green's letter, published on the same page with your editorial on "Untrained Children," shows one reason why it is going to be increasingly difficult to get good teachers, for any grades of the New York schools.

Discipline was never at so low an ebb. Mr. Green truly says that "punishment is a thing of the past, it being a principle of the new education that 'the child' can do no wrong." It is also true that in cases of gross insubordination the teacher is very likely to be blamed, when the inborn "cussedness" of some youth ought to be eradicated with a strap.

The fact is that under present conditions a young lady is foolish to spend time and money preparing to teach in a New York school. She will have an impossible, "bricks without straw" task set for her, of adequately presenting a long list of studies to pupils who refuse to listen, to obey, or to exercise even the simplest requirements of common courtesy and decent behavior, knowing, as they do, that she is wholly powerless to punish them. New York's army of street hoodlums is being developed in the public schools, through a spineless and senseless lack of discipline. The mush-headed tenderness which allows this, and its counterpart in America's maudlin sympathy with criminals, are cruel and barbarous, considered from the aspect of their results, in its effect on the social life of the community.

It is the cruelest thing that can be done to a boy, to allow him to grow up with no restraint and no sense of respect for authority. Any man worth his salt will admit that all the stinging he ever got from a birch only sweetened him up. I know that I never got a larruping that didn't do me good—or that I didn't mighty well deserve! W. T.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of Robert P. Green in to-day's issue of your paper is right to the point, and true in about every particular. "Punishment is now a thing of the past," he says, and alas that it is so!

As a graduate of one of our National schools with a preliminary training in country and city schools where the birch was always in evidence and generally in use in an almost frontier State of the Union, I may be qualified to express an opinion as to the efficacy of the rod as an adjunct to education. I have a good memory, but it does not go back of the time at school when I did not get a birching every day or so. In fact, the old soldier who once had the pleasure of teaching me kept me sitting where he could reach me with the hickory switch (and they are tough, unbreakable things!) without having to rise from his chair. And then the broad leather strap, well applied, as happened to me at a private school, is also calculated to qualify one for good behavior.

It was my observation at a school for officers that the disciplinarian Superintendent got better results, in character and work, than the easy, don't-be-too-hard-on-them Superintendents, and that the strict disciplinarian in service had a better command, a command ready for anything under the sun, than the man not a good disciplinarian. The certainty of just punishment without a trace of animus in it is better, far better, for the morale of army, navy, and school children than all the mushiness of the "new education." I have been through it in person and have observed its effects in practice, and give me the rod as an adjunct to education every time. JERSEY.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

CLOAKMAKERS' SIDE.

Do Not Ask Aid of Socialists—Disorder In the Strike.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A printed letter in this morning's issue of THE TIMES quotes an appeal printed in The Jewish Forward soliciting the aid of Socialists and Anarchists for the striking cloakmakers. But this is only one side of the story, and I believe that you will permit me, as a striking cloakmaker, to say something in defense, if such is necessary. The Cloakmakers' Union has never asked The Forward or any other newspaper in New York City or elsewhere to print such appeals, and if such an appeal has been printed it has been done by Forward itself without the knowledge of the officers of the said union. The Cloakmakers' Union is a trade union organization, not a Socialistic or Anarchistic organization.

MEYER MEADOW.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg leave to enter a protest against your editorial article of this morning entitled "Endangering Human Uplift," wherein you attribute the indiscretion of a few striking cloakmakers to the strikers in general.

For a striking body numbering some 70,000, the order maintained among the cloakmakers is remarkable, and is a fine testimonial of their law-abiding spirit.

JACOB B. EISEMAN.

Brooklyn, Aug. 11, 1910.

The Pension List.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES a disturbed soul laments that the pension list is not decreasing, and that he knows a man who is drawing a pension who never saw a battle, and was never wounded in one. Permit me to suggest to your correspondent that if what he says is true he should disclose the facts as a simple duty he owes to the Government; let him communicate with the United States District Attorney in New York City, and the case will receive immediate consideration.

I have but little sympathy with the clamor and criticism of some men against our pension system. The day may not be far distant when the Nation will need the sons of the men who kept vigil with the stars under Southern skies, when men battled to destroy the Government that Washington won and bequeathed to us at Yorktown. The men who died that the Republic might live have the seal of eternity placed upon their graves, and they have joined the peerage of the immortals. A million mothers and wives gaze with tearful eyes and quickened memories on the cradles in which they were rocked; the recollection of their departure for the conflict, which involved the stake whether this Nation should live or perish, sanctifies untold thousands of homes.

EMMETT CALLAHAN,
Lieutenant Colonel U. S. V.

Baker City, Ore., Aug. 6, 1910.

Training for Foreign Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with much interest your editorial article in this morning's issue dealing with the subject of the proper training of children in the public schools of the city, and while one must agree with the truth of the conclusions arrived at, there seem to be other means which may be introduced to meet the demands of the situation.

I would press the suggestion of having a few male teachers in the various schools to meet the demands of a masculine hand for some of the tougher characters among the boys, following the doctrine of similia in similibus curantur; and, again, my suggestions would run further afield into the grouping of our foreign children into central schools where there could be English teachers, adepts in the particular foreign language of the group. Such teachers would be able to follow the trend of the child mind as it endeavors to translate its thoughts from its mother tongue into the difficult English language, with its multitude of provincialisms and slang expressions. G. G. DANIEL.

New York, Aug. 11, 1910.

A Jersey Need.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If a mosquito should bite a Christian Scientist, would there be pain suffered on the part of the latter? Should it be proved that Christian Science makes one immune, that is what we need in Jersey just now. S. H. H.

Glen Ridge, N. J., Aug. 12, 1910.

THE METROPOLITAN'S EARNINGS FALL OFF

Falling Off Due, However, to Unusual Expense of New Rails—Third Ave. System Improves.

TRAFFIC GAIN IN SUBWAY

While Travel on the Elevated Declines—Returns Computed from Monthly Statements to the Commission.

The monthly tabulation of traffic and income figures on the city's transit lines, which the Public Service Commission made public yesterday, covering April, 1910, and the eleven months ended April 30, had unusual interest yesterday because it was possible to approximate the results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company has already put out its income report for the fiscal year, so that yesterday's tabulation, in so far as it concerned the Interborough, was merely noteworthy in that it showed an increase of Subway traffic from 23,316,473 in March, 1909, to 25,746,818 in March, 1910, and a falling off in elevated traffic from 28,411,428 in March, 1909, to 26,319,422 in March, 1910. The figures derived their importance from the indication that the heavy gains in Interborough earnings were due to Subway rather than to elevated traffic, and the figures for March are backed up by those for the eleven months of the fiscal year showing approximately 15,000,000 gain in traffic for the elevated lines, as against 25,000,000 for the Subway.

When it came to the surface lines, a sharp contrast was apparent between the results on the Third Avenue system and those on the Metropolitan Street Railway. The Metropolitan system, taking the figures for eleven months ended May 30, and adding in again those for the month of May to approximate a full fiscal year, make even a poorer showing than the report for the year ended Dec. 31.

Cause of the Falling Off.

This is due in part to a slight falling off in gross in the first six months of this year as contrasted with the same period of 1909, but more particularly to a heavy increase in operating expenses on account of large expenditures by the receivers for track renewals and other similar matters. The statements as of the two dates are here compared down to the point where allowance has to be made for the new capital required in a reorganization, and for the defaulted securities of lines still remaining in the Metropolitan system:

	Established June 30, '10.	Year Ending Dec. 30, '10.
Gross	$13,203,516	$13,258,412
Operating expenses	9,254,646	8,456,016
Net from operation	3,948,870	4,802,396
Taxes	1,319,372	1,319,372
Net operating income	2,629,498	3,483,028
Interest and rents on underlying securities	2,426,175	2,426,175
	208,323	1,055,847

Looked at from the point of view of the reorganization, there remain still to be provided for the new cash required, which is estimated at from $7,500,000 to $11,000,000, according to the amount which the Metropolitan Street Railway gets out of the New York City Railway litigation settlement, the charges on underlying securities now in default requiring about $212,000, and whatever allowance is made for depreciation. Then comes in the ordinary course of things provision for the $12,500,000 5 per cent. bonds in default and for the $16,000,000 4 per cent. bonds in default and for the holders of accident judgments, which are to be treated on the same basis as the 5s.

How They Would Raise the Money.

It has been stated that the bondholders hope to get their new money by the issue of junior lien securities without placing any new fixed charges against the two existing bond issues in default. The decision of the Public Service Commission in the Third Avenue case, however, indicates its disapproval of the issue of large amounts of income securities beyond the present earning power of the property, and it is believed that this may cause some revision in the plans of the Metropolitan's bondholders in view of the earnings. The ultimate operating expense will, however, hardly be as heavy as it has been for the last few months when the extraordinary expenditures for rail renewals are over.

The earnings of the Third Avenue road, approximated for the fiscal year on the basis indicated above, show substantial gains over previous earnings during the receivership, and a gain over the estimates made up by Commissioner Maltbie in his decision on the Third Avenue reorganization plan. These latter estimates were taken on the basis of nine months' earnings carried out for the full year. The addition of the three Spring months shows an improvement of $200,000. The gross earnings on the whole Third Avenue system for the entire fiscal year indicated by yesterday's statement are $7,434,383 and operating expenses $4,445,262, leaving net from operation $2,989,121.

From this point in the statement there are so many differences between the treatment of the income balance proposed by the Public Service Commission in its decision on the Third Avenue plan and the treatment of the account by the bondholders that a detailed comparison is not possible. The general statement above may be taken as indicating the improvement.

THINKS PARKER WILL WIN.

Head of Party That Failed to Scale Mount McKinley Returns.

SEATTLE, Aug. 12.—C. E. Rusk of Chelan, Wash.; F. H. Roje of Portland, A. L. Cool, and Joseph Ribley, all of the party which attempted the ascent of Mount McKinley, returned to Seattle last night on the steamer Best. Their mission failed, Mr. Rusk said, because the party was insufficiently provisioned. He declared Mount McKinley could be ascended. He said he would try to organize a party for the attempt next Spring.

The Rusk party reached a height of 7,500 feet, and on July 12 met the Parker and Brown party, well equipped for the ascent and in good spirits. Mr. Rusk says he believes they will reach the top.

"We took the route followed by Dr. Cook on the east side of the mountain to Ruth glacier," he said. "On the route we saw abandoned camps and much of the scenery pictured in Dr. Cook's book. That far Dr. Cook's statements were correct. Further I would not say, but I do not believe he ascended the mountain to the top.

"I should not care to express an opinion as to whether Thomas Lloyd and the Fairbanks party succeeded in reaching the top, as our route was on the other side of the mountain."

NEW EVANGELISTIC CENTERS.

Committee Already Has 29—Will Open Seven More Next Week.

The Evangelistic Committee of New York City reports that it is providing for open-air, non-sectarian meetings in twenty-nine different locations, and that seven new centres will be opened next week. The committee furnishes music and some speakers, others being provided by outside organizations.

This co-operation is resulting in the definite training of young people for personal evangelistic work, to the satisfaction of the committee. Shops, hospitals, and prisons are visited, special meetings being held for young and old.

1,000 YOUNGSTERS IN JUBILEE PARADE

Queen Elizabeth II. in Coronation Float Heads Procession at Long Branch Carnival.

MANY PRETTY COSTUMES

Grotesque Attire Also Worn by Aspirants for Prizes—Baby Surles in Gold Cage with 11 Poodles.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 12.—Upward of 100,000 people smiled upon Queen Elizabeth II. this afternoon as she led to a successful conclusion Long Branch's second annual children's carnival. More than 1,000 youngsters took part in the carnival festivities. The ten divisions were formed at Ocean and Bath Avenues, and promptly at 3 o'clock the procession moved down the Ocean Drive, accompanied by two bands. Queen Elizabeth, occupying the coronation float with the members of her Court, headed the jubilee pageant. The various classes were judged opposite the grand stand.

Awards were made as follows:

Doll coaches in charge of Mrs. Fred Falkner, Chairman, aided by Mrs. O. A. Clark and Mrs. E. A. Megill. First prize, Elizabeth Catherine Warwick, chrysanthemum; second, Hilda Haagen, swan; third, Gwendolyn Nottage, snowball; fourth, Dorris Housel, daisies; fifth, Irene Henchman, coach of evergreen; sixth, Martha Body, trained nurse; seventh, Elsie Atchley, yellow chiffon; eighth, Helen Simmons, carnations; ninth, Pearl Mapes, Easter lily; tenth, Almy Cook, pink crêpe; eleventh, Maude Davis, white.

Go-carts, Mrs. Charles C. H. Clark, Chairman; Mrs. Harold Dennett and Mrs. C. H. C. Clark, Jr., assistants. First prize, Vera Eaton, aged 2 years and 3 months, pink and white roses; second, Eldon Presley, 1 year and 8 months, pink roses; third, Henry Juska, aged 17 months, cedar and tiger lilies; fourth, Helen Cocuzzo, 5 years, red and white crepe; fifth, Helen Banks, 2 years and 6 months, Japanese; sixth, Catherine Sherman, 2 years and 6 months, Chinese; seventh, Helen Wilkins, 2 years and 6 months, fairy; eighth, Catherine Companioni, aged 7 months, worth her weight in gold; ninth, Rosie Butinsky, aged 17 months, red, white, and blue.

Express Wagons—Mrs. William H. Slocum, Chairman; Mrs. J. T. Britton, Jr., assistant.—First prize, Merrill Wilson, pink and white; second, Mary A. Raville, Italian fruit girl; third, Florence Cleta, Beaks, bird in a gilded cage; fourth, John W. Baker, Jr., Speedway jockey; fifth, James Niles, Jr., on float representing New Steel Pier; sixth, Malcolm and Athold Edwards, pink and green; seventh, Joseph Bannon as "Farmer Joe"; eighth, Joseph and Max Waldman, the Village Blacksmiths; ninth, Gwendolyn Cass, fairy in pink roses; tenth, Phyllis Hood on the good ship Silvia.

Sunday Schools, Mrs. Charles Orcutt, Chairman; Mrs. C. L. Edwards, Miss Julia Ennis, and Miss Nellie True, assistants.—First prize, Constance Sperling; second, Antoinette Barrett; third, Lucretia R. Johnson; fourth, Louisa Parr; fifth, Minnie Cameron; sixth, Brent Orcutt; seventh, Louisa Edwards; eighth, Kenneth Emmons; ninth, Mildred Clark; tenth, Leonard Vandyke; eleventh, Edith Lowenstein.

Masquerade — Mrs. Leon Cubberley, Chairman; aids, Mrs. Carrie Farwick, Mrs. L. J. Cheetham, Miss Anna Tallman, and Mrs. Jessie Ennis. First prize, Sylvia Bernstein, Parisian model in hobble gown of white and red chiffon, with red and white parasol; second, Gladys Meadowhouse, bride; Buzzy Connors, bridegroom, and Billy Connors Cupid, with golden arrow; third, Marie Brunkhorst, yellow butterfly; fourth, Frank Sohl, clown; fifth, Jennie Wolf, Scotch girl; sixth, Freda Stout, daisy; seventh, Marlea Freeman, Chantecler girl in costume of red trimmed with egg shells; eighth, Louise Cox Vannote, flower girl; ninth, Victoria Oxley and Barrett Oxley in green silk; tenth, John Lawley, hod carrier; eleventh, Joseph Rosen, fat man.

Miscellaneous Division—Mrs. E. H. Laidley, Chairman; assistants, Mrs. D. Cohen and Miss Jennie Greenleaf. First prize, Clarence L. Mason, automobile decorated in National colors. Second, Alberta Fielder, carriage, decorated with white flowers. Third, Frederick Reihl, floral float. Virginia Oxley, flower girl.

Colored Children—Mrs. J. Sanderlin, Chairman. First prize, William Henry Riley-Springer, Peary Christina Springer, Laura Rebecca Springer, John Pulley Springer, and Marguerite Catherine Springer, the family in red. Second, Miss Mabel Gouch, pink roses. Third, Gladys Borrella, flower girl. Fourth, Maria Beach, girl in green. Fifth, Margaret Grafton, white roses. Sixth, Emma Smith, flower girl.

Floats, Mrs. P. A. Hull, Chairman. Assistants, Mrs. H. B. Shirk, Mrs. C. L. Hulitt, Miss Tinie Green, Miss Florence Fleet—First prize, William T. Donnelly, Jr., Elks. Float drawn by four ponies. The float was decorated in the colors of the order, purple and white, and supported a large pair of antler horns 200 years old. Second, canoe surrounded by water lilies and drawn by Robert Topping, Jack Topping, Howard Green, and Oliver Topping. Third, Dorothy and Edgar Patterson, the Pleasure Bay twins, aged 2 years. Fourth, Mildred Lemon, aged 3 years, whose head peered through a huge lemon resting on a float trimmed with lemon-colored paper and hung with the real fruit. Fifth, J. Hubbard Parker, Jr., contracting builder. Sixth, Ruth Huhn, tailor shop.

Baby Carriages, Mrs. C. H. C. Clark, Chairman.—First prize, Marion and Adelaide Stevens, tandem in pink; second, Miss Roberta Megill; third, Augusta T. Brown, swan; fourth, Dorothy Beegle, blue hydrangeas; fifth, Norman Decamp, carnations; sixth, Irving Davis, goldenrod; seventh, Pearl Wilson, aged 2 months, and David Jackson, aged 10 months.

Ponies and Pony Carts, C. H. C. Clark, Chairman.—First prize, Rosalie Hubbard as Goddess of Liberty; second, Priscilla Mitchell, riding pony and dressed as fairy; third, Anna Francis West, impersonating "Polly of the Circus"; fourth, Sidney Bernstein, representing George Washington; fifth, Vivian Johnson, Rough Rider; Madeline Wright, Goddess of Liberty; sixth, Mabel Wilson, Red Cross nurse; seventh, Estelle and David Canavan in coach decorated in pink; eighth, Lillian Reihl, pony; ninth, Mrs. E. E. Loyd, phaeton.

Equestrians, Richard R. Hughs, Chairman.—First prize, Marshall Trusttum, jockey in white and blue; second, Thomas Gifford, jockey in green and yellow; third, Mrs. Mary E. West, Rough Rider; fourth, Grace Jackson, with berth on a plow drawn by a horse ridden by Walter Jackson and Charles Jackson; fifth, Sydney Samuels, driving Chief to sulky trimmed in red; sixth, Master Charles Bishop Taber, driving three goats to miniature hose wagon, representing the Daly Hose Company; seventh, Raymond Hoagland Wyckoff.

A prize for the most original exhibit was awarded to Elizabeth Laura Surles, who appeared in a large gold cage with eleven poodles. The tot was dressed in pink silk, while the float was labeled "Baby Surles's Kennel." Pearl Jackson, who appeared in the go-cart division, won the award for the prettiest child. The long-distance prize went to Catherine Sherman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Sherman, who was born in Hankow, China, two and a half years ago and who appeared in Chinese dress.

Several hundred attended the complimentary ball to the Queen at the Ocean Park Casino to-night.

Lillian Russell to Rehearse New Play.

Lillian Russell will begin rehearsals of her new play, "In Search of a Sinner," by Charlotte Thompson, on next Monday at the Liberty Theatre under the stage direction of Herbert Gresham. Miss Russell's season will begin at Powers's Theatre, Chicago, on Sept. 19. Her supporting company will include Harry C. Browne, Lynn Pratt, Irving Cummings, Joseph Tuohy, John G. Brammall, Ed Warren, Victor Benoit, Olive Harper, Hattie Russell, Jessie Ralph, and Viola Leach.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will leave Garrison's shortly to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Symes Lehr at Newport. They will go by automobile should the weather permit.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney have closed their Newport season and are booked to sail to-day on the Amerika. They will return to this country early in October.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Rockefeller are at Saratoga Springs for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Huhn, Jr., are at Narragansett Pier for a stay of several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans R. Dick, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Willing, Jr., at their Summer home near Philadelphia, have returned to Garrison-on-Hudson.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar M. Phelps have left New Rochelle and are at Foxwood on Eagle Lake Road, Bar Harbor, for the rest of the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Minton (Miss Anita Ingersoll) are spending the week end as guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. Stanton Floyd-Jones at Seawan, their country place at Massapequa, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Rich Steers, who have been visiting at Southampton, L. I., have returned to Faircroft, their country home at Port Chester, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs are at Campo Bello, New Brunswick, Canada.

Miss Josephine La Tourette is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John N. Carpender at Hillcrest, New Brunswick, N. J.

Mrs. Richard Stevens is the guest of Mrs. Gordon Norrie at Newport for over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. George Card Pease are at Vergennes, Vt., for the rest of the Summer.

Mrs. William H. Young and William Henry Young, who are now in London, will return to America in the Fall and open their house at Tuxedo.

Park Benjamin and Romaine Benjamin, who spent the early Summer at Westhampton, L. I., returned to town Thursdays and are sailing for Europe to-day on the Amerika.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. S. Griswold are at Wyndhurst, Mass., where they are guests of Mrs. John Sloane.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver S. Lyford, Jr., have gone to Tupper Lake, N. Y., where they will remain till the middle of September.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

E. H. Graves, U. S Minister to Sweden, Sails To-Day on the Amerika.

Seven liners sail to-day for Europe with well filled cabins. Some of the passengers are:

CELTIC (Liverpool)—Mrs. Harold Brown, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Coffin, Douglas L. Doty, W. S. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. G. Herbert Jones, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Lamb, Mrs. A. A. Robinson, Dr. E. C. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer, Mrs. S. E. Sessions, and Henry Moir.

AMERIKA, (Hamburg)—Mrs. M. S. Morris, Miss A. Mathews, L. F. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Harry P. Whitney, Charles H. Graves, United States Minister to Sweden, and Mrs. Graves; Mr and Mrs John D. Little, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brady, Dr. Henry W. Frankenthal, W. E. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Peter G. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Willcox, E. E. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wade, and Manuel de la Verga Calderon, Secretary to the Argentine Legation in Cuba, and Mrs. Calderon.

MINNEAPOLIS (London)—Thomas W. Andrew, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. M. Chapman, Dr. and Mrs. G. E. Gavin, Miss N. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. William Owen, Miss Alice Murdock, Mrs. E. G. Shields, Mrs. H. L. Weber, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Withers, Mrs. E. M. Rockwood, and Gaillard Hunt.

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Clement L. Andrews, Miss C. B. Arnold, Mrs. E. A. Bates, Mrs. E. Barron, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Case, H. M. Colton, J. W. Daly, Miss Lee Edward, Miss Elizabeth Emmet, H. Foster, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Gale, H. G. Ward, B. R. Tillman, H. O. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wolfe, and J. B. F. Smith.

PRINZESS IRENE (Naples)—Park Benjamin, Dr. W. M. Butler, Miss Helen Boyd, Miss L. C. Boyd, Lawrence Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Sturgeon, Baroness Lise Wiedersperg, the Rev. Mother Ursula, Mrs. S. P. Dennett, and Mrs. Rosa I. Bolton.

NEW YORK (Southampton)—Thomas S. Carr, Miss E. Morgan, Col. M. M. Parker, Mrs. Parker, H. C. Pearson, William Tomlins, Claflin Wight, C. A. Simone, and Miss Simone.

FURNESSIA (Glasgow)—Mrs. Wesley Archer, Miss Martha Archer, Robert Dunn, John Hadley, Alexander M. Orr, Col. P. H. McNulty, Robert Glasgow, William G. Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Day, and Miss J. Brown.

GIRLS TRAPPED BY FIRE.

Saved by Fireman After $60,000 Blaze and Explosion That Burns Three.

Brooklyn firemen had a stubborn three-alarm fire to fight in the plant of the Coal Tar Product Company at 562 to 570 Smith Street, and two boiler factories adjoining yesterday afternoon. It started in a two-story extension in the rear of the coal tar building. Thomas Edwards of Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, Michael Burke of Fourteenth Street, and John Feeney of 204 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn, were pouring hot tar from a tank into barrels, when it overflowed and ran on to a tube of the boiler. The tube burst.

The explosion threw Burke and Feeney to the floor and hurled Edwards through an open door in the side of the building into an alley separating this part from the main building. Other employes carried the injured men to the street. Burke and Feeney were burned about the face, arms and chest and were removed to the Seney Hospital in charge of Dr. Grossel. Edwards was burned on the body. He was removed by Dr. Maggio to the Long Island College Hospital.

Firemen William H. Crouse and James Ward heard the screams of two women in the tar company's office. Crouse broke through a window and cut his hand in doing so. The young women were carried safely to the street through another window in the building. They gave their names as Miss Mabel Gray, living in DeKalb Avenue, near South Oxford Street, and Miss Emma Londlat of Sixth Street, near Fifth Avenue. Miss Gray lost her gold watch in the excitement.

The fire spread to the boiler factories of the Clonbock Boiler Company and the Marrin Climax Boiler Company. These buildings are located in the block bound by Smith, Court, Lorraine, and Bowen Streets. This section is in the heart of the factory district of Gowanus Canal. Bucket brigades were organized in other buildings around these structures to prevent the fire from spreading.

Flying sparks ignited the cornice of a four-story building at 577 Court Street. It was feared that the entire row of dwellings from 577 to 585 might be burned and Deputy Commissioner of Police Reynolds ordered the police to drive all the tenants out of the buildings to the streets. This blaze, however, caused only about $25 damage.

The damage caused by the main fire was estimated at $60,000.

SULZER FORESEES VICTORY.

Democrats Cannot Lose, He Says, If Leaders Show Judgment.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Congressman William Sulzer of New York, in a speech here to-night, declared that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law was a mockery and an imposition on the people. The tariff is a live issue of the coming campaign and will not down, the Congressman said. Regarding the coming Gubernatorial campaign Congressman Sulzer said:

"In my opinion the Democrats will carry New York next Fall. The scandalous revelations at Albany have put the Republicans on the defensive. If the Democratic leaders of the State will exercise a little good political judgment we cannot lose; but they do not seem to understand or want to understand the people, and sometimes do the wrong thing at the right time, so that the Republicans keep in power and their maladministration goes on."

GOLDBERG—BLOOM.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Frances Goldberg of Brooklyn and Henry Bloom of this city. The wedding will take place in the Fall.

CARRINGTON EXPOSES TRICKS OF MEDIUMS

Palladino's Manager Shows How They Fool the Public, but He Defends Her.

BELIEVES SHE'S HONEST

Slate Writing, Bell Ringing, Table Levitation, and Materialization Prove Easy When Explained.

Hereward Carrington, investigator of spiritualistic phenomena and American manager of Eusapia Palladino, gave what he called an "exposé" of the methods of mediums, concluding with a defense of Palladino yesterday afternoon in the Berkeley Theatre in West Forty-fourth Street.

The audience was treated to manifestations of the ordinary séance, including slate writing, bell ringing, table levitation, and finally a materialization, all of which manifestations he afterward explained.

Mrs. Carrington introduced the audience into the proper atmosphere by playing the piano, and the hall was darkened, the red curtains parted, and the stage was disclosed set for a séance. There was a table with a black cover, a black-curtained cabinet, and other paraphernalia scattered about.

Then Mr. Carrington appeared, and after a brief preamble, in which he explained that he had been investigating so-called spiritualistic phenomena for years, and with one exception had found them all frauds, commenced the business in hand. The stage was brightly lighted during the entire performance, with the exception of the final materialization.

First Mr. Carrington took an ordinary wax hand, made to resemble the human hand, with a cuff and part of the coat cut off just above the wrist. He placed this on a piece of glass supported by four tumblers on an ordinary table. He then retired to the further corner of the stage and asked the hand questions which could be answered by rappings. The hand tipped and rapped. The audience was mystified until Mr. Carrington explained that by means of a black thread from the cabinet to the hand of his assistant the hand, which was finely balanced, could be easily tipped.

A glass bell was rung by a somewhat similar contrivance. Mr. Carrington held the bell close to Daniel Frohman, who sat in a box, but that manager was unable to detect any trickery, although the bell was ringing at the time.

Used a Wooden Hand.

Mr. Carrington then placed a mandolin, a bell, and a tambourine on a table. He held a red handkerchief in front of these. Both of his hands seemed to be visible, holding the handkerchief, yet the bell was hurled over the top with great violence, the strings of the mandolin were twanged, and the tambourine was shaken.

All this was explained when Mr. Carrington exposed the back of the handkerchief. A wooden rod held in his left hand held the handkerchief in position, and at the other corner the simulated fingers of a wooden hand appeared. His right hand was free.

The next manifestation required assistants, and two of those in the audience went to the stage. Mr. Carrington said that he would perform a manifestation made famous by the Eddy brothers. He placed the three musical instruments in a chair in the corner. In front of these he placed three more chairs. Then he seated himself on one of the outside chairs with the two assistants in the other two chairs.

One assistant grasped the centre man's arm below the elbow with one hand and at the wrist with the other. Mr. Carrington said he would do the same with the other arm. Then the two assistants were blindfolded and a curtain was hung in front of them.

The centre man was asked to speak if any of the four hands released his arm. The instruments commenced dancing about merrily. The centre man, being asked, said that his arms still were grasped in four places. When the curtain was removed, however, it became obvious that one of Mr. Carrington's arms was free. He had gripped the assistant's arm in one place with a piece of flexible lead.

A large oak table placed in the centre of the room was raised three feet from the floor and then dropped. A smaller table even performed evolutions in the air guided by Mr. Carrington's hand. A delicate piece of wire was found connected to the table and twisted around one of the medium's fingers.

Tables Moved with Hook.

The larger table was moved first with hooks attached to the wrist and placed under the table while the hands were above, and later by hooks protruding from under his waistcoat.

In these table levitations Mr. Carrington was assisted by a confederate, as he explained mediums generally are. He said that with hooks protruding from the waistcoat supported by straps from over the shoulders that a table with a man on it could be lifted. Other methods, he said, were used by some mediums, but this was the most common.

The slate writing mystified the audience to some extent until Mr. Carrington explained. One trick of slate writing that was dazzling was too trivial to be interesting when shown up. The performer then sat at a table and materialized a baby's hand, which gradually rose over the top of the table. It was later discovered that this hand was attached to Mr. Carrington's foot.

In utter darkness Mr. Carrington then retired to a cabinet and materialized a Turk out of misty whiteness. The effect was startling until Mr. Carrington did the same thing with all the lights on. Then it seemed easy to do with a false mustache and a piece of cheese cloth covered with phosphorus.

At the end Mr. Carrington said that he had been able to explain all the phenomena performed by any mediums he had investigated until he met Eusapia Palladino.

"When I first examined her at five séances in Naples in 1908," he said, "I found myself able to explain some of the things she did by trickery, but other phenomena I could not explain, nor can I now. I thought the American public should see her, and I brought her over. I have always said that she will resort to trickery if she can, but if she is carefully watched she still performs the most marvelous acts, and some of these acts I can explain only on supernormal grounds."

COCAINE SYNDICATE FOUND.

One Seller of Drug Confesses and Gives Names of Associates.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—A systematic, secretly operated cocaine organization doing business on a large scale in Chicago has been discovered by Police Inspector Hunt through the confession of William Kahn, arrested on a charge of selling the drug.

Kahn admitted that he was one of the subordinates and gave the names of those operating the syndicate. Other arrests are expected, although this is difficult, because the law requires that the violator must be caught in the act of dispensing the drug.

"The Commuters" on the Stage.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 12.—"The Commuters," the latest comedy by James Forbes, author of "The Chorus Lady" and "The Traveling Salesman," was produced to-night at the Lyceum Theatre here before a large audience, composed chiefly of the New York Summer colony. The play was received with hearty laughter. In the cast were Orrin Johnson, Taylor Holmes, May De Sousa, George Soule Spencer, E. Y. Backus, John Cumberland, Georgie Lawrence, Maude Knowlton, Mrs. Pauline Duffield, Amy Lesser, and Lillian Thurgate.

Touring In Automobiles.

New Yorkers Arrive at Saratoga, Lenox, and Manchester.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 12.—Auto parties arriving at the Allyn House today were A. Rice and party, New York to Washington, (Pierce-Arrow;) G. Goodwin and wife, Boston to Philadelphia, (Pope-Hartford;) H. Baldwin and wife, Boston to Philadelphia, (Chalmers-Detroit;) E. Smith and daughter and maid, New York to White Mountains, (Packard;) Charles Gould and wife, New York to Boston, (Locomobile;) R. Capwell and family, Boston to New York, (Mitchell;) G. Whitney and wife, New York to Berkshires, (Packard;) L. Butler and family, New York to Boston, (Rambler;) A. Preston and wife, Philadelphia to New York, (Autocar;) F. Nichols and party, New York to Boston, (White Steamer;) C. Perse and wife, New York to Pittsburg, (Packard.)

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 12.—New Yorkers arriving in automobiles at the Ten Eyck to-day were Mr. and Mrs. William T. Hinckes and Mary and Julia Hinckes, (Marion;) Mr. and Mrs. John N. Luning and Miss Margaret Cainfield, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Holleshelmer, and Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Farrell, (Mathewson,) J. R. Dewett, Ovis Pardee, and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stein, (Oldsmobile,) and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Caines, (Lozier.)

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 12.—New Yorkers arriving at the United States Hotel by automobile to-day were Mr. and Mrs. Ford Miller, Stewart H. Elliott and wife, Reed Haviland and wife, Mrs. John Tyson, Frank Matthews, (Thomas;) D. W. H. Kneil and wife, A. D. Kelages and wife and child, (Flat;) J. P. Stanley and wife, J. Blume and wife, Hiram Johnson and wife, (Pope-Toledo;) Halsey W. Kent, Sr., and wife, James Williams and wife, Brooke Beale and wife, (Peerless;) O. W. Sherman and wife, George Overocker and wife, Thomas MacPherson, Miss Frances McCombs, (Stevens-Duryea;) E. A. Horter, Arthur Snow, Esq., George L. Grey and wife, (Peerless;) Amer D. Gildersleeve and wife, Harold R. Weyant and wife, (Pope-Hartford;) T. H. Pratt and children, George Fink, Arthur G. Cook, (Pierce Arrow;) L. V. T. Trask and wife, Dr. C. K. Deyo and wife, (Peerless;) Thomas L. Reynolds and wife, Charles B. Reynolds and wife, Oscar T. Cossin and wife, (Pierce-Arrow;) Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dugan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gannon, (Pierce-Arrow;) Mr. and Mrs. J. MacCaldwell and child, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ford, Miss Hazel Ford, Eugene Ford and child, (Pierce-Arrow;) Mr. and Mrs. McGuennis, Miss Elizabeth Mahoney, Miss Beatrice Sweeney, (Peerless;) Otis J. Nicolaus, Adolph B. MacGennis, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Potter, (Peerless;) J. H. Norris, James A. Foley, Horatio L. Mason, Mattie Follingwood, (Stoddard-Dayton;) Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jennison, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jennison, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John L. Kaul, Elbert Jennison, H. W. Vandergast, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. J. James Bridges, Messrs. Sussesez and Geddes, (Stoddard-Dayton;) Mr. and Mrs. H. McConey, Mr. and Mrs. K. L. Rogers, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. George W. Noyes, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Walters, Mr and Mrs. C. H. Ehrenfeld, (Pierce-Arrow;) E. C. Curdy, Walter Norris, John Tenney, (Flat.)

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 12.—New York arrivals at the Mohican House in automobiles to-day were Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Naylor, Miss Naylor, Walter Naylor, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kenyon, (Pierce-Arrow;) Mr. and Mrs. Clark Wittwicke, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs C. Luebeke and daughter, Mrs. S. Walker, (Buick;) Mrs. Alexander Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Crane, third, (Pullman;) Mrs. John Mitchell, Miss C. Mitchell, Miss D. Mitchell, (Stevens-Duryea;) Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Morse, (Stearns;) Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McGovern, (Panhard;) Miss June Bridges and party, (Overland.)

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Aug. 12.—Auto parties arriving at the Curtis to-day were Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Burton, New York to White Mountains, (Simplex;) Mr. and Mrs. V. J. McCabe and Miss McCabe, Brooklyn to Manchester, Vt., (Pierce-Arrow.)

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 12.—New York auto parties arriving at the Equinox House to-day were Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Lawrence, Mrs. J. S. Bates, (Pierce;) D. B. Griffin, A. P. Palmer, Howard Smithers, (Palmer-Singer;) Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Auerbach, (Simplex;) Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pauli, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ide, (Studebaker;) Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Burr, (Thomas;) Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Smith of Brooklyn, (Franklin.)

NEW THEATRE FOR BOSTON.

Liebler & Co. Said to Have Made Twenty Years' Lease.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 12.—Contracts hae been signed for the purchase of the estate, 129 to 145 Eliot Street, of Ralph B. Williams by Amory Eliot and another, trustees. The estate has a frontage in Eliot Street of 102 feet and runs through to Van Rensselaer Place, 150 feet, and contains 15,640 square feet.

The trustees propose to build a modern theatre, and a twenty-year lease has been agreed upon with Liebler & Co. of New York. Fred Wright is to be the Boston manager for the Lieblers. Plans for the theatre have been drawn by Clarence H. Blackall of Boston, who designed the Columbia, Bowdoin Square, and Colonial Theatres, and it will be one of the best in the city. The amount involved is not far from $500,000. The negotiations were made by Alex S. Porter.

The portion of the estate to be occupied as a theatre has been in the Williams family since 1864.

No verification of the story that Liebler & Co. had leased the new theatre to be built in Boston could be obtained last night. None of the Liebler people could be found, but J. J. Shubert, whose firm is associated with the Lieblers, said that he had heard nothing of the new theatre.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The name of the new play which Avery Hopwood has written for Blanche Bates was announced yesterday at the Belasco offices. It is "Nobody's Widow."

Two recent engagements for Dustin Farnum's company in "Cameo Kirby" are Mary Elizabeth Forbes, who is to play Adele Randall, and Larkin Bunce, who will have the part of the gambler.

Cyril Ring, a younger brother of Blanche, Frances, and Julie Ring, is to make his first appearance on the stage as a member of Blanche Ring's company in "The Yankee Girl," opening on Aug. 29. He was prepared for Harvard, and has passed his preliminary examinations for entering the university, but he has now decided to follow the footsteps of the rest of his family.

Edith Taliaferro, who is to play the role of Rebecca in Klaw & Erlanger's production of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" at the Liberty Theatre in October, is spending the Summer at the home of the play's author, Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin, at Quilcote, near Hollis, Me. The scenes of the play are laid in and about this village.

A dress rehearsal of "Miss Patsy," the first of Henry W. Savage's productions listed for New York, was given at the Maxine Elliott Theatre yesterday afternoon before an invited audience. The piece will open in Atlantic City Monday night, and will come to Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street Theatre on Sept. 5. In the cast will be Gertrude Quinlan, Florence Nash, Adeline Dunlap, Maude Earle, Dorothy Tennant, Ione Bright, Laurance Wheat, Dan Mason, and Hardee Kirkland.

Rehearsals of "The Upstart," by Tom Barry, which is to be the opening attraction at Maxine Elliott's Theatre on Sept. 1, will begin to-day under the management of Bertram Harrison. The cast will include John Westley, Jane Cowl, George Woodward, Francis Byrne, Malcolm Dunn, Daniel Pennell, and Grace Cowan.

It was definitely announced by William A. Brady last night that Grace George would appear in the principal role in "Baby Mine," which is to open at Daly's Theatre next Thursday night. Although Miss George had been rehearsing the part, she had not positively agreed to play it until yesterday.

George Ade has delivered the scenario of a new comedy intended for William H. Crane, and has promised Charles Frohman that he will supply the play in time for production before the holidays. The piece is to be called "U. S. Minister Jackson," and Mr. Crane will have the part of the United States representative at a small South American republic.

INDIANS WOULD PAY $5,000,000 IN FEES

Scott Tells Congress Committee How He Got Contracts for McMurray.

WANTED THE LANDS SOLD

Feared That Thousands of Indians Now Excluded from the Rolls Would Be Admitted.

SULPHUR, Oklahoma, Aug. 12.—Lawyers' expense accounts running as high as $300,000, a single fee already paid amounting to $750,000, and contingent fees still pending that would aggregate about $5,000,000, figured in the investigation today of the Indian land affairs by the special committee appointed by the House of Representatives.

It was pointed out that the Indians never had obtained money due them without having to pay large fees, and, although they employed lawyers on yearly salaries, extra fees were constantly paid for special counsel. The special fee of $750,000 was paid several years ago to J. F. McMurray and his law partners after they had prosecuted what are known as the "citizenship cases," which, it was stated, kept off the rolls 32,000 persons who wanted to participate in the claims against the Government.

By the winning of this suit, it was explained, the value of the property to the Indians who remained on the rolls was enhanced $16,000,000. The sale of the property and the division of the proceeds is still being fought for by the Indians.

This testimony developed in the examination of George F. Scott, a Choctaw. Scott was active in getting signatures for the McMurray contracts to promote the approval of which by Congress, Senator Gore charges that on May 6 last a bribe of $25,000 or $50,000 was offered to him.

McMurray's contracts, Scott testified, if carried out in their entirety would dispose of about $50,000,000 worth of property, which on a 10 per cent. attorneys' fee basis, would result in a net profit to McMurray and his associates of $5,000,000. This fee, according to Senator Gore and members of the committee who interrogated the witnesses, would be paid for services that the Government had already promised to give the Indians without cost. Scott also showed in his testimony that the cost of employing McMurray would be in addition to $30,000 now paid annually to regular attorneys. Scott appeared after his name frequently had been mentioned by previous witnesses.

It was he who testified he had sent telegrams to Washington, urging the approval of the contracts. He had been working for McMurray without any written or verbal agreement, he said, as to sharing in the fee, and had induced many Indians to sign. He worked in this respect among the Indians despite the opposition of Green McCurtain, chief of 18,000 Choctaws.

In one telegram to Richard Adams, an attorney at Washington, he referred to Vice President Sherman and Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas as "understanding better than anyone else what the Indians wanted."

"Both Mr. Sherman and Mr. Curtis," said Scott, "long were identified with Indian affairs, and once we believed they knew more about us than did our Congressmen."

"Was that the only reason for your referring to Mr. Sherman and Mr. Curtis?"

"Yes, we had absolute confidence in their ability to deal with Indian affairs."

Scott denied he ever had received any financial aid from McMurray. He insisted his interest in the contracts was based only on his anxiety to get the lands sold.

He told of inducing the Indians to send telegrams to Washington urging the prompt sale of the land in May last.

"One reason why the Indians were willing to pay a big fee," Scott said, "was that they were afraid the Government would reopen the rolls and take in 10,000 more Indians, now excluded from sharing in the proceeds." Scott said he believed the Indians would give 25 per cent. attorneys' fees if they could sell at once.

As Treasurer of the Choctaw Nation, Scott said, he had charge of payment of warrants. He said it was customary first to pay the warants of his friends and then hold up those who were not his friends.

Scott admitted his management of the financial affairs of the Indians was subject of complaint at Washington, and the Secretary of the Interior finally took the payment of warrants out of his hands.

Train Killed Unidentified Woman.

A train bound from Far Rockaway, L. I., for New York last night ran down and killed an unidentified young woman at the Alexander Avenue crossing in Arverne, L. I. The entire train of five cars passed over the body before it could be brought to a halt. The victim was a woman of about 30 years old, dressed in white shirtwaist and dark skirt of good material. She had two diamond rings on her left hand.

Prof. Bashford Returns.

Prof. Bashford, Dean of Columbia University, who has been in Europe for two months, returned yesterday on the Cunard liner Lusitania.

Rev. Francis J. Clay Moran.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST HAMPTON BEACH, L. I., Aug. 12.—The Rev. Francis J. Clay Moran died suddenly here to-day. He was a Summer resident. He was born in England in 1837. He was a minister of the Episcopal Church, and at one time had a church in Paris, and also one in Pennsylvania. He was for many years connected with the Board of Education in New York City, and was a lecturer in the public schools. He was active in Church Alliance work. He conducted services on Sunday here for several years.

Judge M. C. Saufley Found Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 12.—Michael Christman Saufley, Judge of the Thirteenth Kentucky District Court and former Associate Justice of the Wyoming Territorial Supreme Court, was found dead in the stable of his home at Stanford, Ky., this morning. He was 68 years old and one of the most distinguished lawyers of the State. He was appointed to the Wyoming court by President Cleveland in 1888, two years before the admission of that Territory as a State.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM F. NYE, a prominent Spiritualist, died at his home in Fair Haven, Mass., yesterday, aged 86 years.

GEORGE P. FIELD, former President of the Boston Board of Fire Underwriters and one of the best-known fire insurance underwriters in the country, died in Boston yesterday. He was the senior member of the insurance firm of Field & Cowles. Mr. Field was born at Searsmont, Me., in 1844.

CHARLES E. SMITH, a hotel manager, who was for a time manager of the Atlantic Yacht Club, is dead at his home, 739 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, of paralysis, in his forty-first year.

Mrs. LOUISE C. HOWELL, author and musician, is dead at her home, 17 Webster Avenue, Parkville, L. I. She was the daughter of Martin Rosienkiewicz, a Polish nobleman.

HENRY WINTERS died at his home in Washington, N. J., yesterday of heart disease. He was 80 years old and was Sheriff of Washington forty years ago. Mr. Winters is survived by a widow and one daughter.

ANDREW M. WILSON, confidential secretary to George C. Boldt, Waldorf-Astoria, died suddenly yesterday at Yarker, Ontario, after an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Wilson was twenty-five years old. He was born in Newburg, Ontario, and had been Mr. Boldt's secretary five years.

HENRY McDOUGALL of McDougall & Potter Company, iron works, Manhattan, died suddenly at his home at Bogota, N. J., yesterday, following a stroke of apoplexy. He was 75 years old, and leaves three adult daughters. Mr. McDougall had lived in Bogota nineteen years, and was one of the first Councilmen of the borough. His firm built the iron supports for the Brooklyn Bridge.

FREDERICK BARTLETT GODDARD, who was with R. G. Dun & Co.'s commercial agency for nearly a quarter of a century, died yesterday at his home in Upper Montclair, N. J., after a long illness, in his seventy-seventh year. He was the author of several books on financial questions, and retired from active business five years ago after the death of his wife, who was Miss Jane Mason of Rhode Island.

NO DELAY IN SNEAD CASE.

Miss Wardlaw's Death Not to Defer Prosecution of Her Sisters.

Sympathy awakened for Mrs. Caroline B. Martin and Mrs. Mary W. Snead on account of the somewhat tragic death of Miss Wardlaw, their sister, will not be allowed to interfere with their trial. While people of every class in Newark were regretting yesterday that the sisters had not been permitted to see Miss Wardlaw before she died, Louis Hood, the special counsel associated with Prosecutor Mott, went steadily on with the preparation of his case, feeling confident that he would connect the prisoners with the death of Ocey M. Snead.

Nothing except the continued illness of Mr. Mott himself would bring about another postponement, which is set for Sept. 21, Mr. Hood said.

It was asserted that the only hope for Mrs. Martin to escapt trial lay in the decision of a Commission of Lunacy that she is irresponsible. It was made known yesterday that some of those interested in her defense have become convinced that her mind is unbalanced and have tried to convince her that her own welfare demanded that she submit to a Lunacy Commission. While entertaining at the very time what seemed to them all manner of vagaries, the lawyers assert, she has fought off every suggestion of the kind. The jail officials freely say that she is one of the strangest characters they have seen.

William H. McKenzie, the Essex County (N. J.) physician, who made an autopsy yesterday afternoon, said at its conclusion that Miss Wardlaw died of congestion of the lungs. This, he said, was directly traceable to the degeneration of the vital organs through lack of nourishment. Whether she had denied herself food with suicidal intent or in the last stages of her trouble was unable to take it, he said, no one could determine. He found that for some days before her death she had eaten practically nothing.

Franklin W. Fort, son of the New Jersey Governor, who had been Miss Wardlaw's counsel up to a few weeks ago, declared last night that the talk of suicide in her case was absurd. He had withdrawn from her case, but remained her friend, he said, and was at her bedside when she died.

All along Mr. Fort has asserted that she was never in any danger of conviction. He said yesterday that both as a man and a lawyer he was positive Miss Wardlaw was not responsible for her niece's death. All the evidence which the police and Prosecutor Mott obtained against her he could have explained, he said. He had intended as her best defense, he declared, to put her on the stand and let her tell a jury of her movements on the day of Ocey Snead's death and the days previous.

As Mrs. Martin and Mrs. Snead had yet to be tried, and as he had once been their attorney, he did not feel free to make public what his client had told him. He could only say that she was innocent and incapable of such a crime.

The death of Miss Wardlaw has served to widen the breach between her friends and those of Mrs. Martin. Miss Wardlaw had stanch supporters who say she has for years been a shield for Mrs. Martin, and that she owes all the trouble which came upon her in late years to her strong-minded sister.

BARRYMORE STILL UNWED.

Actor Says Marriage Is Several Weeks Off—Mr. Harris Says He's Helpless.

Sydney Harris, the father of Katherine Corri Harris, who, it is announced, will marry John Barrymore in the course of the month, arrived in New York yesterday on the Provence.

It had been reported that Mr. Harris was very much opposed to the marriage, and that he was hurrying to New York from Paris to prevent it, and it was rumored that the couple would be married before his arrival to prevent his interference.

The getting of the marriage license on Thursday lent color to this rumor. However, John Barrymore again said last night that he was not married yet, and that the marriage would not take place for several weeks.

Mr. Harris said that he had not returned to this country on account of the proposed marriage of his daughter, but on business. He admitted that the subject was a painful one with him and that he did not care to discuss it.

"Do you intend to stop the wedding?" was asked.

"In this State," he said, "a girl has a right to do as she wishes after she has arrived at a legal age. They have obtained the license and nothing can be done to prevent them from getting married if they desire to."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

DICKINSON—MITCHELL.—Charles H. Dickinson and Nannie Cecil Mitchell, on Tuesday, Aug. 9, 1910, by the Rev. James B. Wasson.

MELLIDAY—CARLETON.—Aug. 11, Elizabeth F. Carleton to John F. Melliday.

Brooklyn.

McDERMOTT—FLANNERY.—Aug. 10, Maud L. Flannery to William J. McDermott.

Long Island.

LATTIMIER—WOLF.—Aug. 10, Bellmore, Emma E. Wolf to Arthur Lattimier.

Died.

BERWANGER.—At her residence in Far Rockaway, L. I., on Friday, Aug. 12, 1910, Bertha, widow of Benjamin Berwanger, dearly beloved mother of Mrs. E. L. Blimline, Mrs. Berthold Schroeder, Florence, Minnie, William, and Albert Berwanger. Interment at Baltimore Sunday, Aug. 14.

CARLETON.—Aug. 10, Howard Carleton, son of Horace M. and Carrie W., at Saranac Lake, N. Y. Funeral private.

GODDARD.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., after a prolonged illness, Frederick Bartlett Goddard, on Friday, Aug. 12, aged 76. Funeral Sunday, Aug. 14, at 2 P. M., at the residence of Richard Goddard, 9 North View Av., Upper Montclair, N. J. Kindly omit flowers. Erie train leaves Terminal Building, New York City, 12:45 P. M.

HOYT.—In Brussels, Belgium, Aug. 11, Margaretta Abigail Dutcher, wife of Frank Rogers Hoyt of Watkins, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HUMPHREY.—On Aug. 12, Charles Humphrey. Funeral services from the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Co., 8th Av. and 19th St. Notice of time hereafter.

IRELAND.—On Thursday, Aug. 11, 1910, Cornelia Lynds Ireland, beloved daughter of Mary de F. and the late Joseph Ireland. Funeral services at her late residence, 482 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Monday, Aug. 15, at 11:30 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

JACKSON.—At Jericho, N. Y., on Wednesday, 4th day, 8th month, 10th, 1910, Sidney W. Jackson, aged 72 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Jericho, L. I., on Sunday, 1st day, 8th month, 14th, 1910, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will be at Hicksville on arrival of train leaving Flatbush Av. Station at 1:11 P. M.

LEVY.—Aug. 12, at 12 midnight, Wolf Levy, 32 West 112th St., aged 71 years. Funeral at 11 A. M. Sunday.

LENG.—Suddenly, on Friday, Aug. 12, 1910, John Voorhis Leng, in his 25th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Brooks Av., West New Brighton, S. I., on Sunday, Aug. 14, at 2 P. M.

LYMAN.—At Bad-Nauheim, Germany, on Tuesday, Aug. 9, 1910, in his seventy-first year, Samuel Hinckley Lyman of New York, eldest son of Joseph and Mary Clark Lyman, formerly of Englewood, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter. Englewood and North Hampton papers please copy.

TAFF.—At her residence, 40 East Park St., East Orange, N. J., on Aug. 11, 1910, Edith Maria, wife of Alfred Taff. Funeral services will be held at Grace Episcopal Church, Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 14, at 2:30 P. M.

WERLEMANN.—Suddenly, Aug. 11, 1910, Henri Werlemann of Brooklyn, N. Y., beloved husband of Marie Therese, (nee Lamarche,) in his 55th year. Funeral private.

WEST.—Aug. 10, George West. Refer to FRANK E. CAMPBELL—THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St.

BLAKE.—Mabel G., 123 East 86th St., Aug. 10.

BRADY.—Ellen, 306 West 126th St., Aug. 11. Funeral private.

GALLAGHER.—Mamie, 438 West 52d St., Aug. 11. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HIRSCH.—Regina, 441 East 74th St., Aug. 10, aged 71.

KREBS.—Louis, 515 West 147th St., Aug. 11, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

LEDWITH.—John J., 366 7th Av., Aug. 10, aged 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LOEFFELHOLZ.—Julia, 144 West 111th St., Aug. 10.

McGRAW.—Frank, 151 8th Av., Aug. 11, aged 19. Funeral service to-day.

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A gun that, its inventor says, can shoot 1,000,000 bullets an hour at a cost of $20; that uses neither powder nor compressed air, and that fires bullets that do not require shells, was shot for the enlightenment of a delegation of New York reporters yesterday afternoon. The reporters saw the gun shoot, but they were not permitted to see that part of the gun out of which the little steel bullets came with such rapidity.

A Swiss named Bangerter was introduced as the inventor, and the press agent who staged the exhibition stated that Bangerter, who used to make watches, will "go down in history alongside such geniuses as Thomas Edison, Eli Whitney, and John Ericson."

The exhibition was on the third floor of the building at 79 Broad Street, Stapleton, S. I. In a little room adjoining that in which were placed the reporters was the gun. There were targets made of a series of big boards arranged in box fashion, each plank about a foot behind the one in front of it. There were four boards in each target.

At 4 P. M. the shooting began. The first of the targets was dragged into position. A moment later the motor started up. Then the bullets started to fly. They riddled the target into a pile of splinters a foot high, and they did it in less than a minute. All in all, it was estimated that no less than 15,000 bullets pierced the target. Not only the first of the big boards was riddled into a shapeless mass, but each of the other three as well. There was hardly enough left of the target to make a dozen decent-sized safety matches.

The reporters were permitted then to enter the gun room. They saw a motor from the wheel of which a belt was operated. The belt connected the motor with another wheel which was a part of the mechanism on the top of which was the oilcloth-covered weapon out of which the bullets came. They also saw the little buckets, on either side of the gun, into which the bullets are poured as they are needed. The reporters asked to see the gun in operation. Mr. Bangerter ordered another target swung into position. There was another whirl and a second storm of bullets struck the target. The fusillade lasted about ten seconds. Again was the target demolished.

But Mr. Bangerter and his associates refused to say anything about what was under the oilcloth in the little gun room.

Died.

MERRITT.—Annie, 319 East 10th St., Aug. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

MORRIS.—Mary, 211 West 10th St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

RAU.—Heinrich, 425 East 82d St., Aug. 10, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SCOTT.—James, 159 East 91st St., Aug. 10.

SWEENEY.—Patrick, 23 West 131st St., Aug. 11. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BRINKMAN.—Charles H., 176 Bergen St., Aug. 11, agd 46. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

CASEY.—Cornelius, 199 Hewes St., Aug. 11. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DOWD.—Peter R., 380 Grand St., Aug. 11, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

ECKERT.—John, 629 57th St., Aug. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HALEY.—John E., Jr., 618 44th St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day.

HALLIGAN.—Michael, 146 Huntington St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HAYNES.—Frederick H., 799 Greene Av., Aug. 11.

KREBS.—Rosie, 246 Fairview Av., Aug. 9.

LESEMAN.—August F., 1,217 Hancock St., Aug. 11, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

McBRIDE.—John F., 2,915 Fort Hamilton Av., Aug. 11, aged 21. Funeral to-morrow.

McMULLEN.—Thomas, 166 Butler St., Aug. 10, aged 41.

MEAGHER.—Michael, 289 3d Av., Aug. 11, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

NUGENT.—Mary T., 205 Division Av., Aug. 12. Funeral Aug. 15.

REED.—Howard C., 163 Lefferts Place, Aug. 12, aged 56.

RUSSELL.—Patrick J., 13 Orient Av., Aug. 11. Funeral Aug. 15.

STEIN.—Paul C., 116 Bergen St., Aug. 11, aged 27. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

THIEL.—Mary, Ford St., Sheepshead Bay, Aug. 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

THISTLE.—James R., 39 Douglass St., Aug. 10. Funeral to-day.

Long Island.

AITKIN.—Carolyn F., Greenport, Aug. 11. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

FOWLEY.—Marion, Valley Stream, Aug. 11. Funeral Aug. 15, 10:30 A. M.

MOONEY.—Martha W., Douglaston, Aug. 11, aged 57. Funeral to-day.

SKERRITT.—Edward J., Rosedale, Aug. 11, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

New Jersey.

BROHEL.—Edmund W., River Edge, Aug. 10, aged 3.

McDOUGALL.—Henry, Bogota, Aug. 11, aged 73. Funeral private.

MALLEN.—Ethel, Carlstadt, Aug. 11, aged 3. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

POWERS.—Josephine, Bound Brook, Aug. 10, aged 80. Funeral private.

New York State.

BRIXNER.—Frederick, White Plains, Aug. 10, aged 72.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Strong and More Active —Call Money Rates, 1@ 1¾ Per Cent.

HARRIMAN ISSUES FEATURES

Sharp Rise Follows Favorable Earnings Statements—Short Covering General —Banks Gain Cash on the Week.

Short covering accounted for the rise of 1 to 2 points in a score of active stocks yesterday. Following the reactionary tendency of prices for several days, a moderate amount of fresh buying, particularly of the Harriman issues, which were helped, of course, by the excellent earnings statements submitted on Thursday, served to reveal the fact that the market was rather bare of stocks and the disclosure prompted the shorts to cover commitments, especially in those shares which responded most readily to the buying mentioned. There was very little increase in the volume of business, but the rise in prices was persistent, receiving its only check in the last half hour of trading when profit taking became general. The recessions in this period, however, were confined to fractions of the earlier gains.

In a news way the day was rather barren. Outside of routine reports of earnings by some of the smaller roads the only matter to attract interest was the evidence of a substantial increase in the export movement of wheat. The shipment of a full cargo from Baltimore for France was announced and Chicago reported that heavy buying had been under way in that city by German interests. So far there has been very little reflection in the foreign exchange market of the growing export movement, for wheat bills have been coming forward in no more than normal volume. It is obvious nevertheless that the coincidence of somewhat short crops abroad and a determined effort on the part of the Western banks to force grain to market as speedily as possible must lead to early and substantial exports. It is estimated that on the showing of the Government's report there will be at least 57,000,000 bushels of wheat for export purposes, and the shorter crops abroad appear to promise a ready market for the supply.

For the first time in the present season the currency movements for the week point to a turn in the money tide. According to preliminary estimates for the present week receipts from the interior are at least $4,000,000 under those for last week, and shipments are considerably in excess of the outflow for the same period. It has been the subject of considerable comment in banking circles that the outward movement has been so long delayed in view of the loaned-up condition which was supposed to exist at interior cities. Chicago is now beginning to experience the first real demand from the Southwest, and within a short time the burden of supplying funds for the general movement of the stocks must fall upon our own banks. This week, however, local institutions have gained from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000 in cash, the probabilities being that the actual bank statement to-day will report the larger amount, owing to the late arrivals of gold from the other side. What the loan account will show is more problematical although the failure of this item to conform to the recent stock market liquidation suggests the possibility of belated correction in this respect to-day. Foreign exchange rates rose sharply, but it is generally understood that the advance will in no wise interfere with the plans of our bankers to procure a good share of the South African gold which will reach London on Monday.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Iowa Central Railway for annual meeting.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Havana Electric Railway on common and preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 1@1¾ per cent., with the last loan at 1¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3 per cent. for sixty days, 3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 4¼@4½ per cent. for four months, and 4¾@5 per cent. for five months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@5¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2 5-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Berlin, 3⅜ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $246,327,738; balances, $11,815,604; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,071,628.

The local banks gained $289,300 on their week's Sub-Treasury operations.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8565@$4.8575, sixty days at $4.8325@$4.8350, and cables at $4.8585@$4.8595.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ less 5-64@5.18¾ less 1-64 for cables, and 5.19⅜ plus 1-64@5.18¾ less 3-64 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95 less 1-64@95 plus 1-32 for cables, and 94 15-16 plus 1-64@95 for sight.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 20c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount @ par; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Montreal, 31c discount; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 24 9-16d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 53⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44c.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Subway stock continued active on the local Exchange. The buying was of the same character as heretofore this week, but the orders were split up into smaller size, thus giving the impression of a widening interest in the trading. From 4⅝ the price rose to 5, reacted to 4¾, then strengthened again to 5¼. Chicago Railways Series 2 was again active, losing the advance of yesterday. Swift shares held steady on moderate trading.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	American Can	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
28	American Can pf	67⅛	66½	67⅛
35	Booth Fisheries	35	35	35
460	Booth Fisheries pf	62¼	60	62¼
10	Chi. Pneu. Tool	35	35	35
50	Chi. Rys., Series 1	70	70	70
369	Chi. Rys., Series 2	16½	16	16
575	Chicago Subway	5¼	4⅝	5¼
1	Chicago Telephone	118½	118½	118½
52	Com. Edison	111⅛	111	111
41	Diamond Match	89½	89	89¼
20	Illinois Brick	59½	59½	59½
100	McCrum-Howell	52	52	52
110	McCrum-Howell pf	96	95½	96
125	People's Gas	106	105½	106
125	National Biscuit	104	103¾	104
180	Sears-Roebuck	155	154¼	155
10	Street's Stable Car	7½	7½	7½
111	Swift & Co.	102½	102¼	102⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chi. City Rys. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1,000	Chi. Edison 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	Com. Edison 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
8,000	So. Side Elev. 4½s	92	92	92

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Aug. 12, 1910 482,840
From Jan. 1, 1910 116,239,144
Corresponding period last year 122,176,293

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
66⅝	66⅝	25,300	Amalgamated Cop.	65¼	66¾	65½	66¼	+1¼
43	43½	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	43	43½	43	43½	+½
34¾	34⅞	700	Am. Beet Sugar	34¾	34¾	34⅝	34¾	+⅝
122½	125	175	Am. Brake S. & Fy. pf.	124¾	124¾	124¾	124¾	+1¼
8½	8⅝	500	Am. Can	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	+⅛
67¼	68	300	Am. Can pf.	66¾	67⅞	66¼	67⅞	+⅞
47	47¾	800	Am. Car & Foundry	47	47⅞	46¾	47⅞	+⅝
59	60	500	Am. Cotton Oil	59¾	60	59½	60	+½
26½	27½	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	27	27	27	27	...
21	22	500	Am. Ice Securities	21	21¼	21	21¼	+1
31½	32½	300	Am. Linseed pf.	32	32½	32	32½	+½
37¼	37½	200	Am. Locomotive	37	37	37	37	+½
65¼	65½	43,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	65¼	66⅛	64⅞	65½	−¼
101½	102	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	101	101½	101	101½	−½
120⅞	121	1,500	Am. Sugar Refining	119	120¾	119	120¾	+1¾
118¼	119	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	+1⅞
132⅞	133	750	Am. Tel. & Tel.	133	133¼	133	133¼	+½
92⅜	92½	200	Am. Tobacco pf.	92¼	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	+⅜
95	96	275	Am. Woolen pf.	95	95	95	95	+⅞
40¾	40⅞	1,300	Anaconda Cop. Mon.	40	40¾	40	40¾	+1¼
98⅞	99	6,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	98¼	99¼	98	99	+1⅜
99¼	100⅛	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	+⅛
111½	112½	2,050	Atlantic Coast Line	110⅜	112	110¾	112	+1½
108⅛	108⅜	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio	107⅞	108½	107⅞	108⅛	+¼
..	..	3	Bank of Commerce	196	196	196	196	...
25	26	400	Bethlehem Steel	25	25¾	25	25¾	+1¼
52	53	400	Bethlehem Steel pf.	51½	53	51½	53	+1¼
76¾	77	11,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	76	77⅞	75⅝	76¾	+1⅜
131	133	320	Brooklyn Union Gas	132	133	132	132½	...
28¼	30	100	Butterick Co.	29½	29½	29½	29½	−1½
192⅝	193¼	1,825	Canadian Pacific	191¼	193	191¼	193	+3½
..	..	100	Can. Pac. cfs. 4th pd.	188	188	188	188	+6
34¼	34½	500	Central Leather Co.	33⅞	34	33⅞	34	+¾
73⅞	74	6,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	73⅞	74¼	73⅞	74	+1½
24¼	24½	500	Chicago Gt. Western	23⅞	24⅜	23⅞	24⅜	+⅞
45¼	45½	800	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	45	45½	45	45½	+1¼
124⅝	124¾	4,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	124⅛	125	123⅝	124⅝	+1⅛
147½	149¼	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	147½	147⅞	147½	147⅞	+⅝
144¾	145	1,300	Chi. & Northwestern	144¾	145	144¾	145	+⅛
29¾	30	700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	30	30	29½	29½	+¼
52	53	100	Colorado & Southern	53	53	53	53	...
6	6½	200	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	5¾	6	5¾	6	...
..	..	100	Comstock Tunnel	*26	26	26	26	+1¾
130¼	130½	4,900	Consoliated Gas	128¾	130½	128¾	130¼	+⅛
13⅜	14¼	100	Corn Products Ref.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+⅞
160¼	161	600	Delaware & Hudson	160⅛	161¼	160⅛	161¼	+¾
30⅜	31	1,300	Denver & Rio Grande	30½	30¾	30	30½	+½
71⅛	71½	175	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	71½	71½	71½	71½	...
21	23	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	−⅝
26⅛	26¼	4,500	Erie	25¾	26¼	25⅜	26¼	+½
43½	43¾	810	Erie 1st pf.	43¼	44	43¼	43¼	+1
..	..	10	Fourth Nat. Bank	184½	184½	184½	184½	...
143	144½	200	General Electric	143¾	143¾	143¾	143¾	−½
125¼	125½	1,500	Great Northern pf.	125	125⅝	124⅞	125½	+1⅛
53½	54	300	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	55¾	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	+¼
130	131	100	Illinois Central	130¼	130¼	130¼	130¼	+¼
17	17¼	1,900	Interborough-Met.	16⅝	17⅜	16⅝	17¼	+⅜
47⅛	47¾	1,900	Interborough-Met. pf.	46¼	47⅜	46¼	47⅜	+1⅜
94¾	95½	1,600	Int. Harvester	93	95½	93	95	+2¼
116¾	118½	300	Int. Harvester pf.	117	117	117	117	...
10	11	30	Int. Paper	11	11	11	11	...
48½	50	300	Int. Paper pf.	48	49	48	49	+1½
16	17	300	Iowa Central	16¾	16⅞	16¾	16⅞	+¼
30½	31	500	Iowa Central pf.	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30⅝	−¼
29¼	29½	700	Kansas City South	28⅝	29¼	28⅝	29¼	+¾
61¾	62	200	Kan. City South. pf.	61	61⅞	61	61⅞	+1
103¼	103½	8,500	Laclede Gas	102	103⅝	102	103¼	+1½
141	142	1,300	Louisville & Nash.	139½	141½	139½	141½	+2
16½	17½	300	Mercantile Marine pf.	16	16½	16	16½	+½
23½	24⅞	400	Minn. & St. Louis	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¼	...
130⅛	131	800	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	130	130⅝	130	130⅝	+⅝
145	147	147	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	146	146	146	146	...
32½	32¾	400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	32¼	32½	32¼	32½	+⅜
51¼	52¼	2,500	Missouri Pacific	51⅛	52	51	52	+1⅞
102½	104	300	Nat. Biscuit Co.	103¼	104	103¼	104	+3¼
118	130	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	121½	121½	121½	121½	+1
51	51¼	100	Nat. Lead Co.	51	51	51	51	+⅞
104¾	107	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	+¼
66	67⅛	200	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	66½	66½	66½	66½	−¼
28½	28¾	700	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	28½	28½	28⅜	28⅜	−⅛
21⅛	21¼	1,200	Nevada Con. Copper	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	+½
113¾	114	3,000	N. Y. Central	113	114	113	114	+1¼
61⅝	62	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	61½	61⅞	61½	61⅞	−⅛
40⅝	41	15	N. Y., Ont. & West.	40½	40½	40½	40½	...
96	97	1,400	Norfolk & Western	96¾	97	96½	97	...
116⅝	116⅝	4,600	Northern Pacific	115⅝	116½	115½	116½	+¾
25	25¼	100	Pacific Mail	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	+1
129⅝	129¾	8,505	Pennsylvania R. R.	128¾	130	128¾	129⅞	+¼
105¾	106	400	People's Gas, Chi.	105⅝	106	105⅝	106	+1⅛
87½	88	200	Philadelphia Co.	87¼	87½	87¼	87½	+1
94¾	95	600	P., C., C. & St. Louis	94½	94⅞	94½	94⅞	+⅛
35½	36½	500	Pressed Steel Car	35	36	35	36	+1
3¼	4	100	Quicksilver pf.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+⅜
142⅝	142⅞	102,100	Reading	141½	143¼	141⅛	142¾	+2⅛
94	95	200	Reading 2d pf.	93	93	93	93	−1
29½	31	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	30	30	30	30	+½
90	93	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	+2⅜
30¼	30½	2,300	Rock Island Co.	29⅞	30⅜	29⅞	30⅛	+⅝
61½	62½	200	Rock Island Co. pf.	62	62¼	62	62¼	+¾
38	39	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	38	38½	38	38½	+1
57	60	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	57	57	57	57	...
61	62½	500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	59	61	59	61	+1½
[illegible]	115⅞	25,700	Southern Pacific	114½	115¾	114¼	115½	+1⅜
[illegible]	23½	1,400	Southern R'way ext.	23	23½	23	23½	+½
[illegible]	54¼	500	South. R'way pf., ext.	53½	53⅞	53½	53⅜	+¾
[illegible]	24½	100	Tennessee Copper	23½	23½	23½	23½	−1½
27	28	500	Texas & Pacific	26¼	27	26¼	27	+1½
[illegible]	8	100	Third Avenue	7	7	7	7	−¼
22¼	23⅜	300	Tol., St. L. & West.	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼	−⅛
48⅝	49¼	500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	49	49¼	49	49⅛	+⅞
167⅞	168	82,900	Union Pacific	166	168¼	165⅞	168	+2⅞
..	..	150	Union Pacific pf.	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	+¾
56	58	350	United Rys. Inv. pf.	54	56	54	56	+3¼
70	71	300	U. S. Realty & Imp.	70	70	70	70	...
34	34⅜	350	U. S. Rubber	33½	33½	33½	33½	−½
106½	107	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	107	107	107	107	−⅜
70¾	70⅞	80,400	U. S. Steel	69⅞	71	69½	70⅞	+1⅝
115¾	116	500	U. S. Steel pf.	115⅞	116	115⅞	116	+⅞
47⅛	47⅜	2,700	Utah Copper	46⅞	47¼	46⅞	47¼	+1
59	59¼	900	Va.-Caro. Chemical	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	+½
119¼	120¼	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	120	120	120	120	+1
17¼	17⅞	200	Wabash	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+⅜
35¼	35½	900	Wabash pf.	34¾	35½	34¾	35½	+1
59	60¾	100	Westinghouse E. & M.	59	59	59	59	−1
5¼	5¾	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	−¼
10½	12	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	10	10	10	...
7	8	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	−¼

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101	101½
2s, c., 1930	101	..
3s, r., 1918	101¼	102
3s, c., 1918	101¼	102
4s, r., 1925	114⅜	115
4s, c., 1925	114½	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	101	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	101	..
Adams Exp.	250	..
Allis-Chalm.	7¾	8⅞
Allis-C. pf.	29	30
Am. Ag. C. pf.	90	101
Am. B. S. pf.	..	93¾
A. B. S. & F.	86	87
A. C. & F. pf.	110	112
Am. Coal.	75	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	103
Am. D. Tel.	15	30
Am. Exp.	225	255
A. H. & L.	5	5½
Am. L. Co.	12¼	13
A. Loc. pf.	103	105
Am. Malt.	4¾	5
Am. M. pf.	31	35
Am. S. pf. B.	84	85
Am. Snuff	200	300
Am. Sn. pf.	95	101
Am. St. Fd.	44½	45
A. T. & C.	71¼	75
Am. W. Co.	27½	28
Ann Arbor	28	35
Ann A. pf.	65	72
Asso. Oil	..	51
B. & O. pf.	85	91
Batopilas M.	2	2⅝
Bruns. Ter.	8	10
B., R. & P.	88	102
B., R. & P. pf.	121	130
B. & S. pf.	..	19
Canada So.	61	65
Cent. L. pf.	103½	105
C. R. R. of N. J.	265	290
C. & S. A. Tel.	110	120
Chi. & Alt.	27¾	39⅛
C. & A. pf.	..	65½
C. B. & Q.	200	..
Chi., Ind. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	203	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	150
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	150	170
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. sta.	2⅛	3½
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts st.	6	8
C. C. C. & St. L.	70	75
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	95	99½
Col. F. & I. pf.	100½	115
Col. & So. 1st pf.	71	73
Col. & So. 2d pf.	69	72
Corn P. R. pf.	73	76
Crex Carpet	56	63
Cub.-Am. S.	38	39
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	..	90
D., L. & W.	493	575
D. M. & Ft. D.	3	12
Det. & M.	82½	85
Det. U. R.	50	52
Dist. Sec.	28½	28¾
D. S. S. & A.	10¾	12
Dul. Sup. T.	66	67½
Dul. Sup. T. pf.	..	70
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	84½	85¾
Erie 2d pf.	33½	34¼
Ev. & T. H.	50	55
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	22¾	25
F. M. & S. pf.	60	62½
Fed. Sugar	40	60
Fed. Sugar pf.	90	100
Gen. C. Co.	91	100
Gen. C. Co. pf.	100	105
Granby Con	25	100
Hav. E. R.	94	94½
Hav. E. R. pf.	93¾	94
Hock. Val.	117	125½
Homestake	86	89
Inger.-Rand.	93	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	97	..
Int. St. P.	39	40
Int. St. P. pf.	81	81½
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	69	78
K. & D. M.	5	8
K. & D. M. pf.	30	50
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	67	76
Lack. Steel	..	89
Lacl. G. pf.	90	100
L. E. & W.	14	17
L. E. & W. pf.	32	40
Lake Shore	325	..
Long Island	64¾	66
Mackay Cos.	85⅝	87½
Mackay Cos. pf.	72½	73½
Mah. C. R.	400	..
Man. Beach	2	4
Man. Elev.	128	133
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Mer. Marine	4⅞	5
Mich. Cent.	..	180
M. & St. L. pf.	40	50
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	87	88½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	62	63½
Mor. & Es.	175	183
N. C. & St. L.	123	133
Nat. Enam.	15	17
Nat. En. pf.	80	100
N. Cent. C.	40	60
N. Y. A. B.	70	74
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	84	93
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	75	80
N. Y., L. & W.	118	123
N. Y., N. H. & H.	149½	151
N. & W. pf.	89	93
North Am.	67¾	68
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Ont. Mining	1⅛	2½
Pac. Coast	95	106
Pac. C. 1st pf.	80	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	98	110
Pac. Tel. & Tel.	32½	35
Peo. & E.	18½	22½
Pere Marq.	24	35
Pere M. 1st pf.	42	60
Pere M. 2d pf.	30	41¼
Phelps-D'ge	175	..
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	105	115
Pitts. Coal	15¼	16¼
Pitts. C. pf.	62	70
Pr. St. Car pf.	94	96
Pullman Co.	157	160
Quicksilver	2¼	3¾
Ry. St. Sp.	30¼	33
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	90¼	99
Rdg. 1st pf.	86	90
R., W. & O.	118	122
Rutland pf.	25	30
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	58	65
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	..	180
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	48	68
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	115
St. L. S. W.	23¼	24¾
Sears-Roeb.	153	155
Sears-R. pf.	..	123
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	105	116
So. P. R. S.	80½	..
So. P. R. S. pf.	110	..
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	78	85
T. P. L. Tr.	85	90¼
T., P. & W.	17	..
T. C. R. T.	108	109
U. B. & P.	7	7⅞
U. B. & P. pf.	53	60
Un. Cig. M. pf.	102	108
Un. Dry G.	100	104
Un. Dry G. pf.	100	105
U. Rys. In.	30	31
U. S. C. I. Pipe	14½	16
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	52	58
U. S. Exp.	96	100
U. S. R. & Ref.	5	15
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15	25
U. S. R. 2d pf.	66	69
Vand. R. R.	74	..
Va. I., C. & Coke	..	61
W. F. Exp.	155	168
West. Md.	43½	43¾
West. Md. pf.	65	67
West. U. T.	64½	65
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110	123
Wis. Cent.	44	49

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Prices in the local market were all higher as a result of the day's trading. The Lake issues were special favorites, all making good gains. The market generally closed strong and at about highest prices for the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$18,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	89½	89½	89½
33,000	Am. Zinc, L. & S. M. 6s, 1915	101	100	101
18,000	Arizona Com. 6s	92	92	92
1,000	N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
6,000	United Fruit 4½s	96	95¾	96

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Boston Elevated	124½	124½	124½
80	Boston & Albany	220½	220	220
5	Boston & Maine	136	136	136
10	C. J. R. & S. Y.	140	140	140
205	Mass. Electric	16¼	16½	16¼
10	Mass. Electric pf.	80½	80½	80½
95	N. Y., N. H. & H.	150¼	150	150¼
96	Union Pacific	168⅛	165⅝	168⅛

TELEPHONE.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,263	American	133⅝	133	133¼

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Am. Ag. Chem.	43½	43	43
222	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	100¾	100½	100¾
30	Am. Pneu. Service	5½	5½	5½
200	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18	18	18
763	Am. Sugar Ref.	120⅝	119	120¼
12	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	119	119	119
26	Am. Woolen pf.	95	94⅝	94¾
950	East Boston Land	8⅞	8¾	8⅞
10	Eastern S. S.	72	72	72
46	Edison	256	256	256
16	Mass. Gas pf.	92	91¼	92
18	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	100	100	100
82	Pullman	160	159¾	160
9	Reece Buttonhole	12¼	12¼	12¼
18	Reece Folding Mach.	5½	5½	5½
200	Rotary Ring	9	9	9
18	Seattle Electric pf.	101	100	100
12	Swift	102¾	102¾	102¾
22	United Fruit	189½	188	189½
580	United Shoe Mach.	51¾	51½	51¾
1,795	U. S. Steel	71	69⅝	70⅞
15	U. S. Steel pf.	116	115½	115½

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8,687	Amalgamated	66⅝	65¼	66⅝
1,775	American Zinc	25½	23½	25⅛
75	Allouez	42	42	42
25	Arcadian	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,001	Arizona Commercial	18⅝	18	18⅝
125	Boston & Corbin	14½	14	14
270	Butte Coalition	19⅞	19¼	19⅝
230	Butte & Balaklala	12½	12	12
225	Calumet & Arizona	59¾	57½	59¼
3	Calumet & Hecla	530	525	530
216	Copper Range	68½	66	68
50	Daly-West	7	7	7
275	East Butte	8¼	8	8¼
257	Franklin	11	10	10
720	Giroux	7⅜	7¼	7¼
46	Granby	34¼	34	34¼
438	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7½	7⅞
992	Hancock	24	21¾	23½
200	Helvetia	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,706	Indiana	16½	15½	16½
270	Isle Royale	19½	19	19
138	Kerr Lake	7⅝	7½	7½
702	Lake	39	37½	39
40	La Salle	11½	10¾	11½
400	Mass	8	7½	8
200	Mexico	50c	50c	50c
910	Miami	21⅝	21¼	21⅝
150	Michigan	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
638	Nevada	21⅜	20¾	21⅜
225	Nipissing	11¼	10⅞	11¼
4,919	North Butte	29⅞	29	29¾
125	North Lake	10	9½	9⅞
60	Ojibway	6⅞	6⅜	6⅞
1,600	Old Colony	35c	30c	35c
30	Parrot	15½	15	15
20	Quincy	75	75	75
105	Shannon	10⅞	10¾	10⅞
180	Superior	44	43½	44
65	Superior & Boston	9	9	9
100	Superior & Pittsburg	12¼	12	12¼
60	Tamarack	60	59	60
150	U. S. Oil	35¼	35¼	35¼
331	U. S. Smelting	40	39½	40
80	U. S. Smelting pf.	48½	48	48½
310	Utah Apex	3½	3¼	3⅜
665	Utah Con.	25¼	24¼	25⅜
185	Victoria	3½	3	3½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Argentine Gov 5s
9,000 .... 96½
Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan
1,500 .... 94⅝
2,500 .... 94¾
2d series
500 .... 93⅞
U S Mex 4s
1,000 .... 94¼
N Y Canal 4s
45,000 .... 101⅝
N Y City 4s, 1957
3,500 c 97½
5,000 .... 97¼
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000 .... 97¼
N Y City 4s, 1959
3,000 .... 97⅝
5,000 .... 97⅝
4,000 .... 97¼
N Y City 4¼s
5,000 .... 100⅜
4,000 .... 100½
1,000 .... 100⅝
2,900 .... 100⅝
Alb & Susq 3½s
1,000 .... 91⅜
4,000 .... 91½
Allis-Chalmers 5s
9,000 .... 73¼
Am T & T cv 4s
7,000 .... 100⅛
2,000 .... 100⅜
3,000 .... 100¼
5,000 .... 100⅛
Am Tob 4s
1,000 .... 78⅞
5,000 .... 78⅝
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000 91
13,000 .... 90½
2,000 .... 90¾
A, T & S F gen 4s
10,000 98
1,000 3 98
500 .... 98¾
1,000 .... 97½
conv 5s
1,000 108
At Coast Line 4s
11,000 92
At Coast Line L & N col 4s
1,000 91
B & O gold 4s
2,000 99
prior lien 3½s
3,000 .... 91¾
P, L E & W V 4s
5,000 .... 89½
Beech Creek 4s
2,000 .... 97½
Beth Steel 5s
8,000 .... 84½
Bklyn R T refg conv 4s
9,000 .... 82¼
3,000 .... 82⅜
3,000 .... 82½
5,000 .... 82⅝
10,000 .... 82⅞
Cal G & Elec 5s
1,000 91
Can So 1st ext 6s
2,000 .... 103¾
Cent of Ga Ry 1st income 5s
1,000 83
Cent Leather 5s
2,000 98
Cen of N J gen 5s
1,000 .... 121½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
17,000 .... 95¾
C & O temp conv 4½s
32,000 91
C & O gen 4½s
1,000 c 100¼
4,000 c 100
Chic & Alt 3½s
1,000 .... 68¼
1,000 .... 68⅛
3,000 .... 68⅝
6,000 .... 68⅞
C, B & Q joint 4s
1,000 95
1,000 .... 95⅛
registered
1,000 .... 94¾
Ill div 4s
1,000 99
Ill div 3½s
1,000 87
C, M & St P 4s, 1934
8,000 .... 91⅝
19,000 92
C, M & St P gen 4s, ser A
1,000 99
C, R I & P Ry refunding 4s
2,000 .... 88⅝
1,000 .... 88¼
1,000 .... 88⅜
C, R I & P R R 4s
14,000 .... 72¼
30,000 .... 72⅛
20,000 .... 72¼
1,000 .... 72½
20,000 .... 72⅛
Chic & W Mich 5s
1,000 101
Col & Southern ref & ext 4½s
2,000 .... 95⅜
5,000 96
Del & H conv 4s
1,000 .... 97½
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s
2,000 .... 90½
Erie 1st con 7s
10,000 s 20 f 119⅝
Erie 1st con 4s
10,000 81
23,000 .... 81⅛
5,000 81
Erie conv 4s, series A
1,000 70
series B
9,000 s 10 f 64
3,000 .... 64¼
5,000 .... 64⅛
Galv, H & San A M & F div 5s
1,000 .... 106¼
Inter-Met 4½s
10,000 .... 78¼
14,000 .... 78⅜
17,000 .... 78½
Int Rap T 5s
6,000 100
Interboro R T conv 6s
1,000 .... 100½
K C, Ft S & M 4s
1,000 .... 76¾
8,000 77
L S & M S 4s
2,000 .... 92½
3,000 .... 92⅝
5,000 .... 92¾
1931
7,000 93
4,000 .... 93¼
Mer Marine col trust 4½s
3,000 .... 61⅝
M, St P & S S M 1st cons 4s
5,000 98
M, K & T 2d 4s
2,000 .... 82½
Mo Pac conv 5s
12,000 .... 91½
Nassau Elec R R 4s
1,000 76
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
3,000 .... 93½
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
1,000 .... 101½
N Y, Cen & H deb 4s, 1934
1,000 .... 93½
2,000 .... 93¾
N Y, C & St L 4s
5,000 .... 98¾
N Y Gas, E L H & P col trust 5s
10,000 .... 100¼
10,000 .... 100⅛
N Y Gas, E L H & P pur money 4s
1,000 .... 81½
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
5,000 .... 97½
1,000 97
N Y, O & W ref 4s
1,000 .... 97½
N Y Tel 4½s
6,000 97
Norf & W conv 4s
113,000 .... 98½
North Pac 4s
20,000 100
5,000 .... 99⅞
8,000 100
Ore R & N con 4s
3,000 95
Pac T & T 5s
2,000 .... 96⅝
Penn conv 3½s, 1912
10,000 99
1915
48,000 .... 95¼
Peo & E inc 4s
5,000 53
St L, In M & So gen 5s
3,000 .... 106½
St L & S F R R refunding 4s
13,000 .... 80¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s
14,000 .... 85⅝
1,000 .... 85½
St L Southwestern con 4s
13,000 .... 72½
San An & A P 4s
2,000 .... 84½
4,000 .... 84⅞
Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s, stamp
1,000 82
7,000 .... 82¼
So Pac conv 4s
5,000 .... 98¼
5,000 3 s f 98½
14,000 .... 98⅛
So Pac 1st ref 4s
26,000 .... 93¾
So Ry 1st 5s
1,000 .... 104½
So Ry gen 4s
2,000 74
Third Av 4s, trust ctfs sta
7,000 58
Un Pac 1st 4s
5,000 .... 100½
Un Pac cnv 4s
65,000 .... 104¼
42,000 .... 104½
Union Pacific 1st 4s
6,000 96
United Rys of San Fr 4s
2,000 .... 68½
3,000 69
U S Rubber 6s
13,000 .... 102½
U S Steel Corp sink fund 5s
3,000 .... 102⅞
2,000 .... 102¾
16,000 .... 102⅞
Va Car Ch 1st 5s
1,000 99
Va & S W con 5s
1,000 95
Wab R R ext 4s
11,000 63
6,000 .... 63¼
7,000 .... 63½
12,000 64
17,000 .... 64¼
5,000 .... 64⅛
2,000 .... 64⅝
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000 108
Wab-Pitts T 1st Trust Co ctfs
6,000 35
West Shore 4s
6,000 .... 101¾
registered
1,000 .... 97⅞
W U cnv 4s, ser A
3,000 .... 101⅛
Wheeling & L E 1st con 4s
4,000 77
2,000 .... 78⅛
Wis Cen gen 4s
7,000 92

Total sales Aug. 12, 1910 .... $1,256,500
From Jan. 1, 1910 419,180,500
Corresponding period last year 877,252,700

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—A further bulge in Lehigh Valley, which lifted that stock above 83, was the feature of the trading on the Philadelphia Exchange this morning. The movements of the stock were almost as erratic as on Thursday. Opening at 81, or ⅝ below last night, the next sale was at 82. It then rose rapidly across 83, and promptly fell back to 82 again, all before 1 o'clock. About 8,000 shares changed hands during that time. The total for the day exceeded 11,000 shares, the ruling price during the last hour being around 82½. It closed at 82.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6	American Rys.	43	43	43
50	American Smelting	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞
100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77	77	77
274	Cambria Steel	43	42¾	42½
20	Erie	26	26	26
190	Electric Storage	49½	49½	49½
240	General Asphalt	27	26½	26¾
751	General Asphalt pf.	73¼	73	73
50	Ins. Co. of N. A.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
805	Lake Superior Corp.	22	21½	22
87	Lehigh Navigation	90¼	90¼	90¼
11,249	Lehigh Valley	83¼	81	82
156	Lehigh V. rects., 12½ p.	43	42	42
15	Minehill	61¼	61¼	61¼
935	Phila. Rapid Tran.	19⅝	19½	19½
423	Pennsylvania	64⅞	64¼	64¾
32	Philadelphia Co.	45	43½	45
1,921	Philadelphia Electric	15¾	15½	15⅝
1,820	Reading	71 9-16	71	71 9-16
10	Reading 2d pf.	46½	46½	46½
100	Railway Co. gen.	9½	9½	9½
100	Southern Ry.	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
6,275	Tonopah Belmont	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
167	Tonopah Mining	9	8½	9
874	U. G. I.	82¼	82	82
10,540	U. S. Steel	71	69¾	70⅞
102	Union Traction	45	44½	45

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 12.—Seaboard issues were strong, though not active. Seaboard Air Line preferred moved up 2 points. Seaboard Company common was 1¼ better, and the seconds preferred ⅛ higher. Seaboard 4s stamped were also firmer. Shares, 445; bonds, $39,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Consol. Gas 5s	107¾	107¾	107¾
2,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s	104	104	104
2,000	Knoxville Trac. 5s	102	102	102
1,000	Ga.-Car. & N. 5s	104	104	104
12,000	Seaboard 4s stamped	82½	82¼	82½
6,000	United Rys. 4s	84¼	84¼	84¼
4,000	United Rys. inc.	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞
10,000	Un. E. L. & P. 4½s	89	89	89
2,000	Va. Midland 4s	103	102½	102½

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	A. C. L. of Conn.	230	230	230
15	Balto. Trust	165	165	165
5	Fidelity & Dep.	145	145	145
130	Seaboard Co. com.	21¼	20¾	21¼
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	41½	41½	41½
160	Seaboard Air Line pf.	33	32	33

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 12.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
175	Crucible Steel	12	12	12
20	Crucible Steel pf.	74½	74½	74½
80	Ind. Brewing	4½	4½	4½
25	Ind. Brew. pf.	20¼	20¼	20¼
735	Mfrs. L. & H.	20⅛	20	20
110	Pitts. Coal pf.	65	65	65
90	River Coal	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛
400	Ross Mining	12c.	11c.	12c.
50	Sewer Pipe	12	12	12
20	U. S. Steel	70⅜	69½	70⅜

BANK.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Federal National	182½	182½	182½

UNLISTED.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Oklahoma Gas	43¾	43¾	43¾
295	Ohio Fuel Oil	6	6	6
120	Pure Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
150	Superior & Pitts.	12⅝	12	12⅝

SCRIP.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,500	Crucible Steel	64½	64½	64½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Strength on the Stock Exchange Reflected in Isolated Curb Issues.

RUBBER SHARES ADVANCE

Run Up from 22⅜ to 24⅜ on Active Trading and Close Near Top—Chicago Subway Continues Advance.

The strength of the inside market was reflected on the Curb yesterday in isolated advances of substantial character. Intercontinental Rubber became active again and advanced sharply from 22⅜ to 24⅜, closing at 24⅛ after transactions of 1,700. The upward movement in Chicago Subway was also continued. From the opening at 4¾ the price rose to 5¼, the close being at 5 after sales of 1,300. Among the coppers advances of small fractions were made in British Columbia, Greene-Cananea, and Ray Consolidated. Miami sold down from 21⅝ to 21⅛. Nipissing was the feature among the Cobalt issues, selling 2,500 from 10⅞ to 11⅜, the close being at 11¼.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
19	Am. Tobacco	400	400	400	400
1,800	Bay St. Gas	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
1,700	Int. R. T. cts.	22⅜	24⅜	22⅜	24⅛
100	Man. Transit	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
27	Standard Oil	610	610	605	605
700	U. S. L. & H.	1¼	1 5-16	1¼	1 5-16
200	U. S. L. & H. pf	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,300	Chi. Subway	4¾	5¼	4¾	5

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Brit. Col. Cop.	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
700	*Carisa	20	20	20	20
2,400	Chino Copper	13	13	12⅞	13
2,000	*Cob. Central	12	12	11½	11½
900	*C. O. D. Con.	7½	8	7½	8
700	Com. Frac.	53	53	52	52
25,000	Con. Ar. Sm.	1 15-16	2¼	1 15-16	2¼
100	D.-D. Copper, as. pd.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16
125	El Rayo	3¾	3⅞	†3¾	3⅞
900	Florence	2½	2½	2½	2½
2,500	Giroux Mining	7¼	7 5-16	7 3-16	7¼
4,700	Goldf'd Cons.	8½	8½	8 3-16	8¼
200	G. H. c. t. s.	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
1,000	*Greenwater	5½	5½	5½	5½
1,200	Gr.-Cananea	7¾	7⅞	7¾	7⅞
400	Husted Mining	52	52	52	52
3,200	Inspirat'n Cop.	7⅝	8	7⅝	7¾
1,500	Kerr Lake	7 7-16	7 9-16	7 7-16	7½
100	La Rose Con.	4	4	4	4
2,800	Mason V., new	7	7⅝	7	7⅜
2,500	Miami Copper	21⅝	21⅝	21	21⅛
300	*McKinley-D.	95	96	95	95
400	N.-U. M. & S.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,500	Nip. Mines Co.	10⅞	11⅜	10⅞	11¼
7,600	Ohio Copper	1¾	2	1¾	1 15-16
6,000	Pacific Smelt.	⅞	1	⅞	1
400	Pecious Met.	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
1,000	Ray Central	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16	2 9-16
800	Ray Con.	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞
500	Stewart	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
3,500	Tonopah Min.	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
2,700	*Tramps Con.	4½	5	4½	5
100	Tularosa	1	1	1	1
500	Union Mines	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,500	United Copper	5	6¼	5	6¼
3,000	*U. P. Cobalt	3½	3½	3½	3½
600	*Yellow Jacket	55	57	55	57
250	Yukon G. M.	4	4	4	4

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Bing. & G. R. R. 6s	106	106	105½	105½
10,000	West. Pac. 5s	93	93	93	93

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Aug. 12. Bid.	Aug. 12. Asked.	Aug. 11. Bid.	Aug. 11. Asked.
Amer. Tobacco	398	400	399	405
Am. Writing Paper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	24	25½	24	25½
Am. Light & Traction	265	270	255	265
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	100	102	100	102
Bing. & Gar. R. R. 6s	105½	106½	105	106
Borden's Cond. Milk	112	114	112	114
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	103	104½	103	104½
Braden Copper	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
British Col. Copper	4½	4¾	4½	4¾
Butte Coalition	19½	20	19½	20½
Chicago Subway	4⅞	5⅛	4⅝	4¾
Cobalt Central	11½	12	11½	12
D.-D. Cop., assess. pd.	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
First Nat. Copper	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
Giroux	7⅛	7⅜	7 3-16	7¼
Goldfield Con.	8 3-16	8¼	8 7-16	8½
Greene-Cananea	7¾	7⅞	7⅝	7¾
Intercontinental Rub.	24	24⅜	21⅜	22¼
International Salt	4	7	4	7
Kerr Lake	7 7-16	7 9-16	7⅜	7½
La Rose Con.	3 15-16	4	3 15-16	4
Manhattan Transit	1 9-16	1 11-16	1⅜	1⅝
Mason Valley	7 13-16	7 15-16	6⅞	7
Miami Copper	21	21¼	21	21⅝
Mines Co. of Am.	59	61	58	60
Nipissing Mines Co.	11	11¼	10⅞	11
Ohio Copper	1 15-16	2	1 11-16	1¾
Ray Central	2½	2 9-16	2½	2⅝
Ray Consolidated	18¾	19	18½	18¾
Standard Milling	12	16	12	16
Standard Milling pf.	43	44½	43	44½
Standard Oil	602	608	608	615
Tonopah Mining	8⅝	8¾	8¼	8½
United Cigar Mfrs.	61	64	61	64
United Copper	5	7	4¾	5
U. S. L. & H.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
U. S. L. & H. pf.	7½	7¾	7½	7⅝
Western Pacific 5s	92¾	93¼	92½	92¾
Yukon Gold Mines	3 15-16	4 1-16	3 15-16	4 1-16

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

With the market exhibiting an advancing tendency odd-lot buying by commission houses on the Consolidated Stock Exchange once more enlarged. A large floor short interest was caught by the over-night improvement, and this resulted in some very vigorous bidding, particularly in the early dealings. Sales totaled 88,460 shares, distributed among forty-nine different stocks. The good showing made by the financial statements of the Harriman roads exerted a favorable effect, with Union Pacific assuming the position of the market leader.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,890	Amal. Copper	65⅝	66⅝	65⅝	66½
60	Am. Beet Sug.	34½	34¾	34½	34¾
20	Am. Can	8½	8¾	8½	8¾
40	Am. Car & F.	47	47	46⅞	46⅞
10	Am. Cotton Oil	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
50	Am. Ice	20½	21	20½	21
20	Am. Loco.	37	37	37	37
14,310	Am. Smelt.	65⅝	66	64¼	65½
270	Am. Sugar	119⅝	121	119⅝	120⅝
10	Am. Tel. & Tel.	132¾	132¾	132¾	132¾
70	Anaconda Cop.	40	40¾	40	40¾
490	A. T. & S. F.	98	99¼	98	99
90	Balt. & Ohio	108⅜	108½	108¼	108½
1,150	Brook. R. T.	75⅝	77¼	75⅝	77
20	Canadian Pac.	191	193	191	193
20	Cent. Leather	34	34¼	34	34¼
270	Ches. & Ohio	73½	74¼	73¾	74⅛
910	C., M. & St. P.	124¼	125¼	123¾	125
210	Col. Fuel & I.	30	30	29¾	30
680	Consol. Gas	128⅞	130⅝	128⅞	130⅝
70	Den. & R. G.	30¼	30¾	30¼	30¼
1,120	Erie	26	26⅜	25⅞	26⅜
60	Erie 1st pf.	43¼	44	43⅛	44
30	Inter.-Met.	16⅞	17¼	16⅞	17¼
180	Inter.-Met. pf.	46¾	47¾	46¾	47¾
160	Louis. & Nash.	140¼	141⅝	140¼	141
130	Mo., K. & T.	32⅛	32½	32	32½
60	Mo. Pacific	51½	52	51½	52
10	Nat. Lead	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼
10	Nevada Con.	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
510	N. Y. Central	115⅞	116¾	115⅞	116½
270	Nor. Pacific	115⅞	116¾	115⅞	116½
520	Pennsylvania	129½	130¼	129¼	130¼
40	People's Gas	106	106	106	106
210	Pressed S. Car	35¼	35½	35¼	35½
16,260	Reading	141¼	143¼	141¼	142⅞
10	Republic Steel	30	30	30	30
250	Rock Island	30⅜	30⅜	30	30
2,310	Southern Pac.	114⅛	115⅞	114	115⅝
130	Southern Ry.	23	23⅛	23	23⅛
20	Texas Pacific	26⅛	27	26⅛	27
17,080	Union Pacific	166	168⅛	165⅞	168
160	U. S. Rubber	33¾	34	33½	34
24,700	U. S. Steel	69¾	71	69⅝	70⅞
10	U. S. Steel pf.	116	116	116	116
60	Utah Copper	47	47½	47	47
230	Va.-Car. Chem.	58¾	59	58½	59
40	Wabash	17	17½	17	17½
230	Wabash pf.	35⅛	35¼	34¾	35¼
88,460					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.15	.15	.15	.15
500	Booth	.16	.16	.16	.16
100	Consol. Va.	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
200	Comstock	.26	.26	.26	.26
300	Goldf. Flor.	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
500	Goldf. Con.	8.50	8.50	8.25	8.25
300	Hale & Norc.	.36	.36	.36	.36
3,100	Jim Butler	.30	.30	.30	.30
600	Jumbo Ext.	.65	.65	.65	.65
300	Mexican	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
300	Montana	.88	.88	.88	.88
300	Nevada Hills	2.37½	2.37½	2.37½	2.37½
200	Ophir	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½	1.37½
500	Oro	.10	.10	.10	.10
400	Portland	1.20	1.20	1.18	1.18
1,000	Red Hill	.06	.06	.06	.06
100	Tonopah Min.	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½
200	Yellow Jacket	.65	.65	.65	.65
9,400					

BOND.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Comstock 4s	19	19	19	19

Advertise your Loss in the Lost and Found column of The New York Times—the chances are the article will be returned.—Adv.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Money in London Abundant—Cholera Reports Depress Paris Bourse.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Money was abundant and discount rates were steady to-day.

Although the settlement was finished satisfactorily on the Stock Exchange, the business did not increase, and the market closed irregular. Trunk lines shares advanced on dividend announcements, and foreign rails were firm, while rubber stocks weakened under realizing, and consols lost an eighth.

American securities opened firm, and during the forenoon advanced from ¼ to 1½ points, with the Pacific stocks leaders. Later Wall Street support sent the active issues still higher, and after a slight shading of values, the market closed steady.

Bar silver steady, firm, 24 9-16d per ounce.

Money, 1@1¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¼ per cent.; for three months' bills 2⅜ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Cholera reports depressed Russian securities on the Bourse to-day. A firm tone prevailed in the other departments.

At closing three per cent. rentes, 97f 42½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 21½c for checks.

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—Trading was quiet and prices were firm on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Change.
Consols, money	80 15-16	..	..	−⅛
Consols, account	81	..	..	−⅛
Anaconda	8¼	40	39½	+¼
Atchison	102	99	97⅞	+1⅜
Can. Pacific	197¼	191¾	189½	+2¾
St. Paul	125ex	125	123¼	+1⅜
Erie	26¾	26	25¾	+⅝
Erie 1st pf.	44¾	43½	43⅛	+1
Illinois Cent.	135	131¼	130	+1¼
Louis. & Nash.	144½	140⅜	139¼	+1⅜
N. Y. Cent.	117	113⅞	112⅝	+¾
Pennsylvania	66½	129¼	128½	+⅝
Reading	73	142¼	140¼	+1¼
Southern Pac.	118¼	114¾	113¾	+1⅜
Union Pac.	172¼	167¾	165¼	+2⅝
U. S. Steel	72¼	70¼	69½	+⅞
U. S. Steel pf.	119¼	115¾	115⅜	+½

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	7	3
Tomboy	0	16	6
El Oro	1	6	3
Esperanza	2	13	6
Dolores	1	10	0
Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3
Oroville	0	5	9

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.09
Alpha Con.	.08
Andes	.17
Belcher	.65
Best & Belcher	.50
Bullion	.15
Caledonia	.55
Challenge Con.	.16
Chollar	.21
Confidence	.75
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.22
Con. Imperial	.03
Crown Point	.55
Gould & Curry	.22
Hale & Norcross	.38
Julia	.13
Justice	.10
Kentucky Con.	.10
Mexican	1.37
Occidental Con.	.45
Ophir	1.30
Overman	.58
Potosi	.28
Savage	.25
Sag Belcher	.22
Sierra Nevada	.39
Union Con.	.41
Utah Con.	.06
Yellow Jacket	.84

Silver bars, 53; Mexican dollars, 45@46; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.	
Belmont	4.37
Jim Butler	.30
McNamara	.29
Midway	.26
Montana	.88
North Star	.10
Ohio	.01
Tonopah Extension	.39
West End	.63
GOLDFIELD.	
Adams	.01
Atlanta	.15
Blue Bell	.02
Combination Fract.	.51
Crackerjack	.02
Daisy	.06
Goldfield Con. M.	8.37
Great Bend	.08
Jumbo Extension	.64
Kendall	.08
Lone Star	.04
Red Hills	.06
Sandstorm	.04
St. Ives	.20
Silver Pick	.09
BULLFROG.	
Bullfrog Mining	.02
Bullfrog Nat. Bank	.01
Gold Bar	.07
Homestake King	.01
Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Tramps Cons.	.04

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4s, May, '59, l'chg	96½	96¾	96⅜	96⅝
4s, Nov., '58, l'chg	96½	96¾	96⅜	96⅝
4½s, May, '57, l'chg	105½	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
4½s, Nov., '57, l'chg	105½	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
4½s, May, '17, l'chg	102	103	102	103
4½s, Nov., '17, l'chg	102	103	102	103
4s, Nov., '56, reg	96	96½	95¼	96¼
4s, May, '57, l'chg	96½	96⅞	96⅜	96⅝
4s, May, '19, l'chg	98	99	98	99
4¼s, Mar., '60, w. i.	100⅜	100¾	100	100⅜
3½s, Nov., '55, l'chg	85¼	85¾	85	85½
3½s, May, '54, coup	85½	86⅛	85	86¼
3½s, May, '54, reg	84¼	85¼	84⅝	85
3½s, Nov., 41, reg	86¼	87¾	86½	87⅞
*6s, Nov., '10, rev	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	101⅛

*Coupon or registered.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	99	99⅝
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97¼	97¾
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	98⅛	98⅜
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	96	98
Chi. & Alton 5s, March 15, 1913	98¼	99¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	99¾	100¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100¼	100⅝
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	97¾	98⅝
Lack. Steel cn. d. 5s, March, 1915	90	92
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	97	98½
St. Louis & S. F. 5s, March, 1913	95	96½
Southern Ry 5s, Feb., 1913	96	98¾
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	99⅜	99¾
West. T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	97¾	99⅛
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1913	99½	100

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J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 Amer. Brake Shoe Com. @ 88
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28 American Express @250
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On New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital and Surplus $6,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan. 184 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

The Pictorial Section of Sunday's New York Times contains illustrations of leading events all over the world, and portraits of celebrities of the hour. Beautifully printed on fine paper. Sunday's Times mailed to any address in the United States for $2.50 per annum.—Adv.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

More Cash for the Banks.

Estimates of the currency movements indicated again yesterday a heavy gain in cash by the banks, which, in addition to cash receipts from other quarters, received upward of $3,000,000 on the movement to and from the interior. In operations with the Sub-Treasury the banks lost nearly $2,000,000 this week, but an offset against this was the gain from new gold, including gold imports, so that the banks on local movements gained almost as much as they did on balance from the interior, bringing the total cash gain for the week as indicated by the preliminary figures up to more than $6,000,000. The recent inflow of cash to New York has brought the reserves of most of the large banks up to an unusually high figure, and the expectations in banking circles yesterday were that to-day's bank statement would show another substantial addition to the surplus reserves of the Clearing House banks. Some institutions have been able to effect loan reductions this week, it is understood, and the loan item, as well as the cash item, in to-day's statement may, therefore, contribute to further improvement in the banking position at this centre.

⁂

A Currency Oversight.

Wall Street took interest yesterday in dispatches from Washington which recounted how the Treasury Department had been led, through the adoption of a report of a committee of experts, to put out a large amount of currency, in respect to the issue of which some of the formality provided by law had not been observed. Several months ago the dispatches related that Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh abolished the division of issue in the office of the Treasurer of the United States, in which the seal of the Treasury was formerly impressed upon all notes issued by the United States. Now it has developed that the law specifically provides that the seal shall be impressed in the office of the Treasurer of the United States, and hence the newly established custom of having the seal put on by the Bureau of Engraving is to be abandoned and the old system re-established.

⁂

Hill and Harriman Building.

The old clash of Hill and Harriman interests in the Deschutes Valley bobbed up again yesterday, according to dispatches from Portland, saying that after President Lovett of the Union and Southern Pacific had made a personal tour through Oregon he announced the intention of the Deschutes Railway to extend from Redmond, its former proposed terminal, to connect with the Matron-Klamagth Falls cut-off now under construction. Within the week word came from the Hill camp of an intention to build across the Cascade Mountains. President Lovett is inspecting the Deschutes line from an automobile and has not covered the completed portions yet.

⁂

Bank Clearings Fall Off.

Bank clearings in the leading cities of the United States for the week show a substantial falling off by comparison with the corresponding week last year and in 1906. The aggregate as reported by Dun's Review for the week is $2,215,818,760. The percentage of loss from the figures of last year is 17.9, and from those of 1906 6.8 per cent. In New York the exchanges are about 25 per cent. less than a year ago and 14.1 per cent. less than those of the same week in 1906, a showing which accounts for the decrease in the totals.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general trade conditions, Dun's Review says:

The situation is undoubtedly better than most of the records for the month of July now appearing indicate. For one thing weather conditions have improved so that the crop prospects are brighter than the outlook at the beginning of the month. This showing is responsible for some improvement in business confidence, although, of course, purchases in nearly all important branches of trade are conducted on a conservative basis, operations for immediate needs being more important than for future requirements. Railroad earnings are maintained on a high level that is surprising under all the conditions and increased 7.6 per cent. during July. On the other hand, building operations in leading cities in July decreased 25.3 per cent., chiefly at New York. Agricultural exports in July were only $30,063,091, the lowest for the month since 1904. In dry goods, curtailment of output and firmer values are the features, this being due to the high cost of production and the conservative purchases, although buyers are numerous in the markets. More interest and business are reported in the shoe trade. Foreign commerce in New York during July showed an increase, as compared with last year, of $5,097,000 in exports and of $5,149,000 in imports, which aggregated $62,666,000, an excess of $7,924,000 over the exports. During the latest week the imports were $17,950,791, being $3,991,980 in excess of exports. Both imports and exports were in excess of the last two years.

GETS MESSAGE FROM THE SEA

Lawyer Neuberger Will Reward Finder of Bottle He Cast from a Ship.

David M. Neuberger, a lawyer, was a passenger early last July on a ship bound for Labrador by way of St. John's, N. S. After they had been out several days a heavy thunderstorm made the passengers think of the possibility of a wreck and Mr. Neuberger suggested that they test the possibilities of a letter in a bottle.

They prepared a message, giving the latitude and longitude of the ship—latitude 45 degrees 49 minutes north and longitude 57 west—the name of the vessel, the Florizel, Capt. Clark, and asking that some one of them be notified if it were found. Mr. Neuberger inclosed a self-addressed envelope and the bottle was cast overboard on July 7.

Yesterday the postman brought the lawyer a special delivery letter. It contained the message that had been placed in the bottle and this communication:

GOLDEN BAY, July 30, 1910.—Picked up by Henry Nash on the 29th of July, a bottle with a letter in it. I picked it up in Golden Bay, two miles off Cape St. Mary's. I remain, yours truly, HENRY NASH,
Golden Bay, Cape St. Mary's,
Cape Shore, Newfoundland.

Mr. Neuberger communicated with some of his fellow-passengers and they agreed to send the finder a reward. Those who signed with Mr. Neuberger were T. Ernest Wallace, Elizabeth Daily Journal, Elizabeth, N. J.; A. F. Werdenberg, Elmira, N. Y.; Robert J. Tracy, Brooklyn; W. G. Jester, New York; E. G. Morgan, Bridgeport, Conn.; H. M. Burn, Bridgeport; J. H. Squires, Amityville; A. G. Dennison, Brooklyn, and William FitzGerald, Brooklyn.

"KIEL VI SANAS?"

This Is How Esperantists, Gathering in Washington, Greet Each Other.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Esperantists from all parts of the world are arriving in Washington to attend the Esperanto Congress, and when Greek meets Russian, or German meets American in hotel corridor or avenue the mother tongues are overwhelmed by the language of hope.

"Kiel Vi Sanas?"

"Tre bone, mi dankas vin."

Or, translated from the Esperanto, "How are you?" "I am very well, thank you."

Edwin C. Reed, secretary of the Congress, was notified by the State Department to-day that Ali Kuli Kahn had been designated to attend the Congress as the official representative of Persia, making the ninth nation to send an official representative. Representatives from at least thirty-seven countries will be in attendance.

Dr. Albert Hale was to-day appointed as official representative of the International Bureau of American Republics. The State Department also will have an official representative.

An informal reception will be given to-morrow night to Dr. L. L. Zammenhof of Warsaw, Poland, inventor of Esperanto. The first gathering of the Congress takes place on Monday.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
ANN ARBOR:			
1st week Aug..	$38,141	$37,974	$167
July 1-Aug. 7..	190,306	198,159	*7,854
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
1st week Aug..	286,802	284,246	2,556
July 1-Aug. 7..	1,388,587	1,373,934	14,653
COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES—			
1st week Aug..	304,621	294,692	9,929
July 1-Aug. 7..	1,655,039	1,574,501	80,538
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
1st week Aug..	24,527	22,284	2,242
July 1-Aug. 7..	127,746	124,409	3,336
DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—			
4th week July..	50,876	39,585	11,290
July 1-July 31..	148,914	113,789	35,125
INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO:			
1st week Aug..	153,147	141,350	11,797
July 1-Aug. 7..	838,075	822,290	15,785
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
1st week Aug..	971,885	899,015	72,870
July 1-Aug 7..	5,154,820	4,782,808	367,012
NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—			
1st week Aug..	1,180,871	1,101,356	79,515
July 1-Aug. 7..	6,456,654	5,583,649	873,005
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
1st week Aug..	1,089,696	1,047,435	42,261
July 1-Aug. 7..	5,790,260	5,407,932	382,328

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	5,567,338	4,984,635	582,702
Exp. & taxes..	3,672,275	3,542,954	129,320
Net	1,895,063	1,441,681	453,382
12 mos. gross..	64,846,893	59,897,463	4,949,430
Exp. & taxes..	47,112,749	40,980,232	6,132,517
12 mos. net....	17,734,144	18,917,231	*1,183,087

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & PUGET SOUND for June—

	June 10.	Aug. 1-June 30.
June gross	$1,171,591	$10,765,703
Expenses and taxes	664,329	5,472,392
June net	507,262	5,293,311

DULUTH & IRON RANGE report as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	167.78	167.78	......
Total op. rev.	$1,292,880	$1,048,686	244,193
Total op. exp.	372,325	305,152	67,172
Net op. rev.	920,554	743,533	177,021
Outs. op. (net)	4,547	6,379	*1,832
Total net rev.	925,102	749,913	175,188
Taxes	55,683	42,319	13,363
Oper. income	869,419	707,593	161,825
July 1 to June 30—			
Total op. rev.	10,289,064	6,847,572	3,441,492
Total op. exp.	4,214,151	2,638,240	1,575,911
Net op. rev.	6,074,912	4,209,332	1,865,580
Outs. op. (deb.)	6,755	†9,606	16,362
Total net rev.	6,068,156	4,218,938	1,849,218
Taxes	473,711	277,386	196,324
Oper. income	5,594,445	3,941,552	1,652,893

*Decrease. †Credit.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RAILWAY CO. for June—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	$1,338,369	$1,072,626	$920,752
Exp. and taxes.	851,129	669,699	543,690
Net	487,238	402,927	377,062
12 mos. gross	15,407,179	12,609,299	11,509,857
Exp. and taxes	9,026,601	7,970,810	7,115,965
12 mos. net	6,380,578	4,638,489	4,393,892

CHICAGO DIVISION OF THE MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE RAILROAD CO. for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	$795,561	$654,211	$141,350
Exp. and taxes.	581,660	489,865	91,795
Net	213,901	164,346	49,555
12 mos. gross	8,928,224	7,556,603	1,371,621
Exp. and taxes.	6,262,496	5,502,270	760,226
12 mos. net	2,665,728	2,054,333	611,395

OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION COMPANY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,490.55	1,326.90	163.65
Freight revenue	841,273	633,212	208,061
Passenger rev.	392,993	319,344	73,649
Other trans. rev.	64,789	66,454	*1,665
Non-trans. rev.	10,259	9,873	385
Total oper. rev.	1,309,315	1,028,884	280,430
Mt. of way and structure	188,050	121,297	66,752
Mt. of equipm't.	107,300	64,463	42,837
Traffic expenses	36,151	42,577	*6,425
Trans. expenses	434,574	299,521	135,052
Gen. expenses	28,534	31,763	*3,228
Total oper. exp.	794,612	559,624	234,988
Net oper. rev.	514,703	469,260	45,442
Outside op., deb.	5,374	†741	*6,115
Total net rev.	509,328	470,002	39,326
Taxes	63,811	52,452	11,359
Oper. income	445,517	417,549	27,967
July 1 to June 30:			
Freight revenue	9,858,166	8,448,213	1,409,952
Passenger rev.	4,293,836	3,398,314	895,521
Other trans. rev.	775,265	685,120	90,144
Non-trans. rev.	127,472	94,881	32,590
Total oper. rev.	15,054,740	12,626,531	2,428,208
Mt. of way and structure	1,895,814	1,340,033	555,780
Mt. of equipm't.	1,365,720	891,255	474,464
Traffic expenses	356,127	308,564	47,563
Trans. expenses	4,809,374	3,516,632	1,292,742
Gen. expenses	379,431	350,232	29,198
Total oper. exp.	8,806,467	6,406,718	2,399,749
Net oper. rev.	6,248,272	6,219,812	28,459
Outside op., deb.	16,908	32,233	*15,325
Total net rev.	6,231,364	6,187,579	43,784
Taxes	708,647	640,810	67,836
Oper. income	5,522,716	5,546,768	*24,051

OREGON SHORT LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,508.72	1,508.69	.03
Total oper. rev.	1,736,386	1,629,646	106,740
Total oper. exp.	895,732	659,444	236,288
Net oper. rev.	840,654	970,202	*129,548
Outside op., deb.	3,638	†2,483	*6,122
Total net rev.	837,016	972,686	*135,670
Taxes	61,505	50,000	11,505
Oper. income	775,510	922,686	*147,175
July 1 to June 30:			
Total oper. rev.	20,822,846	17,784,586	3,038,259
Total oper. exp.	9,541,573	7,313,702	2,227,871
Net oper. rev.	11,281,272	10,470,884	810,388
Outside op., deb.	9,273	810	*8,463
Total net rev.	11,271,999	10,470,074	801,925
Taxes	776,688	598,047	178,640
Oper. income	10,495,311	9,872,026	623,284

PERE MARQUETTE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	2,328.34	2,335.90	*7.56
Freight revenue	883,804	770,321	113,482
Passenger rev.	319,955	317,614	2,341
Other trans. rev.	84,270	78,725	5,545
Non-trans. rev.	11,562	29,017	*17,454
Total oper. rev.	1,299,592	1,195,678	103,914
Mt. of way and structure	163,309	164,732	*1,422
Mt. of equipm't.	199,612	155,804	43,808
Traffic expenses	38,330	41,483	*3,153
Trans. expenses	516,252	474,573	41,678
Gen. expenses	34,170	30,177	3,993
Total oper. exp.	951,676	866,771	84,904
Net oper. rev.	347,916	328,906	19,009
Outside op., net.	4,921	‡8,651	13,573
Total net rev.	352,837	320,255	32,582
Taxes	84,638	41,910	42,728
Oper. income	268,199	278,344	*10,145
July 1 to June 30:			
Total oper. rev.	15,995,622	14,169,564	1,826,058
Total oper. exp.	11,203,240	10,107,195	1,096,045
Net oper. rev.	4,792,382	4,062,369	730,013
Outside op., net.	51,047	†14,122	65,169
Total net rev.	4,843,429	4,048,247	795,182
Taxes	755,641	576,892	178,748
Oper. income	4,087,787	3,471,354	616,433

*Decrease. †Credit. ‡Debit.

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for July—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	93,702	83,608	91,365
Expenses	81,522	67,397	70,261
Net	12,180	16,211	21,104
Other income	4,000	1,946	678
Total income	16,180	18,157	21,782
Chgs. and taxes	24,558	24,404	24,406
Deficit	8,378	6,247	2,624

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Tot. rects. from operation	3,479,481	2,905,409	574,072
Exp. priv., debit	1,601,747	1,324,093	277,654
Total oper. rev.	1,877,733	1,581,315	296,417
Total oper. exp.	1,590,795	1,281,773	309,021
Net oper. rev.	286,938	299,542	*12,603
Taxes	52,524	9,172	43,352
Oper. income	234,413	290,369	*55,956
July 1 to April 30:			
Tot. rects. from operation	29,877,793	26,329,607	3,548,186
Exp. priv., debit	13,654,970	12,013,322	1,641,647
Total oper. rev.	16,222,823	14,316,284	1,906,539
Total oper. exp.	13,914,486	12,537,812	1,376,673
Net oper. rev.	2,308,337	1,778,471	529,865
Taxes	243,434	144,130	99,304
Oper. income	2,064,902	1,634,341	430,561

*Decrease.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—First Lieut. J. O. Manborne, Third Infantry, is detailed as an instructor at Fort Riley.

Col. F. Baker, Ordnance, will visit Hartford, Conn., to inspect ordnance material.

First Lieut. H. Graham, Twenty-second Infantry, will join his proper station.

First Lieut. R. R. Nix, Ordnance Department, will take station at Philadelphia in connection with his duties at the Frankford Arsenal.

The Navy.

Commissioned: Captains—B. C. Bryan, C. H. Harlow, C. A. Carr.

Commanders—N. C. Twining, T. P. Magruder, W. V. Pratt, G. R. Maxwell.

Lieutenant Commanders—H. C. Dinger, I. Sharp, A. N. Mitchell, F. L. Finney.

Lieutenants—A. C. Scott, Jr., E. S. Root, A. W. Sears, W. O. Spears, J. M. Foote, A. F. Carter, A. J. James.

Lieutenant (Junior Grade)—J. J. London, L. N. McNair, H. R. Greenlee, L. W. Townsend, B. H. Steele, Surgeon H. M. Tolfree, P. A. Surgeon L. Higgins.

Midshipman T. J. Keleher to Las Animas for treatment.

P. A. Surgeon A. H. Allen to Naval Hospital, New York, for duty.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Wheeling and Petrel, at Singapore; Tarantula, at Annapolis; South Dakota, at San Francisco; Choctaw, at Norfolk; Lamson, at Newport; Wolverine, Dorothea, Gopher, Nashville, Yantic, Hawk, and Don Juan de Austria, at Buffalo; California, at San Francisco; Delaware, at Boston; Vicksburg, at Corinto.

Sailed—Ajax, from Boston for Newport News; Iowa, from Horta, Azores, for Solomon's Island; Indiana and Massachusetts, from Horta, Azores, for Chesapeake Bay; Georgia, from Philadelphia for Newport.

If you lose an article of value advertise your Loss at once in the Lost and Found column of The New York Times, the best medium.—Adv.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

The wheat market showed activity and strength early, affected by the further advance in the English and German markets and reports of unsettled weather in the United Kingdom. The reports from the Continent were of unsettled weather in France, but of fine weather in Berlin. There were reports of some foreign bidding for cash wheat, and later in the day it developed that exporters had taken about 60 loads of wheat, including a small cargo of 15 loads from Baltimore, for France. Of the total 52 loads were red wheat from Baltimore and Philadelphia. Trade on the advance, however, was rather disappointing, and after midday the market showed a general reaction. The early foreign statistics were of a little decrease in the Argentine exports. The total shipments from Argentina, India, and Australia fell off a little over 1,000,000 bushels compared with the preceding week, but an estimate in the afternoon indicated probabilities of increased shipments from Southeastern Europe. The fact that the export demand was not more aggressive and a cable estimate of world's exports outside of the United States of 9,600,000 bushels, slightly more than last week, brought about some reaction in prices. The Western receipts were heavy, about double those of a year ago, and there were reports claiming increased purchases on the advance from the country. The total receipts have increased in five days nearly 3,000,000 bushels at the interior points compared with last year. The weather conditions were favorable for harvesting in the Northwest. Reports as to yields showed but little change. Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red, Winter, nominal, to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, new, $1.10, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.27½, nominal; No. 2 hard, Winter, new, $1.09, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.16¼. Sales included 4,000 bushels No. 2 red Winter at $1.08@$1.08¼, elevator, domestic; outports, 32,000 bushels; exports, Manitoba wheat, 400,000 bushels; red Winter from Baltimore, 40,000 bushels, red Winter wheat from Philadelphia, and 16,000 bushels Manitoba from New York shippers own.

Corn was active and strong. There was a good deal of buying on the disappointing movement. Receipts have decreased heavily this week at the West—about 1,000,000 bushels—while there has been a considerable increase in the shipments from the interior, and cash corn has been strong. The September delivery has been advanced rather easily on shorts, and the whole market was helped by some reports claiming that the crop had gone backward since the first of August instead of improving. Cash corn quoted: No. 2, 74¾c, nominal, elevator, to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight, domestic basis, and steamer, nominal, elevator, export basis.

Trade in oats was moderately active and prices were slightly higher. The improvement, however, is slow, as the immense receipts check the improving tendency. Western receipts in five days have been 6,447,000 bushels and a gain of 2,500,000 bushels over last week and about 2,000,000 bushels over last year. Such a tremendous movement from first hands naturally had a depressing effect. Cash oats quoted: Standards, 46c; No. 2 white, 46½c; No. 3 white, 46c, regular, track.

Trade in provisions was more active. Prices improved on disappointing movement of hogs and a general advance of live hog prices.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.09⅝	$1.08⅝	$1.09⅝	$1.08⅝
December	1.12⅝	1.10⅝	1.12⅝	1.12
Corn—				
September	..	..	73½	72¾
Lard—				
January	..	..	10.95	10.80

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
Wheat—				
September	1.03⅝	1.02⅜	1.02⅞	1.02⅝
December	1.06⅞	1.05⅛	1.06⅛	1.06
May	1.11⅝	1.10⅜	1.11⅛	1.10⅝
Corn—				
September	65⅝	64¾	65¼	64⅝
December	62⅞	61⅝	62½	61⅝
May	65	63⅞	64⅝	63⅝
Oats—				
September	37¼	36⅞	37¼	37
December	39¼	38¾	39	38¾
May	42	41½	41⅞	41⅝
Lard—				
September	11.80	11.65	11.75	11.70
October	11.70	11.60	11.65	11.60
November	11.40	11.32½	11.37½	..
January	10.65	10.57	10.60	10.55
Ribs—				
September	11.70	11.55	11.65	11.67½
October	11.22½	11.07½	11.17½	11.12½
January	9.70	9.60	9.65	9.62½
Pork—				
September	21.65	21.30	21.47½	21.40
October	20.97½	20.80	20.80	20.70
January	18.67½	18.45	18.62½	18.50

COTTON.

Cotton sold off about 10 points early, then rallied and the balance of the day showed rather limited fluctuations with the afternoon tone rather heavy. The cables were weak on the new crop deliveries, but when prices showed heaviness here, there developed quite good buying by some of the old bull interests which took considerable cotton off the market resulting in a quick rally in prices. After this buying ceased there was a slow working back in values. There was again a great deal of uncertainty over the Texas situation. The weather there was cloudy, with a low barometer and showers predicted in the North, but there were rains at only a few points and the advices from Texas are of extremely critical conditions in many sections. Comparatively few, however, of the estimates run below 3,000,000 bales, although some run as low as last year about 2,400,000 bales running count. The reports from Oklahoma and from the Gulf States were of a satisfactory character and the continuation of favorable advices from so large a percentage of the belt outside of Texas tends very greatly to offset the Texas reports. The statistics for the day showed rapidly increasing new cotton receipts. Houston received 4,827 bales, all new, and Galveston 1,769 bales, all new. The into sight movement for the week was 16,000 bales, against 20,523 last year. Spinners' takings were 116,000 bales, including 7,000 bales in transit against 129,000 bales last year. The indicated decrease in the visible was 100,000 bales, against 109,000 last year. The cotton exports this week from New York as shown by the steamship reports have been 30,000 bales and freight interests report active inquiry for more room, particularly to Havre. Three Antwerp boats have been diverted to Havre already.

Southern spot markets were unchanged to 1c. decline.

New York spot cotton quiet, unchanged. Middling uplands 15.70. Middling gulf 15.95.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
August	15.71	15.65	15.69@15.70	15.65
September	14.48	14.34	14.44@14.45	14.40
October	13.75	13.63	13.68@13.69	13.69
November	....	....	13.59@13.61	13.58
December	13.65	13.54	13.59@13.60	13.58
January	13.63	13.53	13.56@13.57	13.57
February	....	....	13.57@13.59	13.58
March	13.68	13.60	13.61@13.62	13.62
May	13.71	13.63	13.63@13.65	13.67
June	....	....	13.63@13.65	13.70
July	13.66	13.65	13.64@13.65	13.71

The market closed steady at 4 advance to 7 decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee developments were bullish, and after opening steady from 3 to 5 points' advance, values hardened, and at the close were firm at a net gain of 10 to 15 points, with total sales of 44,750 bags. There was good buying for foreign account in the near months, and there was, also, buying for outside account and by Brazil, thought to be in the form of hedges against recent sales. Havre was ½f higher. Hamburg showed an advance of ¼ pfennig, and in Brazil Rio was 25 reis lower, and Santos unchanged to 50 reis lower. Firm offers from Brazil were again at a high level. Spot coffee firm, 9c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thursday's Close.
August	..	..	7.05@7.10	6.95
September	7.10	7.05	7.05@7.10	6.95
October	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.05
November	..	..	7.20@7.30	7.10
December	7.30	7.25	7.30@7.35	7.15
January	..	..	7.35@7.37	7.23
February	..	..	7.39@7.40	7.29
March	7.44	7.38	7.43@7.45	7.32
April	..	..	7.46@7.48	7.34
May	7.45	7.44	7.48@7.50	7.36
June	..	..	7.50@7.51	7.37
July	7.53	7.45	7.52@7.53	7.39

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Forecast for the cotton and grain States for Saturday and Sunday:

North and South Carolina—Local showers Saturday; slightly warmer in the interior. Sunday, partly cloudy.

Georgia—Local showers Saturday, except fair in northwest portion; slightly warmer in northern portion. Sunday partly cloudy; showers in southern portion.

Florida—Local showers Saturday and Sunday.

Alabama—Partly cloudy in northern, local showers in southern portion Saturday and Sunday.

Mississippi—Fair in northern, local showers in southern portion Saturday. Sunday showers.

Louisiana—Local showers Saturday and Sunday.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair in southern, local showers in northern portion Saturday and Sunday; cooler Sunday in northern portion.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy Saturday, showers in northwest portion. Sunday showers and cooler.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Showers Saturday or Saturday night and probably Sunday; slightly cooler Sunday.

Arkansas—Partly cloudy Saturday; showers and slightly cooler at night or Sunday.

Indiana and Illinois—Partly cloudy Saturday; showers and cooler at night or Sunday.

Lower Michigan—Showers and cooler Saturday in northern and Saturday or Saturday night in southern portion. Sunday, showers; cooler in southeast portion; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Showers and cooler Saturday. Sunday, partly cloudy; light to moderate winds, becoming west and northwest.

Wisconsin—Local showers and slightly cooler Saturday, except fair in northwest portion. Sunday, fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Iowa—Showers Saturday or Saturday night. Sunday, partly cloudy and cooler, with showers in eastern portion.

Missouri—Showers Saturday in northwest and Saturday or Saturday night in southern and eastern portions. Sunday, showers and cooler.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday, fair.

South Dakota—Local showers Saturday. Sunday, fair.

Nebraska—Showers Saturday; cooler in northern and eastern portion. Sunday, fair.

NOT IN RAILROADS, FARQUHAR DECLARES

Just a Short Trip to Look After Brazilian Interests, ex-Tammany Man Says.

DODGED QUESTIONS, THOUGH

Had Thought of Listing South American Securities Here, but Doubts if America Would Spare Capital.

Along with nearly £600,000 of English gold on the Lusitania yesterday came Percival Farquhar, late of Tammany Hall and more recently the successful promoter of $175,000,000 in South American enterprises. He occupied the royal suite.

Wall Street's attention was focused on the expatriated New Yorker in the last week of July, when the slumping stock market was stayed with the announcement from Kuhn, Loeb & Co. that as the leaders of an international syndicate which included Sir Ernest Cassel, they had transferred from weak to strong hands extensive holdings of American railroad stocks. Percival Farquhar and Dr. F. S. Pearson, with their following, had been heavy buyers last Winter and Fall, at high prices, of the stocks of the Rock Island, the Lehigh Valley, the Missouri Pacific, and the Wabash. Wall Street promptly recognized in the holdings of the combination the potential nucleus of a new transcontinental railroad affiliation.

Mr. Farquhar left England on the Lusitania after a conference with Sir Ernest Cassel, and the financial district expected that his coming might mean some new development in the situation. Before he left the steamer Mr. Farquhar hastened to disabuse his interviewers of the idea that his visit had anything to do with the railroad situation here. Along with Dr. Pearson and E. D. Kenna he was elected to the board of the Rock Island last Spring before the decline in the stock market prices of the securities which he and his associates bought at close to the top had become such as to make the intervention of a rescuing syndicate necessary to save the market from liquidation.

"Percy" Farquhar's old friends in Tammany and his associates in speculative Wall Street of a decade ago hardly would have recognized the seeming Englishman who walked down the gangplank of the Lusitania yesterday. He has lost his mustache, has grown stouter, and has acquired a British manner which, with his resemblance at times to Joseph Chamberlain, would mark him to the casual eye as an Englishman. Whatever his losses in his venture into the American railroad field he was jauntily indifferent yesterday when he stood up to the cross-examination of reporters. As he confessed to a Wall Street friend afterward he "evaded and fenced" questions which touched on the Rock Island situation, but in evading he made statements which were diametrically opposed to well-authenticated authorities in the Street. He was as willing to talk about his South American enterprises as he was reluctant to touch on Rock Island matters.

He said he was here for a few days only and had come "almost exclusively on the business of his South American railroads." The stories which attributed a transcontinental ambition to the purchases of himself and his friends of the various American railroad stocks which have been transferred to the control of the Kuhn-Loeb syndicate, he called fantastic.

The Brazilian Railroad Company, which is a Maine corporation, is floating $16,000,000 of bonds in France and $6,000,000 in England. This, he explained, necessitated a certain amount of detail work here such as the appointment of a trustee, &c. Also there were supplies to be purchased.

He was asked if he had any intention of listing some of his South American securities in New York. He had thought of it, he admitted, but could not see any possibility of interesting American capital as long as the natural developments of railroads here found it difficult to obtain needed capital. Mr. Hill's figures of the needed capital he could not remember. "Some fantastic figure," he said airily, indicated the need of capital to be supplied at home before American capital could be expected to seek an outlet abroad.

He was reminded that a strong syndicate of New Yorkers were prepared to put from $60,000,000 to $100,000,000 into Turkish railway enterprises. He said that he did not believe it; that the capital eventually would have to be obtained abroad where, he said, he had found about 100 per cent. of his funds. As he was closing the interview at his offices in 115 Broadway the reporter asked him if he had been present at the Christmas party at the Irvington house of Daniel G. Reid last year, at which Rock Island dividend prospects and the roseate prospects of Lehigh Valley were exploited fully. He smiled and replied:

"No, I was not present. I know nothing about that party."

In behalf of the banking interests which lately took over the Rock Island and other holdings of the Pearson-Farquhar group, it was denied yesterday that the presence here of Mr. Farquhar and others interested in the recent transfer of stocks indicated that any further steps were about to be taken in the situation arising from the change in ownership of these stocks. Mr. Farquhar had an interview yesterday with members of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., after which this statement from him was printed on the Wall Street news ticker:

> There is no truth in the statements which have been made to the effect that any pressure was brought to bear by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. upon Dr. Pearson, myself, or other English holders of American stocks, so far as I know, to compel them to relinquish their holdings of Rock Island, Lehigh Valley, Missouri Pacific, or any other stocks in which any of us have been interested in England.

It was repeated yesterday that neither Mr. Farquhar nor Dr. Pearson had been eliminated from the situation, but how important may be any blocks of Rock Island and other stocks which they may have retained personally was left undetermined still. It generally is understood that both men still have a certain amount of personal holdings in the stocks in which they became interested in connection with the proposal to form a new transcontinental system.

ARREST REAL ESTATE BROKER

Brooklyn Physician Accuses Him of Getting $300 by Fraud.

Brooklyn detectives who had been looking for J. Brower Longworth, accused by a physician in South Brooklyn with swindling him out of $300 in a real estate deal, found him at 820 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, where he lives, yesterday morning. He was taken before the Grand Jury, and indicted for grand larceny. Judge Fawcett in the County Court held him in $2,500 bail for trial. He refused to make any statement.

The complainant is Dr. Jacob Wachsman of 514 Forty-seventh Street, Brooklyn. The physician wanted to buy some real estate in March of last year, and was referred to Longworth by a real estate agency. According to the physician Longworth said he represented a woman who had two lots for sale in Fifty-fourth Street, between Second and Third Avenues. The price was $3,000, and Dr. Wachsman said he advanced Longworth $300 on his request to cover the expense of clearing up the title. The physician began an investigation when Longworth did not return, and learned from a title company that the property which he thought he was buying was not owned by the woman whose name had been given him.

Longworth, it is said, calls himself a second cousin of former President Roosevelt's son-in-law.

BLOW AT QUEENS GRAFT.

Gresser Drops 20 Corporation Inspectors—Employes Found Shirking.

Honest graft in Queens received a sad blow yesterday when twenty or more Corporation Inspectors who have been getting "easy money" found their work cut off. Among this array of worthies who have been drawing $100 a month for doing nothing and holding up their hands in horror at the other graft exposures were several well-known business men and a lawyer.

Early in the graft hunt last Spring Borough President Gresser was asked to make public the list of Corporation Inspectors, with the result that the names of fourteen men who best could afford the notoriety of having it known that they had been holding jobs of this kind were given out.

In terminating the careers of the Inspectors, Mr. Gresser notified all corporations in Queens of the new order of things and requested that representatives be sent to a conference in his office in the Borough Hall, in Long Island City.

Among the corporations who were compelled to carry Inspectors on their pay rolls were the Long Island Railroad, the Pennsylvania Railroad, the water, gas, and electric light companies, for every corporation or individual who undertook any enterprise of importance was compelled to pay $100 a month to a man whom they knew nothing about.

At President Gresser's office it was stated that it is proposed that Inspectors shall make a daily report to the Commissioner of Public Works. This reform, it is said, is one of the many plans for improvement outlined to President Gresser by Mayor Gaynor.

An Inspector sent on a sleuthing tour by Borough President Gresser through Queens to see that city employes were doing their work found a foreman and a sub-foreman, supposed to be at work on the highways, fast asleep under a tree alongside the road, with the three or four men they had in charge engaged in literary pursuits, two reading newspapers and one a book.

At another place the Inspector found a foreman and his assistant regaling themselves at a hotel while their gang was doing the same thing under a tree on the lawn.

When the Inspector turned in his report the men he caught off duty were summoned to appear at the Borough Hall this morning to answer charges.

RACE CLASH IN PINE CAMP.

Squadron C Objects to Using the Same Shower Baths with Colored Cavalry.

PINE CAMP, N. Y., Aug. 12.—A race dispute has broken out in camp which may easily assume a serious aspect if not quickly settled. The trouble started when the officers and men of Squadron C of Brooklyn learned that they were to use the same shower baths that are used by the colored troops of the Tenth Cavalry. They protested immediately, and it is reported that a petition addressed to Gen. Grant is being prepared asking that other arrangements be made. The colored troopers are indignant, and there is open rupture between the two camps, but no disorder.

With the detrainment of the Sixth Field Artillery of Binghamton this morning the last of the militia designated for the second period, making 3,000 National guardsmen in all, are in camp.

The first manoeuvres of the second period were held this afternoon. Squadron C divided into two divisions, one of which was supposed to be the advance guard of the Blue Army and the other the Red Army, which, after the custom of the present manoeuvres, was an invading force from Canada. Capt. Mortimer Bryant commanded the Red force and Major Debochoise the Blue.

While the Blue force was marching along the Great Bend Road, about three miles from camp, Capt. Bryant by a series of clever manoeuvres succeeded in getting to the left flank of the Blue force without being seen, and completely surprised them by a terrific flank attack.

The place was well chosen, and the attack so well timed that there was no escape for the Blues, and they were captured, according to the verdict of the umpires. The Red forces seem destined to win in this year's manoeuvres, as the majority of the engagements have been won by them.

Instruction work of the Twenty-third and Forty-seventh Regiments was very simple to-day. Besides battalion and regimental drill they merely worked out simple problems in outpost work. To-morrow the infantry militia will start in earnest.

GOING TO FISH IN ALASKA.

Sir Richard Musgrave Arrives—Charters a Steamer for His Guests.

Sir Richard J. Musgrave of Ireland, Lady McCalmont, and William Bishop, M. P., who are going to Alaska on a specially chartered steamship to fish for salmon, arrived here yesterday on the Cunard liner Lusitania. Their fishing outfit came with them, and a number of servants were kept busy rounding up numerous boxes, trunks, and small baggage as they were brought from the steamship.

Sir Richard expressed himself strongly upon Irish affairs.

"When the Irish tenants who have bought property begin to pay the heavy taxes you will see a tremendous row. The Irish Party has been fooled again by Asquith," he said. Speaking of his trip, Sir Richard added:

"We intend to start out from Vancouver in a small steamship we have chartered, and we are going to make our plans as we go along. We will stay until we have all the fishing we want. Ten years ago in Alaska I hooked a seventy-pounder, and I expect to get a larger catch this time."

On the Lusitania also were Lord Hugh Grosvenor and Francis and Riversdale Grenfell, who are to play polo at Narragansett. They kept in training during the voyage by running about the decks, to the amusement of the passengers. Each morning they came on deck with the rise of the sun and practiced on the promenade deck.

CONTEST LEGACY TO PRIEST.

Relatives of Kansas Man Say His Property Was Intended for Them.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 12.—When Thomas Dowling scratched his mark on a will as he lay ill in St. Joseph's Hospital on April 23, two witnesses, a nurse and an interne, signed it. Yesterday afternoon Ernestine Poelma, the nurse, made an affidavit for the Probate Court that Dowling was physically and mentally unable to understand what he was doing at the time.

Father Patrick J. O'Donnell, whom the will names as executor without bond, and to whom $2,500 was bequeathed, will find when he appears to probate the will on Monday that an attorney will protest on behalf of Dowling's sister and seven nieces and nephews, and that Charles W. Armour may be called to testify that Dowling a few days previous to the making of the will had said that his property should go to relatives.

For thirty years Dowling had worked for the Armour Packing Company as a hostler. He was 72 years old and had $15,000.

There is no charge that Father O'Donnell used undue influence over the patient. The statement of the nurse is simply that Dowling was not in a condition to make a will at the time he signed.

Father O'Donnell has been chaplain at St. Joseph's Hospital since 1885, and has been in orders since November, 1884.

Whitney Asks Smaller Appropriation.

Commissioner of Correction Whitney, the only real Tammany man in Mayor Gaynor's Cabinet, being a neighbor and lifelong friend of Charles F. Murphy, in his budget estimate for next year has asked for nearly $3,000 less than his appropriation for this year. During the McClellan administration the appropriations for his department jumped from $900,000 in 1906 to $1,273,000 this year. Mr. Whitney has made several important economies and reforms in the department.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Aug. 11.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Rects., customs.	$954,658	$10,780,846	$35,832,357
Internal revenue	923,940	8,238,354	31,702,822
Miscellaneous ...	16,804	1,025,834	5,210,551
Corporation tax.	7,244	42,259	6,159,516
Total receipts...	1,932,648	20,087,294	78,903,246
Expenditures ...	2,784,840	24,084,375	92,496,085
Deficit	852,192	3,997,081	13,590,838

More General Chemical Co. Stock.

The stockholders of the General Chemical Company, at a special meeting yesterday, authorized an incerase of the 6 per cent. cumulative stock from $12,500,000 to $15,000,000. With the $12,500,000 common stock the capital is now $27,500,000.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 12.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	10	10¼	Isabella ...	17⅜	17⅝
Elkton	76½	77½	McKinney ..	54½	56
El Paso....	85	85½	Old Gold....	4¾	5⅛
Findlay ...	8½	..	Portland ...	118½	123
Gold Dollar.	15	16	Vindicator..	93	98
Jackpot ...	10	10⅝	Jen. Samp..	10	11

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St.
18 Bishopsgate St. Within.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR GROUND FLOOR INVESTMENT IN NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE OF HIGHEST CHARACTER. $10,000—$100,000. WILL BEAR MOST RIGID INVESTIGATION. LARGE RETURNS ASSURED. INQUIRIES INVITED FROM PRINCIPALS ONLY. INVESTMENT, W 60 TIMES.

6% FIRST MORTGAGES, $500 TO $5,000, ON well-located local property. Loans do not exceed 60% of appraised value. Offered, subject to prior sale, at par and accrued interest. Title guaranteed. W. D. Hord, 334 Fifth Av.

SALESMAN on Porcupine gold shares wanted; investigation invited. M. W. Simpson, 247 West 123d St.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Philadelphia, August 1, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and one-half per cent. (Seventy-five cents per share) upon the Capital Stock of the Company, payable on and after August 31, 1910, to stockholders as registered upon the books of the Company at the close of business August 5, 1910. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

JAMES F. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer.

Office HOMESTAKE MINING CO.,
MILLS BUILDING, 15 BROAD STREET,
New York, August 11th, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 429.

Dividend No. 429 of Fifty (50) Cents Per Share has been declared, payable at the Transfer Agency in New York on the 25th inst. Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

LOUNSBERY & CO., Transfer Agents.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE.

KELLEY TICKET MACHINE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company, Room 703, No. 60 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York, at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 15th, 1910.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall St., New York City, N. Y., July 15, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing and delivering 231,674 No. 3 cans of tomatoes will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M., Aug. 15, 1910. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores Opened Aug. 15, 1910," and addressed to Col. A. L. SMITH, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

THE JOHNSON COMPANY
(of Pennsylvania.)

The bonds numbered below, secured by the Johnson Company's First Mortgage to the undersigned as Trustee, have been drawn for redemption at 105 and accrued interest on September 1st, 1910, out of the funds to be provided by the Mortgagor for the purpose:

8
32
51
56
61
63
86
99
106
117
158
170
176
180
188
211
217
251
263
266
278
296
299
303
306
325
340
393
410
414
543
564
597
653
685
719
722
741
744
753
769
773
776
786
791
820
873
897
910
1009
1050
1056
1065
1072
1085
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1105
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1880
1892

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee.
By HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.
August 2, 1910.

DELAWARE & EASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

The mortgage securing the $1,000,000 issue of Bonds of the Delaware & Eastern R. R. Co. is about to be foreclosed. For their own protection all holders of these bonds should at once communicate with the D. & E. Bondholders' Reorganization Committee, C. C. Taylor, Secretary, 232 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Penna.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The Commercial National Bank of Chicago, located at Chicago, in the State of Illinois, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present their notes and other claims for payment.

NATHANIEL R. LOSCH, Cashier.
Dated Chicago, Illinois, July 30, 1910.

PROPOSALS.

CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER OUTLET, Fort Hancock, N. J., August 11, 1910. Sealed proposals for constructing a sewer outlet at Fort Hancock, N. J., will be received here until 12 M., August 31, 1910, and then opened. Plans and specifications can be seen at Office of Chief Quartermaster, Department of the East, Governors Island, New York City, and at this office. United States reserves right to reject any or all proposals. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for Sewer Outlet," addressed Frederic H. Smith, Constructing Quartermaster.

A Western Minister Visits the Tenderloin

Rev. Dr. H. A. Matthews of Seattle is a sociological student and his experiences in New York are worth reading.

John Purroy Mitchel New York's Acting Mayor

A close view of the President of the Board of Aldermen who is the city's chief executive in Mayor Gaynor's absence.

"Rita" on the Secret of America's Greatness

The English authoress tells about it in a decidedly interesting article.

Turks Seek American Money for Railroads

Will open rich territory to the markets of the world.

Russia's Cholera Scare Worst In Her History

Thousands dying of the plague and other nations are fearful.

Other features include:

The Passing of the Cape Codder.
Islam Gaining in Africa.
Mexico's Centennial Anniversary.
Remarkable Snapshots at Thrilling Moments.
The Togo Tourists Visit Boston.
Hy. Mayer's Clever Cartoons of Events of the Week.

These events are pictured in photographs in the Pictorial Section:

The Unveiling of the Pilgrims Monument by President Taft.
The Clash Between Church and State in Spain.
Submarines in the English Naval Manoeuvres.
The Big Military Meet at Pine Plains.
Baseball Players of the American League.
Men of Mark in the Public Eye.
The Spring Lake Horse Show at Sea Girt.
Proclamation of the Coronation of King George V.

Be sure to place your order early for to-morrow's

SUNDAY TIMES

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Times Square Section Shows Activity in Sales and Long Leases—House in Fifth Avenue District Transferred—F. G. Bourne a Seller—Apartments Show Steady Demand.

The Times Square section held the centre of activity in the realty market yesterday, the transactions including the sale of two old residences in Forty-third Street and the leasing of additional property by Brill Brothers, adjoining the Old Guard Armory on the northwest corner of Broadway and Forty-ninth Street. The property includes the four-story buildings at 215 and 217 West Forty-ninth Street for a twenty-one-year term, with privileges of continued renewals, which virtually gives the firm perpetual control of the plot.

The sale of the Forty-third Street plot is of more than usual significance, as it indicates the prevailing tendency to improve the old-time dwellings in the immediate vicinity of Times Square. The two four-story houses at 137 and 139 West Forty-third Street have been purchased, it is stated, by a club which will immediately make extensive alterations, amounting practically to a new building. They occupy a plot 41 by 100.5 on the north side of the street, adjoining the Hotel Woodstock on the west, and but 60 feet east of the new hotel being erected for George Considine adjoining the Cadillac. The owner of record is John W. Barr of Louisville, Ky.

The new $1,000,000 Elks' Club now nearing completion is on the south side of the street, a few doors west of Sixth Avenue, and near the Broadway corner adjoining the new Fitzgerald Building is the George M. Cohan Theatre, which will be opened in October.

Brill Brothers Get Perpetual Lease.

The Brill Brothers, who obtained a long lease a short time ago of the Old Guard Armory, on the northwest corner of Broadway and Forty-ninth Street, and who are making extensive alterations to the ground floor for occupancy, have now leased for twenty-one years with perpetual renewals from the owner, James Knight, the adjoining property, 215 and 217 West Forty-ninth Street. On the plot, 20 by 100.5, are two old four-story dwellings. The armory has a Broadway frontage of 125.6 feet while the Forty-ninth Street frontage with the plot just acquired is 141 feet. The lease of the upper floor of the armory has about four years to run. At its expiration Brill Brothers propose to erect a ten-story building, the larger portion of which will be used for its own business.

Sale in Fifth Avenue Section.

Frank J. Veiller has sold the four-story residence at 33 West Forty-sixth Street, on plot 20.10 by 100, for Mrs. Beam to a client.

F. G. Bourne Sells House.

Frederick G. Bourne has sold the residence he built for his son at 117 East Fifty-fifth Street, through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, to a purchaser, who intends to occupy the house. It was held at $85,000, and is a five-story American basement structure, recently completed on a lot 18.9 by 100.5, east of Park Avenue.

Sales in Chelsea District.

The Duross Company has sold to a client for Mary McM. Renville 434 West Twenty-sixth Street, and for Robert Ferguson 432 West Twenty-sixth Street, two four-story houses on plot 38.3 by 100.

Buys West Side Residence.

Irving Ruhlander has sold 26 West Sixty-ninth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100.5, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue.

Apartments in Adlon Trade.

The Hennessey Realty Company has taken from John Healey in part payment for the Adlon apartment house, at 533 West 112th Street, the two-fifty-foot elevator apartment houses at 241 and 245 West 113th Street, near Seventh Avenue.

Sells Three Apartment Houses.

Three apartment houses in West 151st Street have been sold by Solomon M. Schatzkin. They are the Elsinore, a six-story elevator house at 502 and 504 West 151st Street, on plot 75 by 99.11, adjoining the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue; the Manchester, at 512, and the Marlborough, at 518, both seven-story elevator structures, each on a plot 50 by 99.11.

Buys East 83d Street Flat.

William Wolff's Sons have sold for Abraham H. Goldner and Mrs. Lena Stein to Rachel Cohn 521 East Eighty-third Street, a five-story triple flat, on lot 25 by 80 by 100.

Bronx Sales.

Shaw & Co. have sold for Edward H. Tessier 578 Van Nest Avenue, a two-story frame two-family dwelling, on a plot 25 by 100.

John A. Steinmetz has sold for Albert J. Adobody 807 East 179th Street, a one-family house, on lot 25 by 103, to a client.

Max Marx has sold to Beatrice Epstein the property on the southeast side of Stebbins Avenue, 100 feet north of 169th Street, a plot 150 by 122.96 and irregular.

Brooklyn Sales.

Bulkley & Horton, Incorporated, have sold 121 Rogers Avenue, between Park and Sterling Places, a three-story double apartment house, terra-cotta front, for Mrs. Catherine Johnson to a client for investment.

Port Chester Estate Sold.

The John Shults estate at Port Chester, one of the finest places in that section of Westchester County, consisting of about 200 acres, with a large frontage on King Street, is reported to have been sold. The property is about four miles distant from both the Port Chester and White Plains Stations. Directly opposite the Shults place is the Marion Story property, which was sold a short while ago by Worthington Whitehouse to Hugh J. Chisholm.

Suburban Sales.

The Frederick W. Avery Company sold for Edwin F. Cornwell to Henry T. de Rivera, for occupancy, the new dwelling and plot on the south side of West Broadway, 311 feet west of Nassau Place, at Woodmere, L. I.

Ward & Ward have sold the Jones Smith and Tuttle properties, located between Cold Spring and Huntington, to Henry Coe for a country estate. The tract consists of more than eighty acres of land.

E. P. Parson's real estate agency has sold two lots on the Hempstead plaza to Nelson S. Hance. A. W. Brierley has sold two acres at Hempstead Gardens for J. A. Rose to M. M. Van Cott, and a plot on the west side of Greenwich Street, 57 by 162, to J. E. Matheson. Arthur Brierley has sold one of the two new houses erected by A. A. Foreman of Brooklyn to William Kelly McKay. George G. Smith has sold for the Whittaker estate the double dwelling on Jerusalem Avenue, near Henry Street, to Charles S. Middaugh.

Big Lease for Chop House.

Farrish's Chop House, which has long been familiar to downtown merchants, has renewed its lease to the property, 107 and 109 William Street, on the southwest corner of John Street, for a term of fifteen years and four months at an aggregate rental of over $157,000. The annual lease is $10,500.

Bush Terminal Leases.

The Bush Terminal Company has leased in South Brooklyn to the J. Spencer Turner Company, selling agents for cotton and duck mills in the South and New England, 11,685 square feet in Building No. 3 at the foot of Thirty-sixth Street, and to the Thomas F. Condon Company of 50 Church Street, Manhattan, 7,000 square feet on the fifth floor of Building No. 6, now in course of construction.

Alter Lexington Avenue House.

Plans have been filed for installing a store in the three-story dwelling on the east side of Lexington Avenue, 79 feet south of Forty-first Street, by building a front extension. Edward Margolies is the owner. W. Albert Swasey, the architect, estimates the cost at $3,000.

William Street Foreclosure Suit.

Suit has been begun in the Supreme Court by Anzonetta B. Wolfe and William Irving Clark, surviving executors and trustees of the estate of John Wolfe, against Lorena Jones and others to foreclose a mortgage of $161,000, on which there is due $131,000, on property known as 80 and 82 William Street, a mercantile building. The mortgage was made on June 15, 1904. John Mason Knox of 80 and 82 William Street is the attorney for the plaintiff.

Notes.

Huberth & Gabel leased for a client to the United Box Company the four-story building, 106 West Third Street, for a term of years.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for G. W. Rader the dwelling 157 West Sixty-first Street to Mary Feller, and for Henry L. Scheuerman the dwelling 27 West Sixtieth Street to Katherine B. Harvery and Cora Wesson.

William Wolff's Son has leased to a Mr. Kannenberg 1,056 Lexington Avenue, northwest corner of Seventy-fifth Street, and for a term of years for John Donohue to a Mr. Baker the store 1,083 Lexington Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Daniel Greenwald.

126th St, 34, s s, 56 ft w of Madison Av, 18x83, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Annie Dickel, $11,695.

Bowery, 319, e s, about 40 ft s of 2d St, 22.2x92.2x irregular, four-story loft building; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Hans Reiss, $27,200.

3d Av, 3,621 n w s, about 280 ft n of 169th St, 25x118, three-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Sept. 12.

By Samuel Marx.

31st St, 13, n s, 160.7 ft w of Madison Av, 21.10x98.9; four-story school; partition, to Edward J. De Haven, $74,300.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

151st St, n s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, for a one-story brick garage, 48x98; D. L. Ormsby, 451 West 151st St, owner; H. Nordheim, architect, cost $15,000

Union Av, w s, 236.10 ft n of 163d St, for a five-story brick tenement, 75.6x112; Union-Tinton Improvement Co., 35 Nassau St., owner; Abraham Berris, architect; cost ..$75,000

City Island Av, e s, 371.12 ft s of Schofield St, for two one-story frame lockers, 20x35; Henry B. Nevins, on premises, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost $1,000

Macomb's Road, w s, 237.88 ft n of 181st St, for a one-story stone garage, 20x22; William C. Bergen, Andrew's Av and 180th St, owner; Serviss & Glew, architects; cost $1,000

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

9th St, s w corner of Avenue A, to two five-story brick tenements and stores; estate of Ferdinand Beinhauer, 2 West 88th St, owner; F. Straub, architect; cost $5,000

228th St, 180 ft e of White Plains Road, to a two-story frame dwelling, 21.3x35.4; Michael J. Cleary, on premises, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost $5,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, AUG. 12.

With name and address of attorney.

THOMPSON ST, w s, 159 ft s of Broome St, 66x irregular; Thompson St, w s, 149 ft s of Broome St, strip 1x60; Thompson St, w s, 150 ft s of Broome St, 9x irregular; Watts St, s s, 70.9 ft w of Thompson St, 26.2x23.9x8.1; F. C. Linde Co, to Margaret L. Secor of Ossining, N. Y.; Aug. 11; Attorney Hy. E. Frankenberg, 52 B'way......$100

BIRCH ST, n w corner of Syracuse Av, 100x100; John Williams and another to Henry Tonjes; Apr. 15; Attorney Edward Menocal, 135 B'way......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Henry Tonjes to Eugene F. Buckley and another; Apr. 21; Attorney same......$100

123D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11; Eliz. B. Corwin to Thomas Nelson, Jr., and another, as executors; quickclaim, June 1; Attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 B'way......$1

132D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Herbert J. Dahn to Mary A. Thornton; (mtg $21,400,) Aug. 11, Attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 B'way......$100

125TH ST, 257 East, n s, 28x74.11; Walter B. Caughlan, Referee, to Rebecca Hirsch; Aug. 10; Attorney J. Jacobs or Abraham E. Gatner; address not given......$18,100

39TH ST, 547 West, n s, 25x98.9; Thomas M. Fanning to Isabelle Realty Co, (mtg $11,000;) Aug. 10; Attorneys Wentworth, Lowenstein & Stern, 350 B'way......$100

39TH ST, 545 West, n s, 25.1x98.9; Kate Fanning to same, (mtg $8,500;) Aug. 10; Attorneys same......$100

119TH ST, 29 to 35 West, n s, 48.7x irregular; 119th St, n s, 207.5 ft w of 5th Av, 50x97.7; Joseph Thomas to Hamilton S. Foster of Boston, Mass.; July 7; Attorneys Hays, Hershfield & Wolf, 115 B'way......$1

96TH ST, s s, 208.6 ft e of 3d Av, 48.3x100.8; Beke Schneider to Roxane T. Boyd, (mtg $57,000;) Aug. 11; Attorneys, Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 B'way......$1

137TH ST, n s, 400 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11; John W. Reiner, Referee, to Ready Realty Co.; July 22; Attorneys Foster & Cunningham, 32 Liberty St......$45,000

138TH ST, 45 West, n s, 37.6x99.11; Mark G. Holstein, referee, to Clara De Hirsch Home for Working Girls, (foreclosure, July 19, 1910,) Aug. 11; Wise & Seligsberg, 15 William St......$33,000

LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 129th St, 99.11x25; Pinehurst Realty Co. to Max Marx, (mtg $41,500,) Aug. 9; address 128 Broadway......$100

145TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 205x99.11; Pinehurst Realty Co. to Central Building Improvement and Investment Co., (mtg $232,500,) Aug. 9; address 128 Broadway......$100

91ST ST, 25 and 27 West, n s, 35.1x100.8; Pinehurst Realty Co. to Max Marx, (mtg $36,000,) Aug. 9; address 128 Broadway..$100

99TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, 125x100.11; Pinehurst Realty Co. to Max Marx, (mtg $90,500,) Aug. 9; address, 128 Broadway......$100

7TH AV, 197, w s, 16.8x58; George Kern to Eliphalet L. Davis, (mtg $7,000,) Aug. 11; Henry P. Botty, 302 Broadway......$100

FILLMORE ST, w s, 205 ft n of Columbus Av, 25x100, Van Nest Park; Grace G. Schwanz to Cora Mock, (mtg $4,000,) Aug. 2; Henry P. Botty, 302 Broadway......$100

BARKER AV, e s, 50 ft s of Juliana St, 50x100, Williamsbridge; John Rendall to M. Murtha, Aug. 10; Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway......$100

180TH ST, n s, 121.2 ft w of Mapes Av, 24x117.2; M. Murtha to Georgina Rendall, (mtg $13,500,) Aug. 10; Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway......$100

MARION AV, w s, 197.10 ft n of 184th St, 50.1x90.1x50.7x81.3; Irvine Realty Co. to Michael Murtha, (mtg $1,680,) Aug. 10; Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway......$100

LOT 160, Map 1,114A of 329 lots, part of Schieffelin estate; Thomas Lyon to James L. D. Kearney, all liens, June 30; American Bonding Co., 84 William St......$1

LOTS 554 to 558, Map 1,275 of Lohbauer Park; Albert J. Adsbody to Samuel R. Waldron of Rockville Centre, L. I., May 28; J. A. Steinmetz, 1,009 East 180th St......$100

PARKER AV, n e corner of Raymond Av, 25x100; Elizabeth Steinmetz to Samuel R. Waldron of Rockville Centre, (mtg $5,500,) Aug. 1; John A. Steinmetz, 1,009 East 180th St......$100

MANHATTAN AV, s w corner of 121st St, 18.5x80; Thomas W. Butts to Georgiana, his wife, (mtg $12,500,) April 2, 1909, B. & S.; address 51 Chambers St......$1

17TH ST, 130 and 134 West, s s, 50x92; Krone Realty Co. to Max A. Singer, (mtg $144,000,) June 30; Leon Lewin, 150 Nassau St......$100

13TH ST, 646 and 648 East, s s, 38x131.6; Frederic Gronholz and Wilhelmina, his wife, to Wilhelmina Gronholz, (mtg $50,000,) July 29; A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St......$100

BROOME ST, 147, s s, 20x41.6x25x41.6; Aaron Segal to Bernat Springer, (1st mtg $7,500,) ½ R. T. & I., Aug. 11; Adolph Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St......$100

MANHATTAN ST, 7, w s, 25.2x62; Estie Springer to Joseph Siegel of Brooklyn, (1st mtg $16,000,) R. T. & I., Aug. 10; A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St......$100

BECK ST, w s, 510 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Beck St, w s, 555 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100; Beck St. Realty Co. to Renyan Realty Co., June 15; attorneys, Ferris, Roeser & Storck, 165 Broadway......$100

180TH ST, 655 East, n s, 50x90; Cipriani Realty and Construction Co. to Bolognese Investing Co., a corporation, Aug. 10; D. A. Trotta, 3d Av and 149th St......$100

BELMONT AV, 2,480, n e corner of 189th St, 90x50; Cipriani Realty and Construction Co. to Bolognese Investing Co., (mtg $29,500,) Aug. 10; D. A. Trotta, 3d Av and 149th St......$100

HUGHES AV, 2,503 and 2,505, w s, 50x87.6; Cipriani Realty and Construction Co. to Bolognese Investing Co., (mtg $27,500,) Aug. 10; D. A. Trotta, 3d Av and 149th St....$100

HUGHES AV, 2,511, w s, 25x87.6; Orlando Cipriani and others to Bolognese Investing Co., all liens, Aug. 10; D. A. Trotta, 3d Av and 149th St......$100

2D AV, s w corner of 56th St, 25.4x100; Emma Wulff to Minnie Michel, ½ part, all title, July 1; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Emma Wulff and another, executors, Henry Berghorn to same, all, July 1; attorneys, same......$36,000

2D AV, n e corner of 78th St, 25.6x100; Emma Wulff and another, executors, Henry Berghorn, to Emma Wulff, (mtg $1,000,) July 1; attorneys, same......$36,000

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Michel and another, guardians of Florence Coyle and others, to same, all of, quitclaim, July 1; attorneys, same......$20,000

28TH ST, s s, 254.6 ft e of 9th Av, 21.5x98.9; Bertha Kommel, individually, and as executrix; Bernhard Kommel to Robert Kommel, (mtg $15,500,) Aug. 10; R. Kommel, 223 Park Row......$1

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, at e s of Lot 13, map of Townsend Poole, at West Farms, runs n 2.3 x e to said Concourse and s to beginning; American Mortgage Co. to Concourse Improvement Co., B. & S., all liens, Aug. 9; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified, with name and address of lender's attorney.

WILDFEUER, Fanny, to Lena C. Evans; 67th St, s s, 200 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, Aug. 11, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Frederic de P. Foster, 18 Wall St......$24,000

SCHULTZ, Bernard, to Amanda Bussing; Webster Av, n w corner of 182d St, 100.1x100, Aug. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harry V. Morgan, 39 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y......$32,000

JACOBI, George E., of Weehawken, N. J., to William Rossignol; Lot 160, map of Cammann estate; Fordham Heights, Aug. 3, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edward Hunke, Guttenberg, N. J......$300

HIRSCH, Rebecca, to Simon Herzig and another, trustees; 125th St, 257 East, n s, 28x74.11, Aug. 10, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, A. G. Meyer, 132 Nassau St......$15,000

LEICHTAG, Mindel, to Charles and Meyer Bloom; 3d St, 308 East, leasehold, June 8, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hillquit & Levene, 320 Broadway......$2,200

FLEISSNER, John C., of Newark, N. J., to Louis M. Musliner; 144th St, 106 to 110 West, s s, 3 lots, each 37.6x99.11, 3 mtgs, each $5,000, 3 prior mtgs, $27,500 each, Aug. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Tausky, 149 Broadway......$15,000

ROFF, Thomas H., to Charles H. Zumbuehl; 16th Av, n s, 105 ft e of 2d St, 50x114, Wakefield, prior mtg $1,500, July 26, due as per bond; attorneys, Kurz & Wren, 3,025 3d Av......$750

SAME to same; Concord Av, n e corner of 145th St, 23.1x100, July 26, due as per bond; attorney, same......$1,000

ROTH CONSTRUCTION CO. to Isaac L. Kip and another, executors; Tinton Av, e s, 189.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 37.6x irregular, July 26, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$28,000

READY REALTY CO. to Sidney L. Josephthal; 137th St, n s, 400 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11, July 22, 3 years; attorneys, Foster & Cunningham, 32 Liberty St......$45,000

ISABELLE REALTY CO. to Kate Fanning; 39th St, 545 West, n s, 25.1x irregular, prior mtg $8,500, Aug. 10, due as per bond; attorney, W. T. Canary, 2 Rector St......$2,500

TALTY, Rose A., to John A. Gleason; Madison St, 300, s s, 18x105, Aug. 11, 1 year; attorneys, McClure & McClure, 221 William St......$7,000

HEMINGWAY, Janet, to Helen Arnow; Lot 3, map of property of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island, July 20, due Aug. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. N. Arnow, 132 Nassau St..$1,500

CLEVERDON, Lillie B., to Robert N. Cleverdon; Andrews Av, w s, 245.5 ft n of 181st St, 50x100, prior mtg $8,000, Aug. 11, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Adams & Hahn, 1 Liberty St......$2,000

DAVIS, Eliphalet L., to Anna Strohmeyer and others, trustees; 7th Av, 194, w s, 16.8x57.11, Aug. 11, 4 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, H. P. Botty, 302 Broadway......$15,000

SIEMON, Andrew, to John Paul; 157th St, 617 East, n e s, 25x100, Aug. 11, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$3,300

MAIER, Michael, to Max Hirsch; 78th St, s s, 362.6 ft w of 3d Av, 18.9x102.2, Aug. 9, 3 years, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith, 35 Nassau St......$8,000

REILLY, Michael, to Dollar Savings Bank; Park Av, 2,864, e s, 25.11x61.2x25x67.9, Aug. 12, 3 years; attorneys, Lexow, Mackellar & Wells, 43 Cedar St......$2,000

STEVANE, Albert, to Charles A. Walsh; Madison St, 114, s s, 25.8x100x26.9x100, prior mtg $20,000, Aug. 12, due Aug. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. B. Marx, 257 Broadway......$12,000

SCHWARZLER, Albert J., to American Mortgage Co.; Prospect Av, w s, 30 ft s of 168th St, 37.6x105, Aug. 12, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St......$27,000

MASON, William R., to American Mortgage Co.; 36th St, n s, 311 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9, Aug. 12, 5 years; Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St......$20,000

M. R. L. BUILDING CO. to Chelsea Realty Co.; 99th St, n s, 200 ft w of West End Av, 2 lots, each 75x100.11, 2 mtgs, each $190,000, Aug. 12, due Nov. 12, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway...$380,000

MICHEL, Minnie, of Yonkers, N. Y., to Martin Wulff and another, guardian; 109th St, n s, 136.3 ft e of Park Av, 18.9x100.8, July 1, due as per bond; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St......$5,000

SAME to same; 56th St, s w corner of 2d Av, 100x25.4, July 1, due as per bond; attorneys, same......$10,000

DE PERRIE, Otto, J., of Montclair, N. J., to Jules L. Remond; 127th St, 19 West, n s, 18.9x99.11, July 1, 3 years; attorney, Charles J. Massone, 26 Court St, Brooklyn......$5,000

KEIL, Charles L., to Fridolin C. Mehles; Ryer Av, 2,061, w s, 25x137.1, prior mtg $5,500, Aug. 11, due as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$2,000

GOLDBERG, Meyer, and another to Henry H. Jackson; 58th St, 532 West, s s, 25x100.5, prior mtg $11,000, Aug. 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. H. Jackson, 106 Lexington Av......$4,000

THE SUYDENHAM CORPORATION to Albany Savings Bank; Madison Av, 608 to 618, n w corner of 58th St, 100.5x95, Aug. 11, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Zabriskie, Murray, Sage and Kerr, 49 Wall St......$50,000

GREENWICH INVESTING CO. to Mary S. Croxson; Broome St, 521 and 523, s s, 40x60, Aug. 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St......$20,000

227 WEST 17TH ST. CO. to Otto M. Eidlitz; 17th St, 227 to 239 West, n s, 42.4x120.4x40x120, prior mtg $122,500, Aug. 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Manheim & Manheim, 302 Broadway......$12,600

REYAM REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Beck St, w s, 510 ft n of Longwood Av, 80x100, Aug. 2, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St......$40,000

SAME to Beck St. Realty Co.; Beck St, w s, 510 ft n of Longwood Av, 2 lots, each 40x100, 2 mtgs, each $6,900, June 15, due as per bond; attorneys, Ferriss, Roeser & Storck, 165 Broadway......$13,800

PRIORE, Francisco, and Filomena Consoli, to Pasquale Farenga; 18th St, 416, s s, 244 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92, prior mtg $10,000, Aug. 9, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis B. Alterman, 277 Broadway......$4,600

WOOLF, Rosamond, to Hudson Mortgage Co.; West End Av, 832, e s, 15.11x100, Aug. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$1,500

KLING, Charles, to Theresa Schappert; Boston Road, 1,013 and 1,015, w s, 50.2x95.4, Aug. 10, due as per bond; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$17,000

SAME to same; Union Av, w s, 276.8 ft n of George St, 24.8x140, Aug. 10, due as per bond; same......$8,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of attorney.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 117th St, 107.11x25.2x92.5x29.7, March 11, 1903; Lina C. Prescott to Alice C. and Stephen G. Guensey, executors; Pirsson & Beall, 150 Broadway......$30,000

19TH ST, s s, 145 ft w of West End Av, 15x100.8, Oct 4, 1907; Henriette O. Glatz to Caroline S. Ely; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$16,000

ORCHARD ST, e s, 25x65, June 27, 1905; Annie, wife of Morris Berger, to Ernst J. Gehben; N. H. W. Schutt, 229 Broadway......$15,000

69TH ST, 135 East, n s, 16.8x100.5, Oct. 12, 1905; Harry M. Austin to Marion Cutting of Newport, R. I.; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St......$15,000

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 130 ft n of East 175th St, 30x100, March 3, 1910; Brandt & Gartelman, a corporation, to Columbia Trust Co; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$14,000

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 160 ft n of East 175th St, 30x100, March 3, 1910; same to same; attorney, same......$14,000

88TH ST, n s, 220.9 ft w of Avenue B, 24.11x100.8, April 11, 1892; Joseph Schreiner and Amelia, his wife, to the German Savings Bank in the City of New York; Sanders, Wagner & Auerbach, 80 Broadway....$12,500

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 117th St, 107.11x25.2x92.5x29.7, May 11, 1906; Alva Realty Co., a corporation, to Benjamin F. Feiner; Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway......$12,000

85TH ST, 418 East, s s, 29.2x102.2, Jan. 11, 1899; August Kalkhof and Bertha, his wife, to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Richard H. Clarke, 49 Chambers St......$11,000

5TH ST, — East, n s, 243 ft w of Avenue D, 21x75, Feb. 1, 1910; Leopold Gottlieb, widower, to David W. Bondel of Summit, N. J.; Job E. Hedges, 165 Broadway......$9,000

ORCHARD ST, 34, e s, 25x65, Aug 27, 1906; Molly Cohen, Charles I. Minkoff, and Samuel Hammer to Annie Berger; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..$8,750

CLAY AV, w s, 270 ft s of 175th St, 25x95, Sept 15, 1905; Rachael A. Blanchard to Mary Kate Owen; Schmitt & Haas, 119 Nassau St......$7,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s w corner of 158th St, 76.7x67.10x162.4x—, Aug. 1, 1902; Lansing Investment Co to United States Trust Co of New York; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$6,500

116TH ST, s s, 101.8 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x100.10, May 4, 1883; William V. Studdiford to Cornelius F. Kingsland, executor; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$6,000

85TH ST, 418 East, s s, 29.2x102.2, Aug. 7, 1906; Nina Bostliber to August Kalkhof; Adolph Bloch, 99 Nassau St......$6,500

18TH ST, 416 East, s s, 244 ft e of 1st Av, 92x25, July 10, 1906; Francesco Priore & Filomena Consoli to Emma E. Horn; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$5,500

ORCHARD ST, 34, e s, 25x65, March 23, 1910; Molly Cohen, Samuel Hammer & Rebecca, his wife, to Herbert Baum; Moss, Laimbeer, Marcus & Wels, 299 Broadway......$5,400

CLAY AV, n e corner of 165th St, 32.10x80; Clay Av, s e corner of 166th St, 27.11x80; Feb. 20, 1905; Ernest Wenigmann and Christine, his wife, to Mary T. Allen of Brooklyn; Foster Crampton, 60 Wall St......$5,000

EAGLE AV, e s, 155.8 ft n of Westchester Av, 19x115, Sept. 11, 1905; Philip Lewerth to Peter Doelger; S. S. Stern, 41 Park Row......$5,000

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, 109.11 ft w of Heath Av, 137.6x50x150x51.6, Aug. 18, 1906; James F. Finnegan and Anna, his wife, to Leslie R. Palmer, 68 William St......$5,000

121ST ST, 233 West, n s, 25x100.11, Jan. 2, 1908; Fortunato D'Onofrio and Lucia, his wife, to Rocco D'Onofrio; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$5,000

WEBSTER AV, n e corner of 179th St, 105.9x34.1x2.1x50x100, Dec. 21, 1904; William Fox and Solomon Brill to Anna F. Rogers; Merrill & Rogers, 31 Nassau St......$3,500

101ST ST, 235 East, n s, 25x100.11, June 5, 1905; David Skrilow and Sarah, his wife, to Edward A. Brown and Philip L. Fisher; Edward A. Brown, 115 Broadway......$3,000

LOT 56, map of partition of Lott G. Hunt estate, near Van Nest Station, May 1, 1908; Charles Ringelstein and Louise, his wife, to Minnie J. Douglass; Grant Squires, 40 Wall St......$3,000

15TH ST, s s, 73.6 ft e of 8th Av, 20x77.4, Aug. 10, 1904; Stephen J. Korzineck to Sadie C. Striem; J. Carlton Oren, 176 Broadway......$3,000

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 130 ft n of 175th St, 30x100, Dec. 8, 1909; Brandt & Gartelman, a corporation, to John C. Gartelman; O. R. Brant, 41 Park Row......$3,500

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 160 ft n of 175th St, 30x100; same to same; attorney same..$3,500

106TH ST, s s, 280 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, Nov. 9, 1906; Norwood Realty Co. to Richard Wolkenstein; Strasbourger, Weil, Eschwege & Shallek, 74 Broadway......$2,700

116TH ST, s s, 191.1 ft w of 1st Av, 16.8x100.10, July 23, 1894; Charles C. Fitzhugh and Jane M., his wife, both of Brewsters, N. Y., to Cornelius F. Kingsland, trustee; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$2,200

106TH ST, 52 East, s s, 25x100.11, Nov. 12, 1906; Charles Flaum and Rebecca H., his wife, to Maggie Williamson; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1,500

ORCHARD ST, 34, e s, 25x65, Jan. 28, 1910; Samuel Hammer and Becky, his wife, and Mollie Cohen to Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway......$1,000

LOT 56, map of partition sale of Lott G. Hunt estate, Van Nest, July 15, 1908; Charles Ringelstein and Louise, his wife, to George Hauser; Grant Squires, 40 Wall St......$1,000

BROWN AV, e s, 70 ft n of Spofford Av, 50x102, Feb. 10, 1910; Gaetano Clemente to Elena G. Ganzenmuller; Empire Development Co., 309 Broadway......$200

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 130 ft n of 175th St, 30x100, Dec. 8, 1909; Brandt & Gartelman, a corporation, to John C. Gartelman; O. R. Brant, 41 Park Row......$700

TOWNSEND AV, w s, 160 ft n of 175th St, 30x100, Dec. 8, 1909; same to same; (attorneys same)......$7,000

85TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 20x102.2, March 3, 1902; Marie La Marsche and William C., her husband, to William F. Wenisch; A. & H. Bloch, 93 Nassau St......$533

TRINITY AV, 700, e s, 80.2x18.9x79.4x18.9, July 31, 1908; Moritz Sondberg to Lazarus Fried; Samuel Bitterman, 280 Broadway.$750

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of attorney.

7TH AV, 282, n w corner of 26th St, all; Louise E. Croly to Mathias Pergue, 3 years, from Feb. 1, 1911; attorney, A. J. Guislin, 107 West 27th St......$3,500

8TH AV, 2,158 and 2,160, stores and basements; James Duignan to Thomas Farley, 2 9-12 years; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & Marshall, 37 Wall St......$3,600

26TH ST, 325 East, all; Hy. F. Wolters to Carl W. Schulz, 3 2-12 years, from Aug. 1, 1910; address, 216 East 35th St......$1,200

15TH ST, 414 East, s s, 25x103.3, the land; William W. Astor to Caesar Witt and another, 20 years, from May 1, 1909; attorney, Jacob J. Tabolt, 401 West 47th St.; taxes and......$700

WILLIAM ST, 107 and 109, s w corner of John St, 64; William Kinscherf, Jr., and another to Farrish's chop house, 15 4-12 years, from Jan. 1, 1910; attorney, S. H. Guggenheimer, 30 Broad St......$10,500

BROADWAY, 2,848 and 2,850, store, &c.; American Purchasing Association to Louis Mansbach and another, 5 years, from Sept. 1, 1910; attorney, I. B. Reinhardt, 63 Park Row......$3,600 and $4,000

23D ST, 28 East, s s, 25x98.9, all; Marie S. Wyse to Benjamin H. Kaufman, 10 years, from Aug. 1, 1910; attorneys, Denzer Brothers, 920 Broadway......$8,000

CANAL ST, 251 and 253, basement; William Coursen to Diedrich Arberg, 2 years, from June 1, 1910; attorney, Edward J. Kelly, 302 Broadway......$780

9TH AV, 114, store and basement; Sarah Smith to Isidor Gelb, 5 years, from May 1, 1910; attorneys, Holm, Whitlock & Scarff, 35 Nassau St......$720

6TH AV, 58, all; Henry Siefke, executor, to Bernard Meyborg, 10 years, from May 1, 1910; attorneys, Holm, Whitlock & Scarff, 35 Nassau St......$2,500

Mechanics' Liens.

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; Crane Co. against John E. Olson, owner; Baldwin Engineering Co., contractor......$163

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, Aqueduct Av, 192d St, and Tee Taw Av, whole block; Standard Steam Specialty Co, against Hebrew Infant Asylum, owner; Baldwin Engineering Co., contractor......$198

WASHINGTON AV, 1,044; Christopher Fabel against Anton Dill, owner; Carl L. Rieger, contractor......$40

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 108th St, 100.11x100; Macdonald Roofing Co. against Irving Judis Building and Construction Co., owner and contractor......$100

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 116th St, 89.2x887.6; John Lever and others against Columbia University, owner; John H. Parker Co., contractor; Louis G. Meyer, sub-contractor......$178

BROADWAY, s w corner of 84th St, 102.2x122.7; Richard N. Spiers against Charlotte Lee, owner and contractor; Homer Lee, contractor......$232

51ST ST, 643 and 645 West; Ryan & Lumb against D. W. Brown & Co., owner; Frank Boyle, contractor......$245

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,255 to 1,259; Freeman St, 990 to 994; Pierce, Butler & Pierce Manufacturing Co. against Longfellow Realty Corporation, owner and contractor......$1,787

BROOK AV, w s, whole front between Grove St and Bergen Av, 213.5x irregular; O'Connor & Heltzel against John D. Crimmins, Edward W. Dufft, Dollar Savings Bank, Thomas Quinn Co., John J. and Elizabeth Gillen, owners and contractors......$353

76TH ST, 519 and 521 East; Rider-Ericsson Engine Co. against Nevelson-Goldberg Realty Co., owner and contractor......$216

Satisfied Mechanics' Lien.

176TH ST, 888 to 892 East; Charles Bjorkegren against Cornelia E. McCormack and others, March 25, 1910......$1,178

Lis Pendens.

LOTS 260 and 261, map of Van Nest Park, Bronx; Thomas E. Fitzgerald against August Rehbock and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. E. O'Brien.

WILLIAM ST, 80 and 82; Anzonetta B. Wolfe and others against Lorena R. Jones and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Knox.

RIVINGTON ST, 183; Jacob Cohen against Barnett Cohen and others, (partition;) attorney, I. L. Daniels.

179TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 72x95; Charles H. Dix against Nora Realty Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, B. W. Moore.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 3,042; Harry W. Davis against Annie M. J. Muller, (specific performance;) attorney, R. S. Patterson.

7TH AV, s e corner of 129th St, 99.11x74.11; Manhattan Life Insurance Co. against Ricka Kaufman, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Holmes, Rapallo & Kennedy.

112TH ST, 249 and 251 East; 2d Av, 2,183 to 2,189; Lenox Av, 121; 136th St, 101 West; Louis K. Ungrich, executor, against Lizzie L. Ball and others, (action to declare lien;) attorneys, Johnston & Johnston.

HILL AV, w s, 500 ft s of Jefferson Av, 25x100; Kathie Masche against Mateus Zuk, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, I. Kurtz.

133D ST, n s, 395 ft e of 8th Av, 19.6x99.11; Edward J. Lawson against Meline Land Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. S. Lawson.

AVENUE B, 143; Louisa A. Barnard, trustee, against Barnett Hamburger and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Murray, Bennett & Ingersoll.

WILLETT ST, 91; 127th St, 132 East; Bradhurst Avenue Co. against Edward J. Welch and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Krakower & Peters.

STEBBINS AV, e s, 349 ft n of Westchester Av, 75x80; Giuseppe Arnone against Cogswell-Taylor Improvement Co., (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Fixman & Lewis.

Building Loan Contracts.

BROOME ST, s s, 110 ft e of Sullivan St, 40x60; Mary S. Croxson loans Greenwich Investing Co......$20,000

BECK ST, w s, 510 ft n of Longwood Av, 80x100; City Mortgage Co. loans Reyam Realty Co......$40,600

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28-ACRE POULTRY FARM, $2,000.
35 MILES FROM NEW YORK.

Splendid chance for poultry raising and Summer boarders; more than 600 feet above sea level, where the air is clear and clean and cool; 28 acres good soil; 7-room cottage; barn, chicken house; spring water; mail delivered; tradesmen call; school near; 3½ miles to Millington; estate must be settled; only $2,000, part cash. Full details of this and other farms near New York, Page 38, "Strout's Farm Catalogue No. 30," copy free. Station 1,094, E. A. Strout, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

BUILD A HOME IN THE COUNTRY

in an ideal spot, among lovely surroundings and grand views, heights of Chatham, N. J.; less than one hour from New York on Del., Lack. & West. R. R.; an attractive and inviting suburb, possessing all advantages, churches, schools, clubhouse, pure water supply, electric light, telephone; high altitude; healthy, restricted, easy housekeeping markets. For booklet and information address ESTATE WM. A. MARTIN, 114 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

Glen Ridge.—Hollow tile and shingle constructed cottage, 9 rooms and bath; parquet floors; beautifully finished and decorated; one block from Glen Ridge station of Erie Railroad and only a short walk to D., L. & W. station; lot 44x150; price reasonable. N. H. Porter, 66 Park Av., Bloomfield, N. J.

FARM FOR $375.

10,000 square feet of land, rich soil; charming bungalow; nice porch, outhouse; apple, pear, and cherry orchard; fare 15c., or trolley; easy terms. Address MOUNTAIN STREAM, Box 163 Times.

FARM $375 CHICKENS, DUCKS, SQUABS.

1 acre and 100 peach trees will yield $400 yearly. Rich soil; near depot, near city; fare 11 cents; $35 down, $12 monthly.

F. NICHOLS, 258 Broadway.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
DESIRABLE HOUSES FOR RENT.
$40 TO $100 MONTH.
GORDON & FORMAN.

Astonishing Bargains.—Cottages, $1,500 upward; $100 cash, $10 monthly; 25 minutes out Lackawanna R. R. Call, write, Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Chance of a Lifetime.—Five-acre farm tract; hour out; beautiful views; high, healthful; near station. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Artistic six-room cottage, every improvement, restricted. Photograph mailed. $4,000. Other bargains. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Elegant five-story corner, near Subway; rent $8,300; equity $20,000; will trade for good lots or home on Great South Bay. Lou Schmidt, 362 East 143d St.

Builders, Attention!—Have several good plots near office; sell or exchange; what have you to offer? Lou Schmidt, 362 East 143d.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BELLE HARBOR
On the Rockaway Coast, Long Island, New York City.

TO THE PUBLIC

In answer to inquiries from prospective purchasers,

THE WEST ROCKAWAY LAND COMPANY, Owner and Developer of Belle Harbor

announces that it will hold no sales at Public Auction this year, and having only a limited number of building sites unsold, we have placed minimum prices on all plots and residences WHICH WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE. These prices will be advanced from time to time.

BELLE HARBOR

Situated Between the Atlantic Ocean and Jamaica Bay, has all the delights of an ocean voyage, all the comforts and conveniences of a home in the city.

Only 35 minutes from Manhattan and Brooklyn via Long Island Railroad or elevated trains from Brooklyn and Williamsburg bridges. Belle Harbor is the ideal seashore resort for an All Year Home or an Investment.

At Belle Harbor

you buy directly from the owner and developer. This is one of the many reasons why

PRICES ARE ONLY $675 TO $1,400 PER LOT

which is materially lower than prices asked for other developed seashore property, and ten to fourteen room modern residences, on plots 60x100 feet, built by day's labor, at $8,000 and up.

Title Policy Free of Charge
Improvements Are Best at Belle Harbor

Excellent sewerage and drainage system; water, gas and electric lights; telephone, macadamized streets and concrete sidewalks; churches, public schools, city police, fire protection, free mail delivery and yacht club house.

A visit to the property will convince you that Belle Harbor embodies everything, if not more, than we claim.

DO NOT FAIL TO PAY US A VISIT TO-DAY.

WEST ROCKAWAY LAND CO.,
Owners and Developers
WALTER SCHULZE, General Manager,
1,170 Broadway, New York City.
'Phone, 3879—Mad. Square.

Belle Harbor Real Estate Offices on property and at Rockaway Park, corner 5th and Washington Aves. Open week days and Sundays.

28 MINUTES FROM 33D ST.

CHOICE BUILDING PLOTS 40x100 or more. Three minutes from Queens, express station; 90 to 100 trains daily; electric and steam to Flatbush Av. or New Penn. station via tunnels; also two minutes to three trolley lines. All city improvements. In centre of beautiful, built up restricted community. Schools, Churches, Libraries, &c. All city conveniences in N. Y. City. Few choice plots left at very reasonable prices. Easy terms. Will build for you on easy terms. Better see the choice spot and the building now going on before deciding. Value will rise rapidly upon operation of Penn. Tunnels Sept. 8. Write, call, or phone 8257 Cortlandt for further information. QUEENS COURT REALTY COMPANY, 200 B'way, N. Y.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

100% PROFIT
GUARANTEED
WITHIN A SHORT TIME
BY THE OPENING OF THE
PENNA. & BELMONT TUBES AT
ELMHURST HEIGHTS
NEW YORK CITY,
AS FAR FROM CITY HALL, MANHATTAN, AS CENTRAL PARK.
THE LAST 50 PLOTS
PUT ON SALE AT
REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.
IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE AND WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION,
885 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BEAUTIFUL WATER FRONT PLOTS

overlooking L. I. Sound, within 20 minutes of New York City; 3 minutes from R. R. station. All improvements, sidewalks, macadamized roads, gas, electric lights, sewers, fine bathing beach, boating and fishing, and Yacht Club House on the property. Real bargains for quick buyers on easy terms; big discount for cash. Splendid investment and beautiful home. Do not miss this opportunity, and write at once for tickets to inspect property. L 231 Times Downtown.

LET YOUR RENT PAY

for a home in Queens, N. Y. City; L. I., built to your order, at less cost than a ready built house; 7 rooms and bath, all city improvements; plot 40x100 or more; artistic, well-built houses. WE GUARANTEE OUR CONSTRUCTION WORK. Small amount cash; 28 minutes from Broadway; electric, Subway, and trolley service. In centre of beautiful, built-up, restricted community; schools, churches, libraries, &c.; all city conveniences. Call, write, or phone 8257 Cortlandt.

J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

QUICK BARGAIN.

Two-family house in the most beautiful Long Island restricted suburb. Frame construction, detached, built as a single cottage; every city improvement, gas, electric light, &c.; five minutes from station, 28 minutes to Herald Square; house just completed, never occupied; easy terms to good party. Call, write, or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt.

J. MEADE BRIGGS,
200 Broadway, N. Y.

$50 DOWN, BALANCE LIKE RENT, BUYS A $6,300 HOUSE FOR $5,350

8 rooms and bath, separate toilet room; hardwood trim; steam heat, gas, electric light; plot 40x100; surrounded by stately oaks 100 years old; 700 feet from station on L. I. Railroad electrified system; 16 minutes from Herald Square, 12 minutes from Flatbush Ave. Depot, Brooklyn. Write or call at once. Builder, Room 612, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

AN OPPORTUNITY.

Because of business troubles I find it absolutely necessary to dispose of my new residence on North Shore, thirty minutes from New York. House has ten rooms, two baths, old English style of architecture; attractive, large plot of ground, near depot. Any one considering purchasing a home should investigate, as I will sell below cost. Convenient terms can be arranged. Opportunity, Z 276 Times Downtown.

Bargain in new suburban house, with all improvements, twenty-five minutes from Manhattan; attractive surroundings, in beautiful private residence park; near Jamaica, on new Pennsylvania Tunnel line; small payment, balance as rent; for facts send postal, T. L. McNeece, 150 Nassau St.

PHONE 4070 BEEKMAN.

Bayside.—Hundred-foot corner, east and south, one block to trolley, two blocks to railroad; $2,500. Owner, W 101 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Amele Hall
The Charlemagne
526-538 West 111th St.,
NEAR BROADWAY.
8 story absolutely fireproof buildings.
3-4-5-6-7 Rooms
with all modern improvements.
Rents Reasonable
ACCOMMODATIONS THE BEST

The Alabama
N. E. Cor. Riverside Drive & 127th St.
High class elevator apartments,
All modern improvements.
3-4-6-7 Rooms
with kitchenette.
Rents $420 to $1050.

REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

Forrest Chambers
113th Street and Broadway

6 Outside Rooms, 2 Baths . . $1,000 Upward
7 " " 2 " . . 1,500 "
8 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths . . . 2,000 "
9 " 3 " . . . 1,900 "

Now Ready for Occupancy
Leases from October 1

NOTE.—Mr. GEO. F. JOHNSON, president of the Company owning and operating this building, is also president of the company owning and operating the CHATSWORTH, 72d St. and Riverside Drive, and the HENDRIK HUDSON, Riverside Drive and 110th St., and tenants can be assured of the same standard of service.

EDWARD A. DAVIS, Resident Mgr.

If you want to live below the Park inspect
The Wyoming
AND
The Idaho,
55TH ST. AND 7TH AV.
All large, light rooms
Rent from
$2,500 to $5,000.
Service Unexcelled

Cathedral Parkway,
237 West 110th St.
FRONTING ON CENTRAL PARK.
BETWEEN SUBWAY AND "L" STATION.
7 large rooms, 2 baths; every apartment a perfect home, containing every conceivable modern improvement; night elevator service. Supt. on premises.

Six-room apartment on sixth floor to sub-let; light and airy; new, thoroughly first-class elevator apartment house; night and day service; generous concessions. C. H. Kysor, Apartment 62, 600 West 157th St., corner Broadway.

Harperley Hall,
Corner Central Park West and Sixty-Fourth St.
Have You Seen This New Apartment Building?
Unusual arrangement of all light rooms and special new features.
FROM 2 TO 11 ROOMS.
KITCHENS OR KITCHENETTES.
HOTEL SERVICE IF DESIRED.
Ready September 15.
Apply on premises, or to your own broker.

CENTRAL PARK WEST
AND
88TH STREET.
Modern Fireproof Apartments
8-9-10 Rooms and Baths
AT LOW RENTALS.
Apply on premises, or
L. J. Phillips & Co.,
Columbus Av. and 72d St.

25TH, 456 WEST. 5 large, light rooms in private house; rent reasonable. Apply on premises or ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

High Class Apartments

OWNED BY INVESTORS
EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE
EXCELLENT SERVICE

"The Broadview"
606 West 116th St.
Overlooks Columbia Campus.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths..........$750 to $1650

"The Westerfield"
610 West 116th Street
Situated on open square.
2 and 3 room kitchenettes; 5 rooms and bath; rents $480 to $1050

"Porter Arms"
620 West 116th St.
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
5, 6, 7 rooms and bath; rents $800 to $1400

"Barnard Court"
15 Claremont Avenue
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive, just north of 116th St.; 2 room kitchenettes; 6, 7 and 8 rooms; 1 and 2 baths; rents $600 to $1600

"Columbia Court"
Riverside Drive, corner 115th St.
Beautiful End of Drive. 7 and 8 rooms and 2 baths; rents, $1260 to $1600

"The St. Albans"
AND
"The Dartmouth"
509 and 515 West 110th Street
5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms; 1 and 2 baths; excellent arrangement; new houses..$750 to $1800

"The Victoria"
Riverside Drive, corner 97th Street
Only a few left.
5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath; rents, $660 to $1350

"The Osborne"
174 West 79th St.
Only one left—corner, 8 rooms and bath..................$1600

"Hancock Court"
124th St. and St. Nicholas Avenue
All outside rooms.
5, 6, and 7 rooms and bath; rents, $600 to $840

CAN BE SEEN EVENINGS
The above apartments are well arranged and in houses accessibly located. Apply to Renting Agent on premises, or

EARLE & CALHOUN,
S. W. Corner Broadway and 72d St. Telephone, 5116 Columbus.

Amherst and Cortlandt,

South Side 110th St., East of Broadway.

The house is exceptionally well arranged and affords all the comforts and conveniences of a private house, with the added advantages of an apartment.

Two apartments on each floor.
Service elevator direct to kitchen

7 Rooms, 3 Baths..........$1,400 to $1,800
8 Rooms, 3 Baths..........$1,800 to $2,100

7 room Apartments contain 3 bedrooms.
POSSESSION SEPTEMBER 1.
Leases to commence from October 1.

THE AYLESMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; $900 to $1,600. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

FORT TRYON,
N. E. Corner St. Nicholas Av. and West 180th St.
An up-to-date apartment house, adjoining Subway station, with mail chute, telephone, hall boys, &c.; possession or October 1; inducements.

4 rooms and bath	$432.00
5 " " "	552.00
6 " " "	672.00
7 " " "	792.00

Superintendent, on premises, or
J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO., 53 West 33d St.

WINSLOW COURT
87 Hamilton Place, corner West 141st St., Washington Heights; Broadway Subway, 137th St. Strictly high-class elevator apartment house; uniformed hall attendants; night and day elevator service; 4-9 spacious, light, outside rooms. Rent $420.00 to $1,000.00

235 West 137th St.
5-story American basement dwelling, 10 rooms, 2 tiled baths; first-class condition; suitable for a boarding house. Two blocks from Subway to elevated station. Seen by permit. JAMES A. MOONEY, No. 271 West 125th St.

VAN PRAAG,
522-524 WEST 112TH ST.,
Between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway.
Beautiful 5 rooms; telephone, etc.
$35 UP.

7th Av., 2,027, near 121st St.—Seven large, attractive rooms and bath; $38-$41.

East Side.

ST. ANDREW,
S. E. COR. 5TH AV. AND 127TH ST.
Corner apartment, seven large, all outside rooms; also five and six rooms and bath; separate servants' toilet in six and seven rooms; parquet floors, all-night elevator; refined neighborhood; rent $690 to $1,020 per annum.

152 EAST 35TH STREET
One of Murray Hill's Finest Apartment Houses. 6 rooms and 2 baths on 1st floor, $1,500.
SUPERIAR SERVICE.
SUPERINTENDENT AT BUILDING,
or FRANKLIN L. PARTRIDGE,
49 WALL STREET.

66 EAST 77TH ST.
Modern 7 and 8 room light apartments; hall service, telephone, &c.; rent $660 to $900. Hibson & Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

Brooklyn.

"THE ALEXANDRIA," 477-479 Third St., near Seventh Av., Park Slope section; seven rooms and bath, steam heat, all improvements; rents $33 up. Renting office on premises, or Joshua T. Butler, 20 Vesey St., New York City. 'Phone 6915—Cortlandt.

Seven rooms and bath; light; improvements; janitor service; fashionable. Quincy St., corner Throop Av.

Six rooms and bath; improvements; two-family house. 641-645 West St. Kensington.

489 St. Mark's Av.; four light rooms; all improvements; $10.

Yonkers

YONKERS .... FOR RENT
506 SOUTH BROADWAY.
NEW APARTMENTS, steam heated, hardwood trim, electric light, modern laundry in basement; a delightful location. Ten minutes from Van Cortlandt Subway Station. INDUCEMENTS. Inspection invited.
Five rooms and bath.........} LOW RENTS
Seven rooms and bath........}
On premises. J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

116TH ST., 529 WEST.—Five rooms; superior accommodations; refined people; 110th Broadway Subway. Adams.

Bronx.

FREE Tennis Courts, Swings, Sand Piles, Etc., in Our Private A-RE-CO Park
These are just a few of the "unusual" features that go with the REAL HOMES in
The A-RE-CO Apts.
At Simpson Street Subway Station
Only 30 minutes from downtown
ELEVATOR — 4 to 7 rooms, All-night Service
NON-ELEVATOR — 4 to 6 rooms, $21 to $33
Large, light, perfectly ventilated rooms. Electriclights. Hardwood floors. Artistic decorations. *Hot Water at All Times.*
Rental Office, 1028 Simpson St. (at Simpson St. Subway Station), take Lenox Av. Express

Kemp-Jones Apartments
2, 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms, $20-$45.
Ideal location, restricted section, near park, athletic gr'ds, and Harlem River Boat Clubs.
HIGH CLASS, EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
Including private telephone and electric light.
950-974 ANDERSON AV.,
Near Jerome Av. and 161st St.
Convenient to west side "L" 155th St. Sta.
TELEPHONE 4690 MELROSE.

ELEGANT APARTMENTS
5 & 6 rooms; all modern improvements; electric lights and telephone; first-class house.
RENTS REASONABLE.
1,024 BOSTON ROAD.
Close to 161st St "L" Station.

For Renting Apartments

On Sundays, August 21 and 28, and September 4 and 11, special articles will be published in The New York Times describing high-class apartment houses in Greater New York for the guidance of those seeking accommodations.

The Times of Sunday, September 11, will publish an

APARTMENT HOUSE DIRECTORY

of available apartments in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn, giving exact addresses, number of rooms, rent, names and addresses of rental agents.

Apartment seekers will be saved time and trouble by consulting The Times's Apartment Directory, which will give details of accommodations from two rooms upward. Rates for advertising are as follows:

SUNDAY AND DAILY

50 lines 4 Sundays and 3 lines 24 times daily cost $40.80.
100 lines 4 Sundays and 6 lines 24 times daily cost $81.60.
150 lines 4 Sundays and 9 lines 24 times daily cost $122.40.
200 lines 4 Sundays and 12 lines 24 times daily cost $163.20.

SUNDAY AND TWO WEEK DAYS.

50 lines 4 Sundays and 10 lines 8 times daily cost $50.40.
100 lines 4 Sundays and 20 lines 8 times daily cost $100.80.
150 lines 4 Sundays and 30 lines 8 times daily cost $151.20.
200 lines 4 Sundays and 40 lines 8 times daily cost $201.60.

The New York Times has a daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies, and its net paid city sale is greater than the combined city sales of the three other New York morning newspapers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

The Hunts Point
The Most Modern and Largest Six-story Elevator Apartment House in the world.
163D AND SIMPSON STREETS, SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
Large, bright, cheerful rooms, hardwood floors and woodwork, dining rooms with beamed ceilings, tiled baths, vacuum cleaning system, wall safes, and many other novel conveniences, to suit the fastidious.
Exceptionally fine entrance hall—Day and all night elevator service.
DON'T HUNT and WORRY—Inspect these Apartments FIRST—there will be no need of looking further. Take Bronx Subway Express, get off at Simpson St. Station—The Hunts Point is one block away.
5, 6, 7 AND 8 ROOMS.
RENTS $600 TO $1,000.
Private park, with Tennis, Croquet, etc., for exclusive use of tenants.
HENRY MORGENTHAU COMPANY.
Telephone 4600 Melrose.

APARTMENTS THAT YOU'LL SELECT
819-875 Hunt's Point Ave.
6 ROOMS, $34 TO $36.
7 ROOMS, $38 TO $40.
You'll understand WHY when you see how conveniently they are arranged and the manifold conveniences which are placed at your disposal.
Constructed for comfort. Equipped with appliances that lighten household cares. Decorated to suit your individual taste.
Private park for you and your children. Take 2d or 3d Av. "L" and Bronx Express Subway to Simpson St. Station; Westchester or Southern Boulevard Trolleys.
Reduction made on yearly lease.
Henry Morgenthau Co. Houses.
939 SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
Agents in attendance. Tel. 4600 Melrose.

Tiffany Arms,
163d and Tiffany Sts.
West Farms Subway Express Station at Intervale Ave., only two blocks from House.
NEW HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Containing every modern improvement, including day and night elevator service; private telephone in each apartment.
3, 4, 5, 6 Rooms, with Bath.
Rents Very Moderate.
Apply Superintendent, on premises, or
ZIPKES CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,
103 Park Av., New York.

7 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS, $35; Tiled bath, steam heat, hot water supplied. Decorated to suit. 1,100 Franklin Av., cor. 166th St., block from 3d Av. "L" station.

A.—Extra choice apartments in two-family houses; large closets; rents reasonable; come and see them. 165th St. and Walton Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Very Desirable Store
Adjoining 42d Street Subway Express Station.
No. 309 Madison Av.
Contains about 2,500 Sq. Ft.
Immediate Possession Given.
Rent Very Reasonable.
LONG LEASE.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 MADISON AV.
Bet. 43d-44th Sts. Tel. 1000 Murray Hill.

PHOTOGRAPHER OR ARTIST
789 MADISON AVENUE.
Parlor floor—Fine light.
New Building—Bargain.
L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
18 E. 34th Street, N. Y. City.
Tel 7170 Mad. Sq.

CORNER LOFT
SIZE 62x81,
26 WAVERLEY PLACE,
CORNER GREENE ST.
Fireproof building; swift running passenger and freight elevator.
Apply to Agent,
Firm L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

For Rent.—Lafayette St. corner; 50,000 square feet; 21 years; $18,000 net; occupancy March 1, 1911; also 200,000 square feet, same vicinity; Dec. 1, 1910. W 99 Times.

2,022 Washington Av., corner 179th.—Large corner store and basement; high-class neighborhood; very good for fine grocery, delicatessen, or drugs.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
$5.00 FOR 3 MONTHS.
During July and August we sell at Special Summer Prices our complete stock of Rebuilt and Slightly Used Typewriters of the latest models.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St., 5 doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time clocks, cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White St.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

UP THE SOUND
Best Sunday Excursion Out of New York
BRIDGEPORT AND RETURN 75c Round Trip.
SUNDAY, AUG. 14TH, at 10:30 A. M., from Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, by Fast and Commodious Twin Screw Steel Steamship TENNESSEE, stopping about TWO hours at Bridgeport, Ct. Telephone 2700 Beekman.

LABOR DAY OUTINGS
Special Tours—2, 3, and 4 days.
Greatly reduced rates, covering transportation, hotels, etc. Only $6.50 and up. Including Niagara Falls, Lake Champlain, Lake George, Thousand Islands, Atlantic City, Delaware Water Gap, Catskills, Saratoga, Boston, etc. Send for Special Circular. MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., New York City.

DAYLIGHT TRIPS ON Long Island Sound
NORWICH LINE: On Mondays Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN lvs. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10:00 A. M.; ft. of East 22d St., 10:45 A. M. for New London, connecting there for Stonington, Norwich, Narragansett Pier, Providence, Boston, &c. For New Haven and Bridgeport Line Service see regular advertisement. Folder on request.
City Ticket Agent, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

PATTEN LINE
For Highlands, Seabright, Long Branch, Asbury Park, and all Jersey seaside resorts.
SATURDAYS.
Lv. West 35th St. 8:45, 10:50 A. M.; 12:30, 2:30 P. M.
Lv. Battery 9:20, 11:30 A. M.; 1:15, 3:10 P. M.
SUNDAYS.
Lv. West 35th St. 8:45, 9:10, 9:30, 10:30 A. M.
Lv. Battery 9:20, 9:45, 10:10, 11:10 A. M.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS ROUND TRIP 50c. Leave BATTERY LANDING 9:30 and 11 A. M., 1:30, 2:30, 4, 7, and 8 P. M.; E. 31st St., 30 m. later. South 5th St., B'klyn, at 9:45 A. M. and 3 P. M. Clambakes a Specialty. Free concerts daily.

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT The Original Boat $1.00 ROUND TRIP Tel., 4944—Gramercy. Hudson River Day Line, foot W. 42d St., North River, 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. every day and Sunday.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO
CONEY ISLAND
ALL TICKETS INCLUDE ADMISSION TO DREAMLAND.
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.
Leave West 129th St., N. R., 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:15, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:00, 1:45, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, 10:55, 11:40 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:10, 2:55, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, *7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Returning from Coney Island trip marked * does not go to 129th Street, N. R.
Round Trip {From 129th St., 50 Cents.
Tickets {From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leaves 129th St., N. R., 7:20 A. M.; Pier (new) 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC"
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. Yonkers 8:45 A. M.
Lv. foot 129th St., N. R., 9:45 A. M., *2 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10:40 A. M., 2:45 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12:30 P. M., 5:30 P. M.
Trip marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round trip tickets, 50c.; Children, 25c.
Include adm. to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

MAUCH CHUNK GLEN ONOKO Sunday, Aug. 14th,
$1.50 Round Trip to the Switzerland of America.
BELLEWOOD Every Sunday.
$1.00 Round Trip to the Coolest Mountain Resort.
Lehigh Valley Railroad
Trains leave New York, Penn. Ferries.

	For Mauch Chunk.	For Bellewood.
23d St.	8:25 A.M.	8:55 A.M.
Desbrosses St.	8:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Cortlandt St.	8:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Brooklyn Annex	8:15 A.M.	8:45 A.M.

Hudson Tube trains connect at Jersey City.

ROCKAWAY BEACH
STEAMERS ROSEDALE and JOHN SYLVESTER leave West 129th St., 9:30; West 42d St., 10:05 and *2:30; Battery, *10:00, 10:45, 2:00, and *3:00; East 138th St., *9:00; East 31st St., *9:30. Leave Rockaway Beach at *11:30, 12:00, 5:30, and *6:00.
Exc. Tickets 50c.; Children Half Fare.
*Indicates Sunday only.

EXCURSION TO NEW HAVEN
ON SUNDAYS superb steamer RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M.; foot East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 2:30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, $1.00. Children, 50 cents.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAYS
Splendid steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., 10:00 A. M. for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments. Tickets, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. No landing at 129th St.
These excursions under management of FALL RIVER LINE.
Tickets at Piers only on day of excursions.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I. EVERY SUNDAY. $1.50
Long Island R. R. special express train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Av., 8:40; Nostrand Av., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:48 A. M., for Montauk, thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."
Returning, leave Block Island 4:00 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Thursday, at 120 B'way, 19 E. 17th St., and stations foot East 34th St., Long Island City, and in Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Music and refreshments on steamer.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
West Point, Newburgh & Poughkeepsie Daily (except Sunday) by Palace HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE STEAMERS HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON and ALBANY. B'klyn, Fulton St., (By Annex), 8. Desbrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9 and 10; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Return on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. See Steamboat Advt.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Desbrosses St., 1:45; W. 42d St., 2:00; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Return to N. Y. by steamer "ALBANY," $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Daily, except Sunday. Orchestra. Cadets in Camp.

AROUND THE WORLD Cook's 39th Annual Series of Tours *de Luxe*. Small private parties. Best arrangements. Send for Illustrated Program.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 563 Fifth Ave., 649 Madison Ave., New York.
Cook's Travellers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.
EUROPE (with Ober Ammergau) AUG. 20, 25.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY and EVERY FRIDAY
Lv. W. 23d St. Sundays 8:50 A. M., Fridays 8:20 A. M.; Lv. Liberty St. Sundays 9 A. M., Fridays 8:30 A. M.
Atlantic City, $2.50
Next Sunday, August 14th.
Lv. W. 23d St. 7:50; Liberty St. 8:00 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

EVERY SATURDAY AND SUNDAY UP THE SOUND
To Sea Cliff and Glenwood
Str. "Sagamore" lvs. Pier 8, E. R., (bet. Hanover Sq. & So. Ferry), Saturdays at 1:00; 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9:25 P. M. Sundays lvs. Pier 8, 9:30; 31st St., 9:50 A. M. Ret. due N. Y. 8:30 P. M.
Excursion 50c. Tickets.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND.
Refined amusements and refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 9:45 A. M., 12:15, 3:40, and 5 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 9:45 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, 5 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

SIGHT-SEEING YACHTS
Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. See the Ocean, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15 P.M., returning 5.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
*MALDEN
SMITH'S LD'G
GERMANTOWN
*CATSKILL
*HUDSON
*ATHENS
STOCKPORT
COXSACKIE
*Saturday special lands only at points marked *
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., week days, at 6:30 P. M.; West 129th St. 7:00 P. M.
Saturday Special 1 P. M. Pier 43, and 1:20 P. M. W. 129th St. Send 2c. stamp for booklet giving Resorts of Catskill Regions.
'Phone 1098 Spring.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, and Kingston, from Franklin St. week days, except Saturday, 4 P. M. Saturdays, 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For NEWBURGH and intermediate landings, week days, 5 P. M. Saturdays, 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P. M.
SUNDAYS {From Franklin St., 9 A. M.
{West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

S. S. AMERIKA
23,000 TONS.
Leaving New York
AUG. 13, NOON

WEST INDIES
Three delightful cruises, leaving New York in January, February, and March, 1911, by the 12,500 ton S. S. MOLTKE to the Spanish Main, West Indies, Panama Canal, Nassau, and Bermuda. Two cruises of 28 days' duration, $150 and up. One cruise, 16 days, $85 and up. Cruises to Orient, South America, and Around the World.
Write for illustrated booklets.

HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG.
†Amerika..........Aug. 13, 12 noon
§Graf Waldersee.......Aug. 18, 3 P. M.
Cincinnati...........Aug. 20, 10 A. M.
§Pennsylvania........Aug. 31, 3 P. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. §Hamburg direct.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, AND GENOA.
S. S. MOLTKE......August 30, 2 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG..September 20, 10 A. M.
Beginning in November the new 17,000 ton S. S. Cleveland and Cincinnati will enter the Mediterranean service.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Guide and Travel Books on Sale.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62, North River, New York City.

American Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
New York..Aug. 13, 10 AM|Phila'phia.Aug.27
St. Paul...Aug. 20, 10 AM|St. Louis.Sept. 3

Atlantic Transport Line
London Direct.
Minneap's.Aug. 13, 11 AM|Mesaba..Aug. 27
Minnet'ka.Aug. 20, 9:30 AM|Min'waska.Sept.3

Red Star Line
Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Lapl'd (new).Aug. 13, 11 AM|Finland..Aug. 27
Kroonland..Aug. 20, 11 AM|Vaderland.Sept. 3

White Star Line
Queenstown — Holyhead — Liverpool
Celtic.......Aug. 13, noon|Arabic...Aug. 27
Cedric.......Aug. 20, 10 AM|Baltic...Sept. 3
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic....Aug. 17, 3 PM|Teutonic..Aug. 31
Adriatic..Aug. 24, 9:30 AM|Oceanic..Sept. 7
New York & Boston To The MEDITERRANEAN via Azores, Gibraltar, etc.
Canopic....Sept. 14, 4 PM|Romanic.Oct. 1
Cretic.......Sept. 21, noon|Canopic..Oct. 22
All Steamers of the American Line, Atlantic Transport Line, Red Star Line, White Star Line Are Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signalling Apparatus, Etc.

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT
Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Read Down. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Daily, ex. Sun.	Arr. Read Up. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00			Brooklyn Annex	†	6:20	
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50		Yonkers		4:30	7:35
		4:50	Highland Falls	8:40		
11:50	1:00	5:20	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15		*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
		6:15	New Hamburg	7:30		
		6:30	Milton	7:15		
1:15	2:35	6:45	Poughkeepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10			Kingston Pt.		12:25	
		7:45	Kingston	6:00		
3:25			Catskill		11:00	
3:40			Hudson		10:40	
6:10			Albany		8:30	
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.
Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†
Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with
STR. ALBANY due West 42d St. 8:40 P. M. Orchestra on each steamer.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers — Splendid Service)
International Eucharistic Congress at Montreal week of September 6—
Most splendid church pageant ever held in this country.
A delightful trip to Montreal if you go by the Fall River Line.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning —later if you like.
Fare to Boston.......... $4
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway

JOY LINE
from NEW YORK $2.40 via BOAT and RAIL TO BOSTON
Boston, via Boat & Trolley, $2.25.
Modern Steel Screw Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE.
Providence Direct, $1.50|Worcester, $2.40
Every week day 5:30 P. M. | Pier 19, East River
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Modern—Safe—Reliable.
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
ST'R C. W. MORSE (even dates Aug.), ST'R ADIRONDACK—Daily from Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M., W. 129th St., 6:30 P.M. ORCHESTRA.
CITIZENS LINE TO ALBANY AND TROY
New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER, Pier 46, N. R., ft. West 10th St., 6 P. M.; Yonkers 7 P. M. daily. Stop at Albany in either direction.
Best service. Direct rail connection at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York, Albany, and Troy. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Send for Summer Resort Book and "Up the Hudson and Beyond," a beautiful illustrated booklet.

BY SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
STEAMSHIPS
NORTH LAND & NORTH STAR
TO
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Sailings: Monday, 10 A. M. and Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 5 P. M., from Pier 20, East River, N. Y. For full information and booklet apply to
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 B'way, N. Y.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE BOSTON $2.65
Via Boat and Rail. All Outside Rooms.
PROVIDENCE Direct..............$1.75
FALL RIVER.........................$2.00
WORCESTER..........................$2.65
PALATIAL SCREW STEAMERS.
WEEK DAYS AND SUNDAYS AT 5:30 P. M. FROM PIER 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.
"THE ONLY INDEPENDENT LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND."
Finest Cuisine and Service.
'Phones 9491 and 9492 Spring.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE to Albany
ORCHESTA.
Horses and Automobiles at reasonable rates. Leave foot W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M., foot W. 129th St. 6:00 P. M. daily. Telephone 9226 Spring.

NEW YORK TO BOSTON
Fare $4.00. Metropolitan Line Express Turbine Steel Steamships YALE & HARVARD
Week Days and Sundays Lve. Pier 9, N. R., foot of Rector St., New York, 5 P. M. Due Boston 8 A. M. next day.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., New Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs. 5:30 P. M., Sats. 1:00 P. M.

CUNARD LINE
Piers 54 and 56 North River, foot of 14th St.
OFFICES 21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.
LUSITANIA—MAURETANIA
Largest, Fastest, Finest Steamers Afloat.
New York to London Direct
VIA FISHGUARD.
The most expeditious route. Quickest also to
PARIS—BERLIN—VIENNA
Leave New York Wednesdays, 9 A. M.
MONDAY IN LONDON TUESDAY IN PARIS
Wireless Telegraph. Submarine Signals.
Lusitania.......Aug. 17|Mauretania.......Aug. 31
*Carmania.Aug. 20, 10 AM|Caronia...Sept. 3, 10 AM
Campania...........Aug. 24|Lusitania.......Sept. 7
*Will call at Queenstown. After Sept. 1 the Caronia, Carmania, and Campania will call at Queenstown.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE.
To Fiume via Gibraltar, Naples, Trieste.
†Carpathia..Aug. 25, noon|§Ultonia..........Sept. 22
Pannonia....Sept. 8, noon|†Carpathia........Oct. 8
†Calls at Genoa. §Carries 2d and 3d class only.
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
ITALY-EGYPT CRUISES, 1910-11; Nov. 26, Jan. 7 and 21, Feb. 18, March 11.

North German Lloyd
LONDON PARIS BREMEN — TUESDAYS 10 A. M.
Express Sailings.
G. Wash. (new).Au. 16|Kronp. Wm...Aug. 30
Cecilie..........Aug. 23|Kr. Wm. II...Sept. 6
LONDON PARIS BREMEN — THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin Screw Sailings.
Bremen...........Aug. 25|Pr. F'd'h Wm.Sept. 8
Gr. Kurfuerst..Sept. 1|Barbarossa....Sept. 15
GIBRALTAR NAPLES GENOA — SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
P. Irene.........Aug. 13|Berlin (new)..Aug. 27
K. Luise.........Aug. 20|K. Albert....Sept. 10
Wireless and Submarine Signals.
Independent Round-the-World Tours.
Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 Broadway, N. Y.

LONDON via Plymouth — New Service — S. S. New Amsterdam, 17,250 Tons, Leaving New York Aug. 30
Luxurious Comfort to Ocean Travelers Nowhere Exceeded

Holland America Line
NEW YORK LONDON PARIS (via Plymouth & Boulogne s. M.) ROTTERDAM
39 Broadway
Sailing Every Tuesday at 10 A. M.
*Ryndam.....Aug. 16|*Noordam....Sept. 6
*Potsdam.....Aug. 23|†Rotterdam...Sept. 13
†N. Amst'dam.Aug. 30|*Ryndam.....Sept. 20
*VIA BOULOGNE s. M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
BERMUDA Round Trip by new and fast S. S. TRENT, 6,000 Tons. Sailing Aug. 13-24 and every 10 days thereafter.
$20 AND UP.
TOURS, including hotel accommodations, 8 days, $35 and up; 9 days, $37.50 and up.
JAMAICA 12-Day Tour, $72. 10 days on Ocean; 2 days at Hotel.
COLON 17-Day Tour, $120. 15 days Ocean; 2 days on Isthmus.
COLOMBIA, TRINIDAD, BARBADOS.
Southampton 30-day trip via West Indies, returning by direct N. Atlantic Line, $250.
Oruba ......August 20|Clyde ....Sept. 17
Magdalena ...Sept. 3|Atrato ....Oct. 1
From Pier 52, North River, N. Y.
SANDERSON & SON, G. P. & F. A., 22 State St., N.Y.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
Steamship Service
Superior freight and passenger steamers sail Thursdays, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River, (ft. Fulton St.) To
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, COLON, PANAMA, SANTA MARTA, COLOMBIA,
Pacific Coast points, Central and South America. Stateroom reservation and information.
17 Battery Place. Telephone 1025 Rector, Or any Steamship Agency.
Additional Weekly Sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

BUENOS AYRES
"Show Place of South America"
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO.
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
For rates etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
from Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
•La Provence.Aug. 18|•La Provence.Sept. 8
•La Touraine..Aug. 25|•La Savoie..Sept. 15
•La Lorraine..Sept. 1|•La Lorraine.Sept. 22
•Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (11) Cabin Passengers only.
•Chicago.............................Sept. 3
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

S. S. GERMANIA Sails August 20. Calls at the Azores. Minimum Rate for Outside Cabins $75
FABRE LINE — **NAPLES MARSEILLES**
New Giant Twin-Screw S. S. SANT ANNA 14,000 tons.
Maiden Trip from New York, August 25. Minimum Rate, $80. Write for Booklet.
33 BROADWAY, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Furnessia...Aug. 13, noon|Caledonia...Aug. 27, noon
Columbia...Aug. 20, 9 AM|California...Sept. 3, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:07|Sun sets..7:03|Moon sets..11:13

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:54	1:30	7:00	7:55
Governors Island	1:20	2:06	8:00	8:54
Hell Gate	3:10	3:56	9:35	10:29

Arrived—Friday, Aug. 12.

SS Provence, Havre, Aug. 6.
SS Graf Waldersee, Hamburg, July 30.
SS Bordeaux, Havre, July 29.
SS Kansas City, Swansea, July 29.
SS Margaretha, Cardiff, July 28.
SS Richmond, Lisbon, July 28.
SS Esperanza, Havana, Aug. 9.
SS Barra, St. Lucia, Aug. 3.
SS St. Johann, St. Lucia, Aug. 3.
SS Zacapa, Kingston, Aug. 7.
SS Santiago, Turks Island, Aug. 7.
SS Antilla, Cienfuegos, Aug. 6.
SS El Cid, Galveston, Aug. 6.
SS African Monarch, Philadelphia, Aug. 11.
SS Haralo, Tampico.
SS Herman Frasch, Sabine, Aug. 5.
SS Kabinga, Boston, Aug. 11.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Aug. 11.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Aug. 11.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
New York, Southampton.	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Amerika, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Minneapolis, London	———	11:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Furnessia, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Lapland, Antwerp	———	11:00 A.M.
Celtic, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caracas, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ponce, Mayaguez	———	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	8:00 P.M.
Trent, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Algonquin, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Suriname, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
Christopher, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Winas Geraes, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
George Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hellenes, Montevideo	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ikalis, Montevideo	4:00 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	———	12:00 M.
Santiago, Havana	———	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	8:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails at double postage rates are open on the piers of the American, English, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Val Salice	Gibraltar	July 27
Cienfuegos	Cienfuegos	Aug. 6
St. Paul	Southampton	Aug. 6
Basil	Para	July 31
Westward Ho	Rotterdam	July 28
Bayamo	Tampico	Aug. 5
City of Columbus	Savannah	Aug. 10
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Aug. 10
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Cincinnati	Hamburg	Aug. 4
Cedric	Liverpool	Aug. 6
Lituania	Libau	Aug. 2
Columbia	Glasgow	Aug. 6
Eastern Prince	Trinidad	Aug. 6
Cristobal	Cristobal	Aug. 8
Leuctra	Huelva	July 31
DUE MONDAY.		
Minnetonka	London	Aug. 6
Kroonland	Antwerp	Aug. 6
Duca degli Abruzzi	Palermo	Aug. 4
Potsdam	Rotterdam	Aug. 6
Coamo	San Juan	Aug. 10
Bermudian	Bermuda	Aug. 13
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Aug. 8
San Marcos	Mobile	Aug. 8
Creole	New Orleans	Aug. 10
City of Savannah	Savannah	Aug. 12
El Sud	Galveston	Aug. 9

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Cedric, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 480 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-night or Sunday morning.

SS St. Louis, outgoing, was reported 175 miles southwest of Brow Head at 7:55 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth about noon to-day.

By United Wireless.

SS Cristobal, Cristopal, 900 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, noon, 12th.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, 65 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 7:40 P. M., 12th.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, 135 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M., 12th.
SS San Marcos, Galveston, 570 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M., 12th.
SS Prinz Sigismund, Port Limon, 750 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, noon, 12th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Prinz Friederich Wilhelm, at Cherbourg, Aug. 11.
SS Noordam, at Rotterdam, Aug. 12.
SS Koenig Albert, at Genoa, Aug. 12.
SS Rotterdam, at Amsterdam, Aug. 10.
SS Ardgryle, at Adelaide, Aug. 12.
SS Touraine, at Havre, Aug. 12.
SS Pennsylvania, at Hamburg, Aug. 10.
SS Oppurg, at Pernambuco, Aug. 7.
SS St. Irene, at La Plata, Aug. 11.

Sailed.

SS Saranac, from Barrow, Aug. 11.
SS Dacre Castle, from Algiers, Aug. 8.
SS Potomac, from Lisbon, Aug. 8.
SS Mannheim, from Stettin, Aug. 9.
SS Wells City, from Swansea, Aug. 11.

Passed.

SS Lichtenfels, Calcutta for New York, passed Gibraltar.

Pacific Steamships.

Steamer and Destination.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of India	Aug. 12 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West) (via San Francisco)—Oceano	Aug. 15 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Aug. 15 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru	Aug. 15 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Kumeric	Aug. 18 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Arrivals See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—It is considerably cooler in the South Atlantic States and the Northwest, while over the remainder of the country seasonable temperatures prevail.

It will be somewhat warmer in the West, but elsewhere temperatures will be moderate with a tendency to fall below seasonable with the advent of showers.

Showers occurred in widely separated portions of the country, but except for these the weather was fair.

In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be fair Saturday, becoming unsettled Sunday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate south; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate southeast to south; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate and mostly south.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have light to moderate south winds with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday; Sunday, unsettled; light, variable winds becoming south.

New Jersey—Fair Saturday; Sunday, partly cloudy; light winds becoming southerly.

New England—Fair Saturday; Sunday, unsettled; light south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	62	67	4 P. M.	76	83
6 A. M.	63	66	6 P. M.	73	78
9 A. M.	68	72	9 P. M.	69	73
12 M.	77	78	12 P. M.	68	71

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 68; at 8 P. M. it was 75. Maximum temperature, 83 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 66 degrees at 5:15 A. M. Humidity, 66 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 58 per cent. at 8 P. M.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

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An exclusive, modern, residential hotel of unfurnished Suites, leased by the year; no transient guests; privacy, comfort, and relief from the servant problem.
Unusually large outside Rooms, with commodious closets, at attractive rates.

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KING'S CUP GOES TO SLOOP AURORA

Cornelius Vanderbilt's Yacht Wins by Narrow Margin of 54 Seconds Over Winsome.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—That much-coveted trophy, the King's Cup, presented by the late King Edward VII. to the New York Yacht Club five years ago, was won to-day by Cornelius Vanderbilt's sixty-five foot sloop Aurora by th narrow margin of 54 seconds from H. F. Lippitt's sloop Winsome, after sailing over a course of nearly forty-five miles. It was distinctly a light-weather race, for the wind, which was from the southwest, never reached a velocity of more than eight knots, and frequently it fell to four and five knots.

After waiting for a breeze for an hour and a quarter beyond the scheduled starting time, a good one from the southwest came, of about six knots strength, and the Regatta Committee, on board ex-Commodore Gerry's steam yacht Electra, set the course signal. Immediately there was bustle on board the two schooners and four sloops that were to start in fifteen minutes. A final pull was taken on staysail and jib halyards and clubtopsail sheets and tacks, and when the preparatory signal sounded all were ready for the battle to windward of about seventeen miles, for a third is added for the tacks the yachts made. In this race the schooners and sloops sail as one class, all starting on the same signal and each having four minutes in which to cross the line, the committee taking their actual time.

George M. Pynchon, the Istalena's owner, bringing his sloop close along the port side of the committee boat, crossed the line on the starboard tack and put her about the moment she was clear of the Electra. H. F. Lippitt sent his sloop Winsome across next on the starboard tack, and William Butler Duncan, Jr., held the Aurora on that tack until he reached the windward end of the line before crossing on the port tack.

E. W. Clark's schooner Irolita was sent across on the port tack and F. F. Brewster's schooner Elmina on the starboard, while Addison Hanan, at the Shimna's tiller, sent the green sloop away on the port tack and to the windward. The Elmina tacked to port at 12:15, and the Shimna, after a short tack off shore, stood in at 12:19 for the Narragansett shore. All were heading for that shore at 12:20. Twenty-three minutes after the start the Istalena, then close in to the beach, a mile south of Narragansett Pier, made her first tack off shore. Two minutes later the Istalena crossed the Winsome's bow and then went about to "back wind" her, but the Winsome avoided this by tacking off shore at once.

Tack and tack they fought it out all the way down the beach to Point Judith, the Istalena holding her own. The Shimna made her first off-shore tack thirty minutes after the start. She stood off shore for twenty minutes, while the Elmina, which made her first tack off shore at 12:38, and the others made many short tacks before they were able to weather Point Judith. At 1 o'clock they were all on the port standing in shore, except the Shimna.

The Aurora crossed the Shimna's bow a few minutes later, but the Plant yacht was able to fetch by Point Judith on this port tack, and so were the others. They passed just inside the whistling buoy off the Point in this order: Istalena, Winsome, Elmina, and Shimna. The schooner Irolita had not been able to point as well as the others, and she was far astern when they passed the buoy.

About half way from Point Judith to the outer mark, which was set a mile due east from Block Island bell buoy, the Winsome, which had split tacks with the Istalena, got a "lift," when the wind canted a trifle to the southward. This gave her a commanding lead, which she never lost.

The outer mark was rounded like this: Winsome, 2:31:28; Elmina, 2:35:18; Aurora, 2:38:22; Istalena, 2:39:53; Shimna, 2:42:45; Irolita, 3:13:01. The elapsed times show that the Winsome covered the distance in 2 hours 21 minutes 2 seconds, which was 1 minute 4 seconds faster than the Elmina. The Shimna beat Istalena going to windward by 48 seconds. The Elmina, after easing sheets to port, set her spinnaker to starboard, but soon took it in, as the wind headed them all half an hour after rounding the first mark.

The course was east one-half south to the second mark, twelve miles away, and the wind falling light, they made slow time. At times they were almost close-hauled, but they managed to keep balloon jib topsails set. These light sails helped them along in the light airs. A new breeze from the southwest came at 3 P. M., and half an hour later the Elmina took the lead. The second mark was now in plain sight, and they gibed around it like this: Elmina, 3:55:50; Winsome, 4:01:23; Aurora, 4:04:30; Istalena, 4:11:55; Shimna, 4:16:52; Irolita, 4:53. This shows that the Aurora made the best time in this run, 1 hour 26 minutes 8 seconds.

Trimming sheets as they hauled on their courses, north by west, each skipper tried his best by straight steering and careful sheet trimming to gain on his leader, for it was this last ten miles that was to decide the winner on time allowance. The Elmina held her lead to the finish, crossing the line at 5:05:09 amid a steam whistle chorus from the flagship Aloha, the Diana, the Iolanda, the Idalia, and other yachts gathered near the flagship. Unless the breeze fell light it was pretty certain that the Aurora, then only a short distance astern, would win. She was allowed 18 minutes by the Elmina, and when she crossed the line with a margin of 1 minute 17 seconds she was also greeted by a hearty salute.

The following shows the elapsed time on all the yachts between the marks:

Yacht.	Start. H.M.S.	2d Mark. H.M.S.	Finish. H.M.S.
Winsome	2:21:02	1:29:58	1:18:40
Elmina	2:22:06	1:20:32	1:09:19
Aurora	2:26:00	1:26:08	1:16:40
Istalena	2:29:37	1:32:02	1:24:23
Shimna	2:28:49	1:34:07	1:23:57
Irolita	3:01:12	1:39:19	1:16:19

NEW YORK YACHT CUP RACE FOR THE KING'S CUP.

Schooners and Sloops in One Class.
Course, 35½ miles. Wind S. W. by S., 8 knots.

Yacht.	Start. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.	Corrected Time. H.M.S.
Aurora	12:12:22	5:08:48	4:37:50
Winsome	12:10:36	5:09:27	4:38:44
Elmina	12:10:16	4:51:57	4:39:07
Shimna	12:10:56	5:26:53	4:42:18
Istalena	12:10:15	5:25:57	4:55:14
Irolita	12:11:49	5:57:30	5:19:12

SONDER BOATS SELECTED.

Harpoon, Beaver, and Cima to Defend Yachting Cups.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Aug. 12.—The American team that will sail against the Spanish Sonder yachts next week for the President Taft and Gov. Draper Cups was selected to-night after five days' racing, in which eight contests were held for the thirteen boats. The yachts, owners, and designers of the three boats which will make up the American team follow:

Harpoon, C. F. Adams, 2d, Boardman.
Beaver, C. H. W. Foster, Burgess.
Cima, Guy Lowell, Mower.

The Spanish boats, the Chonta, Mosquito II., and Papoose arrived in the harbor to-night and expect to be under sail to-morrow. The international races will begin on the 17th, and the yachts will race every day except Sunday, until the contest is decided. It is expected that President Taft will deliver the cup which bears his name to the winner on board the Mayflower, week after next.

Two and one-half races were sailed to-day, the Cima winning the first, a windward and leeward affair, and the Harpoon the second over a triangular course. Another race which was started early in the afternoon was called off after the wind failed.

The uncertainty of the breeze compelled a wait until nearly 2 o'clock before the seven boats which were in the semi-final round of the trials had their first complete contest. After the early breeze from the northwest failed a new wind came in from the south, and the yachts were started at 1:50.

MAY BUY WESTWARD.

Member of Royal Yacht Squadron Negotiating for American Boat.

RYDE, Isle of Wight, Aug. 12.—A member of the Royal Squadron is negotiating for the purchase of the steel schooner yacht Westward, now owned by A. S. Cochran of New York. It is learned that the schooner will likely race under the British flag next year. The Westward has finished racing for the season, during which she won many prizes at Kiel and off the Isle of Wight. She will not return to America, however, her owner having decided to keep the vessel in English waters during the Winter.

Gala Day at Colonial Yacht Club.

This will be a gala day at the Colonial Yacht Club, 141st Street and Hudson River. The second annual regatta of the organization will be sailed, the start to be made at 2 o'clock. It will be a handicap affair, and about twenty boats will race over a triangular course of twenty miles. The prizes include the Mankin Trophy, presented by Ned Mankin; a spirit compass, the gift of Rear Commodore Dyckman, and marine glasses, presented by Fleet Capt. Solomonsky. There will be music and dancing, and the club will serve its guests with steamed clams and watermelon throughout the afternoon and evening.

ONE-SIDED POLO GAMES.

Bryn Mawr and New Haven Win by Good Margin.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 12.—Many of the cottage colony motored to the Point Judith Country Club to-day, where the National Polo tournament was continued at Wildfield Farm.

The first round of the Narragansett Cups was the attraction with a double-header, the rival fours being Bryn Mawr and Myopia second and New Haven second and Point Judith. In the first event Bryn Mawr defeated Myopia second in rather a one-sided match by a score of 17 to 8½. By handicap the Massachusetts team received six goals. In the second match New Haven second defeated the Point Judiths by a score of 17 to 11½.

By handicap allowance the New Haven team received ten goals, which gave them a decided advantage at the start. Near the conclusion of the game a sensational incident occurred when Charles Cary Rumsey of the New Haven team collided with Joshua Crane. Both players were thrown to the ground, but fortunately escaped serious injury. Line-up and summary:

BRYN MAWR.		MYOPIA II.	
Alexander Brown	4	A. Ames	4
H. W. Harrison	4	H. Tweed	4
R. E. Strawbridge	5	H. Hadden	2
C. R. Smith	4	G. G. Amory	1
Total	17	Total	11

Bryn Mawr—Earned goals, 17. Total—17. Myopia—Earned goals, 3; received by handicap, 6; lost by penalties, ½ goal. Total—11.

NEW HAVEN II.		POINT JUDITH.	
J. C. Rathbone	0	W. A. Hazard	2
E. D. Morgan, Jr.	2	R. Lamontagne	7
C. C. Rumsey	4	H. C. Phipps	5
M. G. Rosengarten	4	Joshua Crane	6
Total	10	Total	20

New Haven—Earned goals, 7; received by handicap, 10 goals. Total—17. Point Judith—Earned goals, 12; lost by penalties, ½ goal. Total—11½. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

ALL AROUND CHAMPIONSHIP.

Many Athletes Will Strive for Title To-day.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Owing to the large field of entries, the National all-around championship competition of the Amateur Athletic Union will begin at Marshall Field at noon to-morrow. Notice to this effect was promulgated to-day by James E. Sullivan, the referee, who has been the arbiter of every meet of the A. A. U. since 1884. Mr. Sullivan stated that the first event must be started at this time, in order to finish the programme before dark. One of the athletes whose work will be watched with great interest is Fred Thompson of Occidental College, Los Angeles. J. H. Gillas, the Vancouver (B. C.) policeman-athlete, is another candidate for the championship who is expected to be among the best performers. In training Gillas is said to have come within fifteen points of the world's record, held by Martin Sheridan. Other entrants are:

William Crawley of the University of Chicago and Austin Menaul, also of the University of Chicago; Avery Brundage of the Chicago A. A., Ellery H. Clark, Boston; H. W. Fitzpatrick, New Orleans; B. Gish, Seattle; G. W. Philbrook, Cleveland; J. Bredemus, New York; E. C. Quarenstrom, Sioux City, Iowa; J. R. Kilpatrick, New York; Charles A. Furey, Philadelphia; W. Q. Gowan and Charles White, Philadelphia; James Andrommedas, Lowell, Mass.; J. H. Caroll, Chicago, and Leslie Byrd, W. A. Draper, and Eugene Schobinger of the Chicago Athletic Association.

Miss Elaine Golding Swims Fast.

A large crowd of spectators watched the aquatic sports of the Brighton Beach Swimming Club yesterday in the pool at Brighton Beach Park. Miss Elaine Golding, although only securing second place in the 100-yard handicap, gave a good exhibition of swimming, covering the distance from the scratch mark in 1:36 1-5. Miss Golding conceded large handicaps to the field, and succeeded in overhauling all but Miss Elsie Thiel, who captured the event with a handicap of 26 seconds. Miss Thelma Bowne captured the 100-yard novice swim, her time for the event being 2:01 4-5, and Miss Florence Byington captured first honors in the diving contest with 43 points. Eighteen competitors participated in the latter event. The summaries:

100-Yard Swim, Novice.—Won by Thelma Bowne, Steeplechase Swimming Club; Amy Mullan, Steeplechase Swimming Club, second; Cora Kelly, unattached, third. Time—2:01 4-5.

100-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by Elsie Thell, Steeplechase Swimming Club, (26 seconds;) Elaine Golding, Steeplechase Swimming Club, (scratch,) second; Bessie Conway, Steeplechase Swimming Club, (34 seconds,) third. Time—1:54 1-5.

Diving Contest.—Won by Florence Byington, Steeplechase Swimming Club, (43 points;) Ethel Edison, Steeplechase Swimming Club, (40 points,) second; Helen Kuntzby, unattached, (37 points,) third.

Swimming at Travers Island.

At Travers Island to-day, the National fancy diving and 880-yard swim championship of the Amateur Athletic Union will be decided. Charles M. Daniels, the present title holder, is the favorite for the 880-yard title. His easy win of the 440-yard title, two weeks ago, practically insures a victory for him. The fight for second and third places will be very close. Bud Goodwin, the runner up to Daniels in the quarter mile race, has lately been showing great speed, and it would not be surprising to see him force Daniels to a new record. The present record held by Daniels is 12 minutes 18 2-5 seconds. The other starters will be Auerback, Tobias, and Oppenheimer of the City Athletic Union, and Reilly, Trubenback, and Manley of the New York Athletic Club.

The fancy diving contest will bring together a quartet of famous performers. George Gaidzick of the Chicago Athletic Association, the present champion, will defend his title against O'Callaghan, the Mercury foot crack; Smyrk of Australia, and Walter Lee of the New York Athletic Club.

Stars in Eccentric Firemen's Games.

The fifteenth annual carnival of sports and picnic of the Eccentric Firemen will be held at Celtic Park, Long Island, on Sunday, Aug. 21. Altogether, there are nineteen events on the programme, and the best athletes in training will compete in their specialties.

Sheridan, Flanagan, Sheppard, Kiviat, Ahearn, and many other champions are expected to send in their entries for the games, and several records are liable to go by the boards when they get in action.

The proceeds of this meet will be donated to the death burial fund. The entries close on next Monday with John J. McHugh, P. O. Box 14, Grand Central Station, and with Dieges & Clust, 23 John Street.

Vanderbilt Horse Home First.

DEAUVILLE, France, Aug. 12.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Ostelle won the Prix du Coteau of $1,000, for two-year-olds, run at six furlongs here to-day. The Prix Yacowlef, of $1,600, for two-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was won by Yvette, owned by Mason Carnes.

Carroll Wins Race in England.

WINDSOR, England, Aug. 12.—The Clower Plate of 200 sovereigns, for two-year-olds, distance five furlongs straight, was run here to-day, and won by Charles Carroll's Queen Til. Seacune was second and Courteous Lad third. There were six starters.

M'LOUGHLIN PLAYS COLSTON IN FINAL

Pacific Coast and Maryland to be Represented in Southampton Tennis Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 12.—It is to be the East against the Pacific Coast in the lawn tennis finals. Maurice E. McLoughlin, the Californian, and Frederick C. Colston of Maryland coupled on the final brackets for the trophy here to-day. McLoughlin defeated his teammate, Thomas C. Bundy, in three fast and furious sets, 3—6, 6—4, 6—2. At every stage this match produced highly spectacular tennis. Colston by wonderful spurts defeated the Princeton expert, Dean Mathey, 8—6, 7—5.

The doubles also reached the final round. In the top half the Pacific Coast pair, Thomas C. Bundy and Trowbridge Hendrick, that have won the position of challengers for the National championship next Tuesday in the National meeting at Newport, defeated Frederick C. Colston and George A. Lyon, Jr., 7—5, 6—3; in the lower section William A. Larned, the National champion, paired with his protégé, McLoughlin, defeated Wallace F. Johnson and Richard H. Palmer, the Pennsylvania and New Jersey State champions, respectively, 6—2, 6—3. The line judging in this match was badly done, and at times it had the effect of throwing both Johnson and Palmer off their game. It can hardly be recorded, however, that the errors changed the outcome of the match.

In their contest McLoughlin and Bundy afforded the players an exhibition of the speed with which the followers of the game work on the Pacific Coast. In the first set Bundy, who is a heady player, depended upon tricky strategy, while McLoughlin hammered his drives deep and always beyond Bundy's reach. He forced up a lead of 3—1. Then by a great spurt Bundy pulled up to within a game of his famous adversary. That was the nearest he could come, as he could not break McLoughlin's service, the latter leading him at 5—4, and scoring his next game on service took the set.

By the pluckiest sort of effort Bundy held on and checked McLoughlin at the net through the first four games of the third set. It was net or nothing with McLoughlin. He kept boring in with his volleys and smashes until Bundy, footsore and tired, began to fade so that McLoughlin won four games in order despite the stubborn resistance of his teammate, and so won the match. Summary:

Meadow Club Cup, Men's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Frederick C. Colston defeated Dean Mathey, 8—6, 7—5; Maurice E. McLoughlin defeated Thomas C. Bundy, 7—9, 6—4, 6—2.

Meadow Club Cup, Men's Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Thomas C. Bundy and Trowbridge Hendrick defeated Frederick C. Colston and George A. Lyon, Jr., 7—5, 6—3; William A. Larned and Maurice E. McLoughlin defeated Wallace F. Johnson and Richard H. Palmer, 6—2, 6—3.

Mixed Doubles.—First Round—Miss Henderson and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., defeated Miss Cassell and George A. Randall, 4—6, 6—1, 6—4; Miss Margaret Trevor and Frederick C. Colston defeated Miss Miller and James Breese, Jr., 6—0, 6—0; Miss Behr and Karl H. Behr defeated Miss Smythe and Felix M. Doubleday, 6—3, 6—3; Miss U. A. Murdock and Seymour Johnson defeated Mrs. Eben Wright and Howard Taylor, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Kane and Clarence C. Pell defeated Miss Cook and Reginald Livingston, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Rogers and William A. Larned defeated Mr. and Mrs. D. F. McLean, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3.

Second Round—Miss Henderson and Watson defeated Miss Brown and Mathey, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Howland and De Rham defeated Mrs. Alonzo Potter and Blagden, 2—6, 8—6, 7—5; Miss Behr and Behr defeated Mrs. U. A. Murdock and Johnson, 6—4, 6—1; Miss Kane and Pell defeated Mrs. C. A. Griswold and Fincke, 10—8, 6—1; Miss Livingston and Tilden defeated Mrs. T. Morris Carnegie and Stillman, 6—4, 7—5; Miss Donald and Herron defeated Miss Philbin and Evans, 8—6, 6—0.

Third Round—Miss Henderson and Watson defeated Miss Donald and Herron, 6—1, 6—2.

Men's Consolation Singles.—First Round—Berlen Hughes defeated William D. Bourne, 6—4, 6—2.

Second Round—Edwin P. Fischer defeated Karl Smith, 6—2, 6—2; Walter L. Pate defeated Berlen Hughes, 6—2, 6—2.

Third Round—Fischer defeated Pate, 6—4, 6—3; Tilden defeated Potter, 6—1, 6—0; Pell defeated Doubleday, 6—2, 6—4; Evans defeated Herron, 6—0, 6—3.

Semi-Final Round—Pell defeated R. Evans, Jr., 6—4, 7—5.

Lee Cup Singles.—First Round—James G. K. Lawrence defeated E. T. Irwin, 6—3, 7—5; Adrian H. Larkin defeated E. A. Leroy, 3d, 6—1, 6—2; E. C. Rutter defeated N. C. Reynal by default; Harry Sproul, Jr., defeated E. G. Rogers by default; James P. Lee defeated J. J. Larkin, 6—0, 6—2; J. B. French defeated H. P. Rogers, 6—1, 6—3; J. C. Cooley defeated W. J. O'Brien, Jr., 6—0, 6—3; W. Scott Cameron defeated William Chambers, 6—2, 6—3; A. H. Ely, Jr., defeated William Manice, Jr., 6—2, 6—1; T. Morris Carnegie defeated R. H. Babcock, 6—1, 6—0; George Trevor defeated L. C. Provost by default; H. T. Hartshorne defeated A. C. Schermerhorn, 6—2, 1—6, 6—4; Seymour Johnson defeated David J. Ely by default; Goodhue Livingston defeated Lyttleton Fox, 5—7, 7—5, 6—2.

Second Round—Lawrence defeated Laroque, 6—3, 5—7, 6—3; Cooley defeated French, 6—1, 6—3; Johnson defeated Hartshorne, 6—0, 6—2; Livingston defeated Fleitman, 6—0, 6—2.

NATIONAL TENNIS DRAWING.

High Ranking Players Will Not Meet in First Round.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—There will be no meeting of high ranking players in the first round of the all-comers tournament for the National lawn tennis championship to be held on the Casino courts commencing next Monday morning, as a result of the drawings which were made to-day. Dr. James Dwight, President of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, and William P. Sands made the drawings. The entry list, comprising 181 names, is the largest in the history of the event. The drawings for the second round are likely to result in some interesting matches, including those between W. F. Johnson and T. P. Pell, and between M. E. McLoughlin and B. M. Grant.

Tennis Semi-Finals at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—The second round and the semi-finals in the mixed handicap lawn tennis doubles on the Casino courts were completed to-day, and as a result A. L. Sands and Mrs. Douglass will meet Craig Biddle and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden in the finals to-morrow. The summary of the semi-finals: Mrs. Douglass and A. L. Sands defeated Mrs. Philip Livermore and T. A. Havemeyer, 6—4, 6—4; Mrs. Arthur S. Burden and Craig Biddle defeated Miss Alice Nicholas and Mr. Dilworth, 6—1, 5—7, 6—3.

On the Bethlehem Tennis Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, N. H., Aug. 12.—In the Sinclair tennis tournament played to-day Miss A. Devuile of New York won the women's championship from Miss E. R. Smith in straight sets. Both women played fast tennis from the back courts, which was enlivened by frequent rallies. In the men's singles W. A. Barron of Crawfords was paired with his doubles partner, R. N. Marble, and won from him in the most brilliant tennis of the day's playing.

West End Tennis Tourney.

Tennis players in New York will have an opportunity to enter an interesting tournament which will be held at the West End Tennis courts starting on Thursday, Aug. 25. There will be men's singles, doubles, and mixed doubles. All entries and communications should be addressed to Mrs. S. V. Allen, West End Tennis Courts, Ninety-sixth Street and West End Avenue, city.

Miss Gildersleeve Takes Putting Match

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD HOTEL, N. H., Aug. 12.—This has been a gala day at Maplewood with a golf tournament for a cup presented by James R. Scott of New York City, a ladies' putting match followed by a golf tea to christen the new golf room in the Casino, a baseball game between Maplewood and Fabians, and a ball in the Casino. The putting match was won by Miss Virginia C. Gildersleeve, with a score of 23.

Miss Sands Wins Gold Cup.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 12.—The gold cup offered by Stanley Mortimer for a ladies' golf tournament was won this afternoon by Miss Anna Sands, a match for eighteen holes medal play. Miss Sands won in her handicap allowance. Miss Maude K. Wetmore, the scratch player, defeated her two strokes in the actual play. The highest scores were: Miss Anna Sands, gross, 100, 3—97; Miss Maude Wetmore, 98, 0—98.

SMALL CLUBS STRONG.

Their Athletes Likely to be Conspicuous in Metropolitan Championships.

The small athletic clubs in the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union will enter their best men in the coming senior championships to be held at Travers Island in September. For the last four years this meet has resulted in a dual contest between the New York and Irish-American athletic clubs, the smaller clubs not having enough material to make any great showing. In the last year, however, these small clubs have recruited and developed a lot of good men. Although it will be impossible for any one of these clubs to win the senior title, they will likely cause a great deal of trouble for the two major organizations.

The Pastime, Mohawk, Mott Haven, and the Acorn Athletic Clubs will be well represented. Jim Duncan of the Mohawks will make Sheridan extend himself in the discus. In practice recently he hurled the missile 130 feet. Tom Fogerty, the junior 56-pound weight winner, is showing good form in his specialty, and as weight and beef count in this event, Fogerty might surprise the experts with his 300 pounds avoirdupois. He has been heaving the heavy weight around 35 feet for distance and 15½ feet for height. Fogerty has a brother, John, who weighs 260 pounds. He is fast developing and may show something later in the Summer. The other Mohawk representatives will be McKay, the New York University hammer thrower; Biddle in the distance runs, Reherman, the Fordham University half-miler, who is going under two minutes; Snyder, who is capable of doing 11 feet in the vault, and Cooke in the sprints.

Devlin and Erickson will be the Mott Haven's entries. Devlin, after a long rest, is rounding into form for the distance events, and Erickson, the National champion high jumper, looks good to win the Metropolitan title, although he probably will have to jump 6 feet 2 inches or better to win.

Wright, half-miler; Clody and Buist in the sprints, Roy Dorland and Sweeny in the middle-distance events, Mann, walker; O'Connor, broad jumper; Harry Smith, the promising long-distance runner, and Healy, the Irish jumper, will make a formidable team for the Pastime Athletic Club.

The Acorns of Brooklyn will enter McNally in the quarter mile, Boschen in the sprints, Seaver in the hurdles, and Critchley and Kramer in the distance runs. Kramer will come close to winning the five mile event. Eckman, the club's crack sprinter, recently injured a tendon, so his injury will probably keep him out of the competition.

The National Athletic Club, Knights of St. Anthony, and the Loughlin Lyceum will probably enter a few men.

If all the above clubs were to compete as one organization the Irish-American and New York Athletic Clubs would have to go some to win. However, the improvement shown by these clubs is almost sure to make the meet interesting.

POWERS PUTS BRAKES ON.

Player-Managers Must Keep Off Diamond If Not in the Game.

President P. T. Powers of the Eastern League has called the attention of player-managers of that organization to the rule governing their actions during a game relative to going on the field and either delaying a contest or questioning a decision of an umpire. The umpires have received their instructions to enforce the rule, which is as follows:

"No manager has the right to go on the diamond during the progress of a game unless he is actually taking part in the game as a player.

"A non-playing manager in uniform must confine himself to the bench while his team is in the field, and to the coaching lines when his team is at the bat, and that only for the purpose of coaching.

"He has no right to dispute a decision of the umpire or in any other way to delay the game.

"The umpire will permit none but the captain to dispute a decision, and then only on a question of the interpretation of the rules."

Out of the eight clubs in the league seven are under the leadership of player-managers, the exception being Montreal, of which Ed Barrow is the handler. Owing to the close race for the pennant President Powers is of the opinion that if the rule is enforced possible trouble between umpires and managers will be averted. Mr. Powers says he will show no leniency to any violator of the rule.

Manager Jennings Suspended.

DETROIT, Aug. 12.—The Detroit Journal says to-day: "Manager Hugh Jennings of the Detroit baseball team has been indefinitely suspended by President Ban Johnson of the American League. Jennings was ordered from Bennett Park here last Wednesday by Umpire Kerin for disputing a decision when Coombs of Philadelphia struck out Ty Cobb."

Pitcher Corey Has Typhoid Fever.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 12.—Pitcher Corey of the Toronto Eastern League Baseball Club was taken to a local hospital to-day, suffering with typhoid fever.

Giants Lose "Chub" Elder.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 12.—The National Baseball Commission to-day handed down its finding in the case of Player "Chub" Elder, who was claimed by both the New York National League club and the Traverse City Club. Title to the player was given to Traverse City.

McNultys and Branchvilles to Play.

The fast team of the McNulty Brothers will entertain the strong Branchvilles of Branchville, N. J., who will present as pitcher big Jack Cronin, formerly of the Providence Eastern League team, in the box, with Byrnes behind the bat. For the McNultys, Lonely or Archer will be on the firing line, with Seaman as catcher. There will be a preliminary game at 2 o'clock, in which the contending teams will be the McNultys and a first-class aggregation of amateurs.

Sunday Games at Meyerrose Park.

The Cuban Stars, after a successful tour of the West, will play the crack Hoboken team in the first game at Meyerrose Park, Ridgewood, next Sunday, and the winner of this game will line up against the Ridgewoods in the second game. Bustamente, the sensational short stop, will fill that position for the Cubans. These three clubs and the Philadelphia Giants have entered into an agreement to play a series of games for the independent championship of the United States.

Bethlehem Golf Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, N. H., Aug. 12.—Semi-finals for championship cup: Charles L. English, New Haven Golf Club, defeated H. A. Waldron, Agawam Hunt Club, 1 up in a very interesting game, which was anybody's game up to the last put. E. H. English, Washington, D. C., defeated C. Giddings, Atlanta C. C., 5 and 3. Semi-finals for Mount Washington Cup: F. English, (4,) New Haven, defeated J. M. Green, (scratch,) Trenton C. C., 2 and 1. Mr. English is twelve years old, a coming champion, a brother of Charles and E. H. English. V. D. Burgess, (14,) Newark, N. J., defeated R. H. Abba, (4,) Bethlehem C. C., 3 and 2.

Motor Cyclist Makes Record.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—One of the features at the motor cycle races held here to-day under the auspices of the Federation of American Motor Cyclists, was a mile made in 0:53 3-5 by M. T. Gaves, establishing a new record for the Point Breeze track, where the races were held.

Seymour won the one-mile National championship race, considered the big event of the day, making the distance in 1:06. Graves was also second in this race, and Walter Georke was third. The summaries:

Ten Miles, for Private Owners.—Won by J. Boyd Anderson, (Indian;) Frank Seerv, (Indian,) second; S. A. Goss, (Bradley,) third. Time—12:34 4-5.

Ten Miles, for Philadelphia Championship.—Won by Louis Steinhouser, (Bradley;) J. Pennell, (Excelsior,) second; S. A. Gross, (Bradley,) third. Time—12:01 2-5.

Twenty-five Miles, Amateur.—Won by Raymond Seymour, (Indian;) W. J. Tuebuer, (Merkel,) second; W. Georke, (Indian,) third. Time—27:50.

TO-DAYS COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J. Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Schmuck, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J. Maximilian Fleischman Co v. Kapelsohn—John J Delany.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. U S Trust Co v. Phelps—Max J Kohler.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick J. In re Standard Frame & Sash Co—J Sidney Bernstein.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick J. Beatrice Schwab Weil v. Joseph Schmidt—Samuel Marx.

WENDLING IN LOUISVILLE.

After a Pursuit of 13,000 Miles—Whistles and Waves Hand to Crowd.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 12.—Joseph Wendling, wanted on the charge of murdering Alma Kellner, was placed in the City Hall here this morning. He had no sooner been ushered into the Chief of Police's room than he took a position in one of the large windows and busied himself whistling and waving his hand to the crowd which had gathered in the street below. His smile was much in evidence.

Wendling arrived shortly after 8 o'clock this morning handcuffed to Capt. Carney. A large but orderly crowd was kept in bounds by plenty of police, and there was no demonstration when Wendling was hruried from the train to an automobile.

Commonwealth's Attorney Huffaker had a short talk with Wendling in Police Headquarters. All the questions asked by Mr. Huffaker were put in the presence of Wendling's attorney. Mr. Huffaker showed Wendling the bloody shirt, trousers, and hat he is supposed to have worn on the day Alma Kellner was killed. To all the questions Wendling refused to answer, on his counsel's advice.

Wendling was taken to jail. Mrs. Wendling arrived soon after and was permitted to see the prisoner.

The arrival of Wendling in Louisville marks the end of one of the longest pursuits in detective history. The return trip from San Francisco to Louisville stretches the actual pursuit of about 11,000 miles to a total of over 13,000 miles. Not until May 30, the date when the mutilated body of Alma Kellner was found in a cellar beneath St. John's Parochial School, was Wendling connected with the disappearance of the child. Four months previous to the discovery of the body Wendling had left Louisville quietly, not even letting his wife know that he was going away. When blood-stained clothing was found in Wendling's room he was charged with the murder and a continuous search was made for him.

BROKERS WOULD AVOID SUIT.

Exchange Members Plead Immunity in Banknote Case—Decision Reserved.

Judge Hough of the United States Circuit Court heard yesterday a motion made by several members of the New York Stock Exchange to dismiss, as to them, the complaint in the $5,000,000 conspiracy action brought by the New York Bank Note Company against the New York Stock Exchange, its 1,100 members, and the American Bank Note Company. They asked for the dismissal on the ground that they were immune from suit until the case had been pressed to judgment against the New York Stock Exchange.

Judge Hough also heard argument on a motion to strike out various parts of the complaint on the ground that they were irrelevant and scandalous.

He reserved decision.

Bronx Oval's Best Sunday Card.

Baseball of the hurricane order will undoubtedly be the feature of the game when the Philadelphia Giants and the Royal Giants, who are regarded as the leading colored teams of the country, clash at the Bronx Oval, 163d Street and the Southern Boulevard, on next Sunday. As a second attraction the successful colored team will meet the Bronx Athletics, which will make up the most attractive card of the season at the Oval.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Harris Brothers, Olympia, Wash.; M. Harris, dry goods; Hotel Longacre.
Harris, A., & Co., Dallas, Texas; C. J. Julian, dress goods and silks; 40 West Twenty-second Street; Hoffman House.
Levi, J., & Co., Dubuque, Iowa; E. J. Levi, furnishing goods; 320 Church Street.
Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. C. Bingler, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square.
Pernstein, B., Cincinnati, Ohio, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.
Mohr, L., & Sons, Savannah, Ga.; S. Mohr, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Kaufman & Co., Richmond, Va.; L. Kaufman, dry goods; 621 Broadway; Hotel Cumberland.
Thompson-Hudson Company, Toledo, Ohio; G. W. Hock, dress goods and silks; 113 Bleecker Street; Hotel Grand.
Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; G. H. Partridge, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Holland House.
Moses, M., & Son, Baltimore, Md.; P. M. Moses, woolens; Hotel Broztell.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Block, veilings; 115 Worth Street.
Nelson Cloak Company, Ottumwa, Iowa; Mr. Nelson, cloaks and suits; 7 West Twenty-second Street.
Jonap, H., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss Jackson, dressing sacks and kimonos; 821 Broadway.
Meyers, The, Company, Greensboro, N. C.; W. D. Meyers, general merchandise; 821 Broadway.
Howland, The, Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; Mr. Sprague, house furnishings and toys; 75 Spring Street.
Levi, James & Co., Dubuque, Iowa; E. J. Levi, notions, furnishing goods, and white goods; 320 Church Street.
Mannheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; R. A. Smith, silks and velvets; 320 Church Street.
Bergner, P. A., & Co., Peoria, Ill.; Mr. Schwentzer, notions and fancy goods; 821 Broadway.
Johnson, O. V., Company, Galesburg, Ill.; Miss S. Cahlin, laces and trimmings; Miss N. Lindbern, infants' wear, muslin underwear, and corsets; Hotel Prince George.
Kroeger Brothers Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss R. Heiser, millinery; Hotel Cumberland.
Blass, Gus, Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; J. G. Blass, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Sarles, H. J., & Co., Liberty, N. Y.; H. J. Sarles, general merchandise; Hotel Wellington.
Wilkinson, Williams & Reed, Richmond, Va.; C. C. Reed, linens and linings; Hotel Grand.
Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; J. R. Smith, ladies' hosiery and knit underwear and men's furnishing goods; 30 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Navarre.
Lewis, A. T., & Son, Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; J. H. Polhemus, carpets and rugs; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Navarre.
Stewart Dry Goods Company, Lancaster, Ky.; J. A. Dorsey, furnishing goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Latham.
Lefler Hat Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; C. H. Lefler, hats; Hotel Broztell.
Horne, J., Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; L. A. Hubosh, carpets and rugs; 320 Church Street; The Breslin.
Berwick Stores Company, Berwick, Penn.; W. C. Garrison, general merchandise; The Breslin.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss M. A. Leech, gloves; 214 Church Street.
Cooper, Coote & Casey Dry Goods Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. J. Coote, dry goods; 51 Leonard Street.
Lasalle & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; Miss G. Dallett, muslin underwear, petticoats, and infants' wear; Hotel Wolcott.
Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; E. J. Oliver, domestics; 438 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Blockwell, H. Company, Detroit, Mich.; T. R. Hettinger, notions and toilet goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Weinberg Cloak and Suit Company, Baltimore, Md.; M. J. Weinberg, cloaks and suits; Herald Square Hotel.
Small, William, & Co., Leavenworth, Kan.; L. Vonderschmidt, dry goods; T. Vonderschmidt, cloaks, suits, and skirts; M. H. Barlow, dry goods; Hotel Martinique.
Berkshire Manufacturing Company, Pittsfield, Mass.; G. W. Prose, piece goods; Hotel Martinique.
McAlpin, G. W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; W. N. Bayless, hosiery and furnishing goods; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.
Weinberg Clothing Company, Staunton, Va.; A. Weinberg, clothing; The Breslin.
Crippen & Reid, Saratoga, N. Y.; R. G. Reid, wash dresses; The Breslin.
Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. Rosenthal, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.
Schroder Brothers & Co., Battle Creek, Mich.; L. M. Schroder, millinery; Hotel York.
Wilson, Larrabee & Co., Boston, Mass.; L. P. Chandler, linens; Herald Square Hotel.
Glove Dry Goods Company, Columbia, S. C.; T. D. Hoots, clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Weil, H., & Brothers, Goldsboro, N. C.; S. Weil, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Netherland.
Brennan Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. G. Brennan, silks and dress goods; Hotel Longacre.
Glaser, A., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; A. Glaser, laces and handkerchiefs; Hotel Savoy.
Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; W. R. Hofstatter, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.
Choate, H., & Co., Winona, Minn.; J. E. Anderson, cloaks, suits, and waists; A. B. Patton, notions and furnishing goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Maher Brothers, Utica, N. Y.; E. J. Maher, clothing; Union Square Hotel.
Burton-Peel Dry Goods Company, Corsicana, Texas; Miss K. Vaughan, millinery; Hotel Woodward.
Wilkins Brothers Company, Des Moines, Iowa; V. A. Wilkins, notions, hosiery, and underwear; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Fair Department Store, Guthrie, Okla.; J. A. Brown, general merchandise; Hotel Wellington.
Leslie Dry Goods Company, Haverhill, Mass.; R. E. Willey, cloaks; Hotel King Edward.
Leyser & Co., Greenville, Miss.; N. L. Riteman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Wasson, H. P., Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; D. E. Phibbs, carpets; 821 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Robinson, J. W., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; Mrs. M. Worth, millinery; 111 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wolcott.
Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; Miss O. B. Lynch, dry goods; 214 Church Street.
Fly & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. E. Hill, dry goods; 258 Church Street.
Wyler, Ackerland & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Ackerland, clothing; 79 Fifth Avenue.
Daly Brothers, Eureka, Cal.; C. D. Daly, dry goods; 41 Union Square.
Golden Rule, St. Paul, Minn.; C. Rosenberg, laces and ribbons; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Out-of-town merchants registered at the office of the Merchants' Association, 54 to 60 Lafayette St.:

Burch Bros. Co., Marshalltown, Iowa; Catherine C. Hearn, milinery; Hotel Orleans.
Burch Bros. Co., Waterloo, Iowa; Jule Donovan, millinery; Hotel Seville.
Isadore Eichman, Lebanon, Ind.; ladies' ready-to-wear; Hotel Imperial.
Alms & Doepke Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Lester G. Alms, millinery; Lillie Kabbes, costume department; Anna Wehmeyer, lace and neckwear; Hotel Latham.
N. J. Jacobson, Jackson, Mich.; suits; Elizabeth Agnew, suits; Hotel Prince George.
The E. M. Newman Co., Columbus, Ohio; E. M. Newman, millinery; The Breslin.
Sadler Bros., Spencer, Ind.; Charles F. Allison, dry goods, carpets, cloaks and millinery; 226 West 44th St.
Fuller Dry Goods Co., Meadville, Penn.; James S. Masson, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.
The Liberty Credit Co., Charleston, W. Va.; M. B. Goldman; Hoffman House.
The Ed Wren Co., Springfield, Ohio; M. J. McGonigle, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Allman & Putnam Co., Massillon, Ohio; George Mellon, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.
J. & L. Galigher, Zanesville, Ohio; John Galigher, hats and men's furnishings; Hotel York.
Alms & Doepke Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Nettie Germ, millinery; Hotel Latham.
George W. McAlpin Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; E. C. Poage, department store; Hotel Collingwood.
T. T. Terry, Huntsville, Ala.; department store; Elizabeth Bell, millinery; Park Avenue Hotel.
Alderman Dry Goods Co., Maryville, Mo.; Miss Clara Katterman, cloaks, suits and costumes; Miss Jane Hogan, millinery; Hotel Navarre.
Lawrence Department Store, Owasso, Mich.; Mrs. Charles A. Lawrence, general store; Hotel Albert.
Schachne, A., Company, The, Dayton, Ohio; A. Schachne, art goods and furniture; Park Avenue Hotel.
Emsheimer-Fishel Company, Cleveland, Ohio; L. E. Emshelmer, manufactured dresses; E. Emsheimer, manufactured dresses; M. Fishel, manufactured dresses; Hotel King Edward.
Seymour Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Kan.; W. E. Seymour, dry goods; Hotel York.
Carter & Carroll, Lima, Ohio; George R. Carter, dry goods and cloaks; Miss Anna Connair, dry goods; Miss Katherine Walsh, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Mack & Co., Ann Arbor, Mich.; Charles J. Hutzel, ladies' ready-to-wear clothing; Anna C. Hogan, ladies' ready-to-wear clothing; Hotel Latham.
Joslin, M. A., Caro, Mich.; variety; Hotel St. George.
Paine, Miller, Lincoln, Neb.; Elizabeth Lofink, dry goods; W. Z. Henry, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.
Piper, William, & Sons, Sidney, Ohio; William Piper, dry goods; Wilbur Piper, dry goods; The Hermitage.
Faulkner Sons, Ashland, Ky.; W. E. Faulkner, dry goods and ladies' furnishings; Hotel Latham.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of Wholesale Merchants.
One line, 12 months, $109.50; 6 mos., $58.56; 3 mos., $30.94; 1 mo., $10.80.

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ART PILLOW SLIPS AND NOVELTY BAGS.
E. W. Gutterman Co., 51-53 White St.
Warner Mfg. Co., 52 White St.
BABY SHOES AND MOCCASINS.
Adler, Martin & Katz, Suite 251 Prince George.
BASKETS & WILLOW WARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston St.
BATH ROBES AND SLIPPERS.
Frederick W. Maas, 47 E. 19th St. "Maascot Brand."
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844 & 846 Broadway.
CUT GLASS.
Louis Levien Cut Glass Co., 33 Murray St.
FLANNELETTE & MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., near Av. A.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade.) 22 W. 21 St.
LADIES' MUSLIN PETTICOATS.
Ridgway Manufacturing Co., Room 209, 1 Union Sq.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.
Lang & Herskowitz, 34 West 27th Street.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844 & 846 Broadway.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
RHINESTONE HAT PINS & NOVELTIES.
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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—FRANK MERY, Plaintiff, vs. GEORGE S. DE HIERAPOLIS and EMILE S. DE HIERAPOLIS, composing the firm of HIERAPOLIS & COMPANY; GEORGE S. DE HIERAPOLIS and JOHN H. BAKER, Defendants.—Summons, with notice.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 16th, 1910.

CULVER & WHITTLESEY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and Post Office address, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Notice:

Take notice that upon your default to appear or answer the above summons, judgment will be taken against you for the sum of one thousand one and 35-100 dollars, ($1,001.35,) with interest from the 11th day of January, 1910, and with costs of this action.

CULVER & WHITTLESEY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To John H. Baker, defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you pursuant to an order of the Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated July 7th, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 7th day of July, 1910.

Dated New York, July 7th, 1910.

CULVER & WHITTLESEY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ACTION TO ANNUL A MARRIAGE.

State of New York, Supreme Court, County of Rensselaer.—LILLIAN WARRINER, an infant, by Catherine Letzelter, her guardian ad litem, plaintiff, against ROBERT A. WARRINER, defendant.

To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Trial to be held in the County of Rensselaer.

Dated Albany, N. Y., March 12, 1910.

COUNTRYMAN, NELLIS & DU BOIS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office address, 13 North Pearl Street, Albany, New York.

To Robert A. Warriner: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Randall J. Le Boeuf, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 7th day of July, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court for the County of Rensselaer, at Troy, N. Y.

Dated July 7, 1910.

COUNTRYMAN, NELLIS & DU BOIS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 13 North Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

How to Make Your Small Advertisements Pay

Read this advertisement and the following letter—you will be interested.

THREE COMMERCIAL SALESMEN, $5,000, $7,000, and $10,000 men, who have had experience in meeting keen competition on the road, can find positions with a firm of the highest rank doing business in Greater New York. Our line is the finest of its kind in the country. Applicants must be able to furnish satisfactory references. Apply by letter and ask for interview. Address T 152 Times.

August 11th, 1910.

The New York Times:

We read with interest your comment in to-day's paper upon the advertisement of "Houseworker."

We believe that if those not used to writing advertisements would provide The Times with the particulars of what is desired and let The Times write the advertisements for them, the results would be satisfactory.

It is our purpose to have our advertisements tell exactly what we want. We do not try to save a word or two—we tell our story as clearly and explicitly as possible and use the necessary space in the papers to attract the attention of those who are consulting the Want Page.

On August 7th we inserted the advertisement printed here in The Times and up to to-day we have received over eighty answers—and these answers could not have been more valuable or more satisfactory. We attribute the many replies to two facts—the advertisement was one that told what we wanted exactly and that the Want advertisements in The Times are read by a reliable and intelligent class of people.

GARDEN CITY ESTATES,
334 Fifth Av., New York City.

Telephone 1000 Bryant The New York Times will attend to writing the advertisement for you.

COUNTRY BOARD

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day

Long Island.

BATTERSHALL INN,
SEA CLIFF, L. I.,
200 feet above the Sound.
Fine cuisine and charming place.
Write for Booklet or 'phone 71—Glen Cove.

Attractive rooms in country house, well furnished, electric lights, lavatories, bath, etc.; near seashore; no table board, but can be had near by. Apply I. M. Rayner, Greenport, L. I.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I. Commuting distance of New York; private beach; tennis; steam heat; private baths; booklets furnished; references.

New York State.

The Ferns.—Are you tired? A few weeks in the mountains will help you. Try it. Beautiful house, all modern conveniences; delightful country; open until February. P. H. Gross, Napanoch, N. Y.

Ellswood, Highland, N. Y.—Board on fruit farm; $6 up. Arrange. White, 309 West 46th St.

New Jersey.

In beautiful Upper Montclair, in private family, two front rooms on second floor to rent, with board, to two gentlemen; house 5 minutes from Erie Station, 3 minutes from trolley; references. L. M. N., Upper Montclair P. O.

In beautiful Upper Montclair, N. J., in private family, two second-story front rooms to rent, with excellent board, to two gentlemen; house 5 minutes from Erie station; 3 minutes from trolley; references. L. M. N., Upper Montclair, P. O.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Corporation with established trade, trademarks protected, wishes to sell some stock in small amounts or would share control with right party. Investors with ability can secure positions if desired. Bank and commercial references given and required. Stock will pay handsome dividends. Address 411 Exchange Place, Baltimore, Md.

$10,000 will secure partnership in private school located near city in richest section of Westchester County; money desired for enlargement, &c., and secured by valuable real estate. Address Private, 255 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Established gas fixture and electric business, with plant; annual sales $25,000 to $35,000; good reasons for selling. Samuel J. Kelly, 147 East State St., Trenton, N. J.

Saloon.—Owner will build saloon and cafe to suit tenant in new populated section of the Bronx; 10 years' lease; elegant terms. Lou Schmidt, 362 East 143d St.

Experienced gentleman, office and staff in Paris, desires to represent American firms. W 95 Times.

HELP WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

SECRETARIES, female, $20, $14; stenographers, $8; index clerk, $8; bookkeeper, $15; bookkeepers, male, $20; stenographer, $12; Strauss Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Numerous positions paying good salaries; better locate permanently now. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, all kinds of office help, wanted; permanent positions. Call Wright Agency, 335 B'way.

SITUATIONS WANTED, EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 214 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, Cooks, chambermaids, useful men, porters; city, country. Henderson's, 110 W. 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St., bond $1,000, guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

YACHTS AND VESSELS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

For Sale.—75-foot twin-screw cruiser, mahogany finished; handsome craft; new boat, ready to launch. Bargain for quick sale. Truscott Boat Mfg. Co., 1,675 Broadway.

For sale cheap, 30-foot 10 H. P. standing roof launch, good condition. Lewis's Boathouse, foot Drake Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CLOAK and suit model wanted. Apply 1 Union Square, Room 209.

STENOGRAPHER to fill a position of trust; must be ready immediately to travel, United States, Canada, Mexico, and South America. 'Phone applications to Mr. Bryce, Room 349 Hotel Astor, between 1 and 2 only to-day.

STENOGRAPHERS with experience can find ready employment at good salaries by applying to the Remington Typewriter Company, 325 Broadway.

WANTED—TWO BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT GIRLS TO LABEL RIBBONS; PERMANENT POSITION; APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. JOHNSON, COWDIN & CO., 128 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

WANTED—A competent head laundress, one who has full knowledge of laundry machinery; excellent salary for right party. Apply personally, 150th St. and Broadway.

The New York Times rejects fraudulent and objectionable advertising of all kinds.—Adv.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—$100 reward for gold watch (letter "S" on front case, "1882" on back case,) chain, and pencil; dropped in gentlemen's room, Gotham Hotel, Central Av., Far Rockaway. Apply to owner of Gotham Hotel, Far Rockaway.

LOST.—Stock Certificate No. 11,692 in the name of Walter L. Lascelles for six shares The Home Insurance Co., New York. Finder please return the same to 8 Bridge St. Application for new certificate has been filed.

LOST—On Newkirk Av. Station Brighton Beach Line or on train to New York, gentleman's gold openface watch and fob; finder will kindly return to 535 East 19th St.; reward and no questions asked.

LOST—In Post Office D, manuscript holder with sermon. Please return to Dr. George Dugan, Labor Temple, 244 East 14th St.

LOST—Watch fob with two fraternity badges; name on back; reward. Stevenson, 2,881 Broadway.

LOST—A bunch of keys; west side; reward. C. S. Rathbun, 451 4th Av.

$100 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of sapphire-diamond bracelet. F. Pommer, Room 208, Silk Exchange Building, 445 Broome St.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Maltese terrier, 6th Av. and 14th St., Thursday noon Nichols, 221 West 23d St.

$150 REWARD.

LOST—Steel gray horse, 15 hands high, hitched to newly painted wagon bearing name of C. F. Kohlhepp, Lakewood Market, 641 Columbus Av., N. Y.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Tel. 769—Riverside.

LOST.—July 10, white-and-red fox terrier, blue ribbons, saddle; reward, 409 East 52d St.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.

THE LAW.

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without first having made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Law.

When you know you have lost anything telephone at once The New York Times—1000 Bryant. The Times will write and insert your advertisement, and the cost is little.

FOUND—Pocketbook in front Lyceum Theatre, Thursday; return on identification. Willis, 250 West 93d St.

FOUND, Aug. 6 to 11—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire Detective Bureau, (Correspondence Room,) Grand and Centre Sts.: Brown leather handbag, containing breastpin, &c.; two donkeys, three gold-plated bracelets, raft containing 100 piles, Chinese hairless bitch, 200 keys, horseshoe pin containing 23 white stones, set of black lynx furs, one bay mare, two bay horses, round bottom rowboat, automobile pump and jack.

FOUND, Aug. 11—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Samples, two umbrellas, satchel, books, badge, photographs, shoes, derby, cape, aprons, &c., shirt, moulding, nails, seal, saw. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Purse, wrist bag, satchels, spectacles, purse, commutation ticket, eyeglasses, catalogue, gloves, keys, part of watch, scissors, apron, overalls, white goods, paper seal, roller, fruit. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Cane, underwear, three umbrellas, pin, purse, hand bag, book, cards, coat, shirt, socks, bath suit, keys, paint, fob, ties, hats. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Two umbrellas, book, gloves, two hats, belt, coat, vest, napkins, three bunches keys, drugs, pipe, faucet, bug exterminator, cloth. SUBWAY: Hat, shoes, four umbrellas, grip, hand bag, purses, eyeglasses, commutation ticket, book, magazines, bookcase, papers and check, religious paper, blue print, gloves, two keys, four hats, rubbers, shoes, coat, apron, dresses, candles.

FOUND, Aug. 10—CENTRAL R. R. of N. J. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: On Railroad Trains—Two packages, books, purse, bunch of keys, three umbrellas, valise.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven umbrellas, four packages, two pocketbooks.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Memorandum book, keys, package of papers, pair of rubbers. Aug. 11—Six umbrellas, pair of shoes, packages, lady's clothes, package containing papers and book, one glove, bicycle wheel, knife.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Five umbrellas, two packages, two blue prints, grip, bundle containing machine parts, tobacco pouch, envelope and papers.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four umbrellas, three packages, lady's coat.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: On Railroad Trains—Seven umbrellas, four packages; roll, purse, camera and package, child's handbag; ring, cap, pair of eyeglasses. At Jersey City Station—Umbrella. Brooklyn Boat—Purse. On Lehigh Valley Train—Umbrella.

FOUND, Aug. 10.—ON LEHIGH VALLEY TRAINS. Awaiting ownership at the office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.: Rain coat, umbrella, foot rule, handbag, cap, straw hat, lady's jacket, basket, 2 suit cases, belt, package, derby hat, sweater.

FOUND, Aug. 12.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PLYMOUTH: Garters, razor strop and towel, umbrella, rain coat. S. S. CHAPIN: Dress suit case, pair glasses, sweater, night shirt. S. S. NEW HAMPSHIRE: Pair drawers, toilet bag. S. S. PRISCILLA: Rent receipt, toothbrush and pin, pipe, paper package, watch and chain, night shirt, pajamas, sweater, button hook. S. S. COMMONWEALTH: Bib, comb, gold ring, toothbrush, 2 pins, hat, rubbers, pin, hat, skirt, vest, watch and chain, hat pin, gold ring, belt, glass eye, pipe and tie, mirror, nightshirt, pair shoes. S. S. MAINE: Eyeglass, baby pin, gold watch and fob, bathing suit, white hat. S. S. GENERAL: Book.

HELP WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CLERK wanted by exchange house to take care of customers' cotton books; also stock; state experience and salary. W 79 Times.

DRAFTSMAN familiar with gasoline engine design, practical experience. Write H. F., Box 89, 1,570 Broadway.

FOR $1 monthly we pay sick and accident benefits $60 monthly; we want solicitors to get members. Ballard & Garrett, 84 William.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule. Franklin Institute, Dept. 232 S, Rochester, N. Y.

MACHINIST.—First-class man only need apply. Room 57, 115 Nassau St., New York.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.—Experienced master mechanic in plant of over 1,000 men, manufacturing a diversified product; foundry, machine, and allied shops; heavy machinery. Apply personally room 740, 30 Church St.

SALESMAN.—To sell a stamp affixing machine; nothing like it on the market; keeps, counts, sticks your stamps; sells itself in one demonstration; hustlers only need apply. 177 Broadway, Room 35.

SALESMAN, over 25, with ability to take care of collection, learn to sell our line; no samples required; steady employment for industrious man. Call 822 Westchester Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man with established trade for original novelties in box tops, color prints, &c.; brand new ideas; salary and commission. W 71 Times.

SMITH PREMIER billing clerk; must operate No. 10 machine; salary, $10. Apply Smith Premier Typewriter Co., 319 Broadway.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks; New York examination Nov. 12; $800 to $1,600; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 224 S, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Bodymakers; first-class men on wood automobile bodies; in replying state age, experience, and wages expected. Locomobile Co. of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

WANTED—High-class manager for New York City theatre; must be competent to handle press matter. Apply by letter only, William Fox, Dewey Theatre.

WISH TO HEAR from good salesman on Porcupine Gold shares; investigation invited. M. W. Simpson, 247 W. 123d St.

YOUNG MAN for Brooklyn and New York to sell butter, cheese, and eggs, percentage basis. Security required. Corwin & Co., 169 Chambers.

The New York Times endeavors to keep its columns free from erroneous and fraudulent statements. To this end The Times invites the co-operation of its readers.—Adv.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Office manager; construction, real estate; brokerage experience; acknowledged executive ability; conversant modern business methods; painstaking, industrious; competent correspondent. N 62 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and general office assistant; five years' experience; conscientious, reliable, punctual; lives with parents; highest references; $15. Miss L., 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Am business college graduate; will take beginner's position; small salary to start. Miss Johnson, 605 Madison Av.; 'phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable; two years' experience; accustomed exercising judgment. Carlton, 9 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Excellent penman; good detail worker; references; $10. Executive, 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school education; good worker; best references furnished; $8. Efficient, 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, some experience, wishes position where can advance. Hobson, 60 Clark St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent, experienced, familiar with general office work, desires steady position; first-class reference. W 78 Times.

HOTEL STEWARD.—High-class man; highest references; many years' experience; can take full charge and manage every department; wants position. Address Hickey, 32 West 45th St., New York.

LAWYER, experienced, especially in collections, seeks new connections; terms reasonable. Frank Baker, 115 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY.—Position desired by boy 15 years of age with firm offering chance for advancement. F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

WAGON BOY.—Employment desired by boy, 16 years of age, familiar with Williamsburg, South Brooklyn, and East New York routes. F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

YOUNG Italian gentleman, 30, speaking English, would like situation as guide to gentleman or party traveling in Italy. John Venerandi, Box 6, Fort Monroe, Va.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (cor. 103d St.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station and surface cars; beautiful, vine-covered house; finest location New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; more foliage than country; cooler.

5TH AV., 46.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; good table; table guests accommodated; references.

54TH ST., 166 WEST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; telephone, electric lights; unusually good table; moderate Summer rates.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, airy, comfortable rooms; well kept; 'phone; good, substantial board; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Cool, desirable rooms; private baths; superior table; references. Telephone 6666 Columbus.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath; single room; unexcelled cuisine; table guests.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; decorated; large closets; with or without bath; parlor dining room; excellent table; transients accommodated; Summer rates; table board; telephone; Christians; reference required.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Single rooms for gentlemen, adjoining bath; parlor dining; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences; table board; references required.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests accommodated; telephone.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Double rooms; private bath; convenient; all cars; table board; southern cooking.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private, baths parqueted; excellent cooking; steam, electricity; special doctor's suite; opportunity.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms; table guests; Summer rates; references; telephone.

85TH ST., 120 WEST.—Delightful large, small rooms; good home cooking; telephone; table board.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, near Subway, L.; table guests accommodated.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Large, cool rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; park; telephone.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; hot baths; excellent table; telephone; table guests accommodated.

95TH ST., 111 WEST.—Newly decorated medium room; excellent table; small family; reasonable; gentlemen; references.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Exceptionally large, handsome front room, three windows, southern exposure; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; excellent table; reasonable.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished rooms; excellent home table; outside guests accommodated; references.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Large, airy, well-furnished rooms; substantial board; well-kept house; references.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large front room, closets, running water; good table; near elevated; private family; gentlemen; telephone; references.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large rooms, suite; excellent table; telephone; reference; park privilege.

MADISON AV, 694-696, 23 East 63d.—Suites, private baths; separate rooms; excellent board.

Bronx.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,345—(89th)—Large, small rooms; good service; seasonable table. Gross.

LONGWOOD AV., 917, (Prospect Av. Subway Station Two Blocks.)—Suite $6; airy bedroom and study; tiled baths; best board, $4. Barnes.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, (overlooking Wall St., East River.)—Large, cool rooms, furnished, unfurnished; Subway five minutes to Broadway; twenty, seaside; neighborhood aristocratic; house exclusive, refined; table choicest products New York markets; $9, $16 weekly. 905—Main.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 11.—Cool rooms overlooking water; convenient to Wall St. Ferry, car lines, and Subway; delicious home cooking; reasonable; references.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—$17.50 per week, American plan. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 18c. a line a day.

MOTOR POWER REPLACES HORSES. Weighing from 1,050 to 1,300 pounds; also handsome stallion, Kentucky bred; very fast and safe for lady to drive; runabout and harness; any reasonable offer accepted; trial allowed. Apply Yeast Company Stable, 193 Lexington Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

23D, 407 WEST.—Newly renovated house; finely furnished; all modern conveniences; $3 upwards.

38TH ST., 61 WEST, (The Wistaria Tea Room.)—Large and small rooms, well furnished, at moderate prices; references; telephone service, 2798—Murray Hill.

44TH, 216 West.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, single, en suite; furnished, unfurnished; with, without private bath.

52D ST., 43 WEST, Near 5th Av.—New and elegantly furnished rooms; electric light and bath; $5 and $10 weekly.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Nice front room, furnished or unfurnished; refined surroundings; good neighborhood. Tappan.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; improvements; low rental until September.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelors' apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suites for gentlemen or married couples; conveniences; moderate.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electric light; parquet floor; also hallroom; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished Summer rooms; breakfast optional; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room; private bath; electric light; parquet floor, also small room; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; suitable two gentlemen; medium room; all conveniences.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; all conveniences; handsomely furnished; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 135 WEST.—Handsomely furnished floor, private family, suitable three gentlemen; references. Owner.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large, small rooms; board optional; special rate to business people; references.

80TH ST., 133 WEST.—Large front, also rear rooms; newly furnished; running water; private family.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished medium and small rooms; conveniently located; private house; reasonable.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Comfortably furnished small, large rooms; homelike; "L," Subway.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; running water; also doctor's office; service.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable medium rooms, suitable one or two, with dressing room; moderate.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—A cool, pleasant single, also large room; refined surroundings; references.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; running water; every convenience; homelike; $4. Deisinger.

84TH ST., 22 WEST.—Large and small rooms; desirable location; board optional; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable large front parlor, southern exposure, adjoining bath; moderate. Anderson.

85TH ST., 168 WEST.—Desirable rooms in private house; near Subway; telephone; gentlemen only; references.

91ST, 31 West (near Park).—Large, small airy room; near bath; conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

91ST ST., 21 WEST, (Near Central Park.)—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; select house; moderate; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large cool room, $3.50; every convenience; telephone; half block "L;" Park.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large, cool room; every convenience; $3.50; telephone; half block "L." Park.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Large back parlor, hallroom; with or without board; private house.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Bachelor apartment three nicely furnished, sunny rooms; 'phone, elevator; $10. Evenings, Sander.

103D ST., 210 WEST.—Two beautiful, large front rooms, near Broadway; Subway; best references. Owen.

108TH ST., 211 WEST, (Broadway Subway.)—Light, cool, well furnished; 'phone; shower; gentlemen; moderate. Howard.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private French family; electric light, telephone; central. Moore.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Minute Lenox Subway; very desirable rooms, with private bath; telephone.

114TH ST., 508 WEST, (Apartment 62.)—Elegant room in magnificent new elevator apartment.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive outside rooms, corner apartment; elevator; telephone. Apartment 21.

142D ST., 117 WEST.—Nice, light room; private family; Subway, "L" station; telephone. Spitz.

BROADWAY, 3,405, (137th Subway.)—Desirable small rooms; gentlemen only; reasonable Summer rates. Sanborn.

LADY having elevator apartment would rent large room, $5. Sunday. Turner, 600 West 144th St.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,388.—Clean, comfortable rooms for gentlemen; bath; telephone; near 181st St. Subway. Parmelee.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, near 5th Av.—Single rooms; also large; well furnished; reference.

18TH ST., 118 EAST.—Near Subway and Broadway; all large and first-class; reasonable.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private house; references.

43D ST., 13 EAST.—Large, attractive room; private bath also; small room.

55TH, 55 East.—Large, well furnished room, with bath; gentlemen; references.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; large, small; $2.50 up; all conveniences.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

PARK AV., 970, near 83.—Furnished rooms, large and small; all conveniences; private house.

Bronx.

LONGWOOD AV., 917, (Prospect Av. Subway Station Two Blocks.)—Suite $6; airy bedroom and study; tiled baths; best board, $4. Barnes.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has cool, newly renovated rooms overlooking water, for men; with, without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, and bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MAURICE POLACSEK, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 13,431.

Notice is hereby given that a Columbia Cigarette machine, No. 22, the property of the above-named bankrupt, will be sold at private sale under the direction of Elbert B. Hamlin, the receiver herein. All parties desiring to bid on said machine should make their offer in writing, sealed, and forward the same to the Receiver at the address hereunder given. All bids will be opened by said Receiver at his office on the 19th day of August, 1910, at 11 A. M.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any bid.

ELBERT B. HAMLIN, Receiver, 50 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

J. S. & H. A. WISE, Attorneys for Receiver, 20 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PURETA CANDY CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Aug. 19, 1910, by order of the court, at 11 A. M., at 626 Washington St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a candy manufacturing plant, candy, machinery, motors, safe, fixtures, office furniture, wagon, etc. FRITZ BUEHLER, Receiver.

RAYMOND V. INGERSOLL, Attorney for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MILLER & MACHET, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Aug. 18, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of linings, woolens, cut goods, fixtures, etc.

SAMUEL MARKS, Receiver.

MARCUSON BROS., Attorneys for Receiver, 256 Broadway, New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HARFORD WILLING HARE POWEL, as substitute trustee, and Robert Johnston Hare Powel, as surviving executor and co-trustee under the will of Samuel Powel, deceased, plaintiffs, against CHARLES HENRY COLLINS et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, dated October 22, 1908, and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, I, the undersigned referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction, in the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the City and County of New York, on Friday, the 29th day of July, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, the premises as directed by said judgment, and therein described as follows:

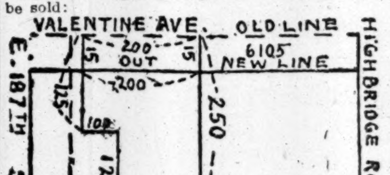
All that certain tract, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being at Fordham, in the Twenty-fourth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Valentine Avenue, distant six hundred and ten feet five-tenths of a foot southerly from the point formed by the intersection of the southerly side of High Bridge Road with the easterly side of Valentine Avenue; running thence southerly, along the easterly line of Valentine Avenue, two hundred feet; running thence easterly, on a line at right angles with the easterly line of Valentine Avenue, one hundred and twenty-five feet to the centre line of the block between Valentine and Tiebout Avenues; running thence northerly, along said centre line and parallel with the easterly line of Valentine Avenue, one hundred feet; running thence easterly, and again at right angles with the easterly line of Valentine Avenue, one hundred and twenty-five feet to the westerly line of Tiebout Avenue; running thence northerly, along the westerly side of Tiebout Avenue, one hundred feet, and running thence westerly, and again at right angles with the easterly line of Valentine Avenue, two hundred and fifty feet to the point or place of beginning; except, however, therefrom that part thereof which has been released, and which is bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at the northeasterly corner of East 187th Street and said Valentine Avenue, and running thence northerly, along the easterly side of said Valentine Avenue, two hundred and two (202) feet; thence easterly, fifteen (15) feet, and thence southerly, and parallel with said Valentine Avenue, two hundred and two (202) feet to the northerly side of said East 187th Street; thence westerly along said northerly side of said East 187th Street, fifteen (15) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, July 7, 1910.

HENRY J. GOLDSMITH, Referee.

BUTTS & VINING, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 51 Chambers Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien, with costs and disbursements, to satisfy which the premises will be sold, is $5,000, with interest from October 22, 1908, and the approximate amount of unpaid taxes and water rates is $2,900, besides interest.

Dated New York, July 7, 1910.

HENRY J. GOLDSMITH, Referee.

BUTTS & VINING, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, 51 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The sale in the above-entitled action is hereby adjourned to Friday, August 5, 1910, at the same hour and place.

Dated New York, July 29, 1910.

HENRY J. GOLDSMITH, Referee.

The sale in the above entitled action is hereby adjourned to Friday, August 26, 1910, at the same hour and place.

Dated New York, August 5, 1910.

HENRY J. GOLDSMITH, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES, Plaintiff, against HARRY L. TOPLITZ et al., Defendants.—Action No. 1.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 28th day of July, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of August, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All those three certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

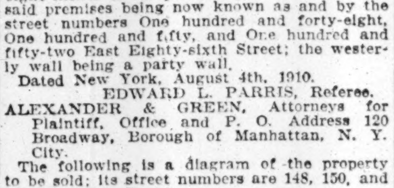
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Eighty-sixth Street, distant two hundred and thirty feet westerly from the southwesterly corner of Third Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street; running thence southerly parallel with Third Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block between Eighty-fifth and Eighty-sixth Streets; thence westerly along said centre line seventy-six feet eight inches; thence northerly parallel with Third Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the southerly side of Eighty-sixth Street, and thence easterly along said southerly side of Eighty-sixth Street seventy-six feet eight inches to the point or place of beginning; said premises being now known as and by the street numbers One hundred and forty-eight, One hundred and fifty, and One hundred and fifty-two East Eighty-sixth Street; the westerly wall being a party wall.

Dated New York, August 4th, 1910.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold: its street numbers are 148, 150, and 152 East 86th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is Eighty-two thousand three hundred eighteen 99-100 dollars ($82,318.99,) with interest thereon from the 18th day of July, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred eighty-nine 40-100 dollars, with interest from July 28th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $3,859.98 and interest.

Dated New York, August 4th, 1910.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of the application of the VAN NORDEN TRUST COMPANY for authority to change its name to MADISON TRUST COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Van Norden Trust Company, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 17th day of August, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said Van Norden Trust Company to change its corporate name to Madison Trust Company, and for such other and further relief as may be just.

VAN NORDEN TRUST COMPANY,
By WATKINS CROCKETT, President.

Dated July 18th, 1910.

[Seal.]

TOMPKINS McILVAINE, Attorney for Petitioner, No. 52 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, N. Y.

Attest: WM. W. ROBINSON, Secretary.

IN THE MATTER OF THE VOLUNTARY dissolution of LEOPOLD MANDELL, Inc.—Please take notice that a meeting of stockholders will be held at 346 Broadway, Room 1,116, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of August, 1910, at 1 P. M., for the purpose of taking action upon the resolution of the Board of Directors adopted July 26, 1910, that the said corporation be dissolved, pursuant to law.—Dated New York, July 26th, 1910. MENDEL ALTERMAN, Secretary. EDWARD B. LEVY, Attorney at Law, 346 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,906.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN SCHWARTZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Hyman Schwartz of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1910, the said Hyman Schwartz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, Room 1,510, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated August 11th, 1910.

The New York Times welcomes and treats confidentially any information that will aid in excluding fraudulent and objectionable advertising.—Adv.

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CALVARY CHURCH, West 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs., Dr. MacArthur, Minister.—Dr. Curtis Lee Laws preaches. 11 A. M., "The Christian Doctrine of Holiness." 8 P. M., "The Mystery of Unanswered Prayer."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, corner 92d and Amsterdam Av., Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—Rev. Albert G. Lawson will preach morning and evening.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West Thirty-third St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Preaching by the Rev. Oscar R. O. Farel of Fort Dodge, Iowa, morning, 10:45; evening, 7:45.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVENUE COR. 31ST STREET, CHARLES A. EATON, D. D., Pastor.
DR. A. T. PIERSON
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
11 A. M.—"Spiritual Difficulties: Persistent Darkness."
8 P. M.—"Bible Structure," illustrated model.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square, Edward Judson, Pastor.—Preaching services, 11 and 8.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D., Pastor.
Rev. CASPAR W. HIATT preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wed., 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St., Rev. W. M. Horn, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. 11—Miss M. L. Guthapfel, "A Message from Korea to the American People."
8—"Kings of Judea," illustrated. Chas. Talbot.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street.
11 A. M.—Preaching service.
REV. F. E. JOHNSON.

New Thought.

NEW THOUGHT.
Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., near 5th Av. Sunday morning at 11. Mrs. MARY E. CHAPIN will speak. Subject: "The World Relies on You."

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Communion at close of Service.
Dr. Rockwell Harmon Potter, of Hartford, Conn., will preach at 11.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE AND FIFTY-FIFTH ST.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
REV. LEN G. BROUGHTON, D. D. of Atlanta, Ga., will preach.
Every one is invited to these services.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northwest Corner of 73d Street.
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., will preach at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from Broadway.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship to-morrow morning in the Hall adjoining the Church at 11 o'clock. The Pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 105th Street.
Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. ARTHUR J. SMITH, D. D., Superintendent N. Y. Summer Tent Campaign.

Protestant Episcopal.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning service.
8 P. M.—Evening service.
Rev. ANDREW F. UNDERHILL, Preacher.
Morning Sermon: "The Soul Athirst."
Evg. Sermon: "Rich and Poor in the Gospels." Full choir.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH.
SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES.
Madison Avenue, corner 44th Street.
Sunday mornings at 11 o'clock.
Full choir will be present. Seats free.
Preacher, Aug. 14, Rev. J. Stuart Holden, D.D., Rector St. Paul's Church, Portman Sq., London.

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. JOSEPH R. SIZOO
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister,
Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., of Glens Falls, N. Y.,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning—A Sympathetic Touch.
Evening—A Great American Sin.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS.
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES McLEOD, Minister.
Rev. JOHN A. HUTTON, D. D., of Glasgow, Scotland, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister.
Rev. J. FRED BERG, D. D., of Port Richmond, N. Y., will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, 4th Av. and 20th St. Union Service at 11 A. M., conducted by the Rev. LEON A. HARVEY. Subject: "GEORGE ELIOT'S TITO: A Study of Self-Indulgence." The Public cordially invited.

Other Services.

CATHOLIC CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
(Non-Christian,) 150 East 125th St.
Open discussions—11 A. M. and 8 P. M.,
"For the Promotion of Reality in Religion; for the Denial of Things Not So."

EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE
OF NEW YORK CITY.
6th Season Tent. Open Air. Shop Campaign. Meetings nonsectarian. Open to all.
TENTS. Services every evening except Saturday. Adults at 8. Big Boys or Children at 7:15.
ENGLISH, ITALIAN, GERMAN, COLORED, BOHEMIAN, FINNISH-SWEDISH.
OPEN AIR. Noonday. Afternoon and Evening. ENGLISH, ITALIAN, GERMAN, COLORED.
SHOPS. Noons, except Saturday and Sunday. ENGLISH, SPANISH.
Details as to time and place of meetings may be secured from Headquarters, 541 Lexington Ave. Phone 2430 Plaza.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av.—Sunday, Aug. 14, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M., Rev. R. A. Forrest.

LENOX AVENUE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, corner 123d St., Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., pastor.—11 A. M. and 8 P. M., preaching by the Rev. James S. Kittell of Albany, N. Y.

REV. LEN G. BROUGHTON, D. D.
In Tent Evangel, 124th St., bet. Amsterdam and Morningside Aves., Aug. 14th, at 8 P. M. Rev. Millard A. Jenkins at 4 P. M. and nightly to Aug. 22d.

SUMMONSES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—SANTI AMOROSO FRUIT COMPANY, Plaintiff, against FILIPPO GAMBINO and SALVATORE SAITTA, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of you:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within ten days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, June 8th, 1910.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and Post Office address, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Filippo Gambino and Salvatore Saitta, Defendants above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. John V. McAvoy, a Justice of the City Court of the City of New York, dated the 8th day of July, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the said City Court of the City of New York, in the Brownstone Building, No. 32 Chambers Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 9th day of July, 1910.

Dated New York, July 9th, 1910.

HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and P. O. address, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THERE WILL BE A PUBLIC HEARING IN Room 809, 39 Whitehall St., New York, at 10:00 A. M., Sept. 12, 1910, on application to Secy. of War by Board of Estimate and Apportionment, New York City, to close Westchester Creek at and north of Fort Schuyler Road in the Borough of the Bronx. Interested parties are invited to attend and be heard. W. M. BLACK, Col. Engrs.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

The Term "Coverings" Under Tariff Law of 1909 Is Defined by the Board.

Decisions were made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers regarding the interpretation to be placed on so-called "coverings" under the terms of the Tariff act of 1909. Two questions were before the board, standing in the names of Austin, Nichols & Co. and Edward Kimpton, Inc.

Judge Somerville, who writes the decisions, overrules a protest filed by Austin, Nichols & Co. In arriving at this conclusion the Judge lays down the rule that wooden casks, tin cans, barrels, and earthenware jars, and like coverings containing various kinds of merchandise, whether solids, semi-solids, or liquids, subject to ad valorem duties, are "coverings" or "cases" within the meaning of Section 19 of the Tariff administrative act of 1890, as amended by the act of last year. As such their value should be added to the value of their contents in order that the total dutiable value may be learned. The protest is accordingly overruled.

In the case of the proest of Edward Kimpton, Inc., the claim is sustained. It is held in this case that stoneware bottles containing ink subject to an advalorem duty are not "coverings" within the meaning of the tariff, and their value should not be added to the dutiable value of their contents. The decision cites opinions by the Federal courts in support of the contention that the coverings are not dutiable as assessed.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

BLITZER & CO.—Harris Blitzer, Charles Feedelman, and Adolph Palty, who composed the firm of Blitzer & Co., cap manufacturers, 108 Delancey Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $3,786; assets, $1,108. Feedelman has individual debts of $700 and assets of $147 in accounts.

ROSA SCHWARTZMAN.—Rosa Schwartzman, dry goods, 112th Street and Park Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $1,366 and nominal assets, $367.

ROCKLAND HYGEIA ICE COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed F. S. Edick of Nyack receiver for the Rockland Hygeia Ice Company of Nyack; bond, $2,000. Liabilities, over $15,000. The assets consist of a building worth $15,000, mortgaged for $6,000; machinery and fixtures, $10,000. Mr. Edick was authorized to carry on the business for thirty days.

Judge Hough has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Patrick D. Donnelly, real estate agent, 3,254 Broadway. He filed a petition on Sept. 13 last, with liabilities of $1,450.

Judge Hough has denied a discharge from bankruptcy to Dr. Martha B. Huson of 237 East Eighty-sixth Street, who filed a petition in bankruptcy on Oct. 15, 1907, with liabilities of $19,159, and no assets, on the ground that she made a false oath in saying she did not own or never had owned certain pieces of property. The judge finds that she did own them, although she went in debt for that purpose, and the amount of debts was probably sufficient to wipe out her interest unless there was great appreciation in value. The judge said he was of the opinion that the falsehood, if made concerning a trifle, is just as good ground to deny a discharge as if it related to a large and valuable asset.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 231 failures in the United States during the week, against 166 for the previous week, and 219, 249, 146, and 143 for the corresponding weeks of 1909 to 1906, inclusive.

The Middle States had 79, New England 31, Southern 45, Western 37, Northwestern 17, Far Western 22, and Territories, 0. Canada had 20, against 27 for the preceding week.

About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 11 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

Judgments.

These judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Avery, Ledyard—T. Seckel et al., $147.
Bachrach, Julius, et al.—Mutual life Insurance Co. of N. Y., $1,199.
Blumenthal, Mark, et al.—Same, $1,199.
Bennett, Robert C.—E. F. Bushnell et al., $183.
Bernatowicz, John—B. K. Bloch, $165.
Coven, William and Abraham, (not summoned) —E. V. Levy, $138.
Crakow, D. Sylvan, et al.—Mutual Life Insurance Co. of N. Y., $1,199.
Duggan, Edward J., et al.—Pittsburg Life and Trust Co., $239.
De Hierapolis, George S.—M. Stephens, $3,561.
Flagg, George W. and Minnie E.—N. B. L. Cosal, $334.
Glen, Frances W.—J. H. Stickney, $220.
Geltman, Israel—E. P. Schu[illegible] et al., $2,835.
Grable, Adolf—A. Lubetkin et al., $905.
Herrman, John G.—E. Oppenheimer, $115.
Herman, Joseph—F. Pearl, $216.
Haase, Martin, et al.—T. W. Miller et al., $159.
Hass, Barney—H. Pepper, $502.
Howes, Orson G., (not summoned,) et al.—J. W. Minton, $188.
Hill, George H., et al.—East River Mill and Lumber Co., $1,308.
Kotzen, Max, (not summoned,) and Louis, (not summoned,) et al.—A. Levy, $229.
Koterba, Jennie—G. Costar, $112.
King, Samuel J., et al.—Century Bank of City of New York, $1,704.
Lazaroff, Morris, et al.—A. Levy, $229.
Lebenson, Samuel—I. Schmulowitz, $118.
Lippman, Minnie, administratrix—T. W. Miller et al., $159.
Lese, Louis, et al.—Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, $1,199.
Mannion, Thomas J., (not summoned,) et al.—Pittsburg Life and Trust Co., $239.
Moynihan, John R.—E. G. Partridge, $247.
Masson, Emile, and Virginie—F. A. M. Schieffelin, $145.
Nelson, Horatio, and May C.—J. F. Du Bois et al., $346.
O'Shinsky, Isidor, et al.—J. Powdermaker, $1,077.
Radin, Matthias—New York Telephone Co., $158.
Rooney, Lawrence—Columbian Engineering Co., $423.
Richards, Daniel R.—C. Keller, $226.
Roth, Ignatz, et al.—Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, $1,199.
Schnitzler, Abraham—S. G. Bernstein, $669.
Schult, Henry—J. E. Heins, $162.
Strack, George—William Blum, $128.
Shipley, Louis L.—D. P. Harris Hardware Co., $441.
Whittaker, Arthur W., et al.—J. W. Minton, $188.
Wiener, Wolf—E. Kaufman et al., $138.
Weil, Sidney, et al.—J. Powdermaker, $1,077.
Wittstock, Abraham—Bennett Sloan & Co., $266.
Ciccone Construction Co.—Empire Grille Co., $121.
Haase & Lippmann Construction Co.—T. W. Miller et al., $159.
New Jersey Plaster Co.—American Contractor Pub. Co., $351.
Boston Road Realty and Garage Co. et al.—East River Mill and Lumber Co., $1,308.
New York Cableway and Engineering Co.—Hazard Manufacturing Co., $2,743.
Paul L. Corn, Incorporated, et al.—Century Bank of City of New York, $1,704.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Bryant Co., Abraham Newman, and Henry Bocker—J. Lissner, March 23, 1910, $320.
Cohen, Barnet—M. Rosenbluth et al., June 18, 1910, $171.
Dorfman, Henry, and Jacob Shirk—S. Konigsberg, Nov. 20, 1906, $203.
Kotler, Samuel, and Samuel Kutler—E. Schulman, Dec. 3, 1909, $502.
Marcus, Louis—J. Fleming, April 4, 1910, $106.
Moran, Peter J.—L. Gerstley et al., April 29, 1909, $1,142.
Nevelson-Goleberg Realty Co.—C. Friend, July 15, 1910, $422.
O'Reilly, Thomas J.—Whiting Co., July 22, 1907, $360.
Same—John Wanamaker, July 22, 1907, $286.
Raynor, Cora E.—G. S. Alexander, Dec. 31, 1909, $128.
Sand, George J.—Savings Investment Trust Co. of East Orange, June 25, 1910, $155.
Sandringham Hotel Co.—H. C. Boardman, March 29, 1910, $521.
Same—J. D. Johnson, March 29, 1910, $333.
Saft, Henriette—M. Richter, July 28, 1910, $265.
Veta Colorado Mining and Smelting Co.—T. S. Todd et al., Feb. 17, 1909, $506.
Twombley Power Co.—Dayton Rubber Mfg. Co., July 28, 1910, $311.
Imperial Repair and Brazing Co.—B. Hogan, Aug. 3, 1910, (vacated,) $800.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—In the Matter of the Application of WEBER & DAVID for authority to change its name to JOHN DAVID.—Notice of Application for Order.

Notice is hereby given that Weber & David, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the fifteenth (15th) day of August, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to John David.

Dated Manhattan, New York City, July 27th, 1910.

WEBER & DAVID.
By JOHN DAVID, President.

PETER ZUCKER, Attorney for said company, 45 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

Advertisements of doubtful character are deemed objectionable and are excluded by The New York Times.—Adv.

PRIEST THREATENED; UNDER POLICE GUARD

Father Farrell of Williamsburg Warned of His Peril by Sugar Trust Officials.

TRIED TO SETTLE STRIKE

Advised the Men to Go Back to Work, but Labor Agitator Turned Them Against Him.

Two uniformed policemen of the Bedford Avenue Station were stationed yesterday in front of the rectory of the Roman Catholic Church of Sts. Peter and Paul, 71 South Third Street, Williamsburg, and through their appearance it became known that the rector, Father William B. Farrell, had not only received a letter threatening his life, but the threats were of such a character that the officials of the American Sugar Refining Company notified the priest of his danger and insisted that the police guard be detailed to protect him.

Father Farrell took a part in the sugar strike riots in Kent Avenue on July 27, when one man was killed. He afterward interceded for the men and the officials of the Sugar Refining Company were willing to take them back. As nearly all the strikers were foreigners, he went to their meeting with a Polish priest for interpreter, and begged the men to return to work. He finished speaking when Joseph Tylkoff of Philadelphia got up and in Polish advised the men not to return to work and said the priest was their enemy. They took the agitator's advice and became very bitter against Father Farrell.

The rector received one letter threatening his life, but thought nothing of it. The second warning came from J. C. Hooker, Vice President of the Sugar Refining Company. He telephoned from Philadelphia to the priest that threats had been made against him. The next came in a letter signed by John H. Pool, Superintendent of the Williamsburg refinery. Mr. Pool sought to impress upon Father Farrell that he must take the threats seriously and be prepared.

"Do not for one moment think I am an alarmist," he wrote. "There have been some nasty rumors going about, and I fear for your safety. I should advise that you prepare yourself for anything that might occur unexpectedly."

Mr. Pool also sent a letter to Deputy Commissioner Reynolds informing him that he believed an attempt would be made on the life of Father Farrell. It was this letter that caused Capt. Dooley of the Bedford Avenue Station to detail men to guard the priest. In addition to the uniformed men on duty at the rectory, two Polish detectives have been added to the detail.

Father Farrell is 6 feet in height, weighs about 280 pounds, and is something of an athlete. He has written to Deputy Commissioner Reynolds that he does not want a guard and asking that the men be withdrawn. Last night when Father Farrell was going through Wythe Avenue he met Tylkoff face to face. He walked straight up to the man.

"I am going to run you out of town," he said, shaking his fist at him. "You have lied about me, abused me, and bamboozled the men into a belief that the Sugar Trust is their enemy."

Tylkoff became very white and walked quickly away, muttering something about what was going to happen.

"I told the police I do not want them," said Father Farrell last night. "I do not fear the strikers, whom I believe to be mostly Lithuanians. If an attack is made on me, and it should occur in the open, I feel confident I could deal with the attackers.

"What I fear, however, is that they will attack me when I am on a mission to administer to the sick. That is their only chance. They might get me cornered in a room where the odds were against me, but they would have a time at that. The attitude of the men is due to labor agitators. The situation is deplorable, and the men face starvation, and this makes them desperate."

BEATEN BY SUGAR STRIKERS.

One Worker's Skull Fractured—Woman Leads Rioters.

Violence was resorted to again yesterday by the Havemeyer sugar refinery strikers in Williamsburg. One man had his skull fractured and another was badly beaten. Both were removed to a hospital. The trouble arose because the American Sugar Refinery Company had put to work an entire new force of men who were landed in boats at the South Third Street pier in the morning and were taken away again at night.

The man who had his skull fractured was Joseph Ditis of 126 Bedford Avenue. He was employed at the coal pockets of the refinery, and, while on his way home he was attacked by two strikers. While one choked him the other fractured his skull with a blackjack. He was taken to the Williamsburg Hospital.

The next man to be attacked was Pierre Transhone of 271 Kingsland Avenue, whom six strikers attacked at South Fourth Street and Wythe Avenue. He was left lying insensible on the sidewalk, where a policeman found him and arrested Frank Bilk, a striker, of 105 Kent Avenue. Transhone was removed to the Eastern District Hospital.

STRIKERS FIGHT INJUNCTION.

Their Counsel Gets Time to Answer Charges of Cloak Manufacturers.

Decision was reserved by Supreme Court Justice Goff on the application for an injunction asked by Julius Henry Cohen, counsel for the Cloak Manufacturers' Protective Association, to prevent the strikers from interfering with their shops. He called the present strike in the cloak and suit trade "an illegal combination in restraint of trade." The court allowed Meyer London, counsel for the strikers, to prepare briefs.

Affidavits were presented to Justice Goff by Mr. Cohen, telling of assaults and acts of violence by the strikers and calling attention to the failure of the strikers to live up to their written agreement not to raise the question of the "closed shop." Mr. Cohen declared that the investments of the employers amounted to between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 and the number of employes on strike in this city was 80,000.

Opposing the injunction, Lawyer London said that if it were granted it would practically wipe out trade unions in this State. He insisted that the allegations of violence, intimidation and coercion were not warranted by the facts.

There were a number of encounters between strikers and strike-breakers at several factories on the east side last night, but private detectives and policemen prevented serious trouble. Five girls were arrested for attacking Benjamin Stern. They were locked up in the West Twentieth Street Police Station, charged with assault. Later a foreman employed by George H. Montrose & Co. of 18 West Twentieth Street was set upon and had two of his ribs broken.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
It's Clearance Time
Panamas, $2.90
The Values Were $5 to $8.
Rear-end lots of our Summer selling.
Sennet & Split Straws, 95c
A Dozen Styles; were $1.49 and $1.90
White Felt Crushers, 65c.
English Golf Caps, 50c. & 95c.
Advance Fall styles coming in daily.

ROBBED, THROWN INTO RIVER

Gang Attacks Contractor Maughan and Tries to Drown Him.

James Thornton, engineer of the United Dressed Beef Company's plant at the foot of West Thirty-ninth Street, saw a stout, well-dressed man go down toward the pier yesterday morning at 1 o'clock, and presently he saw three or four tough-looking men follow him. Shortly after that he heard a scream from the direction of the pier. He told Policeman Lynch of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, who came along then, about it.

Lynch went down to the pier, and he found a straw hat, but he could not locate the man described by Thornton. He reported the case to his station, and was directed to investigate further. Detectives Shibles and Kahn of the Fourth Branch were called into the case also.

It is from this long pier that the city loads all the dead animals picked up on Manhattan Island into barges for Barren Island. Workmen have been repairing the flooring for several days, and yesterday morning there was a small hole in the planking. This was guarded by red lights. At 4:35 o'clock the policemen heard a groan, which seemed to come from the hole. A lantern showed a man clinging to a beam down near the surface of the slimy, polluted water, with rats swarming all around him.

The policemen borrowed a ladder from one of the packing-houses near by, and went down after the man. He weighed about 220 pounds, was almost unconscious, and his rescuers had all they could do to drag him out of the hole on to the pier. He was taken over to the engine room of the United Dressed Beef plant. There he said that he had had $400 and a watch earlier in the night; he did not have them then, though there were two rings on his fingers.

He was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where he was placed in the alcoholic ward. Yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock he left the hospital, saying that he was John Maughan, 66 years old, a contractor, of 220 West Forty-fifth Street.

The detectives failed to find any of the four men seen following Mr. Maughan by Engineer Thornton.

WIFE SEES HUSBAND SLAIN.

Ruemmele and Heinseinger Quarrel Over Attentions to Mrs. Ruemmele.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 12.—Joseph Heinseinger of Division Street, Garfield, is locked up here to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of murder. He surrendered himself to the police to-day, explaining, they say, that he had killed Rudolph Ruemmele of Tanza Avenue, Garfield, early this morning in a quarrel originating in Ruemmele's charge that Heinseinger had been too friendly with Mrs. Ruemmele.

According to the police, Heinseinger, after the quarrel, hurried to the home of two friends of his whom he awakened to tell of the fight, and then took them to the place where Ruemmele lay dead. This was near Ruemmele's home, for the two men had quarreled while returning to their homes after a visit to this town.

Heinseinger and Mr. and Mrs. Ruemmele had been friends of long standing, and Heinseinger was a frequent visitor at the Ruemmele home. Of late, friends now say, Ruemmele had been jealous of Heinseinger.

The trio were nearly at the Ruemmele door last night when, according to the police, Ruemmele accused Heinseinger of paying attention to his wife, and, drawing a revolver from his pocket, shot his old friend through the arm. Heinseinger, the police say, drew a knife and stabbed Ruemmele three times in the region about the heart.

Mrs. Ruemmele tried in vain to separate her husband and their old friend, and fainted away when Ruemmele fell, mortally wounded.

After Heinseinger had surrendered himself the police arrested Mrs. Ruemmele as a witness and also Steve Martin and Joseph Kutipman, the friends to whom, the police say, Heinseinger told his story. The four prisoners afterward were transferred to the Bergen County jail in Hackensack.

Heinseinger is 25 years old and single. Ruemmele leaves, besides his widow, two daughters, 12 and 2 years old.

CAPT. J. C. MARTIN INSANE.

Wealthy Coal Operator Sent to a Sanitarium at Totowa, N. J.

Capt. John Calvin Martin, a wealthy coal operator, with offices at 1 Broadway and living at the Wollaston, 231 West Ninety-sixth Street, was committed to a private sanitarium at Totowa, N. J., yesterday after having been judged insane by Justice Hunt at Paterson. The examination of Capt. Martin was made on complaint of his wife, who testified that he was laboring under the delusion that she was dead and also that he was being persecuted by Gov. Fort of New Jersey.

Since June 1 the Martins have been living in a cottage in one of the suburbs of Paterson. It was there that Capt. Martin first showed signs of insanity. At times he became violent, and it was with difficulty that the servants restrained him.

Capt. Martin was born in Millersville, Penn., in 1845. When only 17 years old he enlisted in the civil war and was breveted a Captain for bravery. He was wounded at Fairfax Court House, Va., and after being in the hospital there for some time was honorably discharged. Returning home, he bought thousands of acres of land near Portage, Penn. From this land he has realized a fortune in lumber and coal. He is said to be worth $10,000,000.

In 1889 Capt. Martin founded the Martin Fund for the Promotion of Christian Education in the United States and endowed it with $2,500,000. In 1908 he founded at Portage, Penn., which town he owns, the Emilie D. Martin Hospital and Training School for Nurses. He is a Trustee of the Society for the Suppression of Vice in New York and a member of the Loyal Legion.

MUST HAVE AUTO BADGES.

Secretary Koenig Says Law Will Be Strictly Enforced.

Secretary of State Koenig announced yesterday that next week he will inform Police Commissioner Baker and the heads of other police departments of the State that all applications for owners' and chauffeurs' licenses have been filed in Albany, and all cars which have no number plates and chauffeurs that are driving without license badges should be put under the ban by the authorities. By next week there will have been about 60,000 registrations of cars in the Secretary of State's office and about 20,000 chauffeurs.

Chief Examiner Frederick H. Elliott is arranging for the final road tests for all drivers who have either failed in the written examination or who have passed the examination but whose experience is limited. He figures that there will be about 200 drivers tested each day from now on. It is believed that the road testers will have completed their work by Tuesday or Wednesday. All who fail on the road tests will not receive a license to operate a car.

Secretary Koenig is after the sight-seeing cars that run between New York and Coney Island, and has forced the owners to equip their cars with emergency brakes. They have not been used by the company, and when the mater was brought to the attention of Mr. Koenig he had the chief of the Automobile Bureau, Spencer G. Prime, call the company's attention to the fact that it has not been complying with the provisions of the Callan law.

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We close the doors of our Brooklyn store for good on Sept. 3rd.
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380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn

THREE WHITE MEN SHOT IN RACE RIOT

Fusillade of Bullets in a Negro Resort Drives Women to the Street Screaming.

DEATH OF TWO CERTAIN

White Men Drove to Douglas Club in West 28th Street in Taxicabs and Fight Began There at Once.

In a fight between white men and negroes in a place known as the Douglas Club, at 128 West Twenty-eighth Street, early this morning three white men were shot and several other persons are believed to have been injured. Two of the white men, it was stated at the New York Hospital, will probably die in a few hours. The third man, who is also in the New York Hospital, will probably get well.

Edmund Johnson, a negro, is the proprietor of the so-called club where the riot took place. It was given out at the West Thirtieth Street Police Station that he would be arrested. Another negro, whose name was not made known, will also be arrested. Johnson said that it was the fifth time in the past few weeks that his place had been shot up by white men. He declared that he knew none of the men by name. One of them, he said, was a sparring partner of the pugilist Jack Goodwin.

It was about 12:30 o'clock this morning, according to persons living in the neighborhood of the Douglas Club, when four or five taxicabs, each with half a dozen white men in them, drove up to the resort. The men ran in and a minute later the shooting started. A negro woman was singing at the time and, the negroes say, that one of the white men opened the fight by throwing a glass of beer into her face.

This was the signal, it appears, for the fighting to get under way. In all about twenty-five shots are said to have been fired. The women in the place ran screaming into the street shouting murder, riot, and police.

Three white men fell in less than a minute, and it was seen by the other whites that they were seriously hurt. The sight of the wounded men lying on the floor caused the shooting to stop, and the survivors among the whites picked up their wounded companions and carried them out into the street and put them in taxicabs and ordered the chauffeurs to drive them to the New York Hospital. The others then crowded into two of the remaining taxicabs and were driven away.

At the hospital the wounded gave their names as John McCarthy, an agent, of 136 Sixth Avenue; Joseph Cryan, cashier, of 480 Hudson Street, and William Dehrens, no occupation given, of 500 East 137th Street. McCarthy and Cryan are the two men who are not expected to live. Both have wounds in the stomach. Cryan is also shot in the left arm and McCarthy in the right arm. Dehrens has a bullet in his left shoulder.

The police apparently were delayed in reaching the battle ground, for at 1.30 o'clock this morning they had made no arrests and it was not denied that all of the white men, with the exception of the three who were wounded, and all of the negroes who were in the fight, some of whom are said to have been wounded, got away. Johnson, the proprietor of the place, and another negro were found and taken to the hospital, where they were to be confronted with the wounded men. Neither was arrested at the time and the police said they would not be until they returned to the station house.

According to Johnson there were at least thirty men in the white party that he says invaded his place. He did not try to explain why it was that so far as the records show only white men were shot. He styled his place a club for colored actors and actresses.

Last Monday night within a few doors of the Douglas Club two men met their death in a duel with pistols. They were Ike Cohen, known in the neighborhood as "Ike the Blood," and Charles Ledwith. Both died of their wounds. That affair the police said had no connection with last night's fight.

STOLEN MONEY IN OLD COAT.

Mrs. Peter Lawson, wife of the missing cashier of the Eagle Manufacturing Company of Newark, N. J., who disappeared two weeks ago with $4,868 of the concern's money, yesterday afternoon found $2,835 in cash in the pocket of an old coat of her husband's which was hanging in a closet in their home. When she discovered the money Mrs. Lawson fainted.

When she recovered she went to Police Headquarters and turned the money over to Detective Sergt. Tuite. Treasurer George Badenoch of the Eagle Company was summoned, and on examination of the money made certain that it was part of what Lawson obtained from the Federal Trust Company on the Eagle Company check on the day he went away.

There were $1,500 in packages of ten-dollar bills, $1,000 in five-dollar bills, and the balance in smaller bills.

DESPERATE FUGITIVE'S FIGHT.

Gillespie Fights Detectives and Tries to Jump from Third-Story Window.

After an all night vigil, which terminated in a desperate struggle, William F. Gillespie, alias William J. Brown, an old criminal, was captured yesterday morning by three detectives in his apartment at 212 West 109th Street. He was arrested on a charge of forging a check here for $395, but at the Detective Bureau was recognized as William J. Brown, who escaped from the Camden County jail on July 18, to which he just had been sentenced to seven years' hard labor for forgery.

The detectives got on the track of Gillespie through his attempt to forge a check with the name of Lew Spencer, an old-time minstrel man, who operates a training school for boy singers and dancers at 46 East Fourteenth Street.

Last week one of Spencer's pupils asked him for a check for $1.78, which he said one of his friends wanted to send by mail. Mr. Spencer gave the lad a check on the Garfield Bank for that amount and thought no more about the matter, but the police discovered the boy took the check to Gillespie, who, copying Spencer's handwriting, wrote a letter to the bank for a new checkbook, which was sent by a negro youth without arousing the suspicion of the bank clerk.

On Tuesday the same youth went to the Garfield Bank and presented a check for $395.75 signed with Spencer's name, which would have been paid had it not been drawn for a larger sum than the dancing instructor had to his account. When the paying teller notified Mr. Spencer the latter expressed surprise, and said that he had not signed any such check, and that it must be a forgery.

The messenger was detained until a policeman arrived, and then told all he knew about the matter, giving the name and address of the man who had employed him.

On Thursday night Detectives Forbes, Von Wagener, and Kennell of the Central Office located Gillespie in his apartment three flights up in the rear of 212 West 109th Street, where he was living under the name of Fred Williams. The detectives entered the basement on Thursday night to examine the rear of the premises and immediately started the janitor's four dogs barking. Forbes told the janitor to keep his dogs quiet, as the barking might arouse the suspicions of the man they sought.

Waiting in the basement until 8 o'clock in the morning the detectives decided it was time to tackle the forger. As they surmised that Gillespie was desperate they went well armed.

Von Wagener and Kennell went quietly up the stairs and knocked at the door, but there was no reply, although the sound of footsteps could be heard inside. The detectives burst in the door. As they entered a tall young woman in a kimono barred the way. Beyond her a man was seen opening the window to the fire escape.

Just as the escaping forger got his feet on the top rung of the fire escape he was seized by Detective Forbes, who had come up from the ground on the outside. When Gillespie saw his escape was cut off in front and rear his efforts to release himself became frantic, and he would have jumped fifty feet to the yard below if the two detectives in the room had not seized him by the shoulders and dragged him into the room.

When he was safe in the apartment Gillespie's hands were handcuffed and he was taken in a patrol wagon to the Detective Bureau, the woman being left weeping hysterically in the room.

The janitor said the pair had stayed at the house before under the names of Brown, Sellers, and Green. When asked to account for his change of names the man replied that it was customary in the theatrical business to avoid being troubled by bill collectors.

Gillespie was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the West Side Court, discharged, and rearrested on a bench warrant charging him with forgery. Then he was taken to Police Headquarters.

The escape of Brown, or Gillespie, from the Camden jail was made in daylight. He sawed the bars out of a window and escaped over the roof of the prison with the aid of Charles Burger, a trusty, who was serving time as a pickpocket.

It was learned afterward that the file had been brought into the prison in a basket of fruit by John Higgins, a discharged prisoner. The two were seen sliding down a drain pipe to the stone coping of the jail, but they were taken for workmen. A motor car was waiting close by, and took Brown to this city.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:04—742 Tremont Av.; F. Laddauceur	$100
1:55—172 Ludlow St.; unknown	Unknown
2:40—127 Eldridge St.; Hymowitz & Braunstein	$5
7:05—521 E. 145th St.; H. Fleischman	$50
10:15—62 E. 102d St.; G. Bakowitz	$10
10:55—13 to 21 Park Row; Haan's Restaurant	Trifling
2:00—1,722 2d Av.; Mrs. Friedman	$25
P. M.	
12:35—559 W. 48th St.; Anastasia Carroll	$50
1:20—69 E. 99th St.; Alex. Shafenfield	$1,000
2:30—111 W. 131st St.; Mrs. M. Miller	$50
4:20—152 Bleecker St.; J. C. Lang	Trifling
5:00—127 W. 3d St.; N. Finkinstein	$10
5:15—215 W. 116th St.; Thos. Cunningham	Trifling
6:40—138 E. Houston; Mrs. Feulner	Trifling
7:25—92 Willett St.; Harry Blum	Trifling
7:25—108 Ludlow St.; Rose & Co.	$50
7:45—595 Tinton Av.; Kate Blank	$25
7:50—1,819 Vyse Av.; Frank Becker	$100
8:10—144 E. 125th St.; H. J. Weller	Trifling
8:20—29 Pike St.; Morris Miller	Trifling
9:00—23 Greene St.; Barnett & Black	$500
9:25—202 Centre St.; Derelson Iron Works	$150
9:25—112 E. 108th St.; Hickan Sewartz	$100
9:35—274 W. 140th St.; Gilbert Gales	Trifling
9:40—Westchester Av., between Prospect Av. and 162d St.; C. Schloman	$10
10:00—504 W. 184th St.; E. J. Cuffe	$25
10:30—67 New Chambers St.; Prichard & Son	$50
11:18—439 W. 44th St.; J. McGuinness	Trifling

SENATOR KEAN BARS A TEST AT THE POLLS

He Answers ex-Governor Murphy, Declining His Invitation to Go Before Primaries.

BAIRD WILL STAY OUT, TOO

Murphy, Fowler, and Stokes, the Other Candidates for U. S. Senator, Will Let the People Choose Between Them.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 12.—Ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy received Senator Kean's reply to-day declining his invitation to join with him in an appeal to the people at the primaries in September to indicate their choice of candidates for United States Senator. Mr. Murphy refused to give the letter out for publication.

Ex-Gov. Murphy has not yet said that he will ask popular approval of his Senatorial candidacy, but it is expected he will do so. So far he has only asked Senator Kean and former State Assessor David Baird, who also would like to be a United States Senator, to join him in seeking popular support under the new law.

Now that Senator Kean has declined and Baird, though he has not yet replied, is expected to decline, the Governor has yet to make up his mind whether he will go before the people without them. He may not make announcement till he has the petitions favoring his candidacy circulated for signatures.

Steps were taken last evening at the meeting of the Progressives to put Representative Charles N. Fowler into the popular poll. THE NEW YORK TIMES made it known two weeks ago that Mr. Fowler and Mr. Murphy had concluded to act under the referendum law.

Former Gov. Edward C. Stokes, who is also a candidate for Senator Kean's seat in Washington, announces that he will send his petitions, with several thousand names attached to the Secretary of State early next week. There will then be three aspirants appealing for popular support if ex-Gov. Murphy gets in, as he has intimated he intends to do. Senator Kean and former State Assessor David Baird will likely "stand pat."

INSTRUCTION.
NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

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PENNSYLVANIA—Bethlehem.

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INSTRUCTION.
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The New York Times
Saturday Review of Books

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1910 12 PAGES

IN MEMORIAM

The British Airman, C. S. Rolls

By ALFRED NOYES

I

On those young brows that knew no fear
We lay the Roman athlete's crown,
The laurel of the charioteer,
The imperial garland of renown,
While those young eyes that braved the sun
See Drake, see Raleigh, smile "Well Done."

II

Their desert seas that know no shore
To-night with fleets like cities flare;
But, frailer e'en than theirs of yore,
His keel a new-found deep would dare.
They watch, with thrice-experienced eyes,
What fleets shall follow through the skies.

III

They would not scoff, though man should set
To feebler wings a mightier task!
They know what wonders wait us.
Not all things in an hour they ask,
But in each noble failure see
The inevitable victory.

IV

A thousand years have borne us far
From that dark isle the Saxon swayed,
And star whispers to trembling star
While Space and Time shrink back afraid,—
"Ten thousand thousand years remain
For man to dare our deep again."

V

Thou, too, shalt hear across that deep
Our thundering fleets of thought draw nigh,
Round which the suns and systems sweep
Like cloven foam from sky to sky,
Till Death himself at last restore
His captives to our eyes once more.

VI

Feeble the wings, dauntless the soul!
Take thou the conqueror's laurel-crown;
Take—for thy chariot grazed the goal—
The imperial garland of renown,
While those young eyes, beyond the sun,
See Drake, see Raleigh, smile "Well done."

London Mail.

TOPICS OF THE WEEK

An Expurgated Scott

SCOTT expurgated, in order to make the proper appeal to the young person of to-day, is the singular plan proposed by a publisher in arranging his list of new books for the Fall. Moreover, the contemplated expurgation is apparently of a ruthless nature. The three books to be subjected to the ordeal—"Ivanhoe," "Quentin Durward," and "The Talisman"—will leave the modern editorial shears, we are told, shorn of one-third or one-half their original length. We are also assured that thus curtailed these books will appear "in a form in which Scott himself would have written them if he had written them to-day." The idea is a suggestive one; the picture of Sir Walter contemplating these dwarfed children of his fancy and approving them is something of a strain to the imagination—and yet it has its fascinations. In a general way the expurgated passages, we are told, are "the long descriptions, the use of foreign language here and there and the somewhat extensive chapters on Scottish and European history." What is left is judged fit to be read "by the young people who have not yet read Scott." And we are also solemnly promised that the editor of these unfortunate romances has "not added one single word to Scott himself." There will be "modern illustrations," too,—everything, in fact, to make the young person forget that old-fashioned gentleman who inhabited Abbotsford and who gloried in the antiquarian erudition with which he garnished his novels far more than he esteemed the novels themselves. The experiment is an interesting one, and if it succeeds we may live to see it applied to Dickens, Thackeray, Trollope, Miss Austen, Richardson—the whole series of ancients who need modernizing.

Thackeray and His Critics

SO APT ARE we to take it for granted that Thackeray was a much-admired lion in his day that Miss Cleghorn's claim, in an article in the Current Atlantic Monthly, that he was "the most scolded of literary men" is somewhat of a surprise. The quotations from contemporary critics, however, with which Miss Cleghorn maintains her position, are ample and convincing. According to some of these critics "neither Dickens nor Thackeray really wrote novels," and in the art of fiction they were far below that voluminous veteran of an earlier age, Richardson. In this country the critics were more lenient. Unfortunately, it would appear that the American fondness for Thackeray was due, not so much to an appreciation of his literary skill as to the fact that he spoke well of us, that he did not satirize us—and Dickens did. There was just one grievance that Americans had against him:

> In an early chapter of "The Newcomes" he had preserved versimilitude by alluding to the Father of his country as "Mr. Washington." This liberty with our chief hero was for a moment resented by some of us rather warmly. We could not, of course, foresee the noble portrait of Washington which was later to be inserted in "The Virginians."

But to-day, who remembers the "Mr. Washington" as anything approaching the dimensions of a National insult?

The Queen's English

A FORGOTTEN use of the word slang appears in one of Queen Victoria's letters to the Prince of Wales, included in "The Character of King Edward VII," printed in the July number of the London Quarterly Review.

> "We do not wish to control your own tastes and fancies," wrote the Queen * * * "but we do expect that you will never wear anything extravagant or slang—not because we don't like it, but because it would prove a want of self-respect and be an offense against decency, leading—as it often has done before in others—to indifference to what is morally wrong."

Evidently Her Majesty had read or heard something of the life of her oldest uncle, but it is the use of "slang" in the sense of coarsely conspicuous that arrests the reader. Etymologically, "slang", both as verb and as noun, refers only to language. Coming from the Norwegian "slengja kjiften"—meaning "to sling the jaw,"—it is a perfectly respectable although not exactly a choice epithet. It has, however, a double, a slang word,—"slang" having many meanings, among them a counterfeit weight or measure; a traveling show or one of its performances; a hawker's license or a watch chain, but of all these, bearing the Queen's use of the word in mind, only the watch chain could be worn. One wonders if any of the novels or plays of Queen Victoria's early married life contain the word slang as she applied it in her extremely sensible letter to her boy.

Daniel Defoe, Author and Editor

THE SALE last week at Sotheby's, London, of a series of papers published in the early eighteenth century and known as "Mercator, or Commerce Retrieved," reminds one of the extraordinary literary activity of the author of "Robinson Crusoe." As one of the London dailies remarks, the latter was merely "a by-product of one of the most industrious writers who ever lived." Thus, it appears that between 1704 and 1713 Defoe wrote 5,000 printed pages of essays, on every subject, in his "Review"—the father of all weeklies—besides turning out eighty distinct works in vigorous tracts and pamphlets. Having a little spare time in 1713 he started, as editor, "Mercator, or Commerce Retrieved," forming considerations on the state of British trade, particularly respecting Holland, Flanders and the "Dutch Barrier," France, Spain, West Indies and the fisheries of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia. This weekly continued for 147 numbers, and it was a set of these that appeared at Sotheby's, an eloquent reminder of the versatility of one of the most enterprising as well as the most famous of England's journalists.

WILLIAM WATSON'S POEMS

"Sable and Purple" Marks a Decline in a Muse That Has Touched Lofty Heights in Modern Verse

UNFORTUNATE VISIT TO AMERICA

Possible Influence of Recent Episode on Quality of Mr. Watson's Latest Poetry

By HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE

MR. WATSON has written some poems that will probably endure with the body of English poetry, poems of a fine and thoughtful beauty that deal nobly with great issues or move the heart with a melody of utterance and a quality of passion that has never, and fortunately so, subdued itself to that intellectual and critical faculty that tends to predominate in his work. Many of his lyrics rank with the loveliest in the language, and many a silver line and glowing metaphor brighten the page where he has written. He has kept to a high level in his longer poems, too. There is a solemn music throughout the ode on "Wordsworth's Grave," while the "Shelley" has caught something of the wild fervor of its subject, and the chastened lines of "Autumn" haunt the memory once they have been read. One cannot turn the pages of his "Poems," in fact, without deep pleasure and the constant recognition that it is a true poet who is writing.

But in looking through the latest book* to be issued under Mr. Watson's name, one cannot help the fear that something prophetic abides in his lines on Burns, beginning,

> "Bright was his going forth, but clouds ere long
> Whelmed him, in gloom his radiance set,"

for they might well be brought closer home and applied, in this "Sable and Purple," to the singer himself. The richness of melody, the color and movement that made so great a beauty in his earlier work—you seek them in vain in this little book. The flow of splendid lines that marks the threnody on Tennyson is utterly lacking in the dirge on Edward:

> "A man not too remote, or too august
> For other mortal children of the dust
> To know and to draw near * * *"

not this the equal of the lines beginning

> "Seek him henceforward in the wind and sea,"

or the beautiful last stanza of that earlier poem. To be sure, Tennyson was a greater inspiration than Edward; but here is not the only proof of departed magic, or at least of a power in abeyance. In the poem, "In the Midst of the Seas," where Mr. Watson reviews his impressions of the ocean and the new land, of

> "New York, a city like a chessboard made,
> Whereon the multitudinous pawns are swayed
> Neither by knight nor puissant Queen,
> And bow not unto Castle or King,"

the note struck is banal. Surely in the old days we should have had something worth remembering, some picture of our dynamic city, some vision of tropic night, some revelation of an inner perception; but there is nothing here. Suave line and faultless measure, but words, words, words, not poetry! No reflection of a personality nor hint of an emotion, although there is some allusion to unhappy events. But the splendor falls no longer on the page; the book is a sad book and one recalls with a pang of pity a prayer written long ago by Mr. Watson:

> "One boon of Fortune I implore,
> With one petition kneel:
> At least caress me not before
> Thou break me on the wheel."

The boon has not been granted, if this group of our poems is a sign of the poet's future work. Possibly it is but an interim, a logical result of the unfortunate circumstances attending his westward visit. Time will resolve this question, with the many others on the slate, and we have only to wait, nor judge too hastily that the fount is dry. We assuredly owe

(Continued on page 444)

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*SABLE AND PURPLE. By William Watson. John Lane Co. $1.25.

POLE, ENGLAND'S GREAT CARDINAL

Mr. Haile's Biography of the Remarkable Prelate Who Might Have Been King of England

By WILLIAM S. WALSH

MR. MARTIN HAILE, the latest eulogist of Cardinal Reginald Pole,* calls him the greatest Englishman of his time. Not everybody will agree with this estimate, but few will see in it anything worse than a pardonable enthusiasm on the part of a fellow-religionist—and a biographer.

For surely Cardinal Pole was a great man in every sense of the word. He was born great, (he was of royal descent on both sides,) he achieved greatness, and, but for his greatness of soul, he might have had almost any sort of temporal greatness thrust upon him by the powers of this world working in collusion with the powers of darkness. For instance, he might have been King of England through marriage with his cousin Mary, eldest daughter of Henry VIII., who has earned an evil reputation among Protestants as "Bloody Mary."

Mary's mother, the unfortunate Katherine of Aragon, whom Henry VIII. repudiated for Anne Boleyn, was earnestly in favor of this match. There is little doubt that Henry himself might have been willing if Reginald Pole, not yet bound to the priesthood by the final vows, yet already high in the confidence and esteem of Rome, had thrown his influence on the side of the divorce. What is certain is that when the death of Wolsey left vacant the Archbishopric of York as well as the Bishopric of Winchester, Pole was invited by the King to accept either of the sees in return for his avowed support.

It was a terrible temptation, and it is curious to see how near the future Cardinal came to moral shipwreck. The really terrible part of the temptation came from without, however, and not from within. For himself Pole stood firm. He answered that as he did not well see how he could abet Henry's divorce and at the same time act a becoming part with respect to his duty to the King, he rather chose to be deprived of that mark of his favor than accept it on such terms. He made this answer knowing full well that by the smile or the frown of the Tudor monarch men were made and unmade. He only wavered when it was represented to him that his family might suffer with himself. His brothers joined in urging him not to ruin himself and them by resisting the King's will, and declining a position where he might have so many other occasions of being useful to his sovereign and to his country. His friends likewise besieged him with quotations from Scripture and serpentlike astuteness "until," says Pole, "I could resist no longer." They had bidden him remember that a good helmsman brings his ship safely to port, though contrary winds may force him to trim his sails, and steer out of the direct course for a while. It is the world-old argument which the "practical politician" of our own country has revitalized for our own day.

Pole hesitated and asked for a month's respite. He spent it, as he confesses, in weighing all the arguments with so great a desire to please men that it came near to blinding him to the demands of divine justice. Finally he announced that he had found an argument which would prove agreeable to the King. When, however, he was summoned into the royal presence, prepared, as he thought, to fulfill the eager expectation of his sovereign, he found that his tongue was hampered and his lips refused to move, "and when, at last, recovering myself, I began to speak I uttered every argument most opposed to the theory I had come to defend."

Henry, as he later confided to one of his familiars, was so amazed and incensed that he had thought to kill him on the spot, and only refrained because of Pole's obvious candor and integrity.

It was the same candor, the same integrity which made Pole the chosen confidant in Rome of successive Popes when he had deemed it best "to flee the inhospitable shores" of King Harry's England. And these qualities stood him in good stead when he returned as Papal Legate to the more hospitable England of Queen Mary's time and became an unofficial adviser to his cousin. Had his counsels prevailed there is small doubt that she would never have earned the epithet which now seems inseparable from her name. She and her official advisers were dismayed at the number of victims who obstinately went to the stake rather than renounce opinions which these really kindly and well-disposed gentlemen "could not but officially condemn, and which really did not seem reasonable in the face of overwhelming authority." The sentence in inverted commas is quoted by Mr. Haile from the Catholic historian Gairdner. The naïveté of the last clause is delightful to us, but in that day its cogency was indisputable. And it is only too true that the first clause is logically impregnable, even to us of a later day. Once it had been adjudged right to pass an act of Parliament for burning heretics, the ecclesiastical tribunals had no other alternative than to enforce it. Furthermore, in Mr. Haile's own words, "rebellion and heresy walked hand in hand." Poor Mary was at her wits' end how to stay these twin powers of disorder.

Even Cardinal Pole, with all his clemency, was fain to admit that "in the case of a man's opinions being extremely pernicious, and he no less industrious to corrupt others than deprave himself, I might say such a one should be capitally punished and as a rotten member, cut off from the body." "But," he adds, "it was my constant declaration that this remedy was not to be applied till every gentler method had been made use of, and I was so far from thinking that cures should begin by amputation, or any other severity, that on all occasions when I had to give my opinion it always was to that effect."

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*LIFE OF REGINALD POLE. By Martin Haile. Portraits and other illustrations. Pp. xiii.-554. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $5.25.

SOME OLD SALEM DISHES

SOME very promising recipes are to be found in a pamphlet entitled "What Salem Dames Cooked in 1700, 1800, and 1900," compiled and published by the Board of Managers of the Esther C. Mack Industrial School of Salem, Mass. The compilation includes selections from "The Compleat Cook's Guide" (1683), "The Frugal Housewife or Complete Woman Cook" (1730), sundry cook-books published toward the end of the eighteenth century and modern cook-books published in the closing years of the last century. Some of the recipes dating back to 1683 obviously are brought to our attention to amuse us, rather than in expectation we shall make practical use of them. Of this sort is the one that tells how to make a "Chicken-Pye":

> After you have trust your chickens, then break their legs and breastbones, and raise your crust of the best paste, lay them in a coffin close together, with their bodies full of butter, then lay upon and underneath them, currants, great raisins, pruans, cinnamon, sugar, whole mace and sugar, whole mace and salt; then cover all with good store of butter, and so bake it; then pour into it white-wine, rose-water, sugar, cinnamon and vinegar mixt together, with the yolks of two or three eggs beaten amongst it, and so serve it.

We doubt that many who read this fearful and wonderful recipe will commission their cooks to give it a trial; but nobody who reads it will fail to wonder what the "chicken-pye" of 1683 was like.

"PARLIAMENTARY LAW"

MEN AND WOMEN associated with deliberative bodies will find Mrs. Nannette B. Paul's "Parliamentary Law" (The Century Company; 75 cents) a very useful book, and those who teach parliamentary law in schools and colleges will value it very highly. It was written primarily for class-room use, to fill a want which the author had experienced as an instructor in the Washington College of Law. It is clear, accurate, and comprehensive in its presentation of all the forms of procedure and of the principles underlying them. One of its features is a "diagram of parliamentary motions," which shows at a glance how the several classes of motions that are likely to come before a meeting stand with respect to privilege, precedence and debatability. This diagram has been published in large size to hang on the walls of schoolrooms and clubrooms.

LIFE IN A FRENCH PROVINCIAL TOWN

Anatole France Pictures Some Typical Contemporary Customs and Character in Two "Chronicle" Novels

TWO new issues in the limited edition of the works of Anatole France which is being brought out by the John Lane Co. are "The Elm Tree on the Mall" and "The Wicker-Work Woman."* These two volumes belong together in a way, since both are ensconced in the same place, a provincial town, and nearly the same characters appear in both. "The Elm Tree on the Mall" precedes by a little the time of the other and some of its interests are carried on to the other's pages. The subtitle of each is, "A Chronicle of Our Own Times."

Only by a considerable stretching of the term can "The Elm Tree on the Mall" be called a novel. It exemplifies that form of literary performance in which Anatole France seems to take most pleasure—a series of conversations between men of varied character through whose differing individualities he can express his own thronging, many-sided ideas. It is under the "Elm Tree" of the title that two of them, M. Bergeret and Abbe Lantaigne, sit and discuss questions of philosophic import. But the chosen meeting place of nearly all the men in the volume is the old-book corner in Paillot's book shop. There, at certain hours, the buzz of talk is sure to be heard as the ball of conversation is tossed from one to another and the subject ranges from topic to topic, contemporary, historical, scientific, universal. M. Bergeret, Professor of Latin in the university, is a favorite talker here, as he has been a favorite character of the author in so many books. George Brandes declares that in Bergeret Anatole France has recreated one side of himself: "He takes the retiring and wise element in his nature and out of it creates Monsieur Bergeret." An admirer of Bergeret praises the German erudition and the French subtlety with which he has expounded the Aeneid. And the combination of qualities—a breadth and minuteness of learning that constantly amaze and a subtlety of mind that keeps admiration lively—together with a serenely ironic view point that amuses by reason of its apparent naivete, seems common possession between author and character.

Certain happenings of the town and the desires of a few of the characters make a background of human interest against which the talk projects itself. They make a sort of Greek chorus, which, without ever coming really in sight or interfering with the conversation which holds the stage, keeps up the movement.

In "The Wicker-Work Woman" there is more of a story and in it M. Bergeret, his ideas and his affairs, are always the centre of interest. Early in its pages he discovers that his wife is carrying on an intrigue with his favorite Latin pupil. Although the mildest mannered of men, the primal instinct asserts itself and for a little while he feels the impulse to kill. Alone in his dingy, crowded study his eye falls upon the dressmaker's dummy of wicker-work which Madame Bergeret is accustomed to keep beside his book shelves. He pounces upon it, crushes it in his angry grasp and throws it out of the window. Then, having indulged his primal instinct upon a proxy, his mind resumes its usual philosophic attitude and agile movement. The bachelor that is always immanent in the married man, as the savage in the civilized, whispers to him how much more comfortable his life would be if Madame Bergeret were to be taken entirely out of it. So he decrees her domestic instead of her physical death.

From that moment, following a settled plan of action, M. Bergeret ignores his wife as completely as if she did not exist. He looks at her without seeming to see her, he gives her no money, he does not speak to her or seem to hear her if she speaks to him, he takes the household management into his own hands, and he pays no attention to any message that she sends him. And bye-and-bye madame goes home to her mother. And her husband regrets the loss of his favorite Latin pupil, with whom he has been wont to have much interesting talk, more than he does the departure of his wife.

The novelist who is primarily, or even mainly, a story teller would treat such a theme as this with intense seriousness. He would make its situations poignant, he would harrow up his reader's very soul with the agony of his characters. But that is not the way Anatole France views or interprets the world. For him it is a show which he looks at as dispassionately as if he were reclining at the edge of Mars. But the most serious and intense novelist of them all could not make the sordid little domestic drama, which to him is a serio-comedy, more vivid, its participants more real. Even here, however, the story is of no more consequence than the talk between Bergeret and his friends who come and go or whom he meets at Paillot's. The story and the talk, indeed, have even less connection than do the incidents and the conversation in "The Elm Tree on the Mall." It is only M. Bergeret's participation in both that brings them into the same narration. And both the author and his character seem to be more interested in the talk than in the story.

Although he is a philosopher far more than novelist Anatole France has a wizard's touch in the creation of character. There are numbers of people in these two books, most of whom do little but talk, and yet every one of them is a perfectly realized human being whose temperament, character, capacities, physical appearance, stand out plainly before the reader. Even those who pass infrequently across the pages, speaking little and doing less, are electrified into life by a magic sentence or two of description. Of them all it is Bergeret who stands out most prominently, the little, anaemic professor, so unassertive that he is always shunted off into uncomfortable corners—except at Paillot's—with his serene pessimism, his active, agile thought, his unalloyed delight in mental exercise, his undisturbed acceptance of things as they are, his gentle irony. "We cannot be absolutely certain," he says in the course of a discussion upon whether or not Mars is inhabited, "that this neighbor of ours is saddened and degraded by human beings like ourselves. * * * I am not far from being convinced that life, at any rate in the form which it presents on earth, is the result of a disease in the constitution of the planet, that it is a morbid growth, a leprosy, something loathsome, in fact, which would never be found in a healthy, well-constituted star. * * * I would fain believe that organic life is an evil peculiar to this wretched little planet of ours. It is a ghastly idea that in the infinitude of heaven they eat and are eaten in endless succession."

The translation, by Miss M. P. Willcocks is not deserving of praise. It is frequently so stilted and labored as quite to belie the easy, fluent, lucid style of its original. And now and then there are lapses of good taste in the use of English that are enough to make the author, if he knew of them, long for a wicker-work woman of his own. She indulges in that barbarous locution, to which a good many English authors are wedded, "I would have liked to have gone." Upon one of the characters she fastens "vast" ears and upon another a "vast" nose. On this side of the Atlantic, among people who know the meaning of words, space, oceans, and continents, are vast.

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*THE ELM TREE ON THE MALL. THE WICKER-WORK WOMAN. By Anatole France. Translated by M. P. Willcocks. Series edited by Frederic Chapman. The John Lane Company. $2 each. American edition limited to 500 copies.

PROSPEROUS BRAZIL

J. C. OAKENFULL'S "Brazil in 1910" is an official exposition of the natural resources, present condition and future possibilities of the greatest of the South American republics. It is published at the expense of the Brazilian Government under the direction of the "Commission of Economic Expansion of Brazil" and its aim is to show to the world that Brazil is a land of big promise, for the development of which there is great need of men of brain, muscle and money.

It appears that the population of the country has more than doubled since 1880 and that it is growing rich at a very rapid rate; but only a beginning has been made and the time is very far removed when it will be possible to think of its opportunities as pretty well appropriated. Mr. Oakenfull's book gives a very comprehensive description of the country. It is well illustrated with photographic plates and contains a number of excellent maps.

It is evident the Brazilian Government has determined to bring into the country a large number of immigrants, for it binds itself to provide the immigrant with tools and seeds, medical attendance and supplies, and steady municipal work if he arrives destitute, together with necessary transportation to the place of his settlement. Land will be sold the immigrant on easy terms and if he marries a Brazilian woman the couple will receive about sixty acres free—provided the pair live in harmony for a year.

WHO IS VICTOR DU BOIS?

A NUMBER of readers of THE TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW have asked where they can procure Mr. Victor du Bois's "Suggestion as Applied to Business." This book was reviewed in these columns several weeks ago; but, as the volume is marked "Privately Printed," THE REVIEW is unable to give the desired information as to the identity either of the author or the publisher.

BIOGRAPHY OF A WAR DEMOCRAT

Interesting Career of J. Glancy Jones Covers a Wide Field in the Politics and Diplomacy of an Important Period

By CHARLES M. HARVEY

To the average reader the subject of this work* is not even a name. Born in Conestoga Valley, in Pennsylvania, in 1811, just before the second war with England, and dying in 1877, twelve years after the close of the civil war, his life covered the period from the Presidency of Madison to that of Hayes. He held some local offices in Pennsylvania, was a member of the popular branch of Congress from 1851 to 1853, and again from 1854 to 1858, resigned to accept an appointment by Buchanan as Minister to Austria, and held that post till the closing weeks of 1861. Thus his public service extended from the middle of Fillmore's Presidency through Pierce's and Buchanan's and into Lincoln's, and he was succeeded at Vienna by John Lothrop Motley.

A stalwart State Sovereignty Democrat all his life, Mr. Jones's absence from the country in 1860 saved him from the necessity of taking sides for or against his own section, when the split in his party came in the Charleston Convention of 1860, and when, a few weeks after that gathering, the Southern element nominated Breckinridge and the Northern section selected Douglas. While believing and saying that the Lincoln Administration violated the Constitution more than once under the stress of civil war and the necessity for the maintenance of the Government, he, nevertheless, gave a hearty support to the Union cause. He opposed negro suffrage and other features of the Republican reconstruction policy, and he supported the ex-Republican, Horace Greeley, who was nominated in 1872 for President by a bolting faction of the Republicans, and who was accepted, platform and all, by the Democratic Party.

Although long ago forgotten by most of the few survivors of the period of his activity, J. Glancy Jones was a personage of some consequence in his State for a third of a century, and was a national figure for half a score of years. His resolution in the caucus of Democratic members of the House of Representatives in 1855, then in a minority, was accepted as the platform of their party during the two months' fight for the Speakership, in which the new Republican Party elected Nathaniel P. Banks to that office, and it assisted in giving unity and direction to the Democrats in that chamber during the whole term. Selected, tentatively, by Buchanan as a member of the Cabinet, Jones was defeated by an intrigue of Democratic politicians, among whom was John W. Forney, who a little later founded the Philadelphia Press. They prevailed upon Buchanan to keep Jones out of his official family, but at the opening of the first Congress under Buchanan Jones was made Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and was thus the leader of his party on the floor of the House. And, as already mentioned, he was appointed by Buchanan in 1858 as Minister to Vienna.

Beginning with the campaign of 1844 Jones was an active participant as a speaker in almost every Presidential campaign onward till his death, except in that of 1860, during which he was abroad. A protectionist, like most of the Pennsylvania Democrats of his day, party exigencies placed him in opposition to Clay, the Whig candidate of 1844, the father of the so-called American system, which had tariff protection as its leading feature.

The biographer, who is the son of the subject of this work, does the book an injustice in his preface by his slurs on the Federalist and Republican parties. Speaking of the elements of the party of freedom which made its advent in 1854-56, on the dissolution of the Whig organization, he says (p. viii.):

> The substance of the Republican party was made up of those to whom the principles and heresies of the old Federal party had come down as a heritage, a party which, at the very dawn of the republic, had proved itself to be out of touch with the spirit and genius of our institutions, and unfit for the administration of its affairs.

This is rather severe language to apply to the party of Washington, Hamilton, Adams, the Pinckneys, Jay, and others of the most illustrious of the founders of the government. The Federalist party's alien and sedition laws, enacted during Adams' administration, though having a large measure of provocation, were a blunder, and were one of the causes of Adams' defeat in 1800 and Jefferson's election. In the Hartford Convention of 1814-15 a corporal's guard of Federalists placed themselves in the attitude of opposition to the national government when the country was fighting England, and thus cast an odium on the whole of their party, which their party did not deserve, and which dealt the party its deathblow. But in the convention of 1787 which framed the constitution, in the state conventions which ratified it, and in the first Congress under it, that of 1789-91, which framed the machinery under which, with some later modifications, the national government has been run to this hour, the leading spirits of the Federalist party rendered magnificent service to their country.

The Republican is called (p. x.) "a sectional party, whose main purpose was antagonism to another section of the Union, consisting of the fifteen Southern States." The Republican party made no assault on the South or its peculiar institution. It insisted that the territories should be preserved for freedom, and this circumstance, and not any fault of its own, deprived it of a following in the slave states, and thus gave ground for the taunt that it was a sectional party.

"Men were not willing to have their property and their rights taken from them without resistance, (p. xi)." The Republican party, as a party, made no attempt to take slaves from their masters in the slave states previous to the civil war. When, in the middle of that struggle, in 1863, emancipation was proclaimed, it came as a war measure, and as the readiest means of preserving the Union.

As said before, these unjust strictures on the Federalist and the Republican parties do an injustice to this meritorious work. Nowhere in the body of either volume does the bitterness or the prejudice of the preface obtrude. The work consists largely of speeches by its subject and of letters to him by prominent personages on both sides of the Atlantic, and by him to them or to other celebrities. They cover a wide range of politics, diplomacy, and social and industrial affairs.

In the body of the book the author, who is a skilled lawyer and a trained writer in many fields, tells, with a creditable degree of fairness, the story of the important period covered by the public life of the subject of the biography.

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*THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF J. GLANCY JONES. By Charles Henry Jones. Portrait. Index. (Two Volumes.) 8vo. Cloth. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Co.

HONORING AN AUTHOR

Sir William Crookes is another author to receive the Order of Merit with Thomas Hardy. The latest book brought out in this country by Sir William Crookes is entitled "Diamonds."

FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION

Books That Show the Present Constructive Policy That Is Being Taken Up by Our Schools

An unusually expressive and fortunate title is that of a new book by Elmer Ellsworth Brown, Commissioner of Education of the United States. He calls his book "Government by Influence."*

What could better express the meaning of the social and democratic side of education! It is perhaps the only kind of government which can overthrow that other form of government by influence—the influence of the checkbook.

The volume contains a series of addresses delivered before prominent educational bodies, the first of these addresses bearing the title given to the book. In all of them the author emphasizes the relation of government and education—the democratic ideal—and the ultimate aim of both education and government, which is the making of men. Americanism, the bigheartedness that enfolds West and East and North and South—that new spirit which has come to us out of the big West—brings us new solutions for many old problems; too many to be told here. The relation of university and government, mother-work for girls, vocational training, teaching of teachers—these are only some of Dr. Brown's subjects. His conclusions may sometimes be questioned; his premises never.

Understanding and knowledge shall make the peace and ultimate government of the world:

> Men are trying to understand their neighbors, and that is the better part of democracy. Men are trying to understand other peoples and nations, and that is the foundation of our new world-politics.

Another sensible book on a kindred subject is "Vocational Education,"* by Prof. John M. Gillette. "Socialization of Education" is a favorite phrase with him. He would make the school a school of life, a preparation for democracy, and since we are a land of bread-winners, the school must necessarily be vocational also:

> The assumption of State education is that its training is necessary for citizenship, that is, to be a valid member of society. But since one can be such only as he is able to function in society, that is, work in society, according to its fundamental nature, and since society is essentially specialized and vocational in constitution, it follows, that to make citizens in the best sense is to vocationalize them, make them able to further some dominant social interest.

This quotation shows the strength of Prof. Gillette's position, and the weakness of his style. The latter is too involved and prolix. But though for this reason the book is too long and to difficult, it is so full of valuable information, of concrete and useful suggestion for elementary-school reform, that one hopes many educators will have the patience to read it.

A book called "The Utility of All Kinds of Higher Schooling,"* by R. T. Crane, a leading manufacturer, is a decided mistake in the matter of nomenclature. It should have been called "The Inutility of All Kinds of Higher Schooling," for that is the burden of its message:

> Having disposed of the subject of classical, business, technical, and medical education to my entire satisfaction, I will now see what I can do to knock out scientific education, and, in a subsequent chapter, will knock out agricultural education.

Knock them out—why? Because they don't pay. Mr. Crane proves it. Especially well does he prove it in regard to classical education; a liberal education does not increase one's business ability. But the pity is that long before Mr. Crane thought of this all liberal educators and students had gladly admitted the fact.

We know that our educational system is very bad, we are fighting a long fight to reach our vision; there are many who encourage and hearten us even while they condemn. Will Mr. Crane give them just one more chance? The lovers of wisdom for its own sake are not quite so conceited as he thinks.

In one thing, at least, Mr. Crane is constructive, and in this he finds himself in the good company of all our modern educators: He believes that the grammar school ought to be made vocational:

> To sum up the whole matter: All general schooling above the public grammar school is worse than useless.

One would like to agree moderately with Mr. Crane, if only he could be moderate. It may be "worse than useless," but it is better than nothing, and we hope to make it much, much better by and by. And meanwhile let us try hard to take Mr. Crane seriously. He is certainly interesting.

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*GOVERNMENT BY INFLUENCE. By Elmer Ellsworth Brown. Pp. 245. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.35.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION. By John M. Gillette. Pp. 303. New York: American Book Co. $1.

THE UTILITY OF ALL KINDS OF HIGHER SCHOOLING. An Investigation by R. T. Crane. Pp. 331. Chicago: The Henry O. Shepard Co.

WILDE'S "DE PROFUNDIS"

"Dear but prime" was Mr. Joshua Fullalove's description of English justice as he found it in the courts in "Hard Cash," and Mr. Robert Ross might well say the same in regard to the sentences passed on the men who conspired to print and sell Wilde's "De Profundis" on which Mr. Ross holds the copyright. Six months' imprisonment for the publisher; a month to the printer; £30 fine to a coffee house proprietor who allowed his premises to be used for the sale of the pirated books, and punishment yet pending for the two men engaged in distributing the volumes ought to content the plaintiff, and should be a warning to the dishonest.

THE WORLD'S BATTLES

There is a lot of history in Lawrence H. Dawson's "Battles and Sieges," a tiny book which appears as a volume of the Miniature Reference Library (E. P. Dutton & Co., 50 cents). Brief accounts are given of something like two thousand armed conflicts, and the compiler believes they cover every memorable battle that has taken place in the world from the siege of Troy down to the close of the Russo-Japanese War. These accounts are arranged alphabetically, the name of the battle appearing in black type. Dates, numbers of combatants and estimates of killed and wounded are taken from the latest and best histories of each nation and period.

The sincerity, the aspiration and the dignity of the character study make the book a notable one.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Glory and the Abyss

By Vincent Brown, author of "The Screen"

Net $1.25

The hero is a peasant, humble and patient, whose ignorant mind gropes vaguely to the heights of soul and character, whose ears have heard a faint distant call of the modern spirit. Dumbly, humbly, patiently the man does his duty as he sees it with his limited vision, which is yet so large, so high, so noble.—*New York Tribune.*

We do not think that Mr. Vincent Brown has ever given us more sincere and consistent work than we find in his last novel "The Glory and the Abyss." The story will not appeal to every one, but it is none the worse for that.—*St. James Gazette.*

Mr. Brown has given us a very remarkable book. Peter Bonoor is drawn with the subtlest skill. He is one of the few examples of perfect conviction in fiction.—*London Standard.*

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 31 West 23rd St., New York

Two New Novels of Special Interest

Enchanted Ground

An Episode in the Life of a Young Man

By HARRY JAMES SMITH

TOUT BIEN OU RIEN

Temptation, struggle, clash of character and ideal, with final self-mastery and happiness, make the theme of this absorbing novel, remarkable for poetic elevation, irresistible humor and dramatic power. $1.20 Net.

The Meddlings of Eve

By WILLIAM J. HOPKINS

A delightful new "clammer" book, telling how Eve, the "clammer's" wife, helped along the love affairs of divers of her friends. Mr. Hopkins' familiar qualities of whimsical sentiment, mellow humor and leisurely charm are here seen at their best. $1.00 Net.

HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO., 4 Park St., Boston

AMERICAN WOMEN AND SUFFRAGISM

Mr. Macphail Takes Up What He Considers a Universal Type of Femininity in His Essays

By H. W. BOYNTON

OF the four chapters which make up this interesting if somewhat disconcerting book,* the first two are more likely to attract attention: they are more popular in theme, at least. Indeed, it would be difficult to hit upon any more burning subject of general discussion at the moment than the "suffragette" and the "American Woman."

Of the chimera involved in this subject we on this side of the water are somewhat painfully conscious. We know, some of us, that there is not an argumentative leg for her (or it) to stand on; but we should perhaps be more comfortable if the British mind did not find her so comfortable a peg to hang a moral upon. In Mr. Macphail's handling the local onus is considerably relieved at the outset by his use of quotation marks. The "American Woman" represents to him a universal type, and not merely a monster of the Western hemisphere:

> The manifestation is not confined to the American continent, nor even to the United States. Indeed, it is entirely inaccurate as a description of the mothers, wives, and daughters of the average American man; and it will be of incalculable benefit to the bewildered foreigner, as well as to American women, if we can succeed in establishing the distinction.

The writer intimates that St. Paul had the "American Woman" in mind in composing certain famous homilies; that she was present in Rome at the time of the Punic War; and that she came to New England in the Mayflower. In short, wherever women have substituted idleness, or self-assertion, or both, for the gentleness, quietness and diligence to which the sex was born, the "American Woman" has emerged, to the undoing of mankind. Mr. Macphail has, it will be seen, very old-fashioned views of the function of woman. The first duties of the female were to cook and sew and take care of her husband and children. Now that she can buy her clothing ready made and her food ready cooked, she is sadly degenerating. Her censor has most robust opinions upon this point:

> Every advance in that industrial development of which we are boasting continually makes for the destruction of the family.

A glowing picture is painted of that golden age in which the family was self-contained and self-supporting—all a thing of the past, now that the world moves by machinery:

> When the family life was swallowed up in the industrial life the natural occupations of women vanished. There was then idleness and money for the women of the rich; idleness alone for the women of the poor. * * * Both classes are now more unhappy than when they lived in trees.

A decline in the birth rate would naturally follow such a lapse from the normal domestic conditions. Mr. Macphail gives some interesting figures in connection with the waning fertility of the Anglo-American race. The "American Woman" is, we are to understand, largely responsible:

> By a process of calculated sterility which eventually becomes automatic, she attains to the illusory reward of childlessness.

The only way in which this "race suicide" (Mr. Macphail disdains the phrase) is likely to be stopped is by a return of the modern woman to her rightful sphere; "self-reliance," cries the censor, "is the most deadly gift which the female of this race can possess." "The woman who will prevail is the effeminate woman, who overcomes man by the force of continual quietness."

The chapter on "The Psychology of the Suffragette" is, in a way, a corollary to this discourse on the "American Woman"; but its method is very different. The whole argument is traced in a pattern of elaborate irony. The writer affects a respectful consideration of the claims and motives of the suffragette, and commends her for going the right way about her project of emancipation. If women prefer "watching the gyrations of their souls" to living in the normal life of the sex, they may secure themselves in that occupation by making themselves ridiculous and hateful in the eyes of men. "A woman may be foolish and yet be charming. She emancipates herself when she becomes an object of aversion."

The two other papers on "The Fallacy in Education" and "The Fallacy in Theology" are somewhat heavier in substance; especially the latter, which with its hundred and sixty pages may fairly be called a treatise. The chief fallacy Mr. Macphail considers is "that a theology cannot be created unless the spirit of religion inspires, or that either can endure without an ecclesiastical organization." He finds little reality in the Protestant theology, because there is little stability in the Protestant belief. He believes, in short, that religion is an emotion and not a nursery of ideas. In the chapter on education the writer makes an odd and ingenious plea for the classical curriculum. He coolly abandons the ordinary grounds—that classical training affords a sure foundation in taste or an invaluable mental discipline:

> If one can imagine a young Japanese reading a few chapters of Justin McCarthy's volume or a play by Mr. G. B. Shaw, in igorance of the fact that these great writers were Irishmen, he will gain some notion of the degree of intelligence which the average schoolboy brings to bear upon his classics. Both are dead to the substance and dead to the form. For such purposes as it is alleged are served by the reading of these ancient writers, the plays of Shakespeare would do quite as well. But the real purpose would be missed—a detachment of mind, the pure, ingenuous simplicity and peace of boyhood, a lack of curiosity, a calmness of intellect, a quietness of emotion, which permits of a healthful growth. In the very usefulners of his tasks and in the drilling and drudgery which their mastery demands is to the boy their highest value as a disciplinary measure. It is in this that education consists.

The reverse of the shield is that scientific or technical education fails through its very appeal to the practical sense of the growing boy. In this connection, as elsewhere more than once in the course of his book, Mr. Macphail has a special rap for America:

> "In America to-day," he says casually, "where there is neither art, nor literature, nor education, fifteen thousand professors are lecturing before a hundred thousand students in the higher institutions of learning."

The general effect of the book is odd. The writer is a sort of erudite and long-winded Chesterton. Instead of flashing forth a paradox and forgetting it, he labors it carefully, and is never tired of repolishing it. On the other hand, his few and chosen paradoxes are of the fruitful kind, and with all his plainness of speech an old-fashioned amenity hangs about his style which marks him as a follower of the best traditions in literature.

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*ESSAYS IN FALLACY. By Andrew Macphail. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. Pp. 359. $1.50.

WILLIAM WATSON'S POEMS

(Continued from page 441)

the poet for too many happy moments to want to put finis to the chapter till the last word is said.

Besides the two odes of which we have spoken, there is a dialogue in blank verse between King Alfred and his friend Asser, in which the dying King sees a vision of things to be, and begs to be spared further seeing, in horror at the bloodshed and turmoil to come. And there is a shorter poem, "The Threatened Towers," an appeal to England not to destroy the ancient and established order that has been her support so many centuries. We quote the last stanza of the ode "In the Midst of the Seas," since it has a certain, if rather painful, interest, and since, of true poetry, there is nothing to quote:

> "Nay, we have roved just far enough
> to know
> That we possess too little wealth to
> rove,
> Being poor in lucre, though
> Exceeding rich in love.
> Yet travel hath taught us lessons we
> scarce had learned in repose;
> Our friends have been proven our
> friends, and our foes have been
> proven our foes.
> And having seen and pondered much,
> some visions we surrender,
> And return a little weary, for a little
> taste of ease,
> From tempest and from hurricane, and
> a land of light and splendor,
> And the odorous thrones of summer
> in the midst of the seas."

NEW CARLYLE LETTERS

Interesting Correspondence Recently Discovered in New Zealand

ONE would hardly expect to unearth a new series of Carlyle letters in far New Zealand. The recent and very important publication of a long-withheld Carlyle correspondence, revealing much of the strange and unhappy union existing between Thomas Carlyle and his wife, seemed to leave little further to expect in the way of original letters from these two interesting figures in nineteenth century literature.

It appears, however, that a Mr. Henry Larkin once acted as Carlyle's "literary assistant," and then emigrated, with his family, some thirty years ago, to New Zealand. With him he took the letters that he had received while in Great Britain from the Carlyles, and it is these letters that have now been sent by his son, for disposal to collectors, to a literary agent in this city, Mr. Harold Paget.

None of these letters have been published, and their value is enhanced from the fact that they are all holographs. There are sixty-eight letters and notes among them from Thomas Carlyle, thirteen from Jane Welch Carlyle, and fourteen from John Ruskin. Most of them were written by the Carlyles while they were traveling, and although they do not add anything of a special or novel interest to what is known of their authors, some of them are not without a certain charm, as, for instance, the following, dated July 14, 1859, from Mrs. Carlyle while traveling with her husband in Scotland:

> My Dear Mr. Larkin:
>
> My "finer sensibilities of the heart" have been kept quite in abeyance of late weeks, and all the life in me (you know how much or little it is!) directed towards keeping me in my senses.
>
> If I had been writing to anybody, I would surely have written to you; but I have been holding my peace, wherever I could get it done with impunity; silence being the wet blanket on the chimney which enables it to consume its own smoke!
>
> Oh, Mr. Larkin! Catch me ever again taking my holiday in the country along with a man of genius! I saw from the first that instead of a holiday it was going to be the hardest workday I had had for some time! I saw from the first what all that walking as in seven league boots and galloping like the wild huntsman, and bathing in season and out of season like a mermaid, and all that consumption of "soft" food was working together toward! A bilious crisis bad enough to make a poor wife's hair stand on end! and to make her ask herself twenty times a day if it wouldn't be better to tie herself up to the bedpost and be done with it!
>
> We might have been so comfortable here—if he had not already overdone himself at Humbie!—a beautiful airy house, with kind little cousins close by to help us and cheer us—but one's life has been made black and bitter by this—"accumulation of bile";—and as a sick man pleases himself in turning from one side to another in his bed, so shall I please myself in turning from the country to London. Mr. C. has settled to go to Annandale in ten days—where most fortunately there is no accommodation for me. I had intended to make some visits on my own basis, but I didn't then expect to be so worn out in spirits—so now I think I shall go home by myself after having merely rested a few days with my aunt in Edinh. Most probably I shall take Charlotte to my aunt's for a couple of days that she may see Edinh, which her heart is set on seeing—tho I don't feel sure that all these indulgences are for the girl's good, and then send her home by the ship she came by. In that case I will write to her mother beforehand, that somebody may go to meet her on landing—tho I dare say she is quite up to finding her own way—after having seen so much of the world. She wants, herself, to go back by the Princess Royal, having been very happy and hardly sick on the voyage down. Meanwhile, I have no trouble to give you on this writing—as I suppose one can learn from a Scotch newspaper better than at London what days and hours the Princess Royal sails. For myself I mean to go by rail, of course—and to stay a night at York to break the journey. It was far too much for me in coming down.
>
> Don't tell Geraldine you have heard from me—above all never tell her I write in bad spirits—she is a person with whom it is prudent to always make the best of one's self—and she is frightfully jealous. If Mr. Allen wants stamps for the paper give him some. My kind compliments to Mrs. Southern. I had much more reliance on her than on Mr. Gilchrist. Yours affectionately, JANE W. C.
>
> Kind regards to your mother—I have often thought of the poor little niece. On reflection I will trouble you to tell me where Charlotte should go and how on leaving the ship—in case nobody came to meet her.

SOWING WILD OATS

NOT ONCE or twice only has it been given to fiction to undermine to its fall some great evil. In "Wild Oats" (B. W. Huebsch. $1.20 net) Mr. James Oppenheim strikes a blow at one of the deadly and insidious evils of the human race. He does it with such courage, such simple directness, such a sense of the need of a propaganda of truth upon the subject treated, that no one can doubt for an instant his purity of purpose. With him, as with the surgeon terribly in earnest to save life, the conventions of modesty would be most immodest.

His novel aims to do good to the young man tempted by what has been called the devil's own proverb: "A young man must sow his wild oats." The characters are chosen from the Jews of the East Side. The hero—if hero he may be called—is a traveling salesman; the heroine a blue-eyed, wild rose of a girl, typewriter for the firm employing her lover. Their love-making is rather intense; and the pretty Edith's attitude emphasizes the fact of the extinction of the "violet-by-a-mossy-stone" kind of maiden. It is a far cry from those Pickwickian days, when Mrs. Sanders averred that she "fainted away stone dead when Mr. Sanders asked her to name the day, and believed that everybody as called herself a lady would do the same under similar circumstances." "Autre temps, autre moeurs": the "Mrs. Sanders" of the present, and the dainty "Ediths," too, "name the day" almost before the asking. We can dispense with the fainting, but we could wish our heroines a little more withdrawing.

Mr. Oppenheim, however, has created a frank, innocent girl; and how she reaps the bitter harvest not of her sowing is his story. Dr. Rast is the figure of the tale that calls forth our admiration. Were there more Dr. Rasts in real life, there would be fewer Frank Lassers. He is the ideal physician; tender of heart; uncompromising in his view of the one standard of right, for all humanity. The author does not crowd his stage: the minor characters are few; but each, especially the moribund old Mother, is a clear-cut personality. We may be confessing our own limitations when we say that, nevertheless, they do not greatly engage our interest, "the gleam in the human clod" being rather too much smothered by the clod.

Mr. Bok writes an eloquent "Foreword" to a book so freighted with a profoundly important message that it is impossible to think of it apart from its thesis; Mr. Oppenheim deserves all praise for the position he has taken, and for the brave and reverent spirit in which he makes his appeal for the blighted lives that are the inevitable harvest of the sowing of wild oats.

NEW YORK'S HISTORIC LAKES

W. MAX REID'S "Lake George, Lake Champlain and the Mohawk War Trail" (G. P. Putnam's Sons; $3.50) is an entertaining book about a region of great historic interest and of surpassing beauty. By means of superb full-page illustrations, eighty-four in number, reproducing photographs made by John Arthur Maney, it conveys a strong impression of the natural charm of the region, and, in a series of well-written historical sketches, it shows very well what sorts of human beings moved about in that earthly paradise in the centuries during which it was essentially a battleground.

Mr. Reid does not undertake to give a continuous history of these centuries, but he manages to touch upon the principal periods and to take note of the most striking and important events. He has something to say about the horrible Indian wars that were fought in the Champlain Valley, but he devotes most of his space to accounts of movements and battles in which white men were engaged.

Among those of whom he writes are Israel Putnam, Ethan Allen, Capt. McDonough, Philip Skene, Gen. Burgoyne, Benedict Arnold, Gen. Braddock, Abercrombie, Sir William Johnson, Champlain, the Marquis de Tracy, De Courcelle, Old Bill Harris, and Jane McCrae.

ADVERTISING A CITY

MR. HERBERT HOUSTON, Vice President of Doubleday, Page & Co., delivered an address on "How a City Should Advertise and What an Advertising Club Can Do to Aid It," at the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America recently held in Omaha. Mr. Houston was appointed as delegate at large to the Convention by the Quoin Club of New York City, an association of advertising managers of the magazines published in the East.

MODERN INDIA IN FICTION

In "The Burnt Offering" Mrs. Cotes Gives a Picture of Conditions That Form the Political Problems of To-day

IT is as well to admit frankly in the beginning that we are incapable of writing an adequate review of Mrs. Everard Cotes's strong novel.* Only one thoroughly conversant with the political situation in India, one who has studied it upon the ground, can discuss the book as it deserves, can pronounce upon the accuracy of its presentation of fact, or the justice of its conclusions. There is a certain something, however, about the portraits of those whose very names have vanished, which seems to declare their truth, and we think no reader of "The Burnt Offering" can doubt that this is India, the modern India of unrest, of seething revolutionary ferment.

A traveler who has spent months in that country and to whom the natives have spoken more freely than they would speak to an Englishman, has recently written in a private letter from Calcutta:

> There is not the slightest doubt but that there will be a terrible revolt in India before long, brought on by the lower class of English and soldiers, who treat the natives like dogs.

With an instance of such treatment Mrs. Cotes opens her story, a Hindu of the highest caste being rudely expelled by a couple of mill-assistants from the railway carriage to which he is entitled. He explains to sympathetic strangers that "the officials do not speak in that way to Indians. These were common men, what we call cheta-sahibs"; and he proceeds to tell of insults more gross offered his father, who thereafter always preferred to travel third class with the coolies. Mrs. Cotes, however, does not throw herself impetuously upon the side of the outraged young Bengali, as do the Socialist and his daughter, who witness the incident and make the acquaintance of Bepin Behari Dey, M. A., of Cambridge, student in London and Paris, but still "a native." She marshals upon her pages characters of differing political faiths. She gives so many points of view that her readers can only stand bewildered before the complexities of the Eastern question and bow in silence to the inscrutable mystery of race.

Mills and his daughter represent, the one, English Socialism, the other, modern womanhood—Girton, Suffrage, advanced thought in every direction—but great-hearted and feminine withal. They come to India, burning with her wrongs, ready to give themselves to her, body and soul; and they find that India, in the end, does not want them, and indeed, politely urges their return to their own country. In the Foleys and John Game we have the best type of the governing English, those who "love their job," who find in it "opportunity of service," and who, with no flourish of trumpets, quietly and simply "take up the white man's burden." Then there are the Hindu anarchists, who see in bomb-throwing the way of salvation; there is Kristodas Mukerji, "one of the ablest judges of the High Court of Calcutta," and at the same time a Brahmin "of a line of pundits and poets;" and, most interesting of all the characters, is his daughter, the Rani Janaki, left, at the age of seven, a little Hindu widow, afterward educated in England, "so that her widowhood shrank into the core of her being; and so clever and charming a person grew up round it that in the end she herself hardly knew it was there."

And there is the lovely old Swami, Sri Yadava, whose words are worth reading again and again, and yet again, to get at the heart of what is best in India. He "greatly fears" that the white rulers as a caste will disappear, for, he declares:

> England is the husband of India. We talk of the mother as if we had but one parent. But we are the children of England also. Can we deny it? * * * There are those who would make their mother a widow. I am not of them. But God may bring this curse upon her, as it has pleased Him to bring it upon others. It is my fear. * * * Listen. It was an aristocratic England that took India, a free, fighting, kingly England, of one mind, of one law, master in his own house * * * and under them the Brahmins could sit and rule and tell their tale of God as ever. What are the English but a caste permitted by God to be the right hand of the Brahmins. * * * But from a democratised England what can we expect? Ideals of the pantry. A husband, I fear, grown indifferent. A proletariat throwing India and the soul of India under some mean axiom made to fit its grovelling necessities of the ballot, a strutting ignorance, a patronising callousness, masquerading as recognition and generosity. * * * And for us will emerge politics for peace, and the new spirit for the old obedience.
>
> After all, he goes on, what is our dear country to the English? It is the Pit. What is their great, their immensely creditable achievement? They have conquered, they have held, they have administered and developed the Pit. We have our own ways of returning this obligation. Cholera and enteric, and frontier bullets we offer freely, with a moderate scale of pension to the survivors. We have drained England of her best blood and her best brains at that price for a hundred years. I sometimes ask myself—if we had to offer the contract for our protection to the world, who else would do it so cheap? They are a people of strange ideas. They take it out in satisfaction. The Americans, for example, would ask more. Or the Japanese. Perhaps without knowing it they are growing a little tired. * * * In mind we are more subtle than the English. They are fools to us. But in temperament they are more subtle than we. Their passions—their consciences—who can understand? Their veins run flame and ice. Herein lies great danger. For, know you not, these are days of provocation? And at any hour some folly may drop the match. We talk of that sleeping devil, race hatred, as if it were confined to one race only, and that our own; but our fathers knew better. And I wish they would keep their Socialists at home. They do harm in this country. They breed dreams and passion, and so hurry upon us that which might otherwise never come.

We have been lured into lengthy quotation, justified, we think, by its wisdom, as well as by the importance and timeliness of its subject.

Let no one suppose, however, that "The Burnt Offering" consists of expressions of opinion alone. It has a story to tell, which it tells in a way to seize and hold its readers. Nor are its characters the author's mouthpieces. They live, every one of them, and we feel them as we do human personalities. The denouement is as unexpected as it is dramatic; and not even Kipling has better shown the invisible, intangible, impassable barrier of race, whereby

East is East, and West is West, and
never the twain shall meet,
Till Earth and Sky stand presently
at God's great judgment Seat.

We are made to see, too, the strange hold which the soul of India has upon her children; how the education of England's giving slips off like a garment, and the Hindu "core" asserts itself and conquers.

The story is relieved by the light touch and go of conversation, and by a delicate infusion of humor. It charms, too, by the unfailing beauty of its style, and by the magic which almost transports us bodily to the land of all others most fascinating, most mystic; the land which, like its own tigers, seems to be crouching for some tremendous leap—while the watching West holds its breath. It is altogether a wonderful book, with its clearness of detail and its wide horizons; its human drama and its thoughtful grasp of a situation than which none is more complex and baffling.

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*BURNT OFFERING. By Sara Jeanette Cotes. 12mo. New York: John Lane Co. $1.50.

AN AMERICAN TOM BROWN

An Excellent Picture of Schoolboy Life in Mr. Johnson's Story

NO DISCERNING and appreciative reader of Owen Johnson's "The Varmint" (The Baker & Taylor Co.) can question for a moment that its author was once a real boy. And it is equally certain that Mr. Johnson has succeeded, where so many fail, in retaining true, undistorted impressions of boyhood instincts.

In the great mass of juvenile literature it is an unusual pleasure to find the story of a normal boy, pulsing with life and red blood and bubbling over with ingenious mischief. "Rinky Dink," known to his parents, however, as John Humperdink Stover, was such a boy. Expelled from a "select" academy because his experiments with asafetida were not appreciated, "Dink" turned his eyes toward the Lawrenceville School as the next legitimate field for mischievous conquest, with the avowed purpose of "putting some ginger into it."

Then begin the comedy and tragedy of a "prep" schoolboy's life. For "Dink" "gets in wrong," and the "Coffee-Colored Angel," "Tough McCarty," and "The White Mountain Canary" make it their special duty to "trim the freshness out of the Varmint," and, incidentally, succeed in making life miserable for him. But the "real stuff" is there, and we are treated to an intensely interesting series of school pranks, interspersed with an unlimited vocabulary of "prep" slang that admirably illustrates the typical evolution of an American schoolboy. In the process of "finding himself," Stover gradually rises from being the most despised "varmint" in school to the pinnacle of schoolboy ambition—the captaincy of the football eleven.

It is to be regretted that this admirable story, so typical of an American school, could not have been enveloped in a less transparent veil of fiction. The omission of the chapter rehearsing numerous *Lawrenceville* songs, and a description of the campus and buildings, etc., ad. inf., would leave no slightest hint in the mind of the reader that this story might be a part of an advertising propaganda. We are sure it is not intended as such. Yet there is no middle course in a matter of this kind; either the story should be frankly a *Lawrenceville* story, for circulation among the students and those interested in the School, or, if published in a magazine for general circulation, as this has been, local identification should be obscured.

"The Varmint" can hardly be compared with "Tom Brown",—it lacks the depth and intensity of that well known classic; yet this is the nearest approach to an American counterpart of the latter that has been written thus far, and the reader turns the last page confident that the author will surely favor us later with the continued fortunes of the now inseparable chums, "Dink" and "Tough", through their next four years at college.

RUSKIN, BY AN ADMIRER

THE author of the "Life of John Ruskin" in the Great Writers series (Walter Scott Publishing Co.) starts off bravely with a statement of his faith when, in his dedication, he calls his book the "life of the greatest of art critics"; and he consistently maintains a worshipful attitude to the last page. He improves every opportunity to add admonition to information, something of his master's habit of perpetual didactics having fallen on him. One example will indicate the extent of his endeavor to do good to his public. He not only tells us that the "altogether happy and delightful" marriage of Ruskin's parents was due to the circumstance that their engagement lasted nine years, but insists in a footnote that persons about to marry should always "know each other better than a year's engagement permits. An unscrupulous man can keep up an appearance of virtue for a year or so, but not so easily for three years, say."

The story of Ruskin's life has been told so often, so minutely and from so many points of view by himself and others that there is little chance that any new light will be thrown on a character not by any means complex as it is seen through the just but disenchanting years. The present volume of less than 200 pages makes no pretense at new material or fresh interpretation of old truths, but in an unpretending style brings together the incidents of Ruskin's career and records the time and circumstances of the books he issued. The light and easy handling of the events that stand out as characteristic of the man leaves the reader with little idea of their relative importance. Ruskin's relation to the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood, for example, and his unfortunate marriage with its early dissolution, are dismissed in a few words, but the account of his trial for libel against the vicious Whistler enlivens many pages.

Ruskin, even more than most writers who arouse ardent admiration and opposition, gains most by the side glances cast upon him by writers engaged primarily upon other subjects. When he sits for his portrait we see only that he is posing; when we catch a glimpse of him taken unawares we perceive the charm that he possessed for many, however obscured it may be by his determination that the world should see him as he saw himself.

THE RIFLEMAN

THE English Society of Miniature Rifle Clubs has now an organ, "The Rifleman," a penny monthly magazine. Lord Roberts gives the first number a "Foreword," Mr. Kipling gives it a story, and it has some serious papers and also a poem by Mr. Owen Seaman, in which a lady gives her reasons, always a grave matter. She addresses one James, and tells him in simple language:

"The point that makes me shrink to
share your life,
Though you, I notice, treat it as a trifle,
Is that you've no idea (God help your
wife)
Which end to hold a rifle."

"FAVORITE POEMS"

GEORGE LEON VARNEY has compiled a rather unique book in his "Favorite Poems of Famous People" (Vaughan Publishing Co., Chicago). Some scores of people, whose claim to the adjective "famous" varies widely, have replied to his query as to what is their favorite poem, and he presents here their answers, with a biographical note of each person and the poem or poems designated. Among those who sent replies to his question are Queen Alexandra, Queen Elizabeth of Roumania, George Barr McCutcheon, Israel Zangwill, Clyde Fitch, Helen Keller, Edwin Markham, Dr. Robert Collyer, Mrs. Deland, Conan Doyle, and a host of others. Those people, of whom there are many, who take pleasure in learning the personal characteristics, the likes and dislikes of the men and women they read about, will doubtless find much entertainment in the book. Mr. Varney seems to have put into the work a great amount of enthusiastic labor and he deserves thanks for thus making accessible a number of poems whose worth and beauty should cause them to be better known.

MISS ALCOTT IN LONDON

"LOUISA MAY ALCOTT," by Miss Belle Moses, has been reprinted in London by Messrs. Sampson Low & Co., and the London papers unite to praise Miss Alcott's books and character, calling her one who stands for something real in literature.

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Educational Progress—
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Commencing Saturday, August 20th, and on each succeeding Saturday until October 8th, The New York Times will publish a series of articles on educational progress.

The contributors include:

Chancellor J. R. Day, of Syracuse University.
Professor Henry Bratt Judson, of Chicago.
Professor Ethelbert D. Warfield, of Lafayette College.
Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, of the Carnegie Foundation.
Dr. Abram S. Isaacs, of New York University.

The first article, to appear Saturday, August 20th, will be by Ethelbert D. Warfield, D.D., President of Lafayette College and President of the Board of Trustees of Princeton Theological Seminary, on "The Value of a College Education."

The New York Times is the most effective medium for announcements of scholastic institutions, and in 1909 published nearly 100,000 lines of school and college advertisements, a greater volume than any other New York newspaper.

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The New York Times
Saturday Review
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Books

Literary Section
of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, AUGUST 13, 1910

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A NOBLE EDITOR

IT does not comport with our general notion of the composition of the British nobility, that one of its members should have won his title by reducing the price of a morning newspaper from three pence to a penny. In the light of Mr. Reginald Lucas' detailed story of "Lord Glenesk and The Morning Post," (John Lane Company) that practically is what happened in the case of Algernon Borthwick.

This gentleman inherited the editorship of The Morning Post from his father, Peter Borthwick. This was in 1853, when he was but 23. For a couple of years he had been the Paris correspondent of the paper amid the exciting events that followed the election of Louis Napoleon to the Presidency and until after the coup d'état. He was a born journalist, alert, intelligent, full of universal curiosity, an admirable talker and still better listener, quick of perception and cautious in judgment, the soul of loyalty, ambitious in his calling and of an industry rapid, untiring and methodical. For thirty years after he became, first the acting editor and then editor of the Morning Post, he labored under many difficulties and embarrassments, not a few of which were due to his firm independence in matters of politics. During this time he built up a property, "valuable though not great," with an excellent reputation for honesty and fairness, and—considering its relatively small resources—a remarkable reputation for enterprise in securing early and accurate information on matters of real importance.

In 1876, thanks to the generous cooperation of a wealthy friend, Mr. Andrew Montague, the Yorkshire Squire who had assisted Disraeli also in his hour of great need, Borthwick obtained full control of The Morning Post and six years later he determined to reduce its selling price by two-thirds. It was a very bold step and vigorously opposed by all his friends. He said himself:

"One and all they advised me against it. One and all they thought it spelled ruin; or, if not ruin, a great risk to a valuable, though not great, property and the certainty of loss. They told me I should inevitably forfeit the support of the classes to whom the Post had always appealed, and that I should not gain new subscribers from other classes in numbers sufficient to make good these losses. I would lose not only readers but advertisers, for the advertisers of the Post were largely the West End tradespeople who desired to reach their West End patrons. I would lose the political authority which was based on the support of the privileged classes. In short, a penny Morning Post was inconceivable and unthinkable from any point of view whatever."

This view extended to the public generally and was reflected, says Mr. Lucas in Punch, in "a sorrowful remonstrance through the mouth of the redoubtable 'Jeames'," of which this is the first stanza:

Sir Halgernon! Sir Halgernon! I
can't believe it true,
They say the Post's a penny now,
and all along of you;
The paper that was once the pride
of all the swells in town,
Now like a common print is sold for
just a vulgar brown.

But Borthwick took the plunge, and was rewarded. Within seven years the revenue of the paper had increased tenfold. The pennies he had so long been compelled to save one by one with the utmost ingenuity flowed in in rich streams. The West End advertisers multiplied in number, and were recruited by crowds of others. The editor had been knighted; finally, in 1896, the editor and proprietor was raised to the peerage, with adequate means to meet generously the social requirements and opportunities of his station. He had his town house and his country house was near to Balmoral, where he enjoyed the friendship of the royal family, and all that that implies.

On the whole, though the story of Lord Glenesk's life is not of wide interest, it is well worth telling. The earlier part is the more taking. It throws much light on the political and social development of the period and particularly on the process of filling the old conservative bottles with the new wine of democracy. Borthwick was by taste aristocratic, but he was too keen an observer and too fair-minded a thinker not to see the peril and vice of exclusiveness. He was an efficent co-worker with Lord Randolph Churchill. He was a more fervent, sincere and consistent believer than Lord Randolph in the underlying principle of "Tory Democracy." With all his earnestness he was full of enjoyment in the sheer fun of political activities. He was the originator and the chief contributor to that most amusing and eccentric of political journals "The Owl," and he had the true journalist's courage and insight to drop it at the very height of its vogue. The profits of it, which were considerable, he gave away. His private and family life, touched upon with charming discretion and delicacy by his biographer, was most attractive.

SOME BRIDGE DON'TS

BELL BOWMAN EMERY, having revised her "Don'ts in Bridge," a new edition has been published which is said to contain the "latest rules and penalties, simplified and condensed," (William R. Jenkins Company). Mrs. Emery's little book is designed for those who do not care to undertake a thorough study of the game. The author really thinks the best way to learn bridge is to play it, but it is a very costly way, she says. She advises "the average person" to leave the game alone.

LITERARY NOTES FROM LONDON

The English Summer Sixpenny Reprint Not So Triumphant This Year as It Was Formerly

LONDON, Aug. 5.—You have never, in America, had the triumphant sixpenny reprint, or rather its equivalent, as we have had it. Your book trade does little with paper-covered books, not caring for them, clearly because they are not a very good market. The fact is, I suppose, that your many popular magazines lick up all the readers who here would buy "sixpennies." Well, another sort of competition is, as inquiry tells me, this Summer hurting the circulation of the "sixpenny" with us; I mean the competition of cloth-bound net reprints, at sevenpence and a shilling. The subject is rather interesting as a sign of the book times, and, therefore, is worth looking into.

It is always well to begin at the origin of things, but it is difficult to say just when and how the English "sixpenny" did originate. Certainly it can be traced in unbroken descent back to the early 'sixties, when that enterprising London publisher, John Camden Hotten, issued the Waverley Novels at sixpence a time in paper covers. The page was about the size of that of an ordinary novel and the print was good and clear, although it had to be in two columns for reasons of space. After that venture came the quarto-sized "sixpenny," a paper-covered volume which reminded you of a copy-book. People who are getting middle-aged will remember reading Lady Forassey's "Voyage of the Sunbeam," as an unhandy sixpenny quarto, with, if I remember rightly, a portrait of the author on the cover.

How this quarto form for English "sixpennies" came to be adopted for a time was curious and brings in America. In those days there was no Anglo-American copyright and American reprints in quarto of likely English books were frequent. They were not also free, but they only cost 12 cents or thereabouts. Hearing of the sale of such cheap editions with you then, English publishers said to themselves: "May there not be a market at home for similar editions?" And without thinking much about it they borrowed the American quarto form. But as the "sixpenny" progressed a smaller, handier shape of page was gradually adopted; in fact there was a reversion to Hotten's style for the Waverley Novels. It remains in vogue still, but in get-up "sixpennies" have been made much more attractive, especially by the general use of very well illustrated covers.

A few figures given to me by a friendly publisher will show just how triumphant the "sixpenny" has been in England. Within a period of six years his firm sold six million "sixpennies," and what was the ultimate end of that sea of paper, Heaven only knows. You could not profitably issue a "sixpenny" unless you could sell at least fifty thousand copies. But many of them would sell two and three hundred thousand copies, so there was a good haul alike for author and publisher. The rise of the "sixpenny" had a serious effect on the sale of the old-fashioned English magazines, those that have quietly passed away within memory. These, when they first came along, destroyed the "yellow-back" novel at two shillings, and in turn the sixpenny reprint invaded their stability. Everybody read a "sixpenny" and then threw it away; its appeal was universal. Moreover, a story had to be of proved quality before it got to the sixpenny stage, and this understanding accredited it alike to the "man in the street" and the man in the study.

Once I remember asking the publisher of many "sixpennies" what were the qualities needed in them. He answered that they must have the qualities which made a man or a woman a popular novelist; first, power of expression; secondly, imagination; thirdly, that touch of human nature which makes the whole world kin. These were the elemental things in a story that appealed to the "wild mob's million feet," although "head" would have to be substituted for the last word in that half line from Tennyson. Any of the three qualities mentioned would command a public; if the whole three were present in a novel, then it was not only sure of popularity, but had a chance of eternity. Always those will be the elements which the crowd seeks in its fiction reading, and if that be so, why should the "sixpenny" rather have fallen on changed days? Why, because for sevenpence you can now get comparatively new novels so well presented in cloth bindings as to be worth keeping after they have been read. That is the supreme advantage which the "sevenpenny" has over the "sixpenny," and it keeps telling more and more as time goes on.

What we find now is that the publication of "sixpennies" is becoming more a trade by itself than part of the ordinary book trade. In other words, it pays a publisher who has a novel likely as a "sixpenny" to lease it to somebody else, instead of issuing it himself in that form. The firm of George Newnes, whose founder died this Summer, is in the magazine trade, not the book trade, but it has a large and successful series of "sixpennies." Another series is published by the Harmsworths, and the Lloyds have shown what can be done with a complete reprint, in sixpenny volumes, of a standard author like Dickens. It comes to this, that, as the cloth-covered cheap reprint grows in the lists of book publishers, the "sixpenny" decreases, for one reason because they are farming it out, and for another because its general sale is not nearly so great as was the case five, certainly ten, years ago. Perhaps one is right in saying that the chief sale of the English sixpenny in paper covers is now through the railway book stalls and news agents. You pay sixpence for it at the book-stalls, but in a good many instances the price with the news agents would be fourpence halfpenny, or, in American money, nine cents.

What, the situation being as has thus briefly been indicated, is to be the future of this one-time very secure institution, the "sixpenny"? Perhaps prophecy is especially idle when it concerns books or fashions in forms of books. Nobody knows the future in that very speculative literary field, since everything depends on the rising generation of readers. But there is a certain guidance in two conditions which may be regarded as fixed; one that more and more the cloth-bound book is demanded at a low price; the other that, even so, there will always be casual reading enough to keep the "sixpenny" in being, if not as triumphant as it has been in past years.

JAMES MILNE.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

MARION HARLAND in her autobiography describes the invalidism of a few generations back as follows:

> Accustomed as I am to the improved physical condition of American women I wonder what was amiss with the gentlewomen of that generation; how they lived through the protracted seasons of "feeling poorly" and their confinement to bed and bed-chamber. The observation of that winter (1837) fixed in my imagination the belief that genteel invalidism was the normal state of what the colored servants classified as "real ladies." To be healthy was to approximate vulgarity.

HERMAN BERNSTEIN has decided to postpone his trip to Europe for the middle of October. Mr. Bernstein is engaged revising the proofs of his translation of Leonid Andreyev's tragedy "Anathema," which will be brought out in this country in September. He is also at work on a translation of "The Passion Players of Oberammergau," a drama based on the life of the villagers of Oberammergau. Aside from this he is putting the finishing touches on the two dramas, "Youth" and "Sold," which he has adapted for the Shuberts, and in which Madame Kalich is to appear this season.

HAMLIN GARLAND, whose recent novel, "Cavanagh: Forest Ranger," had forest preservation in the West for its atmospheric background, is now busily at work preparing a series of lectures to be delivered next Fall and Winter. He expects to present the conservation question by means of pictures as well as words, and for this purpose he will spend some time in the Rocky Mountains obtaining material for lantern slides.

PROF. THOMAS MATHER, F. R. S., M. I. E. E., co-author of "Practical Electricity," is well known for his original researches in determining electrical units and for his many industrial electrical inventions. He is Professor of Electrical Engineering at the City Guilds Technical College, South Kensington, London.

DAVID DEVANT, the English magician, has been led to write a book entitled "Magic Made Easy." As one would expect, Mr. Devant has some interesting things to tell the reader about modern magic. "Magic," he says, "is an art by means of which a man can exercise a kind of spell over others, and persuade them into believing that they are seeing some natural law disobeyed." "What a Conjurer Can Do," "How He Does It," "Impromptu Tricks," "Dinner Table Tricks," "Thought Reading Tricks," and "Card Tricks" are the headings of a few chapters of his book.

EDWARD H. GRIGGS is at Chautauqua this fortnight. One of his books, "The Use of the Margin," has just been published in a Swedish translation in Stockholm.

STEPHEN JENKINS'S novel of old New York "A Princess and Another," is to be placed in the libraries of the Navy.

(Continued on page 449)

DANTE IN ENGLISH LITERATURE

Dr. Toynbee Gives a Review of the Italian Poet's Influence in the Last Five Centuries

By WALTER LITTLEFIELD

A FEW years ago Prof. Kuhns printed a little volume entitled "Dante and the English Poets from Chaucer to Tennyson." There had been essays on the same subject before, but the aim of the new book was to show not only how the great Florentine had influenced writers of English verse within the period indicated, how they had paraphrased him, honestly construed him or plagiarized him, but to suggest that other great poets might be treated in a similar manner and thus form a new point of departure for the study of comparative literature. The Kuhns book is merely mentioned here to draw attention to the fact that the introduction to Paget Toynbee's two well-packed volumes dealing with "Dante in English Literature"* deals with the subject in a similar manner. This, however, forms a small item in the work.

In order that the purpose and scope of Dr. Toynbee's work may not be misunderstood, it is well to begin by defining it. It covers the period in English literature from the second half of the fourteenth century to the death of Cary, the most permanent translator of Dante, in 1844. Since that date there has been so much written about Dante in the English language that it would have been a stupendous task even to record it. Poems, histories, memoirs, letters, and conversations, even, have been studied and made to give up their citations, references, or mere indications that the writers were even remotely acquainted with the author of the "Commedia." Such material is preceded in each case with a brief biography of the author. All is arranged in chronological order. The fourteenth, fifteenth, and sixteenth centuries are represented by some fifty authors; the seventeenth by nearly sixty, the eighteenth by 150, and the first forty-four years of the nineteenth by over 300. The citations number nearly 5,000.

It is needless to say that Dr. Toynbee's work is the most exhaustive compendium of Dante's appearances in a foreign tongue. It may be discussed from the point of view of importance or from that of completeness. In how far has the author traced the influence of Dante from century to century as represented by the creative minds of the first order? Has the author included everything written in the English language about Dante?

A reply to the first question may be found in the introduction if perused with reference to the citations that make up the bulk of the work. But even then we have nothing more than an exposition. We learn that certain poets and prose writers were more or less acquainted with Dante, wrote more or less intelligently about him, felt his influence more or less; but as to why they did so, what journeys to Italy, what changes of English culture brought about Dante revivals, we are unable to determine from Dr. Toynbee's work.

To particularize: The influence of Dante on Chaucer, Spenser, Drayton, Milton, Pope, Landor, Ruskin, Macaulay, Carlyle, and other notables, would, if properly expatiated upon, show the development of a distinct force in English letters. What Dante meant to Byron, Keats, and Shelley would have emphasized this force with romantic and sentimental phases. But it is of no particular interest to the student of English literature that men like Francis Misson and Edward Wright and women like Hannah More and Lady Blessington knew the famous Florentine's verse and wrote about it. Enthusiasm for a great poet is hardly sufficient excuse for placing an obscure enthusiast on record.

From the other point of view, that of completeness, Dr. Toynbee's work leaves nothing to be desired, for a Danteist would say, to paraphrase Terence, "Durantis amicus sum, et nihil duranti a me alienum puto." Thus, while he might critically regard the writings of Landor, Cary, and Carlyle on the subject, become enthusiastic over Hazlitt's, Shelley's, and Byron's adoration as expressed in their verse or essays, view with tolerant pride Disraeli's and Gladstone's excursions in the "Commedia," he would be no less moved in a sentimental way by the enthusiasm of obscure travelers and students, whether or not that enthusiasm revealed critical appreciation.

Prior to the latter part of the fifteenth century there were just three references to Dante in English literature. Sixty years after his death Chaucer mentions him and borrows from him; Gower mentions him once, and John Lydgate several times. Many Elizabethan poets were more or less acquainted with Dante, as they were with Boccaccio and Petrarca, but it is doubtful whether there is any more ground for believing that Shakespeare knew anything of Dante than there is for the belief that the Florentine himself once took a course at Oxford. John Milton was not only acquainted with the "Commedia," but with Dante's less-known prose and verse. It is curious that with Milton's indebtedness and enthusiasm concerning Dante, his contemporaries and immediate successors should have paid so little attention to him.

In eighteenth century English the work of Dante began to make itself increasingly felt. Pope called attention to an actual "school of Dante" existing in English letters, and Gray, Akenside, Wharton, and Hayley drew attention to the "Commedia" with authority and enthusiasm. English translations from the "Commedia" began to appear. There were also curious paradoxes pronounced by otherwise enlightened minds. Neither Dr. Johnson nor the historian Gibbon had any use for Dante. Lord Chesterfield declared that he was "not worth the pains necessary to understand him"; Goldsmith pompously announced that he "addressed a barbarous people in a method suited to their apprehensions;" while Horace Walpole, with an audacity that does little credit to the author of "The Castle of Otranto," described the writer of the "Commedia" as a "Methodist parson in bedlam." Dante's name is never mentioned by Swift, Fielding, Richardson, or even Burke.

In 1772 there occurred an event which was destined to have an important influence on making Dante known to English readers and to furnish an undoubted inspiration for the study of his works in the original Tuscan. This was the birth of Henry Cary, who, between the years 1805 and 1814, accomplished that great and scholarly translation of the "Commedia," which, although occasionally rapped by Danteists, has victoriously stood the test of a century's popularity and criticism. It is a question what to admire more: the translator's complete knowledge of the Tuscan idiom or his ingenuity in finding poetical English equivalents.

Still, even Cary's translation, admirable as it is in construction, superb as it is as an original poem, was at first productive of very little scholarship. Byron was more in love with the romance of Dante's life and the beauty of his poem than he was with Dante as the founder of the modern Italian language. And so were Hunt, Shelley, and Hallam. The ethical prejudices of Hunt, the lack of perspective of Macaulay and Carlyle prevented them from being very great Danteists. Landor, for both reasons, to which may be added his scholastic pedantry cannot be taken very seriously. When that Neapolitan Constitutionalist, Gabriele Rossetti, propounded his elaborate yet ridiculous exposition of the "Commedia," there was no contemporary English scholar, not even Cary, sufficiently familiar with Dante and Florentine history to annihilate his theory.

The inspiration of Dante research in England, which was ultimately to find expression in our own times and beyond the pages of Dr. Toynbee's book through such men as Dr. Moore, J. A. Symonds, Dean Church, Dr. Hogan and Paget Toynbee himself was due, I think, almost as much to the enthusiastic defense of the poet as it was to the translations and the academic writings of men like Landor, Macaulay, and Carlyle. Byron, especially, as did his fellow poets who knew Italy, brought the Florentine very near to British popular appreciation. All were very sensitive lest Dante should be misunderstood and were quick to correct the careless handling of Dante's name.

"I will not go as far as Wordsworth," writes Byron in 1820, "who pretends that no great poet ever had immediate fame; which being interpreted, means that William Wordsworth is not quite so much read by his contemporaries as might be desirable. This assertion is as false as it is foolish. * * * Dante, Petrarch, Ariosto, and Tasso, were all the darlings of the contemporary reader. Dante's poem was celebrated long before his death: and, not long after it, States negotiated for his ashes, and disputed for the sites of the composition of the 'Divina Commedia.' Petrarch was crowned in the Capitol, Ariosto was permitted to pass free by the public robber who had read the 'Orlando Furioso.' I would not recommend Mr. Wordsworth to try the same experiment with his 'Smugglers'."

Later, in 1821, Byron wrote: "Read Schlegel. Of Dante he says, 'that at no time has the greatest and most national of all Italian poets ever been much the favorite of his countrymen.' 'Tis false! There have been more editors and commentators (and imitators, ultimately) of Dante than of all their poets put together. Not a favorite! Why, they talk Dante—write Dante—and think and dream Dante at this moment to an excess, which would be ridiculous, but that he deserves it. In the same style this German talks of gondolas on the Arno—a precious fellow to dare to speak of Italy! He says also that Dante's chief defect is a want, in a word, of gentle feelings. Of gentle feelings!—and Francesca of Rimini—and the father's feelings in Ugolino—and Beatrice—and 'La Pia'! Why, there is gentleness in Dante beyond all gentleness, when he is tender. It is true that, treating of the Christian Hades, or Hell, there is not much scope or site for gentleness—but who but Dante could have introduced any 'gentleness' at all into Hell? Is there any in Milton's? No—and Dante's Heaven is all love, and glory and majesty."

A hundred similar citations might be made from English men of letters of the first quarter of the last century. Tennyson, who, in 1865, in response to a request from the Florentines, wrote some lines in celebration of the sixth centenary of Dante's birth, early recognized this influence as a vital force calculated to excite English sympathy for the most illustrious name in Italian literature.

The proportion observed by Dr. Toynbee is most admirable. He gives extracts from the translations of Cary, Shannon, and others sufficient to show their character, while he quotes the essays of Landor, Hunt, Hazlitt, Macaulay, and Carlyle in extenso. Then, besides the literary references, there are episodes of Dante research recorded, as, for example, Seymour Kirkup's story of his discovery of the Bargello portrait of Dante at Florence in 1840.

Still, when all is taken note of, we must deny the author the achievement of having either critically or philosophically demonstrated the influence of Dante on English literature. He merely offers the material by which such an achievement may be brought about—an exhaustive compendium showing what Dante meant to between five and six hundred writers of English during a period of some 460 years. The material for critical appreciation is there; but the great charm of the work, especially for Danteists, will be found in desultory reading and in discovering how little or how great was the Florentine's hold on English writers. The contrasts of enthusiasm and disparagement, of knowledge and ignorance, unfold before the eyes a panoramic series of personal documents which are a delight for a lover of Dante to peruse, although of no particular value to Dante scholarship.

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*DANTE IN ENGLISH LITERATURE FROM CHAUCER TO CARY. (C. 1380-1844). By Paget Toynbee, M. A. With Introduction, Notes, Biographical Notices, Chronological List, General Index. Two Volumes. New York: The Macmillan Company. $5.

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Recreation in the Great Dismal Swamp.. R. R. Allen
Trying Out a Cruising Motor Boat...... A. G. Cuthbert
Notes on Canoes and Canoeing..George Barry
The Mountain and the Bean-Pot........ John A. Brandon

DELINEATOR

Out of the Wilderness........Dorothy Canfield
Love and Mademoiselle Clemence........ Helen Stirling Thomas
The Brother-Man..................Zona Gale
The Unforeseen..........Mary Stewart Cutting
Seven Times a Servant..........Anne Forsyth
To the Witness Stand—The Workingman's Wife ....Mary G. Field
Americans Abroad..............Harrison Rhodes
Women Who Are Making a Musical America ....John Warren
The Danger Line in Patent Medicines.... Woods Hutchinson, M. D.
Making the Country Home..Kate V. Saint Maur

DESIGNER

En Route ....Jean Louise de Forest
His Folks.....................Bessie R. Hoover
My Neighbors. II..............Annie H. Donnell
The Bill of the Great Doctor..Vincent Oswald
Wanted—Women in Alaska..Madge Arrowsmith
The Caravaners..............................
Author of "Elizabeth and Her German Garden."

ST. NICHOLAS

The Triple Play...........Ralph Henry Barbour
Out in the Big Game Country.....C. H. Rowe
The Party of the Second Part............. Pearl Howard Campbell
A New Sport for Boys. How to Make and Fly Model Aeroplanes....Francis A. Collins
The Nonsense Boy.............Charlotte Canty
Feeding the Puppies....Harriet Repplier Boyd
The League of the Signet Ring............ Mary Constance Du Bois
"Silent Sympathy"...........Herbert Dickson
The Last of the Freight Thieves..F. L. Coombs
A Labor Day Luncheon..........Carolyn Wells
A Friend of Children and of Dogs........ Rossiter Johnson
The Refugee.............Capt. Charles Gilson
Midsummer Echoes from Old Ocean..E. G. Lutz
The Spifferated Banjak......Charles F. Lester
The Young Wizard of Morocco.....B. Gilman
Books and Reading......Hildegarde Hawthorne

CASSIER'S

The Brussels International Exposition... J. O. Newman
Methods of Laying Out Cities .... Charles W. Barnaby
The Railways of Brazil ......Lionel Wiener
An Analysis of Lathe Gearing .... Thomas R. Shaw
The Mechanism of River Beds.....V. Lohktine
Engineering Reports ....Lucien Jones
Packing Machinery for Export....S. Whettal
Modern Spinning Machinery..H. M. Crawford

PICTORIAL REVIEW

Joyce of the North Woods..Harriet T. Comstock
The Little Reporter's Last Story........ Henry Sydnor Harrison
By Advice of Counsel........P. G. Wodehouse
The Three Princesses of Connaught..... Seumas MacManus
Caroline Bartlett Crane of Kalamazoo... Helen Christine Bennett
Waste in the American Home..Marion Harland
The Municipality and the Child......... Maude Pingree Baldwin
Daughters with Millions................. Anne Steese Richardson
For the Home with Small Children...... Alice Grant

GARDEN-FARMING

Succession Crops in the Flower Garden.. Mrs. Francis King
Little Gardens on Crannied Walls. H. S. Adams
"Sours and Dillies".............John Gifford
Choosing a Site for the Garden...W. S. Rogers
What Is a "Primrose"?....Sherman R. Duffy
Plant Daffodils Now...............A. M. Kirby
Pink, Blue, and Yellow for a Shaded Garden ....Annie D. McKibbin
Color Harmonies in Adjoining Beds.M. N. Reed
A Profitable Hobby in Dahlias.......... Mrs. Edward Warren
Children's Gardens Everywhere......... Ellen Eddy Shaw
The Advantage of a Coldframe.W. C. McCollom
Fall Planted Vegetables..Julie Adams Powell
How to Keep Squash.........H. F. Grinstead
Harvesting the Crops..........W. H. Jenkins
Caring for the New Strawberry Bed.... M. Roberts Conover
Roadside Gardening Club....Thomas McAdam
Sulphate of Iron for Weeds and Other Things ....A. C. Brown
A New Lawn Pest..................E. P. Felt
Fall Planting in the Middle West........ Fred Nussbaumer

EDUCATIONAL REVIEW

Contributions to the History of American Teaching ....W. C. Doane
A Neglected Cause of Retardation...... Winthrop D. Sheldon
Football in the High School....A. H. Maurer
Observation and Practice Teaching in the New York City Training Schools....... Andrew W. Edson
Mathematics in the College Course...... H. E. Hawkes.
Scientific Methods in Education.......... Raymond W. Sies
William Torrey Harris—The Man........ James M. Greenwood
Current Educational Publications.

PHILADELPHIA BOOK NEWS

PHILADELPHIA, Aug., 12.—"Eldorado '29'" is the title of an attractive volume put out this week by the John C. Winston Company. It is the work of Francis I. Maule, of this city, who has told in spirited verse a series of vivid Alaska tales. Mr. Maule is more intent upon his story than on the technical quality of his lines, but his picture of the struggle and strain of the life of a prospector and of his relaxations is a very human one. The volume is prettily illustrated with half tone pictures of Alaskan scenes and is embellished with page drawings in tint appropriate to the subject and text.

Congressman Joel Cook's latest contribution to the handsome series of photogravure illustrated books of travel, issued by the Winston Company, will soon be ready, its completion having been delayed by the serious illness of the author. In this work Mr. Cook describes the "Mediterranean and Its Borderlands," covering the course of a complete cruise around the Mediterranean, the first volume dealing with Madeira, Gibraltar and Southern Spain and France, the Riviera, Southern Italy, Naples, Sicily, Tunis, Algeria and Morocco. In the second he takes his readers to Greece, Constantinople, Asia Minor, Palestine and up the Valley of the Nile.

The Henry Altemus Company published this week the first of a new series of boys' books to bear the title "The Circus Boys." This first volume will be devoted to "The Circus Boys on the Flying Rings," and is from the pen of E. B. P. Darlington. The series will be fully illustrated and is expected to strike a responsive note in the heart of boy readers.

Montague Glass's "Potash and Perlmutter" this week passed into a third edition, and "The Circuit Rider," also an Altemus publication, is in its fourth thousand. The latter story, by Cora Harris, is a real human document and reveals the life of a Methodist itinerant preacher as it is seen by his wife.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS

History and Biography

THE QUAKER BOY: A Tale of the Outgoing Generation as It Appears Chronicled in the Autobiography of Robert Barclay Dillingham. 12mo. New York: Cochrane Publishing Co.

THE WOMEN NAPOLEON LOVED. By Tighe Hopkins. 8vo. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $4.50.

Essays

THE DURABLE SATISFACTION OF LIFE. By Charles W. Eliot. 12mo. New York: T. Y. Crowell & Co. $1.

LONGFELLOW AND OTHER ESSAYS. By William P. Trent. 12mo. New York: T. Y. Crowell & Co. $1.50.

EDGAR ALLAN POE: A Centenary Tribute. By William P. Trent and others. Edited by Heinrich Ewald Buchholz. 12mo. Baltimore: Warwick & York.

Religion

FROM PASSION TO PEACE. By James Allen. 12mo. New York: T. Y. Crowell & Co. 50 cents.

SEEKING AFTER GOD. By Lyman Abbott. 12mo. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell & Co. $1.

WHAT IS ESSENTIAL? By George Arthur Andrews. 12mo. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell & Co. $1.

A VALID RELIGION FOR THE TIMES. By Parley P. Womer. 12mo. New York: Broadway Publishing Co. $1.

MUSIC IN THE CHURCH. By Peter Christian Lutkin. 12mo. Milwaukee. Young Churchman Co.

Travel and Description.

FINLAND AS IT IS. By Harry De Windt. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

QUIET DAYS IN SPAIN. By C. Bogue Luffmann. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

Fiction

NEW FACES. By Myra Kelly. 12mo. New York: C. W. Dillingham & Co.

BUCKY O'CONNOR. By William MacLeod Raine. 12mo. New York: C. W. Dillingham & Co.

THE PEACOCK OF JEWELS. By Fergus Hume. 12mo. New York: C. W. Dillingham & Co.

THE HOUSE ON STILTS. By R. H. Hazard. 12mo. New York: C. W. Dillingham & Co.

JOHN MARSH'S MILLIONS. By Charles Klein and Arthur Hornblow. 12mo. New York: C. W. Dillingham & Co.

BREEN VILLAGERS. By Beulah C. Harretson. 12mo. New York: Broadway Publishing Co. $1.

THE WINDOW AT THE WHITE CAT. By Mary Roberts Rinehart. 12mo. Indianapolis: Bobbs, Merrill & Co.

Educational and Juvenile

THE STORY OF JESUS TOLD FOR CHILDREN. By Elf. Jones. 12mo. New York: T. Y. Crowell & Co. $1.50.

THE RIVERSIDE EDUCATIONAL MONOGRAPHS. Edited by Henry Suzzallo. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. 35 cents each. "The Problem of Vocational Education," by David Snedden; "The Teacher's Philosophy In and Out of School," by William De Witt Hyde; "The Ideal Teacher," by George Herbert Palmer.

THE SECOND SHEPHERDS' PLAY; EVERYMAN AND OTHER PLAYS. Translated with notes and introduction by Clarence Griffin Child. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. 40 cents. (Riverside Literature Series.)

THE HISTORY OF POLITICAL THEORY AND PARTY ORGANIZATION IN THE UNITED STATES. By Simeon D. Fess. 8vo. New York: Ginn & Co. $1.50.

SHORT THEMES. By Arthur H. Nason. 12mo. New York University Heights: Published by the author. $1.25.

Miscellaneous

THE DIRECTION OF DESIRE. By Stanley M. Bligh. 12mo. New York: Henry Frowde. $1.

BACKWOODS SURGERY AND MEDICINE. By Charles Stuart Moody. 12mo. New York: Outing Publishing Co. 75 cents.

A SCIENTIFIC CURRENCY. By William Howe Crane. 12mo. New York: Broadway Publishing Co. $1.

HELPS FOR PLAYERS OF AUCTION BRIDGE. By Florence Linder McColl. (Paper.) 50 cents.

FOUR EPOCHS OF LIFE. By Elizabeth Hamilton Muncie. 12mo. New York: Greaves Publishing Co.

STUDIES IN DICKENS. Edited by Mabell S. C. Smith. 12mo. Chautauqua, N. Y.: Chautauqua Press.

NATURE'S TRUTHS TOLD TO A LITTLE MAID. By Margaret Irving. 12mo. New York: Aberdeen Publishing Co.

A BIBLIOGRAPHY OF HISTORY FOR SCHOOLS AND LIBRARIES. By Charles M. Andrews and others. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. 60 cents.

TABLES OF DECLENSION AND CONJUGATION. By Simon A. Neuhausen. 12mo. New York: S. Druckerman. 15 cents.

SOME GREAT STORIES AND HOW TO TELL THEM. By Richard Thomas Wyche. 12mo. New York: Newson & Co.

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS. Mostly From the Presses of the First Printers. Showing the Progress of Printing with Movable Metal Types Through the Second to the Fifteenth Century. Collected by Rush C. Hawkins. 8vo. Oxford: University Press.

THE ETHICS FOR CHILDREN. By Ella Lyman Cabot. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.25.

CAMP AND TRAIL METHODS. By E. Keeps. 12mo. Columbus, Ohio: A. R. Harding Publishing Company.

PENNSYLVANIA DUTCH

"GEORG SCHOCK," although the pen name of Miss Katherine Riegel Loose of Reading, Pa., is also a genuine family name, that of Miss Loose's paternal grandfather. The present "Georg Schock" is extremely proud of her German descent, and it is the Germans of her ancestral home (Pennsylvania) whom she has depicted in her "Hearts Contending."

VIEWS OF READERS

"Work—Accidents and the Law"

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

The very interesting article in THE TIMES REVIEW of last Saturday on "Work—Accidents and the Law" suggests many thoughts to the close observer of present-day economics. It is pleasing to see that Miss Eastman appears to comprehend that a man is an asset of the State and not a liability, and being such it is the duty of the State, of society and of the individual, not excepting the man himself, to preserve that asset in its highest efficiency. Unfortunately the employers of labor seldom look at a human being from that point of view. To them a worker is merely a piece of machinery supplied to an establishment by some one, and to that some one belongs the task of keeping the worker in working condition. It never seems to occur to the employer that he has any responsibility in the matter beyond paying the agreed hire for the human machine. It matters little to him whether the man receives sufficient remuneration to insure the continuance of his strength or not. And the employer is almost as indifferent regarding the safety of the life and limbs of the employe. Hence, it is that so little is done to provide mills and factories with safety devices. Men are cheap and plentiful, safety devices are expensive.

We must not, however, place all the responsibility for the care of the workers upon the employers. The latter are the victims of a vicious system of industry that compels them to unjust and inhuman acts in self-preservation. Many owners of manufacturing establishments deplore the hard and dangerous conditions under which their hands work, but it would be commercial suicide for any one to make proper improvements unless all did so. It is useless, therefore, to expect any great change in conditions, as long as the system of savage competition for trade is permitted to continue. There are signs of promise that a change will come in our present business methods, but that can only be effected by the people acting through the several State Governments, and they will so act when a majority have been taught that the injury of one is the concern of all.

Few people seem to realize that when a worker is incapacitated, by either accident or disease, it is a social calamity and loss. It is a well known statistical fact that one man's work will support ten others. If all were employed in productive labor, and if the product were equitably distributed, every man would be rich beyond the dreams of avarice. We have become so accustomed to reading of accidents on our railways, and in our mines, mills and factories that even the frightful list of casualties given in Miss Eastman's book excite little if any comment. It is seldom or never that we connect the high cost of living with the maiming of workers that goes on uninterruptedly for 365 days in the year. Of course many sensitive people are deeply distressed over the suffering these accidents cause and endeavor to relieve the poverty that almost invariably follows, but even those worthy people seem to see only the effect upon those directly dependent upon the injured breadwinner.

The evil to society as a result of these accidents is great and widespread. The enforced idleness of so vast a number reduces the production of wealth by so much. Not only that, but it calls for an army of doctors, nurses, and attendants to be drawn from the number of producers. It also requires the services of a multitude of masons, bricklayers, carpenters, painters, and all sorts of mechanics to build hospitals, who otherwise would be employed in building homes for the millions of homeless. The burden of idleness and unnecessary labor is becoming unbearable, and society must soon provide some form of relief to save itself from destruction. This fact is forcing itself more and more on the attention of our legislators, but they cannot move ahead of the people they represent. The whole community must be educated to see the evil that threatens. The cause must be thoroughly known before an adequate remedy can be prescribed. It is gratifying to find that an earnest effort is being made by such books as "Work—Accidents and the Law" to point out the evil, the cause and the remedy, and thus educate the units of society in their duty to themselves. If the productive capacity of a man can be increased both he and society will be benefited morally and materially. Furthermore, as every individual is a ward of the State, (properly the people,) it is the bounden duty of the State (the people) to use every possible means to preserve the life, health, and strength of every member of the community. L. JULIAN McINTYRE.

New York, Aug. 7.

Progress in Texan Schools

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

You asked me to give you some account of the schools of Texas. I know no better way than to give you the evolution of the schools of Fort Worth. The writer was selected Superintendent of these schools in 1882, when in school property there was not a shingle or an inkstand. The schools, however, opened in October with 600 pupils and 17 teachers; of the latter there were 4 for the colored pupils. In the organization, I said to the Board: "The woman holding the same grade of certificate and expected to do the same teaching as the man should have the same compensation." The board gave it to her.

Further, I said that the colored teacher having the same certificate as the white should have the same remuneration. The board granted this also. The schools continued to grow in popularity and in usefulness until, withdrawing from them two years ago, there was an actual attendance of 10,000 pupils, with 250 teachers and with school property valued at $1,500,000.

The subjects taught, in addition to the pure literary branches, are vocal music, writing and drawing, manual training for the boys, and both domestic science and domestic art for the girls. We claim modestly that we have in our schools as efficient teachers as Boston has, or any of the progressive advanced school systems of our country. The schools of the State have progressed pari passu with the cities. The parents of the country now have the right to vote for the education of the country boy and girl the same tax as is granted to the city, 50 cents in the $100. State Superintendent Cousins tells me that in 1907-8 there were built in the State 341 new buildings and repaired 1,174. Of the school days (112) in Texas there were new buildings that year more than 3 a day, and repaired for the same time more than 10½ per day. The increase in actual attendance and in compensation of the teachers have been equal in advancement. I am insisting now that all through our school systems we shall have in view "the equal cultivation of the head, the heart and the hand"—that we should lay stress on the education of the heart, morals, purer homes, fairer dealings, broader patriotism, better citizenship; that every school house should be a character builder. ABE HOGG.

New York, Aug. 8.

The Use of "An."

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

The letter of S. T. Byington that appeared in THE TIMES of July 30 respecting the use of "a" before an initial "h" is certainly interesting, since it shows a change that has taken place in literary usage during the last two decades.

While Webster's International Dictionary of 1890 advocated the use of "an" before words like "habitual" and the like, (where the accent did not fall on the initial syllable,) the New International states the case as follows:

> In present usage "an" is invariably used before words beginning with a vowel sound, as an enemy, an hour, an oak; and "a" is invariably used, except as noted below, before words beginning with a consonant sound, as a table, a woman, a year, a unit, a eulogy, a oneness, such a one, a history, a historian, a hypothesis, a hyena. Some writers, however, use "an" before words beginning with "h" in an unaccented syllable, as an historian, an hypothesis, an hotel; and British writers not uncommonly use "an" before such words as union, ewe, euphony, eudometer, euphonic, &c., beginning with the sound of "y" (u-yoo.) Formerly "an" was used before both consonant and vowel sounds. "An eunuch."—Milman. "An universal."—Lockhart. "An union."—Poll. & Mait.

It is merely another instance of the hifting use in language. A. Y. BAKER.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 3.

"Who Was Sandy Gordon?"

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

The above question was asked in a letter signed John F. Matthews in one of the last month's issues in 1909. The writer of it refers to a "booklet" entitled "Itinerarium Septentrionale," written by a Scotchman, which had a great success and the honor of translation into Latin. Your correspondent indicates it was well known in Britain and Ireland fifty years ago. Having done some archaeological research, and not having heard of the book, my interest was aroused, especially as it is stated to be a "booklet," and presumably could embrace but a small itinerary.

I caused inquiry to be made, and the British Museum Catalogue looked up, but could get no information on the subject, and was told it did not appear in the catalogue either by name or title given.

I have not noticed any further reference in your much valued paper, and write in the hope that Mr. Matthews has learned more about the matter or some one else can add particulars, etc., as I should like to know if there is a copy in this city. Perhaps Mr. Matthews may notice this and favor us with later information.

New York, Aug. 4. E. W. HUDSON.

AT LANIER CAMP

JAMES OPPENHEIM, author of "Wild Oats," is staying at present at the Lanier Camp, Eliot, Me., a camp run by Mr. Sidney Lanier, the son of Sidney Lanier the poet

AMONG THE AUTHORS

(Continued from page 446)

Mr. Jenkins is a retired Lieutenant who commanded the collier Abarenda during the Spanish-American War. He is now the Vice Principal of a New York City public school.

JUSTUS MILES FORMAN in his new novel, "Bianca's Daughter," has furnished the English critics with a dog-days' controversy. In "Bianca's Daughter" two men are devoted to a girl of twenty. One of them is her own age and the other a man of forty, or old enough to be the girl's father. His interest in her, however, is not fatherly. Clement K. Shorter uses Mr. Forman's novel as a text for asserting that in England the age for marriage among men has increased lately, and goes on to quote Locker Lampson: "A wife should be half the age of her husband, with seven years added. Thus, if the gentleman be twenty, his wife should be seventeen. If he be thirty-six, she should be twenty-five, and so on. No lady of the ripe age of fifty-seven has a right to indulge in the luxury of a spouse who is less than a century."

WILLIAM J. LOCKE'S "Simon the Jester" appears in a second large edition within a fortnight after publication.

MR. G. K. CHESTERTON'S new volume of essays was recently quoted in this column as bearing the title "What Is the Matter with the World." The correct title of this book is "What's Wrong with the World."

JAMES MELVIN LEE, editor of Judge, is attending the eighth annual convention of the American Press Humorists' Association, in session this week at Montreal.

THOMAS HARDY is thus spoken of by a man who has recently returned to London from the Wessex (Hardy) country. He attempts to explain why Mr. Hardy is denied "greatness" in his own country:

> The reason is partly because Hardy is an almost solitary literary miracle in a wholly unliterary world. Indeed, it is the glorious unconsciousness of Wessex that has helped Hardy enormously to make it a subject for supreme art. The Wessex people have lived and grown around him as naturally as the landscape with which their whole being is interpreted, and the accident of Hardy's genius has made the people and the place grow together in those wonderful books as well.
>
> Partly, of course, it is because Hardy has grown there himself as naturally as they, and is, in half his personality, as unselfconscious a Wessex man as any. It is an astonishing contrast to talk of life and death with this profound, deeply cultured poet in his home and then to go out with him into the town and find him a comparatively humble but always welcome guest, in parlor or behind the shop, talking of this or that good gossip with as much purely personal interest as the folk themselves.

MR. TIGHE HOPKINS, author of "The Women Whom Napoleon Loved," to be published early in the autumn, calls himself a "writer" rather than an author, being a contributor to London newspapers, to American and English magazines, and a maker of novels, volumes of travels and reminiscences, and studies in history. He is also the editor of Carleton's "Traits and Stories" in the Red Letter Library.

MISS LILIAN WHITING has returned from Florence, where she has been spending six months collecting material for her projected account of the years passed in the city by the Brownings, who, as everybody knows, loved Florence with an affection which was returned with interest.

ADMIRAL MAHAN is sneered at by a German newspaper as one who in action earned no rank higher than that of Captain. This paper virtually says that this shows that Admiral Mahan is nobody in particular.

OSMAN NOWRI, author of "Abdul Hamid: His Life and His Reign," is the first biographer of Turkish royalty to be read by his subjects and yet to be unmoved. The ex-Sultan, it is said, is taking notes as he reads, apparently with the purpose of making corrections. But what is that compared to being revised with bastinado and bowstring?

GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER lived for a time at Connorsville, Hoosierana, and married a Connorsville girl. Further, it was during his residence in the state of pawpaws and poets that he wrote his short story, "The Strike Breaker," which first brought him into special prominence in the field of fiction. Since then, it is said, he has had more stories, long and short, printed in the high-class magazines than any other American writer.

DR. HENRY C. McCOOK in his "Ant Communities" has shown that the ants possess something very like a civilization, and more recently Garrett P. Serviss, the astronomer, has written a story of his experiments with an ant hill, which reveals that he, too, has been much impressed by the "human behavior" of the insects. While Mr. Serviss does not pretend to the technical knowledge of Dr. McCook there is great similarity between the points of view and the tentative conclusions of these two scientists regarding insect intelligence.

ANY BOOK
For full information about any book referred to in *The Times* or elsewhere, write, telephone, or call at
Putnams
Retail Dept.,
27 W. 23 St.,
New York.

PEARY'S BOOK
The NORTH POLE
Will be Ready About September 25
Published by Stokes

The Wild Olive
is the best selling
novel in the U. S.

WHITE MAGIC
"A Ten-Strike in Fiction"
By DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS

McCutcheon's
THE BUTTERFLY MAN
Latest Success

HAPPY
ISLAND
The new "Uncle William" book, by Jennette Lee. $1.00. The Century Co.

MacGrath's Best Book
A SPLENDID HAZARD
Illustrated in color by Harrison Fisher and Howard Chandler Christy
The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Publishers

SALLY BISHOP
A Romance
E TEMPLE THURSTON

Autograph Letters of Celebrities Bought and Sold. Send for price lists.
WALTER R. BENJAMIN, 225 Fifth Av., New York.
Pub. "THE COLLECTOR," $1 a yr.

BOOKS All out-of-print books supplied, no matter of what subject. Please state wants. Baker's Great Book Shop, Birmingham, England.

Formost Book
Advertising Medium

In the seven months of 1910 The New York Times published 114,897 lines of book publishers' announcements, a greater volume than any other newspaper in the world.

The New York Times Saturday Review of Books, with a circulation far exceeding 175,000 copies, is read by the greatest number of those who are interested in books, who want information about books, and who are buyers of books. It is therefore the most effective and economical book advertising medium in the world.

The New York Times
Saturday Review
of Books

More Book News
More Book Readers
More Book Advertising
Than any other newspaper.

LITERARY NOTES FROM BOSTON

A Book on Paris—Some Books for Young People—Miss Jewett's "Stories and Tales"—Forthcoming Fiction

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Very rightly does "Pages from the Book of Paris" stand on the October list of Houghton Mifflin Co. as by Claude C. Washburn and Lester G. Hornby, for the latter makes an impression with his etchings as deep and as detailed as that given by the author, and the impression is the very self of Paris; of the Paris seen by the American who goes to that city knowing not only her history and her literature, but also knowing the criticism of her to be found in American literature and art, and therefore not bewildered by the panorama of her daily life. Both author and artist have long watched that panorama, and, as the former's crisp, unhackneyed sentences convey its unique quality, so the latter catches the precise angle giving the background, the very curve in figure or drapery, the very grouping which says "This is Paris, not Vienna, or Rome, or Petersburg, but Paris." The picture on the cover is as good as a scene from a Henry James novel, with its audacious lady illustrating the latest freak in dress and attitude, her half inch of profile indicating the witticism just launched at her two companions, who sit, evidently making phrases for reply, one as a person who expected exactly that thrust, and is prepared for it, the other as one familiar with the game and duly thankful that he is enjoying it, and the full-page plates are equally significant.

Miss Alice Brown's novel of this year is also scheduled for October, and its title, "John Winterbourne's Family," fairly indicates its class, one long a favorite with this author, who is mistress of the art of dealing with the actions and reactions of character in a family group, and who never forgets the bond indissolubly uniting all the family members yet leaving each one comfortably free to exhibit his or her worst traits to the others, but holding the best of them to faithful service and self-sacrifice.

Between the autograph hunter and the lady yearning to confide the inmost secrets of her being to any stranger whose address puts him at her mercy, the writer of sentiment of any kind, fiction, poetry, or reflective work is in these days so besieged by letters from readers that he may be excused from overrating his own influence, but correspondents of other species are addressing both Mr. John Graham Brooks and his publishers in regard to his "An American Citizen," the biography of the late William H. Baldwin, Jr. Teachers and philanthropists declare themselves assured that this is precisely the work needed to guide the young and to promote good works, and further, it seems to have touched boys and young men, classes not often deeply affected by such books, still less often impelled to confide their feelings to strangers. Making all allowance for the reflected influence of Mr. Baldwin's father's philanthropy and public service, the emotion aroused by the book is extraordinary, and is cheering to those accustomed to see good example almost ineffective, as compared with bad.

A seven-volume edition of the late Miss Sarah Orne Jewett's "Stories and Tales" is to come early in Autumn. It will have a photogravure frontispiece in each volume, and will include "Tales of New England," selected by the author as the best of her early work; "The Life of Nancy," "The Queen's Twin," "Deephaven," "A Native of Winby," "The Country of the Pointed Firs," and "The Country Doctor," in which Miss Jewett drew the portrait of her father. This edition is to be sold only in sets. Many of the books may still be obtained singly, as they were often reprinted while Miss Jewett lived, but the new "The Country of the Pointed Firs" will differ from the old edition of that work in containing "William's Wedding," which was published in the July Atlantic, and is a sequel to "A Dunnet Shepherdess," printed in the same magazine eleven years ago.

The date originally announced for Miss Waller's book will bring "The Man and the Dragon," by Mr. Alexander Otis, a novel in which a young editor simultaneously fights a "boss" and a ring of "traction promoters," the natural allies, as he describes them, of the boss, and needs a double allowance of courage. This book will be preceded by a new edition of "Susan Clegg, her Friend, and her Neighbors," containing not only the original volume, but the later stories of the extraordinary Susan. The author, Anne Warner, has found the right photographer in London, and her latest picture which appears in the firm's "Autumn Announcements" is superior to any of its predecessors.

Messrs. Little, Brown & Co. will be compelled to delay the publication of Miss Waller's "Flamsted Quarries," announced for Sept. 10, even longer than at first seemed necessary, for the orders, it is said, have already far exceeded one large edition prepared, and no provision has yet been made for Boston or for the New England libraries. Meantime, "The Wood-carver of 'Lympus'" is selling faster than in its earliest days.

A new translation of "The Iliad of Homer," by Mr. Prentiss Cummings, will be published by this house, in October, in the uncommon shape of two small volumes. The hexameter is the form of verse chosen by the translator, who exercised his discretion in omitting passages not essential to the story. The work of preparing the book has occupied Mr. Cummings some twenty years, and in his introduction he inserts a discussion of the difficulties involved in shaping English hexameters that is calculated to content both the Greek scholar and the critic of English.

The first novel on the Autumn list of Messrs. Sherman, French & Co. will be "The Unstrung Bow," a Peruvian story by Mr. D. C. Batchelor of Goshen, Ind. Nearly all the books of this house have been announced and their publication will now proceed rather rapidly.

Volume IX. of the American Unitarian Association's complete edition of Theodore Parker comes into unexpected demand as it is discovered that it contains Parker's opinions on public education, his review of the Boston school committee reports, and the reports of the State Board of Education. The reports of the days when Mr. Parker was a well known preacher were much more carefully written than those now put forth; they dealt less with finance and more with pedagogy,—although they knew not the word,—and they are really instructive although half a century old. Parker's own hobby was a high school for girls, a luxury denied to the city of Boston long after it had been obtained by many smaller places under the town law of the State, and he lost no opportunity of speaking about it. The title of the volume is "Sins and Safeguards of Society," and it is suggested partly by the two anti-slavery discourses with which the book opens. The notes are by Mr. Samuel B. Stewart, and aid the reader in understanding a period in which the rigid standards of the early republic were changing under foreign and transcendental influences, some good, some mischievous, and both still active.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

A BUSINESS MAN ABROAD

THE IMPORTANCE of Leander A. Bigger's four-volume work "Around the World with a Business Man" (the John C. Winston Co., $12), is hardly commensurate with its bulk. Mr. Bigger recently made two tours in foreign lands, in the course of which he visited Europe, the Near East and the Far East, and saw in the countries he looked over the things usually seen by able-bodied and conscientious tourists. His book is simply a collection of the letters he sent home, descriptive of scenes and incidents that had interested him—letters of the sort we all have received from friends traveling abroad and have enjoyed generally because of their personal quality, and rarely because they have told us anything new and important.

One naturally infers from the book's title that it is made up of observations bearing on matters of business; but the title is quite misleading. The author, although he may be a business man when he is at his home in Kansas, was not a business man when he was abroad, but just an ordinary, wideawake sightseer.

No doubt most persons who look into Mr. Bigger's gorgeous red and gilt volumes, with his family crest stamped into the covers, will wonder what excuse he has to offer for making so big a book out of trivialties.

A DETECTIVE STORY

"THE MONKSGLADE MYSTERY" by Headon Hill (R. F. Fenno & Co.) has an ingeniously intricate plot involving a criminal gang's scheme against the life of an eminent Judge, the motives therefore, and the outcome of it all. A kidnapping case comes into the story; a romance is evolved, and the story is well named—for its atmosphere is thick with mysteries, which the author keeps spinning in the air as dexterously as does the juggler his balls. The unexpected is always happening, and it is very well manged when it appears. The many who revel in tales of crime and its detection will find "The Monksglade Mystery" good of its kind, though less credible, certainly, than the stories in which Sherlock Holmes and Luther Trant are the protagonists.

QUERIES AND ANSWERS FROM READERS

"Mother Shipton" and Her Prophecies—Sketch of Allen Upward—Judah Touro, Patriot and Philanthropist—The Old English Proverb "All's Fair in Love and War"—Ethel L. Voynich and Her Works

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though, if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

G. V. W.—Will you kindly inform me what reliance may be placed on the prophecies of "Mother Shipton?" Upon commenting upon her powers lately I was informed that investigation had proved that she had never said the things credited to her, and that no reliable records existed in proof thereof. Is this true?

"Mother Shipton" seems to be a mythical person. The earliest extant reference to her is in an anonymous tract, published in London in 1641, and entitled "The Prophecie of Mother Shipton in the Raigne of King Henry VIII., Foretelling the Death of Cardinall Wolsey, the Lord Percy, and Others, as Also What Should Happen in Insuing Times." This pamphlet bears on the title page an alleged portrait of the prophetess, and had a large circulation. The original edition is rare. Imitations of the work have been numerous. Meteorological predictions of Mother Shipton also appeared. William Lilly, astrologer, in "A Collection of Ancient and Modern Prophecies" (1645) quoted eighteen prophecies, which had already been identified with her name, and showed that sixteen had been duly fulfilled. In 1667 Richard Head published what purported to be a full account of her "Life and Death," representing her as a daughter of the devil, and of hideous aspect. In the "Strange and Wonderful History of Mother Shipton" (London, 1686) it is stated that she was born near Knaresborough July, 1488, was baptized as Ursula Southiel, at 24 married Toby Shipton, a carpenter of Skipton, and died at Clifton in 1561. Innumerable cheap books, chiefly published in the north of England, have since repeated Mother Shipton's prophecies in various forms, and, even in this day, "Mother Shipton's Fortune Telling Book" sells to the credulous. In 1862 Charles Hindley reprinted, in a garbled version, the 1687 edition of Head's life of "Mother Shipton," and introduced verses foretelling the invention of the steam engine and the electric telegraph and the end of the world in 1881. These verses attracted wide attention, but in 1873 Hindley admitted that he had forged them. So-called portraits and memorials of her are spurious.

JOHN STRONG NEWBERRY.—Will you kindly give me what information you can in regard to Allen Upward, the author of "The New Word"?

Allen Upward was born in Worcester, England, in 1863. He was educated at the Royal University of Ireland. He is a barrister at law, and practices on the South Wales Circuit. He went to Greece as a volunteer, ran the blockade of Crete, and took part in the invasion of Turkey by the Greek Army of Epirus in 1897. He was British Resident in Northern Nigeria, 1901, and occupied the mission to Macedonia, 1907-8. He is unmarried, and his latest given address is 6 Pump Court, Temple, E. C., London. He is the author of "Songs in Ziklag," 1888; "The Queen Against Owen," 1894; "The Prince of Balkistan," 1895; "A Crown of Straw," 1896; "A Flash in the Pan," (comedy, produced in Dublin by the Kendals), 1896; "Secrets of the Courts of Europe," 1897; "God Save the Queen," 1897; "A Day's Tragedy," 1897; "Treason," 1903; "Secret History of To-day," 1904; "Phantom Torpedo Boats," 1905, and "The East End of Europe," 1908. His recreations are yachting and bridge.

A. J. VIRGINIA.—Will you please give me the biography of Judah Touro, who was one of the largest contributors to the fund that built Bunker Hill Monument?

Judah Touro was born at Newport, R. I., June 16, 1775, and died in New Orleans, La., Jan. 13, 1854. He was the son of the Rev. Isaac and Reyna (Hays) Touro. His father was of Portuguese origin, and went from Jamaica, W. I., to Newport about 1760 to serve as minister of the Jewish congregation there. When Newport was taken by the British the synagogue was closed. The Touros went to Kingston, Jamaica, where the father died in 1783. Mrs. Touro then returned to the United States with her children, and made her home with her brother, Moses M. Hays, a merchant of Boston. She died in 1787. In 1802 Judah settled in New Orleans, opened a store, became the owner of ships and real estate, and was numbered among the prominent merchants of that city. During the defence of New Orleans by Gen. Andrew Jackson Judah served as a common soldier, and was severely wounded on Jan. 1, 1815. He and Amos Lawrence contributed $10,000 each for the completion of the Bunker Hill Monument. He improved the inclosure of the old Jewish cemetery at Newport, and bought the Old Stone Mill, which was then supposed to have been built by the Norsemen. He gave liberally to charitable objects during his life. He died unmarried. The provisions of his will disposed of more than half a million dollars in charity. Among the larger bequests was $80,000 for founding the New Orleans Almshouse. A large sum was left to Sir Moses Montefiore for almshouses in Jerusalem. He was buried in the old Jewish cemetery of Newport, his funeral being largely attended. A public meeting was held in Boston to express regret at his death.

A. D. B.—Will you please tell me the author or origin of the saying, "All's fair in love and war"?

This is an old English proverb, the origin of which does not appear to be known. In John Ray's "Compleat Collection of English Proverbs," published in 1742, it runs thus: "Fair chieve [comes] all where love trucks, [bargains]." Ray was an English naturalist, born 1627, died 1705. His father was a blacksmith of Black Notley, near Baintree, Essex. In 1670 Ray published anonymously the first edition of his "Collection of English Proverbs." The second edition, with "an appendix of Hebrew proverbs," appeared in 1678, and the third edition, "with a collection of English words not generally used," in 1737. This third edition was reissued in 1742. The fourth edition was published in 1768, and the fifth in 1813. It was republished, as "A Handbook of Proverbs," by H. G. Bohn in 1855. The proverb is not in Bartlett's "Familiar Quotations." It appears in W. C. Hazlitt's "English Proverbs" and in W. G. Benham's "Book of Quotations."

MANFRED SPITZER.—Will you be so kind as to give me what information you can regarding E. L. Voynich, author of "The Gadfly"? Was she born in England and are her works translated into other languages?

The author of "The Gadfly" is Mrs. Ethel Lilian Voynich. She was born in England in 1864, and is the daughter of Dr. George Boole, F. R. S. She holds the diploma of the Hochschule der Musik of Berlin. Her husband is Wilfrid Michael Voynich, a native of Lithuania, who was arrested in 1885 for participation in the Polish National movement, and was kept in prison, without trial, until 1890, when he escaped and sought refuge in England. Mrs. Voynich's publications, besides "The Gadfly," are "Russian Humor," "Stories from Garshin," "Jack Raymond," and "Olive Latham."

J. R. LEWIS.—Will you please let me know the value of a set of the "Works of Edgar Allan Poe," complete in ten volumes, published by Stone & Kimball, Chicago, dated 1894 and 1895? Evidently all of the volumes were not published simultaneously. It is edited by E. C. Stedman and George H. Woodberry; green binding stamped in gold. At the rear of the tenth volume is a statement to the effect that the set is a first edition, printed at the University Press, Cambridge, Mass.

The "Works of Edgar Allan Poe," ten volumes, 8vo, Chicago, Stone & Kimball, 1894-95, with extra portfolios of four plates by Aubrey Beardsley, brought $27.50 at the Armstrong sale.

Mrs. G. S. BROWN.—Will you kindly give me any information you have regarding Rosamund Marriott Watson, a writer of poetry?

Mrs. Rosamund Marriott Watson was born in London, England, in 1863. She is the youngest child of Benjamin Williams Ball and the wife of H. B. Marriott, Watson, the well-known author and journalist. Mrs. Watson's publications are "The Ballad of the Bird-Bride and Other Poems," "A Summernight and Other Poems," "Vespertilia and Other Poems," "After Sunset," "The Art of the House," and "The Heart of a Garden."

Answers From Readers

ALYS M. GORDON.—George Ashby is informed that in the compilation published by A. D. F. Randolph "The Shadow of the Rock and Other Poems" is found the poem, "I Shall Be Satisfied," author unknown, the fourth verse being:

Far out of sight while yet the flesh enfolds us
Lies that fair country where our hearts abide,
And if this bliss is naught more wondrous told us
Than these few words, I shall be satisfied.

L. C. HOLMES.—"The First Snowfall," asked for by H. Rothback in your issue of June 18, is by James Russell Lowell. The entire poem is here given:

The snow had begun in the gloaming,
And busily all the night
Had been heaping field and highway
With a silence deep and white.

Every pine and fir and hemlock
Wore ermine too dear for an earl,
And the poorest twig on the elm tree
Was ridged inch deep with pearl.

From sheds new-roofed with Carrara
Came chanticleer's muffled crow,
The stiff rails softened to swan's-down,
And still fluttered down the snow.

I stood and watched by the window
The noiseless work of the sky,
And the sudden flurries of snow-birds,
Like brown leaves whirling by.

I thought of a mound in sweet Auburn
Where a little headstone stood;
How the flakes were folding it gently,
As did robins the babes in the wood.

Up spoke our own little Mabel,
Saying, "Father, who makes it snow?"
And I told of the good All-father
Who cares for us here below.

Again I looked at the snowfall,
And thought of the leaden sky
That arched o'er our first great sorrow,
When that mound was heaped so high.

I remembered the gradual patience
That fell from that cloud like snow,
Flake by flake, healing and hiding
The scar that renewed our woe.

And again to the child I whispered,
"The snow that husheth all,
Darling, the merciful Father
Alone can make it fall!"

Then, with eyes that saw not, I kissed her;
And she, kissing back, could not know
That my kiss was given to her sister,
Folded close under deepening snow.

This appeal was also answered by F. L. Holmes, Brooklyn; Miss Ethel Eames, Kennebunkport, Me.; Minna Hyman, Besser, N. Y.; Justine Bayard Erving, Babylon, L. I.; C. L. Cohn, Cobbleskill, N. Y.; R. A. Cromis, Jr., New York; "M. E. W.," New York, who wrote that the poem was written after the death and burial of a little daughter, when the poet-father stood at the window and watched the snow flakes, and thought of the little grave at Mount Auburn, which was being covered by them, for the first time; Davis O. Holcombe, New York; R. Fleming, New York; Adele W. Besson, Jersey City, N. J.; Mrs. John Cummings, Toledo, Ohio; F. J. Halpin, New York; Gertrude Grove, Bridgeport, Conn.; Elizabeth Irene Cooper, Westfield, N. J.; "M. B. A.," New York; A. Newcomb, New York; L. F. Irwin, Washington, D. C.; Edward A. Macrum, Helena, Mont., W. P. Daniels, New York; Katherine T. Mathews, New York, and Mrs. C. Redding, New York.

VIOLET L. D'ARCY.—The words of the song asked for by "M. D. W." in The Review of the 9th ult., "concerning the love story of two toy soldiers and a doll in a toy shop," are given below:

THE TIN GEE-GEE.

I was strolling one day down the Lowther Arcade,
That place for children's toys,
Where you may purchase a dolly or a spade
For your good little girls and boys.
And as I passed a certain stall
Said a little wee voice to me,
"Oh! I am a Colonel in a little cocked hat
And I ride on a tin gee-gee."

Then I looked and a little tin soldier I saw,
In his little cocked hat so fine,
He'd a little tin sword that shone in the light
As he led a glittering line
Of tin Hussars whose sabres flashed in a manner a la militairee,
Whilst that little tin soldier he rode at their head,
So proud on his tin gee-gee.

Now that little tin soldier, he sobbed and he sighed,
As I patted his little tin head.
"What vexes your little tin soul?" said I.
And this is what he said,
"I've been on this stall a very long time
And I'm marked one-and-nine, as you see,
While just on the shelf above my head
There's a fellow marked two-and-three;
Now he hasn't got a sword and he hasn't got a horse,
And I'm quite as good as he;
Then why mark me at one-and-nine
And him at two-and-three?

"There's a saucy little dolly girl over there
And I'm madly in love with she.
And Oh! She has such a beautiful dress; 'tis a dress I do admire;
She has pearly blue eyes that open and shut when worked inside by a wire,
And when the folks had gone she used to ogle me;
But now that I'm marked only one-and-nine
She turns up her nose at me,
She turns up her little snub nose at me,
And flirts with two-and-three."

"Cheer up, my little tin man," said I. "I'll see what I can do.
You're a fine little fellow and 'tis a shame that she should so treat you."
So I took down the label from the upper shelf
And I marked him two-and-three,
And I labeled the other chap one-and-nine,
Which was very wrong of me;
But I felt so sorry for his little tin soul
As he rode on his tin gee-gee.

Now that saucy little dolly smiled once more,
For he'd risen in life, d'you see,
And it's so in this life, for I am in love
With a maiden of high degree.
But I am only marked one-and-nine
And t'other chap's two-and-three;
But a girl never looks at one-and-nine
With a likely two-and-three.

Information in relation to this song and copies of the verses have also been received from H. A. Laurie, New York; M. B. Dunham, Bear Island, N. H.; "E. P.," New York; "M. E. W..," New York; J. Finnerty, New York, and David Geddes, New York. We are informed that the song was written by Fred Capes, and was sung by Josephine Hall in the musical comedy "Mamselle 'Awkins."

JAMES B. SHRIGLEY.—Your correspondent, "J. N.. W.," will find "The man who has never smoked," &c., in Bulwer's "What Will He Do With It?" Book I., Chapter VI.

This appeal was also answered by Mary E. Herries, Brooklyn, and "E. P.," Baltimore, Md.

H. J. H.—The poem "When Winds are Raging," by Harriet Beecher Stowe, asked for by Button Island in your issue of July 9, is as follows:

When winds are raging o'er the upper ocean,
And billows wild contend with angry roar,
'Tis said, far down beneath the wild commotion,
That peaceful stillness reigneth evermore.

Far, far beneath, the noise of tempest dieth,
And silver waves glide ever peacefully,
And no rude storm, how fierce soe'er it flieth,
Disturbs the Sabbath of that deeper sea.

So to the heart that knows Thee, Love Eternal,
There is a temple, sacred evermore,
And all the babble of life's angry voices,
Dies in hush'd stillness at its peaceful door.

Far, far away the roar of passion dieth,
And loving thoughts rise calm and peacefully,
And no rude storm, how fierce soe'er it flieth,
Disturbs the soul that dwells, O Lord, in Thee.

O Rest of rests! O Peace serene, eternal!
Thou ever livest, and Thou changest not,
And in the secret of Thy presence dwelleth
Fullness of joy, both now and evermore.

This appeal was answered also by Robert Barbour, Montclair, N. J.

SARAH W. ADAM.—A correspondent named "H. C. C." inquires about a poem called "Misery's Pear Tree." I do not know the poem, but a leaflet by that name was printed by George H. Ellis, Boston, for the benefit of the Massachusetts Indian Association.

R. FLEMING.—The poem Camilla Ferguson in your issue of July 2 is seeking is that choice English classic, "Ode to a Nightingdale," by John Keats. It was published in 1820 in a small volume entitled "Lamia, Isabella, the Eve of St. Agnes, and Other Poems." The seventh stanza in which are the lines quoted by your correspondent reads:

Thou wast not born for death, immortal bird!
No hungry generations tread thee down;
The voice I hear this passing night was heard
In ancient days by Emperor and clown;
Perhaps the self-same song that found a path
Through the sad heart of Ruth, when, sick for home,
She stood in tears amid the alien corn;
The same that ofttimes hath
Charm'd magic casements, opening on the foam
Of perilous seas, in faery lands forlorn.

The Edinburgh Review for August, 1820, in a review of the book quotes eight lines of the seventh stanza among others from the ode as "equally distinguished for harmony and feeling."

There are two stories told of the occasion which led Keats to write his wonderful poem. One is that is was suggested by the continued song of a nightingale which in the Spring of 1819 had built its nest close to Wentworth Place. "Keats took great pleasure in her song, and one morning took his chair from the breakfast table to the grass plot under a plum tree, where he remained between two and three hours. He then reached the house with some scraps of paper in his hand, which he soon put together in the form of this ode."

The story as told by another is: "The death of his brother wounded him deeply, and it appeared to me from that hour he began to droop. He wrote his exquisite 'Ode to the Nightingale' at this time, and as we were one evening walking in the Kilburn meadows he repeated it to me, before he put it to paper, in a low tremulous undertone which affected me extremely." The two stories are not inconsistent.

This appeal was also answered by "M. S. W.," N. Y.; Arthur H. Merritt, N. Y.; A. L. Woodward, Utica, N. Y.; Roger S. Boardman, Bloomfield, N. J.; Rosamond Caldwell, N. Y.; Martha Hale Shackford, Wellesley, Mass.; Mary I. Turner, Brooklyn; W. W. Ellison, East Orange, N. J.; Hilda E. Hellman, Port Chester, N. Y.; Amelia P. Sable, N. Y.; E. C. Sternberger, Brooklyn; Edith M. Deacon, N. Y.; Lucy A. Khasan, N. Y.; James Shand, Brooklyn; "A. L. M," Binghamton, N. Y.; Jessie Wall, N. Y.; Miss Ethel G. Devoe, Tarrytown, N. Y.; L. R. Austin, New Haven, Conn.; Herman S. Kittredge, Washington, D. C.; C. S. Bartels, Brooklyn, and Julia M. Sloane, Dublin, N. H.

DE FOREST PINE.—In "Appeals to Readers" in your issue of July 9, 1910, Eva Jackson asks for the poem written by Thomas Paine. As this poem has an interesting history it may not be out of place to preface it by the following note:

Mr. Paine, while in prison at Paris, corresponded with a lady under the signature of "The Castle in the Air," while she addressed her letters from "The Little Corner of the World." For reasons which he knew not, their intercourse was suddenly suspended, and for some time he believed his fair friend to be in obscurity and distress. Many years afterward, however, he met her unexpectedly at Paris, in affluent circumstances and married to Sir Robert Smith.

The poem asked for is part of this correspondence, and is as follows:

FROM "THE CASTLE IN THE AIR" TO "THE LITTLE CORNER OF THE WORLD."

In the region of clouds, where the whirlwinds arise,
My Castle of Fancy was built;
The turrets reflected the blue from the sky
And the windows with sunbeams were gilt.

The rainbow sometimes in its beautiful state
Enamell'd the mansion around,
And the figures that fancy in clouds can create
Supplied it with gardens and ground.

I had grottoes and fountains and orange tree groves,
I had all that enchantment has told;
I had sweet shady walks for the gods and their loves,
I had mountains of coral and gold.

But a storm that I felt not had risen and roll'd,
While wrapped in a slumber I lay;
And when I looked out in the morning behold
My Castle was carried away.

It pass'd over rivers and valleys and groves,
The world, it was all in my view.
I thought of my friends, of their fates, of their loves,
And often, full often, of you.

At length it came over a beautiful scene
That nature in silence had made.
The place was but small, but 'twas sweetly serene,
And chequer'd with sunshine and shade.

I gazed and I envied with painful goodwill,
And grew tired of my seat in the air,
When all of a sudden my Castle stood still
As if some attraction was there.

Like a lark from the sky it came fluttering down
And placed me exactly in view;
When whom should I meet in this charming retreat,
This corner of calmness but you.

Delighted to find you in honor and ease,
I felt no more sorrow nor pain;
But the wind coming fair I ascended the breeze,
And went back with my Castle again.

Miss E. Adelaide Hahn, James Terry White and Lilian Knodt have also sent copies of the poem.

E. V. F. THOMPSON.—The poem "A Daily Reader" quotes from and asks the author of in your issue of July 2 is "A Woman's Last Word," by Robert Browning. The whole poem is as follows:

A WOMAN'S LAST WORD.

Let's contend no more, Love,
Strive nor weep:
All be as before, Love,
—Only sleep!

What so wild as words are?
I and thou
In debate as birds are,
Hawk on bough!

See the creature stalking
While we speak!
Hush and hide the talking,
Cheek on cheek!

What so false as truth is,
False to thee?
Where the serpent's tooth is
Shun the tree—

Where the apple reddens
Never pry—
Lest we lose our Edens,
Eve and I.

Be a god and hold me
With a charm!
Be a man and fold me
With thine arm!

Teach me, only teach, Love!
As I ought
I will speak thy speech, Love,
Think thy thought—

Meet, if thou require it,
Both demands,
Laying flesh and spirit
In thy hands.

That shall be to-morrow,
Not to-night:
I must bury sorrow
Out of sight:

Must a little weep, Love,
(Foolish me!)
And so fall asleep, Love,
Loved by thee.

Replies to this appeal were also received from "F. J. A. G.," Brooklyn; Arthur H. Merritt, New York; Harlow H. Curtis, Philadelphia, Penn.; Leonard A. Carey, Brooklyn; Myra C. Kilborn, New Haven, Conn.; Hilda E. Hellman, Port Chester, N. Y.; Amelia P. Sable, New York; A. L. Burr, Englewood, N. J.; Fanny Cannon, New York; James Shand, Brooklyn; Leon E. Daniels, Brooklyn; Mary E. P. Haynes, Jersey City, N. J.; "A. L. M.," Binghamton, N. Y.; Caroline Harding, Brooklyn.

I. M. S.—In reply to "D. R. R.," June 25, I send a copy of the lines from an old magazine. The author is S. C. Hall:

WONDERS AND MURMURS.

Strange, that the Wind should be left so free,
To play with a flower or tear a tree;
To rage or ramble where'er it will,
And, as it lists, to be fierce or still;
Around and above, to breathe of life,
Or to mingle the earth and the sky in strife;
Gently to whisper, with morning light,
Yet to growl like a fettered fiend ere night;
Or to love and cherish and bless to-day
What to-morrow it ruthlessly rends away.

Strange that the Sun should call into birth
All the fairest flowers and fruits of earth,
Then bid them perish and see them die
While they cheer the soul and gladden the eye.
At morn its child is the pride of Spring,
At night a shriveled and loathsome thing!
To-day there is hope and life in its breath,
To-morrow it shrinks to a useless death.
Strange doth it seem that the Sun should joy
To give life alone that it may destroy!

Strange that the Ocean should come and go
With its daily and nightly ebb and flow,
To bear on its placid breast at morn
The bark that ere night will be tempest torn;
Or cherish it all the way it must roam
To leave it a wreck within sight of home;
To smile as the mariner's toils are o'er
Then wash the dead to the cottage door;
And gently ripple along the strand
To watch the widow behold him land!

But stranger than all that man should die
When his plans are formed and his hopes are high;
He walks forth a lord of the earth to-day,
And the morrow beholds him a part of its clay;
He is born in sorrow and cradled in pain,
And from youth to age it is labor in vain;
And all that seventy years can show
Is that wealth is trouble and wisdom woe;
That he travels a path of care and strife
Who drinks of the poisoned cup of life.

Alas! if we murmur at things like these
That reflection tells us are wise decrees;
That the wind is not ever a gentle breath—
That the sun is often the bearer of death—
That the ocean wave is not always still—
And that life is chequered with good and ill;
If we know 'tis well such change should be,
What do we learn from the things we see?
That an erring and sinning child of dust
Should not wonder nor murmur, but hope and trust.

JAMES T. WHITE.—Replying to the query of H. F. Albert will say that the poem, "Twilight on the Sea," asked for will be found in "Poems by Amelia," a book written by Amelia B. Welby, and published by D. Appleton & Co.

E. H. TOWAR.—The poem asked for by your correspondent, "H. T. R.," in your issue of July 9, one verse of which commences:

"Last night the moon had a golden ring,
To-night no moon we see."

is Longfellow's "The Wreck of the Hesperus."

This has been answered also by D. N. B. Sturgis, New York City, and "W. S.," Kennebunkport, Me.

Appeals To Readers

THOMAS NELSON & SONS—What is the name of the author of the following lines? We have searched in vain for it in many indexes of quotations.

"Nature, the old nurse, took the child upon her knee,
Saying, here is a story book thy Father has written for thee,
Come wander with me, she said, into regions yet untrod:
And read what is still unread in the manuscripts of God.
And he wandered away and away with Nature, the dear old nurse
Who sang to him night and day, the rhymes of the universe.
And whenever the way seemed long, or the heart began to fail,
She would sing a more wonderful song, or tell a more marvelous tale."

G. N. C.—Can any of your readers help me to find a little poem called "Look up little Pup, look up?" Also one on Grammar, the nine parts of speech in rhyme?

F. E. MAYER—Where can I find the song beginning

"A short time ago, boys, an Irishman, named Dougherty,
"Was elected to the Senate by a very large majority
"He felt so elated he wrote to Dennis Cassidy
"Who owns a restaurant of very large capacity," etc.

P. W. G.—Can any reader give me the poem, recently published, "The Last Words of Mark Twain," each stanza ending "There's no one to play with me any more"?

J. S. M.—Can any of your readers help me to find two poems, both legends. One tells how, when Noah drove the animals into the ark, he was rendered invaluable assistance by the dog, who, when all the others were safely sheltered, found very little room for himself, so he turned round and stood with his head out of the open door, and, during the forty days and forty nights, the rain dripped on his nose?

And that is what, my curls of gold,
Makes all the doggies' noses cold.

The other—also a child's poem—tells how the robin came by his red breast. It refers to the Crucifixion, and the last two lines are:

And Robin sat forlorn on the cruel crown of thorn,
And the blood, it stained his pretty little bosom.

Perhaps some of your readers may be able to supply me with the complete poems.

H. C. R.—I wish the reference of a poem which ends thus:

"Two things stand like stone—
Kindness in another's trouble,
Courage in your own."

I would be grateful for the name of the poem and the author.

M. L. H.—Will F. D. Tandy, who supplied the author's name of the poem "Unrest" on July 30, be so kind as to quote the rest of the poem "Bitterness," of which the first four lines were given?

The same request is made by C. Kinsely, New York, and "A. F.," New York.

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NEW YORK LITERARY NOTES

Books of Travel in Europe, Africa and America—Great American Scientists, Physical Culture, Fiction

In Spain and Finland

IN view of the interest that is just now being aroused by the changing political conditions in Spain, a book published this week by E. P. Dutton & Co., entitled "Quiet Days in Spain," carries with it the special element of timeliness. The author, C. Bogue Luffmann, who is already known for his volume of travels, "A Vagabond in Spain," tells us that in this last book of his he has made a record of his wanderings over 42 of the 49 provinces of Spain in the year 1908-9, a jaunt "involving more than 7,000 miles of land travel," during which he took "pot luck with all sorts of people." As Mr. Luffmann was on the ground in order to give the world a picture of conditions in Spain, his report is of interest from the fact that it contains something of a new point of view. Thus, he tells his readers, who may be familiar with the Borrow sketches of Spain, that "no British writer has written more entertainingly of Spain than George Borrow, and no man has created a more erroneous impression." "Poverty is the most painful and haunting fact of Spain," according to Mr. Luffmann, while its "magnificence," as seen by Borrow, exists more in the imagination, he thinks, than in reality.

Another book of travel brought out at the same time by this house is Mr. Harry De Windt's "Finland As It Is." This volume has a somewhat more practical, informative purpose than Mr. Luffmann's and is recommended especially to those who contemplate a tour of Finland. In his book the author "enters into minute details regarding hotels, trains, steamers, shops, etc., for the convenience of travelers (who will also find a short glossary of Finnish words)." At the same time the reader is assured that it is possible to explore the wildest districts of Finland in comfort, if not in absolute luxury, in proof of which the author gives his own experience in detail. The book is profusely illustrated.

Turkey in Fiction

Among the Fall publications of the John Lane Co. is a novel in which the principal characters are an Albanian peasant and a monk of the Greek Church. "Forbidden Ground," by Gilbert Watson, has the greater part of its scene laid in the monastery of Barlaam. Here the monks live sequestered, peaceful lives amid conditions which had not changed since the Midle Ages. The heroine of the story comes to the monastery disguised as a boy, and thereafter, we are assured, this quiet institution becomes "the scene of events of compelling interest."

This week the Harpers are reprinting: "The Sowers," by Henry Seton Merriman; "Ann Boyd," by Will N. Harben; "The Flight of Pony Baker," by W. D. Howells; "The Hollow Tree and Deep Woods Book," by Albert Bigelow Paine; "Atlantis," by Ignatius Donnelly; "A Boy's Town," by W. D. Howells; "Robinson Crusoe," with Rhead illustrations, and "The Martyrdom of an Empress." "The Wild Olive," by the author of "The Inner Shrine," is also being reprinted this week. This novel has just been reported by The Bookman as the best seller in the United States.

For Health Seekers

A book by Emily M. Bishop, author of "The Road to Seventy Years Young," entitled "Daily Ways to Health," is published this week by B. W. Huebsch. As its title indicates, this little work is of an essentially practical character, and furnishes the reader with numerous special exercises designed to correct certain bodily defects or weaknesses. The writer suggests these exercises, all of which can be practiced without the use of machines, etc., as systematic helps by means of which every one is enabled "to be his or her own best physician." This is the first book from Mrs. Bishop since her "Seventy Years Young."

The same publisher announces that the fifth printing of Sudermann's "Song of Songs" is in preparation. This book is about to be published in London, after a series of delays, apparently caused by the recent "moral wave" that has taken place among the English circulating libraries. It is worthy of note, also, that the "Song of Songs" has just been boycotted by the Detroit Public Library along with Wells's "Ann Veronica," and a few other works of current fiction. Another publication belonging to this house, Bernstein's "Evolutionary Socialism," has been adapted for use in the class of economics, next term, at the Western Reserve University.

A Modern Hymnal

On the first of October the Century Co. will publish a new hymnal entitled "Hymns of the Living Church," edited by Messrs. Charles Taylor Ives and R. Huntington Woodman. As an indication of the character of this collection we are told that "the worthy hymns which through years and centuries of use have become a part of the life of the Church have been retained, but the living, vital, 'modern-social' spirit of the Church is emphasized."

What Darwin Accomplished

By the end of the month Henry Holt & Co. expect to bring out a book by J. A. Thomson, Professor of Natural History in the University of Aberdeen and author of "Outlines of Zoology," etc., on "Darwinism and Human Life." The first aim of this work is "to explain, without unnecessary technicality, what problems Darwin set himself to solve, and what solutions he arrived at. Secondly, to show what has been added to Darwinism, what, if anything, has been taken away, and, especially, what is now being reconsidered." Special weight is given to the practical features of Darwinism, those features which "touch everyday life, in farm and garden, in city and nation, the last chapter in particular showing how closely Darwinism touches human life," the specific subject taken up in this chapter being "Selection: Organic and Social."

Leading American Scientists

In the series of Leading Americans, edited by Prof. W. P. Trent, there will be a new volume published in September by the Holts containing the biographies and critical estimates of the work of some of our Leading American Scientists. The book is under the general editorial management of David Starr Jordan, President of Leland Stanford University, and is devoted to the following subjects: "Benjamin Thompson, Count Rumford," by Edwin E. Slosson; "Alexander Wilson," by Witmer Stone; "John James Audubon," by Witmer Stone; "Benjamin Silliman," by Daniel Coit Gilman; "Joseph Henry," by Simon Newcomb; "Louis Agassiz," by Charles Frederick Holder; "Jeffries Wyman," by Burt G. Wilder; "Asa Gray," by John M. Coulter; "James Dwight Dana," by William North Rice; "Spencer Fullerton Baird," by Charles Frederick Holder; "Othniel Charles Marsh," by George Bird Grinnell; "Edward Drinker Cope," by Marcus Benjamin; "Josiah Willard Gibbs," by Edwin E. Slosson; "Simon Newcomb," by Marcus Benjamin; "George Brown Goode," by David Starr Jordan; "Henry Augustus Rowland," by Ira Remsen; "William Keith Brooks," by E. A. Andrews. Earlier volumes in this series are: R. M. Johnston's "Leading American Soldiers," John Erskine's "Leading American Novelists," and W. M. Payne's "Leading American Essayists."

Books and Reading

A book by Oscar Kuhns, author of "German and Swiss Settlements of Pennsylvania," will be published by the end of the month by the Holts. "The Love of Books and Reading," we are told, has within its pages a deal of "information and good advice" calculated to interest the lover of books. The author has gathered together the tributes of great men to great writers and books, and the volume is recommended as of practical value to literary societies and teachers of English. The chapter headings are: "The Art of Reading, Past and Present," "Reading for Writing and Investigation," "The Power of a Book," "The Great Prose Writers," "The Love of the Great Poets," "The Ultimate Ideal and the Rewards of the Higher Reading."

Books for Sportsmen

A new book by Dillon Wallace, bearing the title "Saddle and Camp in the Rockies," will be brought out in the Fall by the Outing Publishing Co. In this volume, containing numerous illustrations, Mr. Wallace describes his experiences and observations in his recent trip through the Rocky Mountain country from Arizona northward. Much of the time Mr. Wallace was in the big game country, and he devotes a great deal of his book to recording the habits and conditions of wild life.

The same house will also publish a book by Samuel G. Camp on "The Fine Art of Fishing," in which the suggestions offered aim to be helpful to beginner and expert angler. The range of fish and fishing conditions covered is indicated by such subjects as "Casting Fine and Far Off," "Strip Casting for Bass," "Fishing for Mountain Trout," and "Autumn Fishing for Lake Trout." There will also be issued a well illustrated volume by Charles Askins on "The American Shotgun." This is a "practical book for men who want to know how to select the right gun," and describes the various types of the latter. It also gives advice about such matters as wing-shooting, binocular or one-eye aiming, etc.

Elinor Glyn, Frank Danby

"His Hour" is the title chosen by Mrs. Glyn for her new novel, which will be published in the early part of October by the Appletons. The story is laid for the most part in Russia and has to do with high-class Russian life. The heroine is a young English widow of wealth and position who meets a Russian Prince while traveling in Egypt. The stormy love-making developed between these two, culminating on the country estate of the Prince near St. Petersburg, furnishes the material for the plot of the story.

Two October Novels

Probably in late October the Appletons will publish a novel by Joseph C. Lincoln, author of "Keziah Coffin," etc., entitled "Cap'n Warren's Wards." The scenery and people of Cape Cod have heretofore furnished the material for Mr. Lincoln's fiction. In his forthcoming story, however, the action takes place for the most part in New York. Nevertheless, the principal character is an old retired sea Captain from Cape Cod, and the main interest of the novel lies in the contrast between him and the New York people with whom he comes in contact.

There will also be from the Appletons an October novel by W. B. Maxwell, author of "The Guarded Flame," etc., entitled "The Rest Cure." This is a story dealing with the problems of marriage, in which is pictured the estrangement that is inevitably brought about when husband and wife lead lives that are independent of each other, lives that are not bound together by a strong community of interests. The scenes of the story are laid in England and on the shores of the Mediterranean.

Africa and Western America

The Appletons will publish in October a book on "The Big Game of Africa," by Richard Tjader. The author has been more than once to Africa for the American Museum of Natural History; and, on his return from his last trip, he furnished the Museum with thirteen tons of specimens, including the head of an elephant larger than Jumbo, and brought to the Bronx Zoological Gardens a live rhinoceros. In his forthcoming volume Mr. Tjader gives the results of his studies of the characteristics of the big game which he has hunted in the African jungle, and offers, besides, various practical hints on such matters as the skinning of mammals, the different ways for preserving the skins, the kind of camera, plates or films, developing machines, etc., needed on such an expedition. The book winds up with a chapter on the East African trade language, for the benefit of prospective travelers and hunters. There are thirty-two pages of photographs taken by the author.

Another book of travel promised for the latter part of next month by the same house is descriptive of the western United States. The author, Reginald Enock, has written several volumes of descriptive and historic travel covering some of the South American republics. In his forthcoming work he considers the history of the western United States, the nature of the land and the climate, the original people and those who have come after, and what they have accomplished and are accomplishing. "Farthest West" is the title of the book, which will be furnished with numerous illustrations from photographs.

For Nature Lovers

For the practical lovers of nature, the Frederick A. Stokes Co. are bringing out this Fall a volume by Alice Lounsberry called "Gardens Near the Sea." Descriptions are given of successful gardens and advice offered as to the making of them. Hints as to the best plans for various kinds of soil are included, with full directions for their cultivation. Among other things the book tells how to offset such dangers peculiar to the seashore, as sand and wind. The volume will be issued uniform with "The Garden Month by Month" and contains eight full-page color and many black-and-white illustrations.

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